S. HRG. 101-774

INDIAN FORESTS AND WOODLANDS; AND THE INDIAN ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ENHANCEMENT ACTS

HEARING

BEFORE THE

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
UNITED STATES SENATE

ONE HUNDRED FIRST CONGRESS

SECOND SESSION

ON

S. 1289

TO IMPROVE MANAGEMENT OF FORESTS AND WOODLANDS AND THE PRODUCTION OF FORESTS RESOURCES ON INDIAN LANDS

AND

S. 2075

TO AUTHORIZE GRANTS TO IMPROVE THE CAPABILITY OF INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS TO REGULATE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

APRIL 24, 1990
WASHINGTON, DC

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INDIAN FOREST AND WOODLANDS; AND THE INDIAN ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ENHANCEMENT ACTS

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1990

U.S. Senate,
Select Committee on Indian Affairs,
Washington, DC.

The committee met, pursuant to notice, at 9:30 a.m. in room 485, Russell Senate Office Building, Hon. John McCain (vice chairman of the committee) presiding.

Present: Senators McCain and Murkowski.

STATEMENT OF HON. JOHN McCAIN, U.S. SENATOR FROM ARIZONA, VICE CHAIRMAN, SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Senator McCain. This hearing of the Select Committee on Indian Affairs will come to order.

I am pleased to be here today to chair this hearing. I want to thank all of our witnesses for their efforts to assist this committee on these two bills.

We will first receive testimony on S. 1289, the Indian Forest and Woodlands Enhancement Act. I introduced this bill last July in the hope that it would provide a basis for discussion about needed reforms in the BIA's forestry programs. At that time, I indicated that the committee was very interested in receiving the views of the BIA and all tribes with forest resources.

Following our hearing on October 20, 1989, the tribes, BIA, and committee staff began an effort to develop a substitute bill. I am pleased and gratified at the spirit of cooperation which all parties have shown during this process.

The draft bill, which is before us today, is a marked improvement over the bill as introduced. It addresses virtually all the issues involved in Indian forestry programs. When enacted, it will provide the BIA and the tribes with a firm statutory basis for the sound management and development of Indian forests.

I am proud to be able to play a part in this major reform of the Federal law governing one of the most valuable and important Indian trust assets.

The bill now before us is truly a draft. This hearing is intended to provide all interested parties with one final, formal opportunity to comment on the bill before a substitute is presented to the committee at a markup. We will hold the record open for 2 additional weeks to receive comments from those who could not be here with us today.

The second bill on which we will be receiving testimony today is S. 2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act. This bill is intended to authorize the Administration on Native Americans in the Department of Health and Human Services to establish a grant program to assist tribes to develop and improve their environmental regulatory capabilities.

On June 23, 1989, this committee conducted an oversight hearing on environmental programs on Indian lands. During that hearing, we learned of an amazing array of environmental protection needs and problems on Indian lands.

Among the few positive things that we learned was that ANA has been awarding grants to tribes since 1980 to assist in the development of regulatory programs. However, we also learned that ANA lacks the financial resources and explicit statutory direction necessary for the operation of an effective grant program.

S. 2075 is intended to provide the necessary direction and to authorize at least a portion of the needed funding. This bill is not intended to solve all the problems which were identified in our oversight hearing. Additional legislation will be necessary.

In the coming months, I intend to introduce bills which will provide the Environmental Protection Agency and the Bureau of Indian Affairs with specific authority to enter into grants and contracts with tribes to promote the protection of environmental quality on Indian lands.

Effective environmental regulation in Indian country requires the active involvement of tribal governments. I believe that the Congress can and should do more to provide the tribes with the necessary resources. S. 2075 is but one small step in that direction.

[Text of S. 1289 with draft and S. 2075 follows:]

II

101st CONGRESS
1st Session

S. 1289

To improve the management of forests and woodlands and the production of forest resources on Indian lands, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 11 (legislative day, January 3), 1989

Mr. McCain (for himself, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Cochran, and Mr. Gorton) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Select Committee on Indian Affairs

---

A BILL

To improve the management of forests and woodlands and the production of forest resources on Indian lands, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act".

(b) Table of Contents.—

Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

TITLE I—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Sec. 101. Findings.
Sec. 102. Purposes.
Sec. 103. Definitions.

TITLE II—FOREST AND WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT

Sec. 201. Management of commercial forests and woodlands.
Sec. 202. Administrative fee withholding.
Sec. 203. Forest and woodland trespass.

TITLE III—INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Sec. 301. Establishment of Indian Forestry Education Assistance Program.

TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 401. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE I—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. FINDINGS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) the forests and woodlands of Indians—

(A) are among their most valuable resources;

(B) furnish timber and wood products, fish and wildlife, subsistence uses, tourism, outdoor recreation, and water;

(C) provide for soil and air conservation, minerals, cultural, religious, and traditional values; and

(D) contribute to the general health and welfare of Indian tribes;

(2) Indian forest lands encompass more than 15,700,000 acres, comprised of approximately 5,600,000 acres of commercial forest land and 4,500,000 acres of commercial woodland which constitutes a major economic resource of Indian tribes;

(3) Indian forests and woodlands are renewable, manageable resources;

(4) the United States has a trust responsibility to protect, conserve, utilize and enhance Indian forests and woodlands consistent with its fiduciary obligation and its unique relationship with Indian tribes;

(5) increased investment in intensive management of Indian forests and woodlands will produce increased economic returns to Indian tribes and the United States;

(6) increased productivity of Indian forests and woodlands will enhance Indian self-determination, promote employment opportunities, and improve the social and economic position of Indian and surrounding communities;

(7) enhancing and ensuring further Federal and tribal investment in Indian forests and woodlands will improve the economic and social development of Indian Tribes and provide substantial benefits to tribal and national economies;

(8) Federal investments in and management of Indian forests and woodlands are substantially below the level of investments in and management of the National Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management

forests and woodlands and private forests and woodlands;

(9) existing Federal statutes do not sufficiently assure the adequate and necessary trust management of Indian forests and woodlands;

(10) of approximately 420 professional forester positions in the Bureau of Indian Affairs and tribal forestry programs, only 11 percent are held by Indians; and

(11) in the last 10 years more than 7,000,000 board feet of forest and woodland products have been removed illegally from Indian forest lands and woodlands.

SEC. 102. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are to—

(1) safeguard the investments made in Indian forest and woodland management and provide additional assurances of adequate, stable, and secure funding for the protection, conservation, utilization, and enhancement of Indian forest and woodland resources;

(2) meet the trust responsibility and fiduciary obligation of the United States to ensure that the management of Indian forest lands and woodlands and related renewable resources will be managed in a manner consistent with sustained yield principles and serve the needs of Indians and other citizens of the United

States for the many products, benefits and services obtained from Indian forest lands and woodlands;

(3) increase the number of professional Indian foresters employed in tribal and Federal forestry programs on Indian lands and provide for improved management of Indian forest and woodland resources;

(4) promote tribal self-determination and self-sufficiency; and

(5) provide the Secretary the authority necessary to curb the occurrence of trespass in Indian forest lands and woodlands.

SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Act—

(1) the term "commercial forest land" means Indian land that is forest land capable of bearing merchantable forest products, currently or prospectively accessible, and not withdrawn from such use;

(2) the term "commercial forest land and woodland" means commercial forest land and commercial woodland;

(3) the term "commercial woodland" means Indian land that is woodland capable of bearing merchantable woodland products, currently or prospectively accessible, not withdrawn from such use, and not in-

cluded in the commercial or noncommercial timberland base;

(4) the term "forest or woodland management activities" means all activities, including all aspects of program administration such as budgeting, performance appraisal, reporting, personnel matters, bookkeeping and time and attendance, done in support of the management of forest land or woodland, including—

(A) preparation of forest and woodland inventory and management plans, including aerial photography, mapping, field forest and woodland management inventories, reinventories, growth studies, allowable annual cut calculations, and all aspects of the development, preparation, and revision of multiple-use forest and woodland management plans, including inventory analysis, environmental assessment, and forest history;

(B) forest and woodland development, including reforestation and the use of silvicultural treatments to restore or increase growth and yield to the full productive capacity of the forest or woodland environment;

(C) protection against fire, including acquisition and maintenance of fire fighting equipment and fire detection systems, construction of firebreaks, hazard reduction, and performance of cooperative fire protection agreements;

(D) protection against insects and diseases, including all aspects of detection and evaluation, preparation of project proposals to secure funding (including project description, environmental assessments and statements, and cost-benefit analysis), field suppression operations, and reporting;

(E) assessment of damage caused by trespass or fire, including field examination and survey, damage appraisal, preparation of reports, assisting in investigations, writing demand letters, and giving testimony;

(F) administration and supervision of timber sales, including all aspects of sale and contract preparation such as cruising, silvicultural prescriptions, appraisal, advertising, executing and supervising contracts, marking and scaling timber, and collecting, recording, and distributing stumpage receipts;

(G) issuance of forest and woodland product permits, including cruising, product marking, stumpage appraisal, permit preparation, and harvest supervision for both paid and free use permits to harvest sawlogs, firewood, house logs, posts and poles, Christmas trees and other products;

(H) consultation with Indian enterprises in forest land and woodland management and in the primary and secondary processing of forest products and woodland products, including stumpage appraisal, sale negotiation, contract supervision, disputes and appeals, economic analysis of potential enterprises, product marketing and business development activities; and

(I) provision of financial assistance for education of Indians enrolled in accredited programs of post-secondary forestry and forestry-related fields of study, including the giving of scholarships, internships, relocation assistance and other forms of assistance to cover educational expenses;

(5) the term "forest and woodland resources" means all the benefits derived from commercial forest land and commercial woodland, including forest products, woodland products, soil productivity, water, fisheries, wildlife, recreation, aesthetic and other traditional values of forest lands and woodlands;

(6) the term "forest and woodland trespass" means the act of removing forest products or woodland

products illegally from commercial forest land or commercial woodland;

(7) the term "forest land" means land that is considered chiefly valuable for the production of forest products or to maintain watershed or other land values enhanced by a forest cover, regardless whether a formal inspection and land classification action has been taken;

(8) the term "forest product" means—

(A) timber;

(B) a timber product, including lumber, lath, crating, ties, bolts, logs, pulpwood, fuelwood, posts, and split products;

(C) bark;

(D) a Christmas tree;

(E) other marketable material authorized for removal; and

(F) gravel which is extracted from and utilized on forests or woodlands;

(9) the term "forest and woodland products" means forest product and woodland products;

(10) the term "Indian" means a member of an Indian tribe;

(11) the term "Indian land" means land that is—

(A) held in trust by the United States for an Indian or Indian tribe; or

(B) owned by an Indian or Indian tribe and is subject to restrictions against alienation;

(12) the term "Indian tribe" means—

(A) an Indian tribe, band, nation, rancheria, pueblo, colony, or community; and

(B) an Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in, or established pursuant to, the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601–1629e),

that is recognized by the United States as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the Secretary to Indians or Alaska Natives because of their status as Indians or Alaska Natives;

(13) the term "Indian enterprise" means an enterprise—

(A) which—

(i) is engaged in construction (within the meaning of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.), and is entirely owned by Indians, or Indian tribes, that receive 100 percent of the profits of the enterprise, or

(ii) is engaged in any business other than construction and at least 51 percent of the enterprise is owned by Indians, or Indian tribes, that receive not less than 51 percent of the profits of the enterprise; or

(B) which—

(i) is entirely owned by an Indian tribe, or

(ii) has an Indian owner who—

(I) acts as the chief executive officer of the enterprise, and

(II) has the experience and training to manage, and does in fact manage, the day-to-day activities of the enterprise;

(14) the term "landowner" means, with respect to Indian land on which a forest product or woodland product is produced, the Indian or Indian tribe that—

(A) owns such land, or

(B) is the beneficiary of the trust under which such land is held by the United States;

(15) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary's delegate;

(16) the term "woodland" means—

(A) a plant community in which trees, often small and characteristically short-boled relative to their depth of crown, are present but form only an open canopy, the intervening areas being occupied by lower vegetation, commonly grass; and

(B) moderate-to-densely stocked pinyon-juniper; and

(17) the term "woodland product" means firewood, posts, poles, Christmas trees, stays, branches, berries, mosses, pinyon nuts, acorns, syrups, wild rice, herbs and other marketable materials authorized for removal.

TITLE II—FOREST AND WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT

SEC. 201. MANAGEMENT OF COMMERCIAL FORESTS AND WOODLANDS.

The Secretary shall manage commercial forest lands and woodlands, either directly or through self-determination contracts and grants under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450–458e), with the following objectives:

(1) development, maintenance, and enhancement of commercial forest lands and woodlands in a perpetually productive state by providing effective management and protection through the application of sound

silvicultural and economic principles to the reforestation, growth, and harvesting of forest and woodland products, including adequate provision for new forest and woodland growth as old growth is removed;

(2) regulation of commercial forest lands and woodlands through the establishment and development of forest and woodland product marketing programs supported by—

(A) written tribal objectives; and

(B) long-range multiple-use plans that incorporate sound forest and woodland management practices;

(3) regulation of commercial forest lands and commercial woodlands in a manner that will ensure the use of good method and order in harvesting the tree capital, so as to make possible continuous production and perpetual forest and woodland business;

(4) development of commercial forest lands and woodlands by Indians to promote self-sustaining communities, so that Indians may receive from their property not only the stumpage value, but also the benefit of all of the labor and profit the property is capable of yielding;

(5) sale of forest and woodland products on the open market when and only when the quantity of such

products available for harvest exceeds the quantity harvested by the landowner;

(6) preservation of commercial forest lands and woodlands in their natural state when authorized Indian representatives determine that the recreational, cultural, aesthetic, or traditional values of the forests or woodlands represent the highest and best use of the land to the Indians;

(7) management and protection of forest and woodland resources to retain the beneficial effects to Indian trust lands of regulating water runoff and minimizing soil erosion; and

(8) management and protection of commercial forest lands and woodlands to maintain and improve timber productivity, grazing, wildlife, fisheries, recreation, and aesthetic, cultural, and other traditional values.

SEC. 202. ADMINISTRATIVE FEE DEDUCTION.

Notwithstanding the provisions of 25 U.S.C. 413, the Secretary shall withhold a reasonable deduction from the gross proceeds of sales of Indian forest and woodland products to cover in whole or in part the cost of timber sale administration or forest regeneration. Such deduction shall not exceed the lesser amount of 10 per centum or the percentage of gross proceeds currently collected as forest management deductions by the Secretary on sales of Indian forest and woodland products, unless the recognized tribal government consents to an increase in the deduction. Such deductions shall be fully expended by the Secretary in forest or woodland management activities in the reservation from which such deductions are withheld. The full amount of administrative deductions collected by the Secretary for a reservation shall be made available to that reservation's recognized tribal government by contract or agreement for the purpose of performing the forest or woodland management activities under this Act. Such deductions are not intended to cover the costs that are paid from funds appropriated specifically for fire suppression or pest control.

SEC. 203. FOREST AND WOODLAND TRESPASS.

(a) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations that—

(1) establish penalties for the commission of forest and woodland trespass, which provide for—

(i) collection of the value of the products illegally removed plus a penalty of double their value; and

(ii) collection of the costs associated with damage to the forest or woodland caused by the act of trespass;

(2) designate the agency officials who will be responsible for detecting forest and woodland trespass and assessing and collecting penalties; and

(3) set forth procedures for the assessment and collection of such penalties.

(b) RESTITUTION TO LANDOWNER.—The proceeds of penalties collected under subsection (a) shall be treated as proceeds from the sale of forest and woodland products.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report that—

(1) describes and evaluates the nature and extent of forest and woodland trespass that is occurring; and

(2) describes any legal or practical impediments to the curbing of forest and woodland trespass and the enforcement of the regulations issued to subsection (a).

TITLE III—INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) FORESTER INTERN PROGRAM.—(1) The Secretary shall establish and maintain in the Bureau of Indian Affairs at least 10 salaried forester intern positions for Indian students.

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "forester intern" means an Indian who—

(A) is pursuing a bachelor's degree or post-graduate degree in forestry or a forestry-related field, and

(B) is appointed to one of the positions established under paragraph (1).

(3) The Secretary shall pay all costs for tuition, books, fees and living expenses incurred by a forester intern while attending an approved post-secondary school in a full-time forestry-related curriculum.

(4) A forester intern shall be required to enter into an obligated service agreement to serve as a professional forester with either the Bureau of Indian Affairs or a tribal government for 2 years for each year of education for which the Secretary pays the intern's educational costs under paragraph (3).

(5) A forester intern shall be required to report for service with the Bureau of Indian Affairs during any break in attendance at school of more than 3 weeks' duration. Time spent in such service shall be counted toward satisfaction of the intern's obligated service agreement.

(b) COOPERATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM.—(1) The Secretary shall maintain, through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, a cooperative education program for the purpose of recruiting promising Indian students who are enrolled in secondary or post-secondary schools for employment as a professional forester in the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

(2) The cooperative educational program that is to be maintained under paragraph (1) shall be modeled on, and shall have essentially the same features of, the program operated on the date of enactment of this Act pursuant to chapter 308 of the Federal Personnel Manual issued by the Office of Personnel Management.

(3) Under the cooperative agreement program that is to be maintained under paragraph (1), the Secretary, shall pay all costs for tuition, books, and fees of a student who—

(A) is enrolled in a course of study at an educational institution with which the Secretary has entered into a cooperative agreement; and

(B) is interested in a career with the Bureau of Indian Affairs in the management of commercial forest land and woodland.

(4) Financial need shall not be a requirement to receive assistance under the cooperative agreement program that is to be maintained under subsection (a).

(c) SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to grant forestry scholarships to Indians enrolled as full-time students in schools with accredited programs for post-secondary forestry and forestry-related programs of study.

(2) A recipient of a scholarship under paragraph (1) shall be required to enter into an obligated service agreement with the Secretary in which the recipient agrees to accept employment, following completion of the recipient's course of study, with—

(A) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;

(B) a forestry program conducted under a contract, grant, or cooperative agreement entered into under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450–450n); or

(C) an Indian enterprise engaged in a forestry or forestry-related business.

(3) The Secretary shall not deny scholarship assistance under this subsection solely on the basis of an applicant's scholastic achievement if the applicant has been admitted to and remains in good standing in an accredited institution.

(d) ADEQUACY OF PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall administer the programs described in this section until a sufficient number of Indians are trained to ensure that there is an adequate number of qualified, professional Indian foresters to manage the Bureau of Indian Affairs forestry programs and forestry programs maintained by or for Indian tribes.

TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1990 and each fiscal year thereafter such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

○

101012.219 DRAFT S.L.C.
4-2-90

AMENDMENT NO. ____ Calendar No. ____

Purpose: A substitute for the bill.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—101st Cong., 2d Sess.

S. 1289

To improve the management of forests and woodlands and the production of forest resources on Indian lands, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on ________________
and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by Mr. MCCAIN

Viz:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act".

SEC. 102. FINDINGS.

(a) The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) the forest lands of Indians are among their most valuable resources and Indian forest lands—

(A) encompass more than 15,990,000 acres, including more than 5,700,000 acres of commercial forest land and 8,500,000 acres of woodland,

(B) are a perpetually renewable and manageable resource,

(C) provide economic benefits, including income, employment, and subsistence, and

(D) provide natural benefits, including ecological, cultural, and esthetic values;

(2) the United States has a trust responsibility to protect, conserve, utilize, manage, and enhance Indian forest lands and the economic and other benefits from Indian forest land, in perpetuity, including the provision of essential primary and secondary forest roads;

(3) existing Federal laws do not sufficiently assure the adequate and necessary trust management of Indian forest lands;

(4) Indian forest lands are, for the purposes of management, analogous to private lands, and as such Indian forest lands should not automatically be subject to Federal laws relative to Federal undertakings or federally assisted or approved undertakings;

(5) Federal investment in and the management of Indian forest land are significantly below the level of investment in and management of National Forest Service forest land, Bureau of Land Management forest land, or private forest land;

(6) tribal governments make substantial contributions to the overall management of Indian forest land; and

(7) there is a serious threat to Indian forest lands arising from trespass and unauthorized harvesting of Indian forest land resources.

SEC. 103. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are to—

(1) meet the trust responsibility of the United States, consistent with the participation and objectives of Indian forest lands' beneficial owners, for Indian forest lands;

(2) clarify and secure application of forest management deductions back to the reservation from which they are derived solely for use in forest land management activities, and assure that no other deductions shall be collected;

(3) increase the number of professional Indian foresters, and related staff, in forestry programs on Indian forest land; and

(4) provide for fiscal years 1991 through 2006, authorization for appropriations to carry out this Act for the protection, conservation, utilization, management, and enhancement of Indian forest lands, in lieu of the provisions of the Snyder Act (25 U.S.C. 13).

SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Act, the term—

(1) "forest" means an ecosystem of at least one acre in size, including timberland and woodland, which—

(A) is characterized by a more or less dense and extensive tree cover;

(B) contains, or once contained, at least 10 percent tree crown cover; and

(C) is not developed or planned for exclusive nonforest use;

(2) "Indian forest lands" means Indian lands, including commercial and noncommercial timberland and woodland, that are considered chiefly valuable for the production of forest products or to maintain watershed or other land values enhanced by a forest cover, regardless whether a formal inspection and land classification action has been taken;

(3) "forest land management activities" means all activities performed in the management of Indian

forest lands pursuant to the trust responsibility of the United States to manage such lands, including—

(A) all aspects of program administration and executive direction such as—

(i) development and implementation of policy and operational procedures, program oversight, and evaluation;

(ii) securing of legal assistance and handling of legal matters;

(iii) budget, finance, and personnel management; and

(iv) development and maintenance of necessary data bases and program reports;

(B) all aspects of the development, preparation, and revision of forest inventory and forest management plans, including aerial photography, mapping, field management inventories and reinventories, inventory analysis, growth studies, allowable annual cut calculations, environmental assessment, and forest history, consistent with and reflective of tribal integrated resource management plans;

(C) forest land development, including forestation, thinning, tree improvement activities, and the use of silvicultural treatments to restore or increase growth and yield to the full productive capacity of the forest environment;

(D) protection against losses from wildfire, including acquisition and maintenance of fire fighting equipment and fire detection systems, construction of firebreaks, hazard reduction, prescribed burning, and the development of cooperative wildfire management agreements;

(E) protection against insects and disease, including—

(i) all aspects of detection and evaluation,

(ii) preparation of project proposals containing project description, environmental assessments and statements, and cost-benefit analyses necessary to secure funding;

(iii) field suppression operations; and

(iv) reporting;

(F) assessment of damage caused by forest trespass, infestation or fire, including field examination and survey, damage appraisal, investigation assistance, and reports, demand letters, and testimony preparation;

(G) all aspects of the preparation, administration, and supervision of timber sale contracts, permits, and other harvest sale documents, including—

(i) cruising, silvicultural prescription, and appraisal;

(ii) evaluation of marketing and development opportunities related to Indian forest products;

(iii) advertising, executing, and supervising contracts;

(iv) marking and scaling of timber; and

(v) collecting, recording, and distributing receipts from sales;

(H) issuance of forest product permits, including cruising, product marking, appraisals, permit preparation, and harvest supervision for both paid and free use permits to harvest sawlogs, firewood, house logs, posts and poles, Christmas trees, and other forest products;

(I) consultation with, and assistance to, tribal and Indian enterprises in forest management and in the primary and secondary processing of forest products, including appraisal, sale negotiation, contract supervision, disputes and appeals, economic analysis of potential enterprises, product marketing, and business development activities;

(J) provision of financial assistance for the education of Indians enrolled in accredited programs of post-secondary and post-graduate forestry and forestry-related fields of study, including the provision of scholarships, internships, relocation assistance, and other forms of assistance to cover educational expenses;

(K) participation in the development and implementation of tribal integrated resource management plans, including all activities to coordinate current and future multiple uses of Indian forest lands;

(L) improvement and maintenance of extended season primary and secondary Indian forest land road systems;

(M) forest product marketing assistance, including market and product evaluation, information dissemination, and advice to Indian landowners on maximization of return on forest land and products;

(N) archaeological, historical, environmental, and other land management reviews, clearances, and analyses;

(O) conduct of cadastral surveys;

(P) research activities to improve the basis for determining appropriate management measures to apply to Indian forest lands;

(Q) conduct of realty appraisals of Indian forest lands; and

(R) development, improvement, and maintenance of tribally-operated forest management information systems;

(4) "forest management plan" means the approved principal document, reflecting and consistent with any tribal integrated resource management plan, which provides for the regulation of the detailed, multiple-use operation of Indian forest land by methods assuring that such lands remain in a perpetually productive state while meeting the objectives of the tribe and which shall include—

(A) standards setting forth the optimum funding and staffing requirements necessary to fulfill the Federal trust responsibility for those forest lands and forest resources as addressed in each management plan, with a report of current forestry funding and staffing levels; and

(B) standards providing quantitative criteria to evaluate performance against the objectives set forth in the plan;

(5) "forest product" means—

(A) timber;

(B) timber product, including lumber, lath, crating, ties, bolts, logs, pulpwood, fuelwood, posts, poles and split products;

(C) bark;

(D) Christmas trees, stays, branches, firewood, berries, mosses, pinyon nuts, roots, acorns, syrups, wild rice, and herbs;

(E) other marketable material; and

(F) gravel which is extracted from, and utilized on, Indian forest lands;

(6) "forest resources" means all the benefits derived from Indian forest lands, including forest products, soil productivity, water, fisheries, wildlife, recreation, and aesthetic or other traditional values of Indian forest lands;

(7) "forest trespass" means the act of removing forest products illegally from Indian forest lands;

(8) "Indian" means a member of an Indian tribe;

(9) "Indian enterprise" means—

(A) an enterprise which—

(i) is engaged in construction (within the meaning of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act), and

(ii) is entirely owned by one or more Indians, or Indian tribes, that receive 100 percent of the profits of the enterprise,

(B) an enterprise—

(i) which is engaged in any business other than construction, and

(ii) at least 51 percent of which is owned by one or more Indian tribes that receive not less than 51 percent of the profits of the enterprise, or

(C) an enterprise—

(i) which is engaged in any business other than construction,

(ii) at least 51 percent of which is owned by one or more Indians who receive not less than 51 percent of the profits of the enterprise, and

(iii) which has an Indian owner who—

(I) acts as the chief executive officer of the enterprise, and

(II) has the experience and training to manage, and does in fact manage, the day-to-day activities of the enterprise;

(10) "Indian land" means land title to which is held by—

(A) the United States in trust for an Indian or Indian tribe;

(B) an Indian or Indian tribe, other than pursuant to Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (section 1601 et seq., title 43, United States Code), subject to a restriction by the United States against alienation; or

(C) the United States in trust for the benefit of individuals of Indian or Alaska Native ancestry who are not enrolled as members of federally recognized Indian tribes;

(11) "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, Pueblo, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, which is recognized as eligible for the

special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians;

(12) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary's delegate; and

(13) "tribal integrated resource management plan" means a document, approved by an Indian tribe and the Bureau of Indian Affairs, which provides coordination for the interrelated management of such tribe's natural resources.

TITLE II—FOREST MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 201. MANAGEMENT OF FOREST LAND.

(a) MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary shall undertake forest land management activities on Indian forest land, either directly or through contracts, cooperative agreements, or grants under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1974, as amended (25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.).

(b) MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES.—Indian forest land management activities undertaken by the Secretary shall be designed to achieve the following objectives—

(1) the development, maintenance, and enhancement of Indian forest land in a perpetually productive state in accordance with standards and objec-

tives set forth in forest management plans by providing effective management and protection through the application of sound silvicultural and economic principals to—

(A) the harvesting of forest products;

(B) forestation, including reforestation;

(C) timber stand improvement; and

(D) other forestry practices;

(2) the regulation of Indian forest lands through the development and implementation, with the full and active consultation and participation of Indian tribes, of forest management plans which are supported by written tribal objectives and forest marketing programs;

(3) the regulation of Indian forest lands in a manner that will ensure the use of good method and order in harvesting so as to make possible continuous productivity and a perpetual forest business;

(4) the development of Indian forest lands by Indians and Indian tribes to promote self-sustaining communities, so that Indians may receive from their forest land not only stumpage value, but also the benefit of all the labor and profit that such Indian forest land is capable of yielding;

(5) the retention of Indian forest lands in its natural state when the relevant Indian tribe determines that the recreational, cultural, aesthetic, or traditional values of the forest land represents the highest and best use of the land;

(6) the management and protection of forest resources to retain the beneficial effects to Indian forest lands of regulating water run-off and minimizing soil erosion; and

(7) the maintenance and improvement of timber productivity, grazing, wildlife, fisheries, recreation, aesthetic, cultural and other traditional values.

SEC. 202. FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTION.

(a) WITHHOLDING OF DEDUCTION.—Pursuant to the authority of section 1 of the Act of February 14, 1920 (41 Stat. 415; 25 U.S.C. 413), the Secretary shall withhold a reasonable deduction from the gross proceeds of sales of forest products harvested from Indian land under a timber sale contract, permit, or other harvest sale document which has been approved by the Secretary, to cover in whole or part the cost of managing and protecting such Indian forest land.

(b) AMOUNT OF DEDUCTION.—Deductions made pursuant to subsection (a) shall not exceed the lesser amount of—

(1) 10 percent of gross proceeds, or

(2) the percentage of gross proceeds currently collected as forest management deductions by the Secretary on such sales of Indian forest products,

unless the appropriate Indian tribe consents to an increase in the deductions.

(c) USE OF DEDUCTION.—The full amount of any deduction collected by the Secretary shall be expended according to an approved expenditure plan in forest land management activities on the Indian forest lands of the appropriate Indian tribe and shall be made available to such tribe, upon its request, by contract or agreement for the performance for such activities.

(d) LIMITATIONS.—(1) Forest management deductions withheld pursuant to this section shall not be available to—

(A) cover the costs that are paid from funds appropriated specifically for fire suppression or pest control; or

(B) otherwise offset Federal appropriations for meeting the Federal trust responsibility for management of Indian forest lands.

(2) No other forest management deductions derived from Indian forest lands shall be collected to be covered into the general funds of the United States Treasury.

(e) DIRECT PAYMENT TO TRIBES.—(1) Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary shall, within 1 year from the date of the enactment of this Act, promulgate regulations providing for the payment of forest management deductions authorized by this section to the appropriate Indian tribe.

(2) Upon the request of an Indian tribe, the Secretary shall provide that a purchaser of forest products from Indian forest lands shall make prompt direct payments of forest management deductions into a bank depository account designated by the Indian tribe. Funds so deposited shall be available for expenditure by the Indian tribe in accordance with a plan approved by the Secretary. Forest management deductions deposited as provided in this paragraph shall have the same status as such deductions held and administered by the Secretary under other law.

SEC. 203. FOREST TRESPASS.

(a) CIVIL PENALTIES; REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year from the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue regulations that—

(1) establish civil penalties for the commission of Indian forest trespass which provide for—

(A) collection of the value of the products illegally removed plus a penalty of double their value; and

(B) collection of the costs associated with damage to the Indian forest land caused by the act of trespass;

(2) designate responsibility within the Department of the Interior for the detection and investigation of Indian forest trespass; and

(3) set forth responsibilities and procedures for the assessment and collection of civil penalties.

(b) RESTITUTION TO LANDOWNER.—The proceeds of civil penalties collected under this section shall be treated as proceeds from the sale of forest products from the Indian forest lands upon which such trespass occurred.

(c) TRIBAL JURISDICTION.—Indian tribes which adopt the regulations promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall have concurrent civil jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this section and the regulations promulgated thereunder. The Bureau of Indian Affairs and other agencies of the Federal Government shall, at the request of the Indian tribe, defer to tribal prosecutions of forest trespass cases. Tribal court judgments regarding forest trespass shall be entitled to full faith and credit in Federal and State courts to the same extent as a Federal court judgment obtained under this section.

SEC. 204. DIRECT PAYMENT OF FOREST PRODUCTS RECEIPTS.

(a) REGULATIONS.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary shall, within 1 year from the date of enactment of this Act, promulgate regulations providing for the payment of receipts from the sale of Indian forest products as provided in this section.

(b) PAYMENT INTO A BANK DEPOSITORY.—Upon the request of the landowner, the Secretary shall provide that the purchaser of the forest products of such landowner shall make prompt direct payments of the gross proceeds of sales of such forest products, less any amounts segregated as forest management deductions pursuant to section 203, into a bank depository account designated by such landowner. Amounts deposited pursuant to this subsection shall have the same status as other Indian proceeds held and administered by the Secretary.

SEC. 205. SECRETARIAL RECOGNITION OF TRIBAL LAWS.

(a) COMPLIANCE WITH TRIBAL LAWS; COOPERATION IN ENFORCEMENT.—Subject to the Secretary's responsibilities as reflected in section 104(3), the Secretary shall, to the extent feasible, comply with tribal laws relating to forestry management activities, including laws regulating the environment or historic or cultural preservation, and shall cooperate with the enforcement of such laws on Indian forest lands. Such cooperation shall include—

(1) assistance in the enforcement of such laws;

(2) provision of notice of such laws to persons or entities undertaking forestry-related activities on Indian forest lands; and

(3) upon the request of the Indian tribe, appearance in tribal forums for enforcement purposes.

(b) NATURE OF SECRETARIAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACTIONS.—The Secretary's responsibilities and activities on Indian forest lands under this Act and the Snyder Act (25 U.S.C. 13), shall not be deemed Federal undertakings or activities or federally-assisted undertakings or activities.

SEC. 206. TRIBAL FOREST ASSISTANCE ACCOUNTS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—At the request of any Indian tribe, the Secretary may establish a special forest account for such tribe to fund the Indian forest land management activities of such Indian tribe.

(b) DEPOSITS AND EXPENDITURES.—(1) The Secretary may deposit into an account established for an Indian tribe pursuant to subsection (a) any funds in his possession or available to him, including unexpended annual appropriations, for the purpose of conducting forest land management activities on the Indian forest lands of such tribe. The Secretary shall notify such tribe of his intent to deposit funds into such account and shall not deposit Federal or tribal funds into such account without the consent of the tribe.

(2) Funds in such account and any interest or other income earned thereon shall remain available until expended and no funds shall be expended from such account without approval of the Indian tribe for whom the account was established.

(c) AUDITS.—At the request of the tribe for which such account was established or upon the Secretary's own volition, the Secretary shall conduct audits of such special forest accounts and shall make the results of such audits available to the Indian tribe for whom the account was established.

SEC. 207. TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAMS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish within the Bureau of Indian Affairs a program to provide financial support to forestry programs established by Indian tribes.

(b) SUPPORT ALLOCATION FORMULA; CRITERIA.—(1) The Secretary, in conjunction with Indian tribes with Indian forest lands, shall establish a formula—

(A) for the determination of Indian tribes eligible for such support;

(B) for establishment of levels of need for such tribes; and

(C) the allocation of base support funds to such tribes under the program established pursuant to subsection (a).

(2) Any formula established pursuant to this subsection shall provide funding necessary to support—

(A) one forest technician, including fringe benefits and support costs, for each eligible tribe; and

(B) one additional forest technician, including fringe benefits and support costs, for each step of level of need for which an eligible Indian tribe qualifies.

(3) In any fiscal year that appropriations are not sufficient to fully fund tribal forestry programs at each level as provided in this section, available funds for each level of need shall be evenly divided among the tribes qualifying for that level of need.

SEC. 208. TRIBAL FOREST LAND ACQUISITION GRANTS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary is hereby authorized to make grants to Indian tribes for the purpose of acquiring forest land where such acquisition may be otherwise authorized by law. No funds may be made available by the Secretary pursuant to this section unless the Indian tribe applying for such grant provides an equal amount of funds, from any source, for such land acquisition.

(b) BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.—Within the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Division of Forestry shall have the sole responsibility for appraisals of Indian forest lands and any valuation of associated forest assets for purposes of acquisition pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 209. ASSESSMENT OF INDIAN FOREST LAND AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS.

(a) INITIAL ASSESSMENT.—(1) Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with affected Indian tribes, shall enter into a contract with a non-Federal entity knowledgeable in forest management practices on Federal and private lands to conduct an independent assessment of Indian forest lands and Indian forest land management practices.

(2) Such assessment shall be geographically and tribally comprehensive and shall include—

(A) an in-depth analysis of management practices on, and the level of funding for, specific Indian forest land compared with similar Federal and private forest lands;

(B) a survey of the condition of Indian forest lands, including health and productivity levels;

(C) an evaluation of the staffing patterns of forestry organizations of the Bureau of Indian Affairs and of Indian tribes;

(D) an evaluation of procedures employed in timber sales administration, including preparation, field supervision, and accountability for proceeds;

(E) a analysis of the potential for reducing or eliminating relevant administrative procedures, rules and policies of the Bureau of Indian Affairs consistent with the Federal trust responsibility;

(F) a comprehensive review of the adequacy of Indian forest land management plans, including their compatibility with applicable tribal integrated resource management plans and their ability to meet tribal needs and priorities;

(G) an evaluation of the feasibility and desirability of establishing minimum standards against which the adequacy of the forestry programs of the Bureau of Indian Affairs in fulfilling its trust responsibility to Indian tribes can be measured; and

(H) recommendations on any reforms and funding levels necessary to bring Indian forest land management programs to a state-of-the-art condition.

(3) Such assessment shall include specific examples and comparisons from each of the regions of the United States where Indian forest lands are located.

(4) The initial assessment required by this subsection shall be completed no later than 36 months following the

date of enactment of this Act. Upon completion, the assessment shall be submitted to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the United States House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Indian Affairs of the United States Senate and shall be made available to Indian tribes.

(b) PERIODIC ASSESSMENTS.—On each 10-year anniversary of the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall cause a new independent assessment of Indian forest lands and Indian forest land management practices under the criteria established in subsection (a) which shall include analyses measured against findings in previous assessments.

(c) STATUS REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall submit, within 1 year of the first full fiscal year after the date of enactment of this Act and within 6 months of the end of each succeeding fiscal year, a report to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the United States House of Representatives, the Select Committee on Indian Affairs of the United States Senate and to the affected Indian tribes on the status of Indian forest lands with respect to standards, goals and objectives set forth in approved forest management plans for each Indian tribe with Indian forest lands. The report shall identify the amount of Indian forest land in need of forestation or other silviculture treatment and the quantity of timber available for sale, offered for sale, and sold from each Indian reservation.

TITLE III—INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.

(a) FORESTER INTERN PROGRAM.—

(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of title 5 of the United States Code governing appointments in the competitive service, the Secretary shall establish and maintain in the Bureau of Indian Affairs at least 20 forester intern positions for Indian students.

(2) For purposes of this subsection; the term "forester intern" means an Indian who—

(A) is acquiring necessary academic qualifications to become a forester or a professional trained in a forestry-related field; and

(B) is appointed to one of the positions established under subsection (1).

(3) The Secretary shall pay all costs for tuition; books; fees and living expenses incurred by a forester intern while attending an approved post-secondary or graduate school in a full-time forestry-related curriculum.

(4) A forester intern shall be required to enter into an obligated service agreement to serve as a professional forester or other forestry-related professional with the Bureau of Indian Affairs, a tribal government; or tribal forest-related enterprise for 2 years for each year of education for which the Secretary pays the intern's educational costs under paragraph (3).

(5) A forester intern shall be required to report for service with the Bureau of Indian Affairs during any break in attendance at school of more than 3 weeks duration. Time spent in such service shall be counted toward satisfaction of the intern's obligated service agreement.

(b) COOPERATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM.—

(1) The Secretary shall maintain, through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, a cooperative education program solely for the purpose of recruiting promising Indian students who are enrolled in secondary schools, tribally-controlled community colleges, and other post-secondary or graduate schools for employment as a professional forester or other forestry-related professional in the Bureau of Indian Affairs or tribal government or tribal forest-related enterprise.

(2) The cooperative educational program that is to be maintained under paragraph (1) shall be modeled on; and shall have essentially the same features of; the program operated on the date of enactment of this Act pursuant to chapter 30B of the Federal Personnel Manual; Office of Personnel Management.

(3) Under the cooperative agreement program that is to be maintained under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall pay all costs for tuition, books, and fees of an Indian student who—

(A) is enrolled in a course of study at an educational institution with which the Secretary has entered into cooperative agreement; and

(B) is interested in a career with the Bureau of Indian Affairs, tribal government or tribal enterprise in the management of Indian forest land.

(4) Financial need shall not be a requirement to receive assistance under the cooperative agreement program that is to be maintained under subsection (a).

(c) SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—

(1) The Secretary is authorized to grant forestry scholarships to Indians enrolled in accredited programs for post-secondary and graduate forestry and

forestry-related programs of study as full-time students.

(2) A recipient of a scholarship under paragraph (1) shall be required to enter into an obligated service agreement with the Secretary in which the recipient agrees to accept employment, following completion of the recipient's forestry or forestry-related course of study, with—

(A) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;

(B) a forestry program conducted under a contract, grant, or cooperative agreement entered into under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1974, as amended (25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.);

(C) an Indian enterprise engaged in a forestry or forestry-related business; or

(D) a tribal government forestry-related program.

(3) The Secretary shall not deny scholarship assistance under this subsection solely on the basis of an applicant's scholastic achievement if the applicant has been admitted to and remains in good standing in an accredited postsecondary or graduate institution.

(d) FORESTRY EDUCATION OUTREACH.—The Secretary shall conduct, through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and in consultation with other appropriate local, State and Federal agencies, and in consultation and coordination with Indian tribes, a forestry education outreach program for Indian youth to explain and stimulate interest in all aspects of Indian forest land management, and careers in forestry.

(e) ADEQUACY OF PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall administer the programs described in this section until a sufficient number of Indians are trained to ensure that there is an adequate number of qualified, professional Indian foresters to manage the Bureau of Indian Affairs forestry programs and forestry programs maintained by or for Indian tribes.

SEC. 302. POSTGRADUATION RECRUITMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMS.

(a) POSTGRADUATION RECRUITMENT.—The Secretary shall establish and maintain a program to attract Indian professional foresters and forester technicians who have already graduated from their course of postsecondary or graduate education for employment in either the Bureau of Indian Affairs forestry program or, subject to tribal approval, in tribal forestry programs. According to such regulations as the Secretary may proscribe, such program shall provide for the employment of Indian professional foresters or forestry technicians in exchange for the Secretary's assumption of the employee's outstanding student loans. The period of employment shall be determined by the amount of the loan that is assumed.

(b) POSTGRADUATE INTERGOVERNMENTAL INTERNSHIPS.—For the purposes of training, skill development and orientation of tribal and Federal forestry personnel, and the enhancement of tribal and Bureau of Indian Affairs forestry programs, the Secretary shall establish and, actively conduct a program for the cooperative internship of Federal and tribal forestry personnel. Such program shall—

(1) For agencies within the Department of the Interior—

(A) provide for the internship of Bureau of Indian Affairs and tribal forestry employees in the forestry-related programs of other agencies of the Department of the Interior;

(B) provide for the internship of forestry personnel from other Department of the Interior agencies within the Bureau of Indian Affairs and with tribal consent, tribal forestry programs.

(2) For agencies not within the Department of the Interior, the Secretary may by interagency agreement provide for the internship of other forestry personnel, not within the jurisdiction of the Department

of the Interior and who are above their sixth year of Federal service, within the Bureau of Indian Affairs and, with tribal consent, within tribal forestry programs;

(3) provide for the continuation of salary and benefits for interned Federal employees by their originating agency;

(4) provide for the salaries and benefits of interned tribal forestry employees by the host agency; and

(5) provide for a bonus pay incentive at the conclusion of the internship for any participant.

(c) CONTINUING EDUCATION AND TRAINING.—The Secretary shall maintain a program within the Bureau of Indian Affairs Division of Forestry for the ongoing education and training of Bureau of Indian Affairs and tribal forestry personnel. Such program shall provide for—

(1) orientation training for Bureau of Indian Affairs forestry personnel in tribal-Federal relations and responsibilities;

(2) continuing technical forestry education for Bureau of Indian Affairs and tribal-forestry personnel; and

(3) developmental training of tribal personnel in forest land based enterprises and marketing.

SEC. 303. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND INDIAN TRIBES.

(a) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—To facilitate the administration of the programs and activities of the Department of the Interior, the Secretary is authorized to negotiate and enter into cooperative agreements with Indian tribes to engage in cooperative manpower and job training and development programs; to develop and publish cooperative environmental education and natural resource planning materials; and to perform land and facility improvements, including forestry and other natural resources protection, fire protection, reforestation, timber stand improvement, debris removal, and other activities related to land and natural resources management. The Secretary may enter into the aforesaid agreements when the Secretary determines the public interest will be benefited. In such cooperative agreements, the Secretary is authorized to advance or reimburse funds to contractors from any appropriated funds available for similar kinds of work or by furnishing or sharing materials, supplies, facilities or equipment without regard to the provisions of section 3324, title 31, United States Code, relating to the advance of public moneys.

(b) SUPERVISION.—In any agreement authorized by this section, Indian tribes and their employees may perform cooperative work under the supervision of the Department of the Interior in emergencies or otherwise as mutually agreed to, but shall not be deemed to be Federal employees other than for the purposes of sections 2671 through 2680 of title 28, United States Code, and section 8101 through 8193 of title 5, United States Code.

TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATIONS.

(a) There are authorized to be appropriated the following sums—

(1) $60,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1991 through 1995, for the purpose of carrying out sections 201 through 206 of this Act;

(2) $65,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1996 through 2006 for the purpose of carrying out sections 201 through 206 of this Act;

(3) $3,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1991 through 2006 for purposes of carrying out section 207 of this Act;

(4) $6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1991 through 2006 for the purposes of carrying out section 208 of this Act;

(5) $500,000 for the purposes of carrying out section 209(a) of this Act, to remain available until expended;

(6) such sums as are necessary for each of the fiscal years 1991 through 2006 for the purpose of carrying out subsections (b) and (c) of section 209 of this Act; and

(7) $3,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1991 through 2006 for purposes of carrying out title III of this Act;

(b) The amounts refered to in subsection (a) of this section shall be adjusted for each fiscal year by the percent which equals ⅔ of the percentage change in the United States Gross National Products Implicit Price Deflator, or 7 percent, whichever is less in any 1 year, using fiscal 1991 as the base.

II

101st CONGRESS
2d Session

S. 2075

To authorize grants to improve the capability of Indian tribal governments to regulate environmental quality.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 6 (legislative day, January 23), 1990

Mr. McCain (for himself, Mr. Burdick, Mr. Conrad, and Mr. Inouye) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Select Committee on Indian Affairs

---

A BILL

To authorize grants to improve the capability of Indian tribal governments to regulate environmental quality.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SHORT TITLE

Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act of 1990".

GRANT PROGRAM

Sec. 2. Section 803 of the Native American Programs Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 2991b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d)(1) The Secretary shall award grants to Indian tribes for the purpose of funding 75 percent of the costs of planning, developing, and implementing programs designed to improve the capability of the governing body of the Indian tribe to regulate environmental quality pursuant to Federal and tribal environmental laws.

"(2) The purposes for which funds provided under any grant awarded under paragraph (1) may be used include, but are not limited to—

"(A) the training and education of employees responsible for enforcing, or monitoring compliance with, environmental quality laws,

"(B) the development of tribal laws on environmental quality, and

"(C) the enforcement and monitoring of environmental quality laws.

"(3) The 25 percent of the costs of planning, developing, and implementing a program for which a grant is awarded under paragraph (1) that are not to be paid from such grant may be paid by the grant recipient in cash or through the provision of property or services, but only to the extent that such cash or property is from any source (including any Federal agency) other than a program, contract, or grant authorized under this title.

"(4) Grants shall be awarded under paragraph (1) on the basis of applications that are submitted by Indian tribes to the Secretary in such form as the Secretary shall prescribe.".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 3. Section 816 of the Native American Programs Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 2992d) is amended—

(1) by striking out "section 803A" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "sections 803(d) and 803A", and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) There are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, and 1996, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of section 803(d).".

○

Senator McCain. Before proceeding with the first panel, I will enter into the record the prepared statement of my colleague from Alaska, Senator Murkowski. In his statement, Senator Murkowski points out the prospective benefits of our forestry bill to Alaskan natives, but tells the need for an amendment that would assure technical assistance funding to meet certain unique circumstances in that State. We will, of course, be happy to work with Senator Murkowski on his proposal.

Without objection, Senator Murkowski's statement and Senator Gorton's statement will be made a part of the record at this time.

[Prepared statements of Senator Murkowski and Senator Gorton appears in appendix.]

Senator McCain. There are two documents which, without objection, will be made a part of the record of this hearing. The first one is an interim report provided to the committee by the GAO, apprising us today of some of the more significant findings resulting from their efforts to update their 1975 report on the status of Indian forest lands. I am advised by GAO that their final report will be available by late summer.

The second document is entitled, "Status of Forest Management Inventories and Planning." It was prepared by the Bureau of Indian Affairs in fiscal year 1990 and contains a wealth of information documenting the unmet needs of Indian forest lands.

[GAO and BIA reports appear in appendix.]

Senator McCain. Our first witness today will be Mr. Jamie Pinkham, director, Nez Perce Forestry Program; Mr. Gary Morishima, technical advisor, Natural Resources Management of the Quinault Tribe; Mr. Don Peasley, representing the Inter-Tribal Timber Council, Warm Springs, OR; and Reno Johnson, Sr., chairman of the White Mountain Apache Tribal Council, Whiteriver, AZ.

Would the witnesses please come forward and be seated?

Chairman Johnson, would you come forward at this time, too? Also, Don Peasley.

Ms. Arthur, would you come up with us to the witness table?

Mr. Pinkham, we will start with you.

I would like to remind the witnesses that they are free to summarize their testimony. Their full statements will be made a part of the record.

Welcome, Mr. Pinkham. Thank you for being here today. Please proceed as you see fit.

STATEMENT OF JAIME PINKHAM, FOREST RESOURCE MANAGER, NEZ PERCE TRIBE, LAPWAI, ID

Mr. Pinkham. Thank you, Senator McCain. My name is Jaime Pinkham. I am a member of the Nez Perce Tribe, as well as the tribe's forest resource manager. I thank you for this opportunity to testify on behalf of the tribe in regard to the National Indian Forestry Resource Management Act.

The tribe commends your effort and your contributions in support of this act. In addition, we compliment you and your committee's efforts to consult with the Inter-Tribal Timber Council in developing this bill.

Overall, we feel the product of this combined effort is going to strengthen our natural resources program and offer benefits to the Indian and non-Indian community back in Idaho, and since our tribe has contracted from the Bureau of Indian Affairs the total forest management responsibility of our forest lands, we feel this bill is going to have a direct and positive impact to our tribe. For these reasons, we feel that it's important to offer our testimony and support.

First off with the objectives, we would like to see the concept of sustained yield be added into the objectives. This concept provides much of the framework for our future and our current forest management activities, and we feel it also should be identified and defined under the definitions in section 104.

But as far as the objectives go, we feel positive about those objectives that deal with the comprehensive approach in managing Indian lands, whether it be defining a partnership between the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the tribe or establishing a comprehensive view of all natural resources managed on the forest land, whether it be wildlife, cultural uses or fisheries.

We feel positive about the forest management deductions. We appreciate the clarification that is offered in this legislation in regards to those deductions and their use. The money should be used to intensify and enhance the management of Indian forest lands.

Unfortunately, past interpretations have suggested that these moneys were to supplement appropriations or to help meet the minimum forest management needs. The direct payment of these deductions to the tribe will provide us with more prompt access so we can reinvest this money into our management activities.

In addition, our tribe's Forest Products Enterprise is a major purchaser of tribal timber, so having this subsection available is going to allow for our enterprise to provide a cost effective and efficient method of transferring funds to our management account.

We also see similar benefits in regards to the direct payment of the forest product receipts. This is going to enable us to provide timely distribution of the proceeds to our tribal programs and services, as well as Indian beneficiaries.

But the one thing that we'd like to see maintained under the management deductions and, of course, products receipts is that they maintain their trust status. We want the trust status to remain on these moneys; yet we want to have their use permitted without complicated restrictions.

Section 205 deals with the secretarial recognition of tribal laws. We consider the intent of the subsection that deals with secretarial responsibilities and limitations is to allow for more timely processing of our forest management proposals.

Although we agree with the concept, we're a little concerned that maybe the statement may be too broad, and we're concerned about the inclusiveness of this subsection to all Federal regulations applying to forest activities, in particular to those protecting the forest environment, such as access to forest pest funds through the Department of Agriculture, Forest Service or access to fire suppression funds through the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management.

The tribe is asking for a more detailed description of this subsection outlining the intent so that we can clearly understand what are the possible consequences.

Of the total 760,000 acres within the boundary of our reservation, only 12 percent is Indian owned. Therefore, the tribe has been taking advantage of acquiring forest lands to bring it back into trust status.

In 1987 and 1988, the tribe acquired 23,000 acres of forest land, so that we see the tribal forest land acquisition grants contained in this act as another option or another tool to help us replace those forest lands once owned by the tribe.

We feel, to compliment this effort, we'd like to propose that under the definitions of forest land management activities we also include "activities associated with evaluating forest lands for acquisition or exchanges, as well as the appraisal of these lands."

Also in the act, mention is made of the responsibility for appraising Indian lands which rests with the Bureau of Indian Affairs, although no mention in the act is made of appraising non-Indian forest lands. So what we would like to also see as an option is maybe we can expand the use of the forest management deductions.

As written, the deductions are limited to activities on Indian forest lands. Perhaps we would like some access to the management deductions so we can use them to appraise non-Indian forest land. That would cover the cost by the tribe incurred in appraising lands.

That's a summary of my comments. I would like to extend the appreciation of the chairman of the Nez Perce Tribal Executive Committee and myself for the invitation to meet with you and testify, and I thank you, and I'll be happy to answer any questions.

[Prepared statement of the Nez Perce Tribe appears in appendix.]

Senator McCAIN. Thank you, Mr. Pinkham. I will hold questions until we hear from all of the witnesses. Next we will hear from Mr. Gary Morishima.

Welcome back before the committee, Gary, and thank you for being here today.

STATEMENT OF DR. GARY MORISHIMA, TECHNICAL ADVISOR, NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT, QUINAULT TRIBE, TAHOLAH, WA

Dr. MORISHIMA. Thank you very much, Senator.

I am pleased to appear before the committee today to present the views of the Quinault Nation on the proposed substitute bill S. 1289. With your permission, I ask that the full statement of the Quinault Nation be entered into the record and that I be allowed to highlight certain key points of that testimony.

Senator McCAIN. Without objection.

Dr. MORISHIMA. The Quinault Nation applauds your leadership and initiative in seeking to establish a sound statutory foundation for the management of Indian forests. The consultative process that helped craft this legislation has produced outstanding results.

The success achieved through the cooperative involvement of committee staff, tribal timber interests and the Administration is a fine example of how government to government dialogue can produce sound and innovative solutions to longstanding problems.

The Quinault Nation strongly supports the concepts embodied in the proposed substitute. The comprehensive scope of this bill corrects existing deficiencies, establishes a firm statutory foundation for Federal administration of the trust responsibility, encourages Indian youth to pursue careers in natural resource management, and strengthens tribal capacities.

This bill will go a long way toward resolving and avoiding the chronic problems that have prevented Indian people from realizing the full potential benefits attainable from their natural resources.

The Quinault people realize that our way of life cannot be sustained without proper stewardship. With increased investments in our lands and people, we are confident that our forests can once again contribute prominently to the economies of the Indian people and the region as a whole.

Proper management of our resources holds the key to the future of our people, just as it has for thousands of years. We would like to highlight certain areas of S. 1289 which are of particular interest to the Quinault Nation.

First, we support the bill's establishment of a firm statutory basis for the maintenance of an Indian forestry program to fulfill the Federal trust responsibility. The bill goes into a substantial amount of detail, listing the management objectives and activities necessary to meet that responsibility.

We believe that that detail is essential to provide for increased accountability in the management of our resources. The statutory foundation provides for both the BIA and tribal roles in managing Indian resources, and it establishes, purposes and measurable standards for forestry management in conjunction with tribal governments.

Second, we support an independent in-depth review of the Indian Forestry Program as the foundation for establishing future direction for the Forestry Program.

Third, we support the provision concerning land acquisition. The Quinault Reservation is the only major timbered reservation in the country that was almost entirely allotted. The allotment process, coupled with the alienation of Indian land, has created one of the most difficult resource management problems anywhere.

The Matching Grant Program contained in S. 1289 will be of great assistance in our efforts to consolidate reservation lands into a manageable forest property.

We strongly support the provision of S. 1289 that makes the division of forestry responsible for appraisal of Indian lands for purposes of consolidation. This step will overcome a substantial roadblock to timely processing of land purchases. It will streamline BIA procedures by eliminating duplication of effort and result in appraisals that more accurately reflect the value of property before its production.

Fourth, we support the ability to prosecute and enforce civil trespass violations through tribal court systems. That provision will greatly enhance our ability to deter unlawful removal of forest products from our reservation.

Fifth, the recognition of tribal ordinances governing the management of our natural resources will strengthen our ability to protect these resources in a manner consistent with tribal traditions and values.

Sixth, we support the provision of the bill that provides for support for tribal forestry programs which recognize that tribal organizations will play an ever more significant and important role in the management of future Indian forests.

Seventh, the broad approach provided in the education section of S. 1289 will encourage Indians to pursue careers in forestry and to help maintain proficiency levels of both BIA and tribal staff.

Last, while we support the concepts contained in this legislation, we would like to offer a number of technical amendments to clarify certain sections of the proposed bill. These sections are detailed in the text of our written submission, and I will not cover them in my oral testimony.

We wish to thank the committee, and especially you, Senator McCain, for providing us with this rare opportunity to address management policy for Indian forest resources. The bill would establish strong positive direction to guide future forestry management. This is one of our most treasured natural resources.

We strongly support the National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act. We view this legislation to be of great significance, for it represents a fine model for establishing a tribal/Federal government to government partnership for management of the Indian estate.

The Quinault Nation stands ready to work with the committee, other interested tribes, the Administration and the Congress to see this bill enacted. That concludes my summary. Thank you.

[Prepared statement of the Quinault Nation appears in appendix.]

Senator McCAIN. Thank you very much.

Mr. Don Peasley. Don, we welcome you back before this committee.

STATEMENT OF DON PEASLEY, PRESIDENT, INTERTRIBAL TIMBER COUNCIL, WARM SPRINGS, OR

Mr. PEASLEY. Thank you, Senator.

My name is Don Peasley. I am president of the Inter-Tribal Timber Council, and I would like to commend the committee and you, Senator McCain, also, for holding this hearing and giving us an opportunity to speak here. I am also on the Tribal Council from the Colville Tribe in the State of Washington, so I get to wear two hats on this bill.

The Intertribal Timber Council has already submitted their written statement, so I'll keep my comments brief.

Senator McCAIN. Don, your full statement will be made a part of the record.

Mr. PEASLEY. Thank you.

Mr. Chairman, as events unfold in the forestry world, it has become evident that there are some vast changes, some vast legislative things that need to be changed. Our forest assets are worth hundreds of millions of dollars and absolutely require intensive management if the tribes are to fully realize their diversified benefits in perpetuity; yet current Federal laws governing the Bureau of Indian Affairs Forestry Program are sketchy and contain no specific acknowledgement of the forest trust responsibility of our forest assets.

In recent years, the Intertribal Timber Council, which, incidentally, represents about 62 timber tribes, I think 64 complete enrollment, has spent most of this time fighting back attempts to cut already inadequate forestry budgets and divert the forest management product deductions away from our forests into Federal coffers and stop the proposal that would all but eliminate the trust responsibilities and contract the entire management of the Indian forests out of some private company.

So a comprehensive program will bring a major stability to the management of our forests, a stable and enlightened management of Indian forests that is especially necessary today, when forest resources both Nationally and tribally are coming under increasing pressure.

Tribal forests, like others, are facing sharp demand increases in two areas: Timber production and alternative forest uses. Responding to timber market opportunities alone requires a heightened level of intensive management and the BIA's capacity in that regard has already been outstripped, causing tribes the loss of millions of dollars in receipts from foregone sales.

At the same time, increasing tribal desire for other uses of our forest lands are requiring improved management for wildlife habitat, recreation, cultural activities, and environmental and aesthetic purposes. To manage the forests so that both of these demands can be fully realized requires an intensive management program that is comprehensive, sophisticated and sensitive.

Today, that is well beyond the means of the BIA Forestry Program. Presently, all that is guiding the Federal trustee in the management and protection of our forests are four laws that total two pages in length and the Snyder Act.

Clearly, Indian forestry legislation is critically needed, and S. 1289, as it is before us today, successfully answers that challenge.

Mr. Chairman, the substitute amendment to S. 1289 is a testament to the efforts of this committee and to the timber tribes and the Bureau of Indian Affairs forestry staff. They have all worked together in great cooperation to produce the solid, comprehensive bill we have here.

Although individual tribes and their forests differ from one another, although Federal law varies from tribal law, and although the BIA views things from a perspective other than that of the tribes, those difficult differences have been largely resolved and accommodated in this bill.

S. 1289, as amended, provides a strong basis for the management of tribal forests into the next century. It explicitly recognizes the Federal trust responsibility for the management and preservation of our forests and sets forth objectives for the conduct of that trust; it codifies the elements of comprehensive forest management, stabilizing and improving that program; the bill solidifies the present application of forest management deductions back to our forests, preventing any further tampering; it provides a comprehensive Indian forestry education program so the manpower will be available for us to manage our own forests; it also enhances our ability to deal with forest trespass; and it establishes BIA forestry management standards and the regular independent review of BIA forestry management practices.

But in addition to laying out a good forestry management program, the legislation embraces broader concepts that will help guide us into the future.

The bill encourages cooperative forestry efforts between the Federal Government and the tribes so that the tribal participation in, and Federal assistance to, forestry programs can develop and evolve in a variety of mutually beneficial ways.

It acknowledges and fosters the tribes responsibilities to oversee and care for our own land, and it recognizes the need for multiple use of the forest and incorporates tribal integrated resource management planning in charting the future of our forest activities.

This amendment moves S. 1289 a long way forward, and the Select Committee on Indian Affairs is to be commended for all that it has done in sponsoring and developing this legislation. However, as in almost everything, it is never quite done, so the ITC would like to offer two suggestions to the committee. They are the additions to the bill of the term "sustained yield" and a grant program to provide technical assistance to Alaska.

Regarding sustained yield, the legislation presently speaks extensively to the idea of sustained yield but never uses that exact term. We believe it should. "Sustained yield" is one of the bedrock principals of forest management, and it is cited in two of the four statutes that guide Indian forestry today.

To tie this act more closely to those existing laws, to recognize sustained yield by name, and to more thoroughly delineate the term, we suggest in our written statement that it be incorporated into the management objectives portion of S. 1289.

Also, the ITC recommends that provisions be made for technical assistance to our Alaska brothers and sisters. It is our understanding that, over the years, the BIA has from time to time provided modest technical assistance funds to Alaska native entities. We also know that those people are struggling to come to grips with their resources, including their forests, before serious damage is done or they are propelled into their future with inadequate knowledge of their assets.

So the ITC asks that a $2 million technical assistance program be established for Alaska Native forest lands as a part of S. 1289. In so doing, we also want to be clear that this is in no manner a trust related activity. We regard that request as the straightforward provision of technical assistance to people who need help at this time. We hope you can support this addition.

Mr. Chairman, I thank you. This concludes my statement, and I welcome any questions afterwards.

[Prepared statement of Mr. Peasley appears in appendix.]

Senator McCain. Thank you very much, Mr. Peasley.

I note that Senator Murkowski is here. Did you have any opening statement or any remarks you'd like to make?

Senator Murkowski. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I have a statement, but I believe it's been entered into the record.

Mr. Chairman, the Senator from Alaska's interest, and I may be initiating an amendment to 1289 which is your bill, Mr. Chairman, is in regard to encouraging primary manufacturing. I note that about 30 percent of the timber base has been removed from Washington and Oregon as a consequence of the Spotted Owl.

The idea of continued unrestricted export of round logs is really exporting jobs, whether it be non-native or native from the reservations or from my State of Alaska. The merits of that, I think, deserve an examination, because obviously when we remove timber from the timber base, it lessens the volume and theoretically increases the price.

The idea of encouraging employment or reservations and on native selections with are applicable to Alaska, I think, is worth reexamining the merits of encouraging primary manufacturing as opposed to just moving out the round log, when in may cases, I think, the market is such that we can primary manufacture either perhaps on or near the reservations or encourage the utilization of the resource standpoint of primary manufacturing.

There's a rather novel reality that's occurred over in the Pacific Rim countries as a consequence of their increased labor costs. We're seeing more economics favoring primary manufacturing over here and shipping over the manufactured product to the market.

So as we look at the merits of your legislation, Mr. Chairman, particularly as it applies to management of forest and trust lands, I am going to have my staff look at the merits of that, and if any of the witnesses would care to comment either now or later in the hearing, I would appreciate it, and, of course, I think the merits of forestry internship are most meritorious, and I certainly support that.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for this opportunity.

Senator McCain. I would like to thank my friend from Alaska, and I think he makes a very valid point, and I think we should give serious consideration to the inclusion of an amendment which would satisfy, I think, a very valid concern regarding this legislation.

As always, I thank the Senator from Alaska for his involvement in this and other native American issues.

We are pleased to have with us Chairman Reno Johnson, chairman of the White Mountain Apache Tribal Council, accompanied by Ms. Claudeen Arthur, the tribal attorney general.

We are very appreciative for your many years of testimony and cooperation and work with this committee, Mr. Chairman, and it's a pleasure to have you back with us again. Please proceed with your testimony.

STATEMENT OF RENO JOHNSON, SR., CHAIRMAN, WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBAL COUNCIL, WHITERIVER, AZ

Mr. Johnson. Thank you, Senator McCain, and members of the committee.

On behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, I wish to express my appreciation to you for the opportunity to comment on S.

1289, the National Indian Forests and Woodlands Enhancement Act.

I also want to publicly thank you for your support and cooperation with and friendship for not only the White Mountain Apaches but for all the Indian people in this great nation of ours. We who depend much on our forests for our present survival and for the future of our children especially appreciate your concern for our Indian forests and their proper management.

Your introduction of this bill is evidence of your interest, and we want to thank you. The economy of the White Mountain Apache Tribe is closely tied to the reservation natural resource base. The most important source of our livelihood includes timber operation, tourism, outdoor recreation and livestock management.

The White Mountain Apache Tribe owns and operates a sawmill that employs 400 people on a permanent basis. Most of the employees are tribal members. The scenic forest resource of our reservation also supports a high level of tourist activity.

The reservation includes 25 excellent trout fishing lakes, 120 miles of trout streams, and more than 7,000 campsites. The tribal council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe has seen fit to set aside most of our sacred land as a permanent wilderness area.

The lands of the Fort Apache Indian Reservation and its natural resources are the key to the future of economic development of the White Mountain Apache Tribe. A crucial resource is the timber. Our resources, had they been properly managed in the past by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, would provide an economically sound agricultural and industrial economy which would assure the future of the White Mountain Apache Tribe for generations to come.

As the problems associated with past BIA mismanagement have come to light, the White Mountain Apache Tribe has undertaken its own effort to give new direction to the management of our timber resources.

The National Indian Forest and Woodlands Enhancement Act introduced by Senator McCain, when enacted, will assist us in our efforts. The act, as its ultimate end, should seek the establishment of a Federal and tribal partnership designed to bring about increased productivity of the forest resources and the delivery of maximum benefits to the Indian people who are the beneficial owners of the land.

At the same time, we must balance securing overall economic stability and growth on Indian reservations with the protection and conservation of our forests for traditional aesthetic, cultural and religious purposes.

I want to mention to the committee a matter of great importance to the White Mountain Apache Tribe. S. 1289 touches briefly on this subject but lacks a concrete approach to begin a way to arrive at a real solution.

Finding No. 2 recognizes that the United States has a trust responsibility to Indian tribes and their members to protect and conserve the forests and woodlands. Finding No. 5 acknowledges that the trustee, the United States, has invested far less in investments and management of Indian forests than it has in national forests and other Federal lands or even private forests and woodlands.

Having said this, it seems logical that Congress should go further and direct that the Secretary undertake a comprehensive study and report back to Congress the effects on the beneficiaries of the lack of adequate investment in the development of Indian forests and the effects of long term and longstanding mismanagement.

In addition, such a report must suggest alternatives for corrective action to remedy the past problems, alternatives which assure that Indian tribes are brought to the point where they would have been had the mismanagement not occurred.

The White Mountain Apache Tribe independently has tried to address the issue of past mismanagement. The BIA mismanagement of our reservation has resulted in severe overcutting of our forests, endangering the present and future of our tribe.

We have voluntarily reduced the annual allowable cut to save our forest heritage from total destruction, but the economic consequences of loss of income and employment are very difficult to cope with in an already depressed economy.

We have suggested that the national forest set aside be granted only so long as needed to stabilize our forest industry. We are now competing off-reservation for national forest service timber, but such actions, as you know well, cause animosity and fear in our non-Indian competitors.

We do not wish to jeopardize the economic well-being of our neighbors, but we also must survive. Congressional assistance is needed in this regard. We seek Federal financial assistance to deal with the unemployment caused by the reduced allowable cut, but our people don't want welfare or make-work. They want and need the dignity and responsibility of long term employment.

We have looked at the possibility of bringing other industry onto the reservation. We greatly appreciate Senator McCain's assistance in the cooperative effort with McDonnell Douglas in the establishment of the Apache Manufacturing Company on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation, but such efforts meet only a small percentage of the problem and are not as effective as a comprehensive approach would be. More needs to be done.

I ask that this committee enlarge the purpose of this bill to include a study of the effects of the BIA mismanagement of Indian forests and the needed remedies.

Finally, I want to address the matter of the administrative fee deduction. It has been the experience of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that the BIA uses these moneys without any obligation to account to the tribe for expenditures.

On the Fort Apache Indian Reservation in the past, BIA has used the moneys only to help the working environment of the BIA forestry personnel, purchasing expensive and non-essential luxury items. The money has been used as their own "slush fund" with an attitude of joking indifference.

Because of this, any administrative fee to be withheld from gross proceeds should be set aside in a tribal account and paid over to the BIA only upon proper written justification of their costs and expenditures up to the 10 percent level.

On behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, I would like to thank you for the opportunity to address you on these matters of vital interest to the Apache people. I am also attaching my oral comments for the record, my testimony of October 17, 1989, and we with to reserve the right to make additional comments on the actual language in the draft amendment.

Thank you, Senator McCain.

[Prepared statement of Mr. Johnson appears in appendix.]

Senator McCAIN. Thank you very much, Chairman Johnson. Again, I appreciate the many years of service that you have provided the people of the White Mountain Apache Nation and the strong and warm relationship that you and I have enjoyed for many years. I know that you will continue to contribute in a very significant way to the people of the White Mountain Apache Nation, and the same goes for your distinguished attorney general.

Mr. Pinkham, you recommended that we include a definition of substantial yield, as have other witnesses. Can you provide us with your proposed definition, in writing, in the next couple weeks, and is there anything else you would like to say?

Mr. PINKHAM. Yes; I would be happy to work with some of the other members of this group here in coming up with a definition of sustained yield. Like I said, it is a framework for a lot of our activities, and I think it's appropriate to be included. I would be happy to do that.

Senator McCAIN. Are your forest lands currently managed on a sustained yield basis?

Mr. PINKHAM. Yes; they are.

Senator McCAIN. Have you experienced the problem that other Indian tribes have experienced regarding the dramatic overtimbering of your lands?

Mr. PINKHAM. I am sorry, the question again?

Senator McCAIN. Overtimbering of your lands, have you had that experience?

Mr. PINKHAM. Overharvesting of the lands I guess is what you're implying. It's difficult to say. Unfortunately, I returned back to the reservation just two months ago to take the job as a forest resource manager, but the people I've been meeting with and some of the history that I've been getting, being such a small timbered reservation, the appearance of overcutting is always there, and that's why we think we need to pursue with acquiring more forest lands.

I think the management by the Bureau of Indian Affairs on our reservation as far as the harvest scheduling has been appropriate. Some of the reforestation activities, I think, need improvement, though, but as far as overcutting, I haven't seen it to be a problem on our reservation.

Senator McCAIN. Gary, thank you for being with us. Again, I want to extend my personal thanks to you for your leadership in assisting all of us with the revisions to S. 1289. Your technical expertise has been invaluable as we've tried to address and resolve the issues raised.

How much is the Quinault Indian Nation currently expending from its own funds for its forestry program?

Dr. MORISHIMA. Our forestry program is currently supported by a combination of forestry management deductions and contributions that the tribe makes from proceeds of timber sales.

The Senator may be aware that a few years ago the Congress passed the North Boundary legislation which returned to the Quinault Reservation some 15,000 acres of land that had been erroneously excluded as a result of a poor survey.

The Quinault Reservation has, in the last year, invested, I believe, in the neighborhood of $4 million in acquisition of new lands. As I mentioned in my testimony, our primary concern at this point is to try to ensure that our reservation lands are consolidated into manageable forest properties.

Senator McCain. How much has the BIA been expending?

Dr. Morishima. I am unaware of the exact figure that the Bureau of Indian Affairs has expended on the Quinault Reservation. I can provide that information for the record.

Senator McCain. Is it substantial?

Dr. Morishima. The Bureau of Indian Affairs program at Quinault has for generations primarily been limited to timber sales and administration of timber sales.

Senator McCain. Don, you recommended $2 million for technical assistance for Alaska native forest lands. I don't think there's any doubt on the part of this committee that that assistance is needed, but my question is, for how many years would you suggest or recommend that this funding be authorized?

Mr. Peasley. Well, Mr. Chairman, that's kind of a hard question for me to answer, but the people up there, the native corporations that are not under trust responsibility, which very few of them are, have depleted their natural resource now and are living on their cultural resources or whatever they can live on, and I would say $2 million for probably the next 10 years could be enough to help get them on their feet, because some of them have completely depleted their resource now.

Senator McCain. Would these funds be for all Alaska native lands or only trust lands?

Mr. Peasley. I think that they would be for all the lands.

Senator McCain. Thank you.

Reno, you mentioned the use of administrative fees and the lack of accounting to the tribes. How frequently should such an accounting be provided? On an annual basis?

Mr. Johnson. Yes; on an annual basis.

Senator McCain. Does the White Mountain Apache Nation have an integrated resources management plan?

Mr. Johnson. Senator, we are working on our own national forestry plan of the tribe, but we have not gotten into the Bureau of Indian Affairs yet.

Senator McCain. For the record, Chairman Johnson, it's my understanding that you have a substantial business, a tribal enterprise, in the form of a sawmill, which requires certain amounts of timber. Yet you find yourself in the situation where timber on the White Mountain Apache Reservation has been overharvested. Is that correct?

Mr. Johnson. Yes.

Senator McCain. How do you account for that situation?

Mr. Johnson. I think that the overcut of the timber on our reservation was totally mismanaged by the Bureau, unaware of the tribal leadership.

Senator McCAIN. In other words, the tribal leadership did not have any input into the types of harvesting and the extent of the harvesting that was taking place?

Mr. JOHNSON. The tribal government was more or less used as a rubber stamp for the Bureau. They more or less had no absolute input.

Senator McCAIN. So now what problems does this pose for the tribe when you find yourself in a situation where perhaps one of your most valuable trust assets, if not the most vauable asset, is now inordinately depleted?

Mr. JOHNSON. We are in a real shock right now in a devastated area. We have 400, as I said in my statement, employees that would be totally out of jobs the way things are right now, and for that reason, Senator, in the last 3½ years, I as the chairman took a step to look at the solution of the problem and to reduce the annual allowable cut by 20 to 30 million board feet.

Senator McCAIN. So now you have about 400 jobs in jeopardy?

Mr. JOHNSON. Yes.

Senator McCAIN. Ms. Arthur, do you have anything to add?

Ms. ARTHUR. A number of years ago, the Bureau of Indian Affairs established a forest management plan for the White Mountain Apache Tribe. The tribal council at that time was becoming aware that there was a serious overcutting problem, and they refused to approve it.

Nevertheless, the Bureau of Indian Affairs continued to cut at levels up to 93 to 100 million board feet a year. It's only been in recent time in the last year or so that they have acknowledged and admitted that the annual allowable cut on that forest ought to be somewhere in the 67 million board feet range.

It was only the tribal council themselves who reduced that annual allowable cut, and, yes, it has put the White Mountain Apaches in a very difficult situation because they are unable to continue to feed logs to an enormous sawmill which was built by the Bureau of Indian Affairs with the expectation that the annual allowable cut was at the 100 million board level.

The expectation is now, admittedly by them, wrong, and the mill needs to be refurbished to bring it down to the capacity that will allow the White Mountain Apache Tribe to cut their forest and harvest on their forest on a sustained yield basis.

We feel that the White Mountain Apache Tribe forests have not been managed on a sustained yield basis. They've been managed on a basis that would destroy the forest in the next 20 to 30 years.

The White Mountain Apache Tribe depends almost exclusively on its forest for income not only to the employees who work at FATCO, but they also use that income to run government services to the White Mountain Apache Tribes themselves.

One of the questions you asked, Senator McCain, was how much certain people had spent of their own tribal funds. Without a doubt, the White Mountain Apache Tribe spends millions more dollars of its own money on its forest and forest management through its mill than the Bureau has ever spent on that reservation.

Senator McCAIN. I have a GAO study that was recently conducted which basically substantiates your testimony, and without objection, it will be made a part of the record.

[GAO study appears in appendix.]

Senator McCain. I hope that the legislation that we are considering today can be passed. I hope so, because I think it may prevent the tragedy that's taking place right now in the form of economic dislocation and increased unemployment, not only on the White Mountain Apache Nation Reservation, but on many other reservations throughout the country.

I want to thank all the witnesses for their very important contributions. I hope you know that, first of all, the record will be kept open for 2 weeks, and if there is any formal or informal correspondence that you wish to have with us, either by phone or in writing, while we go through the process of revising this legislation, we would very much appreciate it.

I don't think we're going to have many shots at it, so we want to make it as good a piece of legislation as we can. Thank you all for being here.

We'll now go to S. 2075 under consideration by the committee. Our first witness will be the Honorable Tim Wapato, who is the Commissioner of the Administration for Native Americans, Department of Health and Human Services.

Would someone tell Mr. Wapato we are ready for his testimony.

Welcome back, Tim. As you know, your complete statement will be made part of the record if you choose to summarize. Please proceed in whatever way you choose, to make your case as eloquently as always.

STATEMENT OF TIM WAPATO, COMMISSIONER, ADMINISTRATION FOR NATIVE AMERICANS, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, WASHINGTON, DC

Mr. Wapato. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and it is a pleasure to be able to appear before this committee on this issue.

I do have a statement that I would like to submit in its entirety for the record, and I will summarize portions of that statement here today.

As Commissioner of the Federal agency which has its major purpose of promoting self-sufficiency for native Americans, I am particularly pleased to testify before this committee. This bill would establish a new grant program authorized at $5 million per year for six years under section 803 of the Native American Programs Act of 1974.

Grants could be awarded to Indian tribes for planning, developing and implementing programs designed to improve the capability of the governing body of the Indian tribe or tribal government to regulate environmental quality pursuant to Federal and tribal environmental laws.

Grants awarded under this new subsection may be used for the following purposes: training and education of employees responsible for enforcing or monitoring compliance with environmental quality laws, the development of tribal codes, and the enforcement and monitoring of said environmental quality codes.

Promoting government to government relationship between tribal elected leadership and the Federal Government has been a National policy for the last two decades. Commitment to self-determination for Indian tribes was enacted into Federal law in 1975 through the Indian Self-Determination Act.

Previous policy prior to that resulted in weakening tribal governments. Emphasizing and restoring control and direct funding to tribal governments is a significant aspect of this administration's Indian policy.

The Administration for Native Americans supports Indian tribal self-determination activities through the social and economic development strategies, or SEDS. This policy declares that social, economic and governance needs of native American tribes and communities need to be designed and undertaken by the native American communities themselves and implemented.

The basic financial assistance grants awarded by ANA are to entities demonstrating prospects for effective implementation of community-based long term governance and social and economic development projects, thus strengthening the tribal governments.

Strengthening of tribal governments is, in my view, a general theme of the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act. Its focus on a specific need, the need to help tribes strengthen their capacity to deal with environmental quality, is responsive to a significant problem affecting tribal governments.

We are all familiar with hazards in our environment. Concern with air, water, solid waste disposal, industrial contamination has been growing within our Nation for a number, and for many tribes the environmental impact of adjoining development has been serious.

Unsafe drinking water, air pollutants, toxic waste bills, hazardous waste proliferation on reservations may be traced to adjacent areas, such as in New Mexico, in Santa Ana, where a gypsum factory was built just outside a tribal boundary.

For the significant number of tribes positioned near bodies of water, whether ocean, lakes, or streams, the danger of disease developed through waste created by normal human and industrial activities is substantial, not only because of the use of water itself, but also because fishing and fishery development is a mainstay of reservation life.

The externally generated risks caused by non-Indian entities, as well as the internally generated dangers resulting from tribal economic development and Indian population increases, present a serious challenge to establishing quality environmental standards suitable to the changing needs of Indian reservations.

At the same time, economic activities undertaken by tribes to increase income and employment may also promote environmental problems. Whether associated with uranium mining, chemical manufacture, or the obvious need for a safe workplace in a more standard manufacturing environment, such as the Blackfeet pencil factory in Montana, or the Turtle Mountain Chippewa trailer factory in South Dakota, tribes need and want to ensure a healthy, safe environment for the tribal members.

Further, for a substantial number of American Indian tribes among whom agriculture remains a significant economic activity, control of pesticides may be a critical factor for continued economic viability.

Deeply disturbing is identification of a number of tribal entities which are presently out of compliance with Federal standards. The valiant and successful efforts of the Indian Health Service, which has made significant inroads toward improving health on reservations, are jeopardized by toxic waste and the hazards of unclean water.

Clearly, tribes need the necessary expertise, they need the resources to monitor and enforce laws supporting environmental quality. We all clearly understand that Nationwide education and training of a highly technical nature is necessary for the identification of environmental threats, the analysis of environmental quality, and the enforcement of appropriate standards.

Tribal members working for tribal governments should receive education and technical assistance in these areas. The proposed legislation attempts to respond to these needs. Numerous tribes have noted the significance of the environment as a factor in their developmental plans.

Since 1985, ANA has awarded approximately $1 million to approximately 20 grantees for the establishment of environmental codes. For example, the Southern Ute Tribe of Colorado received a grant for a natural resource data base and management project.

Among other purposes, this proposal is aimed at tribes developing environmental policies relative to energy and land development and assuming regulatory responsibilities for water policies. Therefore, while the Administration supports the goal and the intent of this legislation which would improve the capability of the Indian tribal bodies to regulate their environmental quality. We believe that generally the purposes of this legislation could be achieved under existing authority of the Native American Programs Act.

We believe that Indian tribes that qualify for treatment as States are already eligible to receive grant funding and administer environmental programs under most EPA environmental statutes.

The Administration for Native Americans has supported and will continue to support tribal needs for assistance and strengthening of tribal government capacity to deal with the environmental quality.

That, Mr. Chairman, concludes my remarks. I am pleased to be here, and I will attempt to answer any questions you may have.

[Prepared statement of Mr. Wapato appears in appendix.]

Senator McCAIN. Thank you, Mr. Wapato. Do you know the amount of money that the EPA is allocating for protection of environmental quality on Indian land?

Mr. WAPATO. I believe it's in the neighborhood of $7 million per year.

Senator McCAIN. Out of a budget of $5.5 billion. That's satisfactory?

Mr. WAPATO. There are probably more needs than $7 million.

Senator McCAIN. Not every State is like mine, Mr. Wapato. Twenty-seven percent of my State is owned by native Americans, and $7 million of $5.5 billion is about .1 percent of EPA's annual budget which goes to the protection of environmental quality on Indian lands. You say that's not satisfactory to you?

Mr. WAPATO. There are probably more needs than the $7 million at the present time.

Senator McCain. Well, frankly, it's hard for me to understand then why "the Administration would not support this legislation." I do commend you for making about $1 million in grants to tribes since 1985.

To your knowledge, does EPA have any authority to make grants for the specific purposes authorized by this bill?

Mr. Wapato. Not for the specific purposes. I believe they have the authority to provide some training on a more generic basis to Indian tribes.

Senator McCain. Given what you know to be the environmental protection needs in Indian country, do you believe that the ANA currently has the resources available to meet those needs?

Mr. Wapato. Any additional grant assistance in the area of environmental protection would probably be at the expense of other projects within the SEDS philosophy.

Senator McCain. Are you concerned that people who are looking for places to dump their toxic wastes are now approaching Indian tribes all over the West to see if they can get them to enter into agreements with them to take these wastes?

Mr. Wapato. I think there is a mounting concern throughout Indian country over that issue, and I personally am aware of a number of tribes who have been contacted, usually by the smaller solid waste outfits, and I do think it's a significant problem in Indian country.

Senator McCain. If S. 2075 were to be enacted and fully appropriated, do you believe that it would provide sufficient funding to meet the needs for improved environmental regulatory capability in Indian country?

Mr. Wapato. I believe it would go toward meeting that need. Over the 6-year period, we may be able to establish some capability in a number of tribes. I believe with that amount of funding we're probably talking maybe 50 to 80 grants per year.

Senator McCain. Thank you very much, Mr. Wapato. I am keenly aware of the fact that your position on this issue is dictated by others. Thank you for your testimony.

Mr. Wapato. Thank you.

Senator McCain. The next three witnesses will be Mr. Richard West, attorney, Gover, Stetson, Williams, and West, of Albuquerque, NM; Mr. Gene Joseph, chairman, Colville Legislative Committee, Colville Confederated Tribes; and Mr. David Harrison, who is the senior policy advisor, Council of Energy Resource Tribes, Denver, CO.

Welcome and thank you for being here this morning. As you heard me mention to the other witnesses, your complete statement will be made part of the record. You are welcome to summarize in any way you see fit, recognizing that all witnesses here have come a long distance, and your testimony is very important to this committee.

Could we please proceed with Mr. West, please?

STATEMENT OF RICHARD WEST, ATTORNEY, GOVER, STETSON, WILLIAMS & WEST, ALBUQUERQUE, NM

Mr. West. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I am happy to appear here today on behalf of a number of our clients who are very much interested in the legislation which you're now considering and receiving testimony on. Those clients include the Shoshone Tribe, the Wind River Environmental Quality Commission, the Campo Band of Mission Indians, the Campo Environmental Protection Agency, and the Pueblo of Pojoaque.

You have our written testimony. I will not simply repeat that testimony. I would like to summarize what I consider to be three of the most important points that are raised by that testimony.

The first point is that we do believe great progress has been made in giving to Indian tribes regulatory primacy with respect to environmental issues on their reservations. That legislation includes amendments which already had been made to the Safe Drinking Water Act and to the Clean Water Act and amendments which are now being contemplated and indeed acted upon by one House or the other of the Congress with respect to the Clean Water Act and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

Our second point, however, is that with respect to the regulation of environmental matters on Indian reservations, Indian tribes, notwithstanding the amendments which I have just mentioned, start far, far behind, and the reason that they start behind is because, as you have indicated in your questioning of the witness just prior to me, for many, many years billions of dollars have been pumped into States in order to enable them to set up environmental regulatory programs, those billions coming primarily from the Environmental Protection Agency, whereas up to now Indian tribes have received absolutely nothing, so there are many systems necessary for the regulation of our environment which are not yet in place.

Tribes lack the human infrastructure and the financial resources in setting up these programs, and they simply need more substantial funds at the outset in order to establish such programs in the way that they should be.

This problem is also compounded by the fact that the Indian tribes themselves lack substantial financial resources and are operating off a very narrow tax base to begin with, which problem has actually been compounded within the very recent past by decisions of the Supreme Court which have greatly extended the ability of States to tax non-Indian activities on Indian reservations.

So all of these circumstances and factors mean that tribes are very much in need of additional funding in order to establish effective environmental regulatory programs on their reservations.

The third point which I would make is simply that S. 2075, the Indian Regulatory Enhancement Act of 1990, would address these fundamental issues. The grants of 75 percent to cover the planning and implementation of environmental programs is obviously of great assistance to the tribes.

Moreover, the 25-percent matching requirement would allow in kind contributions of property, services and other Federal funds for that matter, and the relationship of these two provisions to one another, I think, would greatly enhance the ability of Indian tribes to become far more effective regulators of environmental matters on their reservations.

This is the summary of the main points which I would like to emphasize and cover with respect to the written testimony which we have submitted. At this time, I will be happy to answer any questions which you may have regarding that testimony. Thank you very much.

[Prepared statement of Mr. West appears in appendix.]

Senator McCain. Thank you, Mr. West.

Next we would like to hear from Mr. Joseph.

STATEMENT OF GENE JOSEPH, CHAIRMAN, COLVILLE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE, COLVILLE CONFEDERATED TRIBES, NESPELEM, WA

Mr. Joseph. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

My name is Gene Joseph, I am a member of the Colville Business Council, and I am speaking here today as the chairman of our tribe's Environmental Quality Commission. It's that particular body which has the responsibility of making policy recommendations to the tribal government on regulating activities for the protection of the environment on our reservation.

I am happy to be here today to testify on behalf of S. 2075, and we do have a recommendation, which we will get to later. I think the Select Committee on Indian Affairs is to be commended for its efforts in coming up with this legislation.

I think this committee recognizes the void that is in the administration's national Indian policy on environmental protection. That policy is epitomized by the glaring lack of resources which EPA, BIA and IHS have available to Indian tribes to carry out their responsibilities as the sole entities which are responsible for protecting the reservation environment.

I was looking at Mr. Eberhard's statement to the committee in which he indicates that the overall funding from the national effort has risen up to .1 percent. We have been informed that it ranged anywhere from one-half of 1 percent up to 3 percent, and we're not aware of what the EPA has asked for this year as far as an Indian set aside for their programs.

I do know that in 1988 the total funding for Indian programs was somewhere around $6.9 million, and when you have about 310 Indian tribes nationwide competing for that money, that doesn't go very far for any one particular reservation.

In last year's oversight hearings before the Select Committee on Indian Affairs, the tribe testified in support of $25 million and 24 FTEs for EPA's Indian programs, but what Congress did appropriate or what it did set aside for EPA was $1 million and 12 FTEs, and that money is even now being impounded by OMB, if I understand correctly from the reports that we are getting.

That's a very glaring inconsistency, when EPA itself has reported to Congress as of January 1989 that the tribe's waste water needs alone were estimated at $270 million.

I participated in 1987 with several other tribal representatives from across the country in a workshop here in DC put on by EPA, funded by EPA, to come up with a funding formula or a mechanism to make a more equitable distribution of funds available to tribes for their environmental programs, and our recommendations don't seem to be working.

I think what EPA wants to do is to allocate the money based on a formula of how Indian population stands in relation to the total population as a whole, and that's not really a realistic approach.

A more realistic approach needs to take a look at what the needs on the reservations are, and those needs vary from reservation to reservation. This is where we get into our portion of the recommendation.

The staff who drafted this statement are again recommending that Congress consider that $25 million set aside for EPA's Indian programs. I don't think they do it in a light, offhanded fashion. I would like to give the committee just one example of what happens on our reservation.

It is not a big reservation as far as reservations go. We have about 7,500 in total enrollment, one-half of which do live on the reservation, and the other one-half are scattered throughout the country.

It is a 1.3 million acre reservation; 90 percent of the income to support tribal government comes from the sale of our timber. The total environmental program or effort of the Colville Tribes is vested under the Environmental Trust Program, and we have several divisions in that office that started off with a basic tribal water code which we passed in 1972, and it has since spun off into other areas, and a brief listing of them is as follows: The Colville Waste Water Treatment and Disposal Act, that's title 30; the Colville Mining Water Practices Act, title 31; the Colville Forest Practices Water Quality Act, title 32; the Colville Water Quality Standards Act, title 33; the Colville Administrative Procedures Act, title 35; and more recently, we have the Colville Hydraulics Permit Act and the Emergency Response Plan enacted under title 3 of SARA implementing regulations which carry out the Community Right-to-Know Act.

Our estimated needs for fiscal year 1991 are at $858,000; the fiscal year 1990 funding for these programs are $341,000, none of which for 1990 has EPA contributed any money to our programs, and we estimate perhaps in 1991 that we may get about $65,000 from EPA if we keep after and just continue our lobbying effort for those funds.

I think this bill is needed; it would be a travesty, if you want to call it that, if Indian tribes start to look at what the committee is doing and what ANA is capable of doing as the sole source of funding to carry out their environmental programs, and it should not be that way. It should be looked upon as a supplement to the efforts that are required by statute and are incumbent upon the BIA, IHS, and EPA.

I am aware over the years that you personally, Senator, have focused on economic development efforts by tribes, and just recently, or as of last Friday, our tribe signed an historic agreement among the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Bureau of Reclamation, the National Park Service, and the Spokane Tribe, in which the tribes are recognized as co-managers of a 151-mile reservoir behind the Bureau of Reclamations Grand Coulee Project.

I say that because we also have a 3- to 4-year-old houseboat venture on Lake Roosevelt. There were approximately 1.8 million visitors to that area last year. We have, under that agreement, a substantial responsibility to manage at least 43 percent of the reservoir.

The two tribes have exclusive jurisdiction for hunting and boating and recreation activities to make sure that the health, safety and welfare of the visitors to that area are not jeopardized.

We do have a problem from a newspaper mill, a smeltering plant, and a fertilizer plant up in Canada whose pollutants are flowing down that reservoir and jeopardizing the viability of that enterprise, and we don't know the nature or the extent of that pollution.

The Colville Tribe and the State of Washington are in a joint funding venture right now to try to determine what the nature and the extent of that pollution is, and if by some reason we were to come up with some funding from the Federal component of this partnership, the State of Washington would, in turn, match those funds, and we could gear up our efforts to protect that particular resource and enterprise.

Mr. Chairman, I will conclude my remarks right there and stand ready to answer any questions.

[Prepared statement of Mr. Joseph appears in appendix.]

Senator McCAIN. Thank you very much.

Mr. Harrison, welcome.

STATEMENT OF DAVID HARRISON, SENIOR POLICY ADVISOR, COUNCIL OF ENERGY RESOURCE TRIBES, DENVER, CO

Mr. HARRISON. Thank you, sir.

On behalf of the 44 tribes that make up the Council of Energy Resource Tribes that represent here today, we'd like to express our appreciation for the leadership and the initiative, and we have to admit, but we cheerfully admit, the brilliant insight that we think went into this proposal.

We think that S. 2075 offers an approach to a set of problems that Rick here has described, I think, very well, and that is that over the last few years, we have worked with or tried to work with the BIA, with the Indian Health Service, and with the Environmental Protection Agency to accomplish precisely the kind of assistance which S. 2075 specifically authorizes, and we haven't had much luck.

We think that one of the reasons we haven't had much luck is that, for reasons of their own, each of those agencies is a bit scared of this issue. With respect to the BIA and the Indian Health Service, we think we have two problems that institutionally we just simply have not been able to overcome.

One of them is the problem that this committee deals with almost on a daily basis over a wide range of issues, and that is the fear that seems to purvey that those agencies are losing control that they have long come to enjoy, the kind of control that Chairman Johnson described at White Mountain with their forest practices there.

With EPA, we have a bit of a different set of problems, but they're proven to be just as difficult to deal with. With some of the recent amendments that Rick alluded to, if the tribes don't do this job and get it done, then it is now clearly an EPA responsibility, and that's something that they've shown a great reluctance to accept.

In addition to that, with regard to the two agencies that have been in our country for a long time, the BIA and the IHS, there are really potentially significant, and we're talking in the range of the tens or scores of millions of dollars, of potential liability that those agencies themselves have.

As we said recently to a committee on the other side in the area of environmental protection, we have met the enemy, and he's our trustee. But we've just recently learned that it is those agencies that have built the systems that now leave PCBs and transformers, lead in our drinking water, asbestos in our schools, and those are problems that the tribes themselves have begun to address.

Those agencies, quite naturally, are not very anxious to provide support to the tribe that will document and demonstrate the liabilities and pinpoint the responsibility for cleaning those things up.

So for all those reasons, we've not had much luck with those other agencies, and ANA is absolutely, we think, the place to start this effort. ANA, as we've indicated in our prepared statement, we think has a long history of being very effective and, in terms of return on the investment that the Congress makes in that agency, far and away the most successful of the agencies providing assistance to Indian country.

We think that there's an underlying principal here that S. 2075 recognizes, and that is that ANA's history is one of enabling and empowering tribes to do for themselves, but those other agencies have been either unable or unwilling to do it, and it's been our experience over the years that, in terms of successful programming, those that succeed tend to be those that have enabled the tribes to do for themselves, given the authority and the wherewithal that those people have a stake in the outcome, and not just a stake in the continuation of the process while dealing with it.

So for those reasons we think that the proposal to give specific authority to ANA is an inspired one. In that regard, we note your closing comment to Commissioner Wapato that perhaps he is not entirely in control of that message that he brings here. We'd like to just reassure the committee that whether that is so or not, we have every confidence in that agency and its present leadership, and we believe that this program would be well and wisely and efficiently handled if it were to be put in that agency.

We also expect that a true picture of the state of environmental issues, problems, concerns in Indian country, it will only get that picture when it has enabled the tribes to paint it themselves.

For the very reasons that perhaps drive some of Commissioner Wapato's testimony this morning, the other agencies simply will not present that picture to the Congress. We have seen that recently when this body expressed its concern that there may be a disproportionate incident of water borne disease in Indian country and directed a study of the safe drinking water conditions in Indian country.

What the Congress got back from the agency that conducted that study we don't believe even begins to describe the real picture out there with regard to drinking water conditions, and the disparity between the need and the dollars available now that you alluded to in your earlier comments, sir, are true across the board.

I would note that the Chairman of this committee has also personally observed just the solid waste disposal problems in Indian country and the lack of any effort that's being made to address those or to enable the tribes to address those.

Gene alluded to the deficiency, the backlog of need for waste water treatment, which is in the hundreds of millions of dollars now and, of course, getting greater every year. So for all these reasons, we think that the S. 2075 is a magnificent idea, an approach to a problem, it puts the capabilities in an agency that will not be threatened by the success of the efforts which the committee is authorizing to be undertaken here, and we look forward to working with this committee and doing everything we can to help you see that this one becomes law.

So thank you very much for this opportunity, sir.

[Prepared statement of Mr. Harrison appears in appendix.]

Senator McCain. Thank you very much, Mr. Harrison. We appreciate your very constructive comments.

Richard, are the tribes that you represent expending tribal revenues for environmental protection?

Mr. West. Yes; they are at the present time because they really don't have much of an alternative. Funds coming from other sources have been extremely limited, and at least a couple of the clients whose names I mentioned at the beginning of my testimony do have some resources to expend on these measures, but it has been extremely difficult because their funds are limited and funds coming from other Federal sources at the present time are even more limited.

Senator McCain. What funding for environmental programs is BIA providing?

Mr. West. At the present time with respect to the clients that I am most familiar with that I mentioned, both the Environmental Quality Commission as well as the Campo Band of Mission Indians EPA, its own environmental authority, to the best of my knowledge, none of those funds at the present time are from the BIA. They're all tribal funds. They come from IHS.

Senator McCain. Mr. Joseph, what percentage of your current environmental protection budget is provided by the tribe, roughly?

Mr. Joseph. It looks like from the break-out on this testimony that we provide approximately one-third of the funding, and I think the majority of that goes to the implementation of our Forest Practices Act. Also, $200,000 comes from the BIA for our total environmental program on the reservation, at least for this year.

We have a big problem in that the manager of that department is basically forced to scramble to look for grants from State and Federal mixes, and he's not really able to devote the time to get out there to monitor and administer the program.

Senator McCain. Does any Federal agency provide the tribe with funding for the purposes that will be provided for in this bill?

Mr. JOSEPH. Right now, I am not aware of any that provide any grants for building or training staff or upgrading the infrastructure. It's just we're out there on the ground doing the monitoring and the regulating.

Senator MCCAIN. Mr. Harrison, what can we do to further enhance tribal capabilities through the other Federal agencies, BIA, IHS and EPA?

Mr. HARRISON. I would be delighted to be able to offer an answer on the record to that question, but I would like, if I may, sir, to suggest that it goes far beyond just those three agencies as well.

The Departments of Transportation, Labor, Housing and Urban Development, and Commerce all have some authorities now, if only they would use them, and they all have some responsibility as a result of their activities and previous activities out there.

One of the things that we think would be very useful is if the Environmental Protection Agency were clearly given the authority, and this was an idea that came up I think in this very room some 10 months ago, to consolidate some of the grants that it does make now for these program areas, and also if it were made clear that these various agencies themselves have the authority to consolidate their assistance efforts.

Right now, in your State, sir, I have heard the Hopis in recent years talk about the six different Federal agencies that they have to deal with and try to coordinate in the operation of a single well, and it is only on the ground in Indian country where all of these different agencies' responsibilities come together.

Those agencies themselves, on the other hand, rarely talk to each other, each of them imposes its own set of requirements, its own set of boiler plate requirements, and it makes the coordination almost impossible, and only the most dedicated or the most committed tribes can really work their way through that now.

Another thing that we think the Bureau of Indian Affairs could do is, if you look at the budget request and justification of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and you didn't know anything else, you'd get the impression that they're doing it all all by themselves, and yet, as you've heard from Mr. Joseph here, at the tribal level very little, if any, real assistance to the tribes is ever forthcoming from the Bureau

So if the Bureau of Indian Affairs were authorized clearly and specifically to undertake some kind of an environmental quality oversight clearly made a part of their job and they were given specifically the authority to make grants to try to undertake that work, then we think that the agency that has the lead role as the trustee would clearly have the authority and the wherewithal then to begin to enable the tribes to paint that picture that we're not getting from the agencies themselves.

With regard to the Indian Health Service, I think they have good people there in this arena. They, on the other hand, look at the needs, and, again, this committee has pointed out the loss in real dollars of Indian Health Service over the years, and they just in their priorities do not give these issues the priority that they require, and none of these issues aren't critical at the reservation level.

Back here in Washington when a billion dollar budget is being put together, I am sure it's easy to decide that the waste water treatment needs, for instance, out there don't have the priority of community-based dialysis and some other real acute lifesaving, but very expensive items, and so the Indian Health Service just needs to be encouraged or perhaps given a little direction in moving these environmental issues up to the level of attention that they need.

Toward that end, I would like to make the point as well, two additional, if I may, sir. One of them is that unless this is done, unless they approach the 2075 and contemplates its undertaking, nothing else this committee is trying to do has much chance of working in the long run.

Economic development in this country will not work in the absence of an effective environmental program. The liabilities are too great. As the Commissioner mentioned, even the tribes that have the best industrial operations, substantial Defense Department contracts making heavy rolling stock, making camouflage things, et cetera, hazardous waste is generated.

Many of our tribes in the Council of Energy Resource Tribes worry about whether they're going to get $16 or $18 for a barrel of oil, and tribes in North Dakota wonder where they're going to get the $2,000 it's going to cost them to haul a barrel of waste out of their plant.

So unless this array of environmental issues is addressed, we don't think in the long run that any of the other policy initiatives of the Congress or the Administration has much chance of succeeding in the long run.

Senator McCAIN. Mr. Joseph, has your tribe been approached by anybody who would like to set up a landfill or a waste dump?

Mr. JOSEPH. I think we've had about two or three overtures made to the tribe, but until we get some questions answered by tribes who have basically used their land as a dumping site for hazardous waste material, we don't want to go into that.

We just submitted some testimony for IHS to do some environmental review and site evaluation on a proposed solid waste landfill site in conjunction with Okinagan County. The sites around the reservation and in that county are being closed down, we're being forced to drive further and further, and the tipping fees are going up.

I think a good example of that was the Earth Day dumping that was allowed to go on in Spokane where they could do it for free, and people were lining up at 4:30 in the morning, and there were traffic lines 2 miles long so that people could dump their waste, and one lady said, "if I had to do it all in one time, with the tipping fees it would cost me $350 just to get rid of this junk."

So the answer is yes, we have been approached, and we're being very cautious about what we want to do in that particular area.

Senator McCAIN. Well, it is something that obviously is the subject of a future hearing, but I am very concerned because we are talking about issues of tribal sovereignty and at the same time we are talking about persons taking advantage of groups of Americans, sovereign tribes, who are very, very economically distressed, and therefore would be tempted to accept a situation which obviously is not acceptable in other parts of the country, in non-Indian parts of the country; otherwise, they would not be approaching tribes.

So I think it's something that we have to approach with some care, but I am going to ask Senator Inouye if we couldn't schedule a hearing to examine this issue, because frankly almost every tribe I've talked to is being approached for this purpose. I am not saying they should be prohibited from exploring those proposals. That is not at all what I am trying to say here, but I think that there should be the same safeguards, or even more stringent ones, against the pollution of their land as there are in non-Indian country.

Given the unique relationship between native Americans and land, perhaps they should be even more stringent. At the same time, I do not think that I am, or any of the tribal leaders are, interested in prohibiting the tribes from exercising their sovereignty.

So as you have thoughts on this, very critical issue, I would be more than happy to get them from you, not only from you, Mr. Joseph, but also, of course, from Mr. Harrison and Mr. West, who represent a large number of tribes.

We'll take this bill to markup, I am told, on the first of May at 2 p.m. The record on this bill will close tomorrow, April 25, and any additional comments for the record should be filed by that time.

I hope that the administration will re-evaluate its position on this bill in light of the substantial and, I believe, urgent need as identified by this and our other earlier hearing.

Tim, I would like to thank you for staying here and listening to the other witnesses. That's a refreshing change from some of our other governmental witnesses that we have. We appreciate that, as we do your service.

Mr. HARRISON. He's not in any hurry to get back to his office.

Senator MCCAIN. I want to thank the three witnesses in this panel. You've been very helpful to us. I know you've come a long way, and I very much appreciate your input. I am guardedly optimistic that we can get this legislation through, given the fact that I have been wrong more times than I've been right.

Thank you very much, and this hearing will be adjourned.

[Whereupon, at 11:20 a.m., the committee was adjourned, to reconvene at the call of the Chair.]

APPENDIX

Additional Material Submitted for the Record

STATEMENT OF SENATOR FRANK H. MURKOWSKI
FOR HEARING OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
APRIL 24, 1990

Mr. Chairman, I look forward to hearing today's testimony on your draft substitute for your forest and woodlands bill. Although Alaska Natives are not among today's witnesses, I know they have been among those you have consulted, in the development of the substitute, and I think, in large measure, their specific concerns have been addressed.

As a bill principally intended to define the responsibilities of the Secretary of the Interior over forest lands he holds in trust, and to authorize funding to allow those responsibilities to be met, it is largely aimed at improving management of forests and woodlands on Indian reservations.

As members of the Committee are aware, lands conveyed to Native corporations under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1971 are not trust lands, even though the Secretary has a continuing trust responsibility to Alaska Natives.

Consistent with this obligation, both your original bill and the substitute do contain provisions important to Alaska Natives. One, they are properly eligible for internships, fellowships, and scholarships in the field of foresty. Their participation in these programs will do much to increase the number of Natives having the skills and knowledge necessary to manage the lands they own.

Second, management of those lands in Alaska that are trust or restricted title lands will be improved through the provisions of this bill. These trust lands include one reservation at Metlakatla, the Annette Island Reserve, and the allotments of individual Natives.

There is one additional concern of Alaskans about the bill, but it is an issue that I think we can resolve as we make final revisions in preparation for a mark-up. Alaska Native non-profit corporations, such as the Tanana Chiefs Conference and the Copper River Native Association, do provide technical forestry assistance to allottees and Native village corporations, and it is important that such assistance continue to be rendered.

I think an amendment authorizing an appropriate level of funding to provide technical assistance grants to eligible and responsible P.L. 93-638 contractors in Alaska is all that will be required to meet this concern. I have asked my staff to work with your staff, Mr. Chairman, to develop such an amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for this opportunity to discuss the Alaska interests in this legislaltion.

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AGRICULTURE
ARMED SERVICES
COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION
INDIAN AFFAIRS

Slade Gorton

Statement of Senator Slade Gorton on S. 1289, Indian Forest and Woodlands Enhancement Act and S. 2075, Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act

Mr. Chairman, I would like to commend the distinguished Chairman for calling this hearing to receive testimony on the Indian Forest and Woodlands Enhancement Act, S. 1289, and the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act, S. 2075. It is most appropriate that these hearings follow the Earth Day celebration across our nation to focus on the importance of preserving our environment for future generations.

I want to welcome today Gary Morishima, who works with the Quinault tribe, and Gene Joseph of the Colville Confederated Tribes; both have come from Washington State to testify on the bills that we are looking at today.

I was a cosponsor of S. 1289, which was introduced to generate discussion on forest and woodland management on Indian trust lands. Indian forest lands encompass more than 15,700,000 acres, comprised of approximately 5,600,000 acres of commercial forest land and 4,500,000 acres of commercial woodland, constituting a major economic resource of Indian tribes. This is an important issue, which in my view, deserves attention. I look forward to the testimony of our witnesses, some of who testified in earlier hearings on this proposal, as to their reaction to the revised proposal of S. 1289.

Thank you.

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PREPARED TESTIMONY OF THE NEZ PERCE TRIBE
SUBMITTED TO
U.S. SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
REGARDING
S. 1289, "NATIONAL INDIAN FORESTRY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT"
APRIL 24, 1990

The Nez Perce Tribe commends Senator McCain for his contribution in support of S. 1289. The Tribe also compliments Senator McCain and the Committee for their efforts in consulting with the Intertribal Timber Council in the development of this Act. Overall, the Tribe feels the product of this combined effort will benefit the Tribe's natural resource programs and contribute to the economic, social and environmental health of both the Indian and non-Indian community. Therefore, we feel it is important to offer our testimony and support. The Tribe's comments relate to those segments we wish to highlight and those areas where changes or clarity are needed.

In October, 1987, under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (sometimes referred to as Public Law 93-638), the Tribe contracted from the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the management responsibility for the Tribe's 28,900 acres of forest land in north-central Idaho. Except for forest fire suppression, the Tribe is responsible for all forest management functions.

SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS

In subsection (3)(F) reference needs to be made to damage caused by "acts of nature" to cover blowdown, flood, etc. In addition, this definition needs to go beyond the "assessment" stage by providing for the "rehabilitation" activities that may need to occur on the damaged areas.

Subsection (3)(R) should be modified to include both tribal and "Bureau of Indian Affairs" operated forest management information systems.

SEC. 201. MANAGEMENT OF FOREST LAND

Within the objectives under subsection (b) MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES there appears to be some redundancy in the effort to express the objectives. Although, the Tribe appreciates the effort to reinforce a comprehensive approach in managing Indian forest land.

Objective (2) clearly establishes a partnership between the Tribe and BIA in managing forest resources through the regulation of Indian forest lands "with full and active consultation and participation of Indian tribes". This will promote a trust responsibility which is consistent with the objectives of the Indian forest land beneficiaries. Objective (7) recognizes a diversity of forest resource values and calls for the maintenance and improvement of non-timber values. This objective identifies a tribe's ability to develop multiple use goals for their land.

The concept of "sustained yield" must be included in the objectives. This concept sets the framework for the level of forest management activities and therefore deserves recognition. It should also be defined in SEC. 104 DEFINITIONS.

SEC. 202. FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS

The Tribe appreciates the clarification contained in subsection (d) LIMITATIONS. The use of the management deductions should be to intensify and enhance the management of the forest beyond the basic requirements. Unfortunately, past interpretations have included that the use of these funds were to supplement meeting minimum forest management needs and offset Federal appropriations. Further clarity should be considered under subsection (a) (page 15, lines 20 and 21), which states the deduction is withheld "to cover in whole or part the cost of managing and protecting" Indian forest land; this statement could continue to imply the use of these monies to meet minimum management requirements.

Subsection (e) DIRECT PAYMENT TO TRIBES provides the Tribe with prompt access to the deductions for re-investing in management activities. In addition, the Nez Perce Tribe's Forest Products Enterprise is the principal purchaser of Tribal timber; this subsection can provide the Tribe with the ability to transfer enterprize payments to our management account in a cost effective and efficient manner. While this is meant to improve the cash-flow to the tribe, the trust status of these monies must be assured and their use permitted without complicated restrictions.

SEC. 204. DIRECT PAYMENT OF FOREST PRODUCTS RECEIPTS

This section also improves the Tribe's access to the proceeds from the sale of forest products and facilitates the transfer of funds from our enterprize. It also enables timely distribution of the proceeds to tribal programs and services and to individual beneficiaries. The same concern expressed above for the trust status and restrictions on use also applies here.

SEC. 205. SECRETARIAL RECOGNITION OF TRIBAL LAWS

The Tribe considers the intent of subsection (b) NATURE OF SECRETARIAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACTIONS, is to enable the processing of forestry related proposals in a more timely manner. Although, the Tribe agrees with the concept we feel the statement may be too broad in scope. The Tribe is concerned about the inclusiveness of this subsection to all federal regulations applying to forest activities as well as how it affects the use of federal funds for protecting Indian forests; for example forest pest funds through the Department of Agriculture, Forest Service and fire suppression funds through the Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. The Tribe proposes that further clarification of this subsection be provided or be included for study under SEC. 209 ASSESSMENT OF INDIAN FOREST LAND AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS subsection (a)(2)(D) or (E).

As the natural resource programs continue to expand on the Nez Perce Reservation, the Tribe will develop ordinances relating to environmental analysis and the protection of natural resources and man-made improvements. These ordinances can be used to replace other government agency's codes.

SEC. 207. TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAMS

The educational segment of this Act, specifically outlined in SEC. 301, promotes the development of professional Indian foresters. In promoting their development we should assure employment opportunities be available to the greatest extent possible. Under (b) SUPPORT ALLOCATION FORMULA; CRITERIA - (2)(A), reference is made to provide base funding necessary to support "one forest technician" (page 22, line 6). To remain consistent with the efforts to promote the development of professional foresters, we propose that the base funding level be changed to support "one professional forester". This will improve job opportunities for graduating Indian foresters and give the tribes necessary funding to hire, as a minimum, professional foresters to meet the first level of need.

SEC. 208. TRIBAL FOREST LAND ACQUISITION GRANTS

The boundary of the Nez Perce Reservation encompasses a total of approximately 760,000 acres but only 12% is in Indian ownership, therefore, the Tribe has been taking advantage of opportunities to increase the forest land base through purchase or exchange. In 1987 and '88, the Tribe purchased 23,650 acres of forest land (this land is still currently held in fee status and therefore not under the "638" contact). The Tribal Forest Land Acquisition Grants provides another option to help replace the forest land once owned by the Tribe.

On page 22, line 20, the purpose of the grants should be clarified by stating its use for acquiring forest land "and timber" so as not to infer that the grant is solely for purchasing the bare land value.

The Tribe proposes the definition of "forest land management activities" under SEC. 104 DEFINITIONS be expanded to include activities associated with evaluating potential forest land acquisitions or exchanges and their subsequent appraisals. This will recognize land acquisition as a management activity and supplement the intent of this section.

Although SEC. 208 (b) designates the BIA, Division of Forestry, with the responsibility of appraising "Indian" forest land, no mention is made in regards to appraising "non-Indian" forest land. In order to cover reasonable costs associated with evaluating and appraising non-Indian forest land for purchase or exchange we propose that the use of the Forest Management Deductions under SEC. 202 (c) be expanded to include these costs. As currently written, it limits the use of these deductions to activities "on Indian forest land".

SEC. 209. ASSESSMENT OF INDIAN FOREST LAND AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

The Tribe encourages an independent assessment of Indian forest lands and management programs. It will help evaluate the past need requests that have gone unfilled, especially as it relates to tribal forestry contracts. The Nez Perce Tribe's contact makes minimal allowances for inflation, increased costs for wages and services, the need for updating and replacing equipment, and the increasing costs associated with evaluating the overall resource impact from proposed forest management actions.

An additional benefit of an assessment is to provide an in-depth and comprehensive analysis of the health and productivity of the surveyed forest lands and provide valuable information to design and implement management activities and set priorities.

An analysis of possible reductions or eliminations of administrative procedures and an evaluation of staffing patterns may stream line our management efforts. Cost savings can be used to improve implementation of forestry programs at the field level.

SEC. 302. POST GRADUATION RECRUITMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMS

Subsection (b) POSTGRADUATE INTERGOVERNMENTAL INTERNSHIPS provides an opportunity to strengthen tribal involvement with other government agencies.

The Tribe's ceded area covers approximately 13 million acres and extends into seven different National Forests. The Tribe is frequently asked to review and respond to Forest Service proposals, exchange resource information, participate in inter-agency committees and planning teams, and coordinate training for Indian fire fighters.

Funds have not been allocated in the Tribe's forestry contract to provide tribal forestry expertise in response to the Tribe's interest in the ceded area. Use of internships would facilitate the Tribe's ability to actively and constructively participate in these joint efforts.

Quinault Indian Nation

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Testimony of Quinault Nation
Before the Senate Select Committee On Indian Affairs
On The "National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act"
Proposed Substitute Bill For S.1289
Washington, D.C., April 24, 1990

The Quinault Nation is pleased to appear before the Committee to express its strong support for the proposed substitute bill for S.1289, the National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act. We applaud the leadership and initiative of the Committee in introducing this important legislation.

The consultative process initiated by the Committee to directly involve timber tribes and the administration in crafting the content of this legislation has produced outstanding results. The success achieved through this effort should serve as a prime example of how government-to-government cooperation can lead to sound and innovative approaches to address difficult, long-standing problems.

The broader scope of the substitute bill represents a major step forward in the evolution the version of S.1289 introduced last summer. The comprehensive spectrum of problems and opportunities addressed by S.1289 will greatly improve the management of the forest resources which are vital to the economies and cultures of Indian tribes across the country. The legislation promises to correct long-standing deficiencies in existing operations and policy which have plagued Indian forestry for decades. Enormous economic losses have been sustained by Indian people as the result of these deficiencies and generations have been deprived of the full social and economic benefit attainable from Indian forests. Equally important, the bill will lay the foundation for progressive initiatives to strengthen the capacity of Indian country to benefit from our investments in managing and developing our own resources.

Specific comments on provisions of substitute bill S.1289 which are of particular interest to the Quinault Nation are presented on a section-by-section basis below. Our recommendations for technical amendments to clarify the intent of the National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act are included for consideration by the Committee.

Section 104. Definitions

1. Indian forest lands, paragraph (2)

We support the inclusion of woodlands [1] in this definition. Although woodlands on our reservation are limited, we are pleased to note the Committee's recognition of the significance of woodlands to Indian economies. Forest products such as nuts, berries, herbs, ornamentals, Christmas trees, and charcoal comprise significant sources of income and personal use value. In some southwestern locations, wood remains the primary source of fuel for heating and cooking.

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[1] The term "woodland" is defined by the BIA as follows:

"Plant communities in which trees, often small and characteristically short-boled relative to their depth of crown, are present but form only an open canopy, the intervening areas being occupied by lower vegetation, commonly grass, in contrast to a typical wood (Ford-Robertson 1971). The above definition shall be broadened to include moderate-to-densely stocked pinyon-juniper." (Native American Woodland Resources: A National Overview, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Division of Forestry, June 1988)

According to the FY 1989 Status of Inventories Report produced by the BIA, there are approximately 8.3 million acres of Indian-owned woodland. Of these, 4.5 million acres of commercial woodland are distributed over 103 Indian properties. Until recently, the economic significance of woodlands, for both commercial and personal use, was largely overlooked. On August 10, 1987, the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs placed the administrative responsibility for woodlands management within the Division of Forestry. Prior to that time, forest product values from resources on these lands were viewed as being minimal. Changing market conditions and increasing demands for personal use of woodland resources have resulted in a clear need for more active management.

Results of the FY 1987 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Division of Forestry, Washington, D.C., February 1989 (hereafter referenced as "FY 1987 Needs Assessment") indicated that 42 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) positions and $2.5 million annually are required for management of Indian woodlands. Failure to provide adequate resources for this function will result in dire consequences, as exemplified by the survey response of the San Carlos Agency and Albuquerque Area Office:

> *If the San Carlos Agency is not supplied funding and FTE for woodland management, this program will continue as is, and the Reservation woodland resource will continue to be abused and deteriorate. Currently, adequate funds and staffing are not available to do anything other than issue permits. Silviculture is not being applied to the woodlands at San Carlos, resulting in depletion and high-grading of the resource. Sale administration and monitoring of cutters is impossible as well (due to lack of funding and FTE). This situation has resulted in little or no control over when, where, and how the resource is utilized. Wood cutting regulations have been passed by the Tribal Council but they can not be enforced due to lack of personnel and funds. The demand for woodland resources has increased fourfold at San Carlos over the past four years, and is expected to continue to increase. The future is bleak for the San Carlos woodland resource if funding and staffing remain as is. (San Carlos)*
>
> *Without a coordinated effort in woodlands, chaos will reign and the resource will suffer. We only have to look at "economic management" and early day development of commercial forest lands and subsequent mismanagement on (sic) suits and the forest development backlog acreages nationwide to understand the need for planned, coordinated development. (Albuquerque)*

2. Disease and pest control, paragraph (3)(E)

We support the identification of forest pest and disease control as a necessary element of Indian forestry programs. An integrated pest management approach to protect Indian-owned forests from destructive pests has been adopted by the BIA as a matter of policy. However, the intensive forest management required to treat the underlying causes of pest buildups to prevent outbreaks can only be practiced on a small area during the next 2-3 decades. Managers of Indian forests are currently unable to significantly alleviate or prevent losses caused by insects and disease through detection programs and implementation of management practices such as stocking control and sanitation. With insufficient funding for this activity, control actions are largely limited to direct suppression of outbreaks and other activities that can be performed in conjunction with timber sales.

Requests for funds to control insects and disease are submitted through the U.S. Forest Service, the agency responsible for administration of the national program for forest pest management under the authority of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (PL 95-313). Congressionally appropriated funds for this activity have not been sufficient to meet identified federal, state and private sector needs. During the ten year period 1979-88, the BIA requested approximately $8.3 million dollars for suppression of insects and disease on Indian lands, but received only $4.8 million (58% of the request)[2]. The inadequacy of funds for forest disease and pest control on Indian lands sets up a vicious cycle: without adequate resources to develop sound sivicultural prescriptions for control and suppression, chances of obtaining forest pest management funds administered by the Forest Service are decreased.

Losses to insects and disease can be high[3]. For instance, 40% of the Ute Tribe's forest is being lost to the Mountain pine beetle and losses are expected to increase to 70-80% of the forested resource (FY 1987 Needs Assessment). Other areas are being affected by a number of agents, including mistletoe infection, root rot, and Tussock moths. Failure to effectively manage insects and disease on Indian forests results in substantial and in many cases avoidable losses to Indian people as well as owners of neighboring lands.

3. forest land management activities, paragraph (3)(F).

Forests can be damaged by a wide variety of things that are not mentioned in this paragraph, including natural forces, such as tornadoes, high winds, and floods. We see no need to limit this activity by listing specific causal factors and suggest that the definition be modified as follows:

> (F) assessment of damage ~~caused by forest trespass, infestation or fire,~~ **to Indian forest land**, including damage appraisal, investigation assistance, and reports, demand letters, and testimony preparation.

4. Paragraph (3)(L) - Road Systems

We fully support the need to provide an adequate system of primary and secondary roads for forest management purposes. Nearly 9,000 miles of forest roads on Indian lands must be maintained and improved for continuing management access. This road network was initially developed and established under timber harvesting operations with no means for periodic maintenance. Maintenance of an adequate road system is necessary to: (1) provide access for forest management activities; (2) reduce loss from wildfire, insects, and disease; (3) transport forest products; (4) provide access for traditional and multiple use; and (5) efficiently administer timber sales. The Needs Assessment indicates that there is a large unmet need for road maintenance (31 FTE and $4.2 million annually).

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[2] Briefing Book on Indian Forestry Program, February 1988, p 7.

[3] Miller, R.W. (1984) "Increased Investment in Indian Forests Means Increases In Yield and Economic Return", In Proceedings of the Eighth Annual National Indian Timber Symposium. Miller reported that annual losses from forest pests are estimated to be 2 to 2.5 times that lost to wildfire.

On our reservation, forest roads are difficult and costly to maintain, due in large part to the complex ownership patterns resulting from allotment. There are over 1200 miles of forest roads on our reservation (approximately 300 miles of which are required for primary and secondary access). Efforts to manage our roads have been stymied by the lack of authority to hold road use fees in interest-bearing trust accounts and inadequate funding for BIA road maintenance.

5. Cadastral surveys, paragraph (3)(O)

We believe that the ability to conduct cadastral surveys to determine ownership boundaries is essential to the proper administration of Indian forests. Given the checkerboard pattern of ownership on many reservations, cadastral surveys are necessary to ensure accountability. Activities such as timber sales administration (including payment for the removal of forest products), investigation of trespass violations, and the conduct of forest land management activities all depend critically upon adequate knowledge of ownership boundaries.

6. research activities, paragraph (3)(P)

We are pleased to note that the authority to conduct research activities to improve management of Indian forest lands has been included in the revised version of S.1289. The problems encountered on many reservations are often unique to local environmental conditions and not amenable to general solutions. For instance, approximately 15,000 acres of our Reservation suffers from drainage problems which result from a combination of the glacial origin of soils, the wet climate encountered along the Pacific coast, past logging practices, and fire. Our attempts to reforest these lands have repeatedly failed. Research is required to identify the appropriate silvicultural prescriptions for management of these lands.

Research in other areas of management, such as the determination of appropriate stocking levels and species, and development of trees with superior growth qualities, is also required to enable us to fully benefit from the potential of our lands. The payoff from such research activities can be quite substantial. For example, in a 1984 paper,[4] Robert Miller, recently-retired Assistant Chief, BIA Division of Forestry, reported that forest growth could be increased by as much as 42% by controlling the spacing of trees and by 20%-30% through genetic tree selection.

7. forest land management activities, paragraph (3)(R).

At the local level, forest management information systems may be maintained by tribal or agency operations. To prevent misunderstanding, we suggest that the words "or BIA agency" be added after "Tribally".

> (R) development, improvement, and maintenance of tribally or BIA agency-operated forest management information systems.

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[4] Miller (Ibid).

8. gravel, paragraph 5(F)

We are pleased to note that gravel has been included as a "forest product." Even though not biological in origin, gravel is a critically important resource for the maintenance of serviceable forest roads. Its extraction is administered and controlled by the Division of Forestry at the agency level. Gravel is usually produced from land that would otherwise be used to grow forests. Furthermore, it is directly used to support the removal of timber and other products extracted from the forest land.

9. "landowner" - New

The lack of a definition for the term "landowner" which appears throughout certain sections of the draft legislation could lead to confusion. We suggest that Committee either eliminate the term or add the following definition:

> the term "landowner" means, with respect to Indian land on which a forest product is produced, the Indian or Indian tribe that -
>
> (A) owns such land, or
>
> (B) is the beneficiary of the trust under which such land is held by the United States.

TITLE II-FOREST MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Section 201. MANAGEMENT OF FOREST LAND

The statement of policy and management objectives contained in the proposed substitute for S.1289 establishes a solid statutory foundation for the Indian forestry program and the federal trust responsibility. We support the Committee's decision to specifically list functions and activities for the Indian forestry program; such detail is essential to maintain the accountability necessary to fulfill the federal trust responsibility for management of Indian forests. The absence of such objectives has resulted in confusion, ill-will, and litigation over the years.

We suggest the term "relevant Indian tribe" in section (b)(5) at line 2, page 15, should be replaced with "reservation's recognized tribal government." The recognized tribal government of a reservation has the sovereign authority to enact land use codes and laws; this change is necessary to avoid confusion, since several distinct tribes or descendants of tribes may live on a single reservation.

> (5) the retention of Indian forest lands in ~~its~~ their natural state when the ~~relevant Indian tribe~~ reservation's recognized tribal government determines that the recreational, cultural, aesthetic, or traditional values of the forest land represents the highest and best use of the land.

Section 202. FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTION

We fully support the clarification regarding the handling of administrative deductions collected on the sale of Indian forest products and provision for the direct deposit of such deductions into an account that can be drawn upon to perform forest land management activities. We suggest, however, that a number of changes to the language of this section should be made.

1. Section (b)(2)

The term "appropriate Indian tribe" should be replaced by "reservation's recognized tribal government." The management deductions policy should be established reservation-wide. On our reservation, an administrative nightmare would result for the BIA if each individual or entity entitled to the receipts generated by the removal of forest products were to be able to specify the amount to withhold for forest management deductions.

> (2) the percentage of gross proceeds currently collected as forest management deductions by the Secretary on such sales of Indian forest products, unless the ~~appropriate Indian tribe~~ **reservation's recognized tribal government** consents to an increase in the deductions.

2. Section (c)

The entity required to approve the expenditure plan for management deductions is unspecified. We suggest that the plan be approved by both the Secretary and the tribe to insure that both governments are in accord as to how the funds are to be used. As currently drafted, forest management deductions could only be expended on the "Indian forest lands of the appropriate Indian tribe"; the use of such funds on Indian forest lands owned by individuals would not be permitted. To avoid a potential problem where deductions collected from one reservation could be used to fund activities on another, a restriction should be included to allow the use of such deductions to the purposes determined by the recognized tribal government of the reservation from which the deductions are collected. Also, the term "such tribe" should be replaced with "reservation's recognized tribal government." We suggest the section be modified to read as follows:

> (c) USE OF DEDUCTION.-The full amount of any deduction collected by the Secretary shall be expended according to an ~~approved~~ expenditure plan, **approved by the Secretary and the reservation's recognized tribal government, for the performance of** ~~in~~ forest land management activities ~~on the Indian forest lands of the appropriate Indian tribe~~ **on the reservation from which such deductions are collected** and shall be made available to ~~such tribe~~ **the reservation's recognized tribal government**, upon its request, by contract or agreement for the performance of such activities.

3. Section (e)

The term "appropriate Indian tribe" should be replaced with "reservation's recognized tribal government" in lines 5-6 on page 17.

4. Section (2)

It is unclear what the section labeled (2) at line 7, page 17 references. If intended as a portion of limitations, the section number should be (3). We suggest minor modifications be made to the proposed language to clarify the meaning of "Indian tribe" as follows:

(3) Upon the request of ~~an Indian tribe~~ **the reservation's recognized tribal government**, the Secretary shall provide that a purchaser of forest products from Indian forest lands shall make prompt direct payments of forest management deductions into a bank depository account designated by ~~the Indian~~ **such** tribe. Funds so deposited shall be available for expenditure ~~by the Indian tribe~~ in accordance with the plan approved by the Secretary. Forest management deductions deposited as provided in this paragraph shall have the same status as such deductions held and administered by the Secretary under other law.

Section 203. Forest Trespass

Forest trespass problems are common in virtually all areas and are particularly severe where individual allotments are involved. The magnitude of loss due to trespass is significant. The BIA has estimated that more than 7 million board feet of forest products have been removed illegally from Indian forest lands over the last few years. Substantial additional losses are certainly incurred through the unauthorized removal of non-timber forest products, such as cedar shakes, Christmas trees, nuts, and grasses.

Adequate staff are not available to provide necessary patrol and enforcement against trespass; further, the legal means for handling trespass cases involving Indian forest resources are woefully deficient. It has been nearly impossible to pursue prosecution of trespass cases through the federal court system since local prosecutors have been over-burdened with more pressing responsibilities. Put bluntly, addressing trespass violations on Indian forest lands is very low on the priority list for Federal prosecutors. By providing for prosecution of trespass cases in tribal courts, the legislation will help correct this problem.

1. Section (a)(1)(C) New

We suggest that the costs of enforcement should also be subject to recovery under this section. We suggest that the following paragraph be added:

> **(C) collection of the costs associated with enforcement of the regulations, including field examination and survey, damage appraisal, investigation assistance and reports, witness expenses, demand letters, court costs, and attorney fees.**

2. Section 203 (c)

We request that this paragraph be amended to provide for full faith and credit of tribal trespass ordinances in Federal and State courts, regardless of whether or not tribes adopt regulations promulgated by the Secretary. Precedent for such authority has been established in provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act 25 U.S.C. 1901 et. seq.

We also request that report language reflect that there is no intent to imply that tribes lack the authority to enact their own ordinances concerning trespass activity. Changing the title of this subsection to "Concurrent Jurisdiction" may help avoid potential misunderstanding.

Section 205. Secretarial Recognition of Tribal Laws

We support the approach taken in this legislation to recognize and strengthen the sovereign powers of tribal governments to protect their own resources and heritage in the manner consistent with tribal laws, tradition, and religious values. The involvement of the Bureau of Indian Affairs in the management of Indian forests has led to the inappropriate application of federal statutes which are intended to apply to actions on public lands. A prime example of an area of particular concern is the administration of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966.

The NHPA requires archaeological surveys and prior clearances for impacts from federal actions affecting sites of potential historical significance. Indian forest land management activities have been subjected to the provisions of this Act because of an administrative interpretation that participation by BIA officials in approving such activities constitutes a federal action.

Major forestry management actions, including timber sales, thus, cannot be undertaken until NHPA clearance has been obtained. In some areas, the inability to secure timely archaeological clearances has brought timber sales to a standstill or caused Indian owners to suffer substantial monetary losses. For example, in 1985, the Quinault Nation was prevented from concluding a second-growth timber sale valued at $700,000 because of a requirement to obtain an archaeological clearance. The property involved had been logged more than 50 years earlier and there was no likelihood that anything of archaeological or historic significance would be affected. Several months elapsed before an archaeological clearance could be obtained, and in the meantime the timber market had fallen. The timber was ultimately sold for $500,000, a loss of nearly 30% of its original value.

Testimony offered by the Navajo Nation at the June 1989 hearing on Indian Forestry conducted by the Special Committee on Investigations of the Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs also highlighted the costs incurred by the application of the NHPA.

> *The average annual timber sale on the Navajo forest has 300 identified archaeological or historical sites, which average one (1) acre each in size. Most of these sites are not significant, but, by the time the approval process is complete it is too late to go back through the forest and "undesignate" sites. Consequently 300 acres are lost each year due to insufficient management and inadequate B.I.A. staffing levels. This has an impact of $2,175,000 loss in total economic output to the local Indian and adjacent Non-Indian economy, each year.*

The inability to obtain timely archaeological surveys is a widespread problem which impairs the ability to harvest the annual allowable cut (AAC). Approximately 21 FTE and $1.3 million annually are required to comply with NHPA requirements (FY 1987 Needs Assessment).

NHPA is a source of substantial friction between BIA forestry and tribes. Administration officials are attempting to ensure that the law is carried out, but tribes are concerned about impacts on tribal sovereignty, the cost of surveys, costs incurred by delaying sales, and the potential for increased vandalism following the identification of culturally sensitive sites.

The intrusion of State authority on Indian reservations caused by the administration of the NHPA by State Historic Preservation Officers has also caused problems. The above-mentioned testimony of the Navajo Nation also illustrates the complexity and jurisdictional concerns caused by administration of the NHPA by state officials.

> *The Archaeological and Historic resources are the property of the Navajo Nation. These lands and resources extend into three separate states. Each state has its own Historic Preservation Officer who operates much as the B.I.A. Archaeologists, by interpreting the Federal Act as they see it. Thus a state official determines what is acceptable or not acceptable for survey methods and clearances on Indian lands. The State Historic Preservation Officer currently plays a role superior to that of the tribes in managing the tribes' cultural resources. This results from the role established for*

the State Historical Preservation Officer's role in 36 CFR Part 800. Here tribes are relegated to the subordinate role of "interested persons"...

Indian lands are not public lands. We agree that the involvement of the BIA as trustee for the management of Indian forests should not automatically constitute a Federal action that triggers actions to abide by laws which would otherwise not apply. We believe that the application of Federal laws that do not specifically include Indian lands and impose burdensome requirements for management of Indian property should not be applied without the consent of tribal governments.

1. Section 205 (a)

At line 20, page 19, reference is made to section 104(3), the definition of Indian forest land management activities." We believe this reference should be changed to section 102(2) which concerns the general trust responsibility of the Secretary. We also suggest that the language at line 21 of this paragraph be modified to provide for Secretarial recognition of tribal laws pertaining to Indian forest lands rather than limiting such recognition to forestry management activities.

> (a) COMPLIANCE WITH TRIBAL LAWS; COOPERATION IN ENFORCEMENT.-Subject to the Secretary's responsibilities as reflected in section ~~104(3)~~ **102(2)**, the Secretary shall to the extent feasible, comply with tribal laws ~~relating to forestry management activities~~ **pertaining to Indian forest lands**, including laws regulating the environment or historic or cultural preservation, and shall cooperate in the enforcement of such laws on Indian forest lands. Such cooperation shall include-
>
> (1) assistance in the enforcement of such laws;
>
> (2) provision of notice of such laws to persons or entities undertaking ~~forestry-related~~ activities on Indian forest lands; and
>
> (3) upon the request of the ~~Indian tribe~~ **reservation's recognized tribal government**, appear in tribal forums for enforcement purposes.

2. Section 205 (b)

We suggest that the word "and" at line 8 of page 20 be replaced with "or" to indicate that this provision is to apply to forestry activities undertaken under either authority.

Section 206. TRIBAL FOREST ASSISTANCE ACCOUNTS.

We support the authorization to establish interest-bearing, special trust accounts. This provision will make this tool available for the management of Indian forest lands, just as it is available to the Bureau of Land Management and the U.S. Forest Service. This capability will enable the accumulation of funds derived from a variety of sources such as payments for road use fees, tribal and private donations, and Federal appropriations.

Several problems would be corrected by providing for the contribution of unexpended appropriations into these types of accounts. First, the accounts would provide a means to accumulate funds for periodic maintenance of forest transportation systems. Under current practice, costs of developing forest roads are primarily borne by the landowner to provide for the removal of forest products. Once those products are removed, some other funding source is necessary to maintain the roads for access, protection, and development. While fees for using established roads can be collected, no administrative mechanism to place such fees into an interest-bearing trust account until they are expended is currently available. The availability of "X-year" trust accounts to repair and replace forest roads would greatly enhance the ability of tribes to maintain an adequate forest road system. Second, the accounts would provide a means for the accumulation of tribal or private donations for purposes of improving Indian forest management. Third, problems for seasonally-dependent forestry operations and tribal forestry programs which are caused by delays in the appropriations process and administrative distribution of funds to agency offices would be substantially reduced. Fourth, the availability of such accounts would enable more beneficial use of "year-end" funds since activities could be more adequately planned and properly conducted. Fifth, such accounts would provide a means to accumulate funds until such time that they are of sufficient magnitude to permit completion of needed forest land management activities.

1. Section 206 (a)

This paragraph should be modified to reflect concerns regarding potential confusion over the use of the term "Indian tribe" as follows:

> (a) ESTABLISHMENT.-At the request of ~~any Indian tribe~~ **a reservation's recognized tribal government**, the Secretary may establish a special forest account for such tribe to fund ~~the~~ **its** Indian forest land management activities ~~of such Indian tribe~~.

2. Section 206 (b)

We suggest that lines 20 and 21 on page 20 be modified to provide for the use of funds on Indian forest lands under the jurisdiction of the reservation's recognized tribal government and to conform to terms defined in the legislation.

> (b) DEPOSITS AND EXPENDITURES.- The Secretary may deposit into an account for ~~an Indian tribe~~ **a reservation's recognized tribal government** pursuant to subsection (a) any funds in his possession or available to him, including unexpended annual appropriations, for the purpose of conducting Indian forest land management activities on the Indian forest lands **under the jurisdiction** of such tribe. The Secretary shall notify such tribe of his intent to deposit funds into such account and shall not deposit Federal or tribal funds into such account without the consent of the tribe.

Section 207. TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAMS

S.1289 promises to strengthen the government-to-government partnership between the United States and Indian tribes in managing Indian forest resources. The measures to reduce problems of trespass, recognize tribal interests in protecting their natural and cultural resources, and provide financial support for tribal forestry expertise, will be of substantial benefit as we strive to attain self-determination.

The most significant development in the management of Indian forest resources within the last decade has been the emergence of self-determination, the right of Indians to make our own choices and decisions. Self-determination is beginning to become a reality, as we choose to undertake increasing responsibility for managing our own affairs[5].

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[5] Increasing Indian involvement has been evident at both the tribal and inter-tribal levels. In the late 1970's, the Intertribal Timber Council was formed to facilitate discussion of common problems and promote cooperative working relationships with the BIA. The Council has

Under PL 93-638 and the recently enacted amendments in PL 100-472, forestry functions are contractible. Tribal forestry organizations are evolving on a number of timbered reservations. By 1987, tribal forestry organizations had been established at 31 locations; approximately 30% of the total Indian forestry program (including administrative deductions) is contracted to tribes. At twelve locations, the entire BIA forestry program has been contracted under the Self-Determination and Educational Assistance Act (PL 93-638). A total of approximately 250 people are employed by Tribal forestry organizations (not counting individuals subcontracted to perform particular services like tree planting or thinning), including 18 professional foresters.[6]

At Quinault, we have found it extremely difficult to maintain funding levels to support our tribal forestry program and field activities. Our forestry program has not participated in funding increases to the same degree as the BIA's. The BIA's fiscal allocation process has consistently satisfied the needs and priorities of its own bureaucracy at the expense of funding for on-the-ground services and tribal programs. Administrative decisions in the BIA's budgeting and contracting process still seem to operate under the "Buy Indian" mentality. Tribal forestry organizations that depend upon contracts are often treated as expendable conveniences rather than a permanent and legitimate part of the Indian forestry program. The lack of stability and reliability of funds has generated job insecurity for tribal employees and interfered with our ability to effectively operate forest management programs.

Tribal forestry organizations have emerged not only in response to desires of Indian tribes to move toward self-determination by seeking greater control over their own resources, but also because the BIA's management has not been totally satisfactory. Some Tribes have established their own forestry programs to fill voids, correct deficiencies in BIA management, or to obtain access to necessary expertise where confidence in the BIA has been eroded.

We support the establishment of minimum staffing levels to provide tribes with access to their own forestry expertise. We suggest that the Committee consider providing resources necessary to obtain professional foresters instead of technicians and to clarify that tribes have the option of obtaining such expertise through contract for technical assistance rather than retaining their own staff.

Section 208. TRIBAL FOREST LAND ACQUISITION GRANTS.

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convened annual symposiums in an attempt to foster enlightened discussion and joint development of recommended solutions. Although acceptable solutions have not always been reached, substantial progress has been made.

[6] BIA Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis FY 1987, May 1988. Tribes have been confronted with difficulties in recruiting and retaining well-qualified personnel for their programs due to three primary reasons. First, the funds available to support tribal staff frequently are derived from administrative deductions on timber sales revenues. Given the instability in the timber market in recent years, funds have frequently been inadequate to maintain the tribal forestry operation. Second, delays in the federal appropriations process, coupled with contracting procedures employed by BIA administrative authorities, have often forced tribes to program their operations in response to funding levels provided for in appropriations requested by the Administration. The availability of funding for contracting of forestry operations is uncertain and unstable. Under these circumstances, it has been extremely difficult for tribes to maintain any semblance of continuity for their staff. Third, tribes are unable to offer competitive benefits packages for their employees. The vacancy rates in tribal forestry operations (22% for professional foresters and 9% for technicians) reported in the FY 1989 Needs Assessment appears to confirm the difficulty of tribes in retaining professional foresters.

We are gratified to note that a land acquisition section has been incorporated into the substitute bill to help tribes consolidate forest lands into manageable forest properties. The need for such a program was recognized by the Administration as early as the 1930's. The checkerboard ownership patterns that have resulted from the dissipation of the tribal land base under the General Allotment Act of 1887 is one of the most difficult obstacles that must be overcome to improve the management of Indian forests. The dissemination and subsequent alienation of Indian lands through allotment, sale, and inheritance destroyed logical management units, prevented the orderly development of forest properties, reduced the value of surrounding Indian land holdings, and increased the risk of loss to fire, insects, and disease. Instead of a unified forest ownership which could be administered consistently and in accordance with sound principles of forest management, many Indian forests were broken up into small properties, each of which had to be handled individually in response to the immediate needs and requirements of its owners. Naturally, the problems of administration were greatly multiplied, costs were substantially increased, and comprehensive management was made far more difficult.

The business of growing trees involves long-term horizons for investment. Decades are required to produce a commercial timber crop. The rapidly changing status of Indian forest lands resulting from allotment, alienation of land from Indian ownership, further subdivision of ownership through inheritance, and cession have been a constant threat to the practice of forestry. We applaud the incorporation of a program for land acquisition matching grants in S.1289 to encourage and facilitate tribal consolidation of land for purposes of forest management.

1. Section 208(a).

   While we believe that the term "forest land" in this paragraph includes the forest resources as well as bare land, we suggest that report language to that effect be included so as to avoid potential confusion. We also recommend that the language be amended to clearly indicate that such grants are only to be given to recognized tribal governments of the reservations on which the forest land is located.

   > (a) AUTHORIZATION.-The Secretary is hereby authorized to make grants to recognized tribal governments ~~Indian tribes~~ for the purpose of acquiring forest land where such acquisition may be otherwise authorized by law. No funds may be made available by the Secretary pursuant to this section unless the Indian tribe applying for such grant provides an equal amount of funds, from any source, for such land acquisition.

2. Section 208(b)

   Consolidation of reservation forest lands is a primary goal of the Quinault Nation. Acquisition of any trust interest in land triggers an incredible sequence of actions involving agency and area offices for Realty and Forestry.

   a. An owner notifies the Quinault Nation of a desire to sell a trust interest.

   b. The Quinault Nation informs the landowner that a request for a negotiated sale naming the Quinault Nation as a willing buyer must be made to the BIA.

   c. The Real Estate Services office at the Olympic Peninsula Agency, upon receiving the request, forwards a negotiated sale application to the owner. This application requests information concerning potential purchasers.

d. The request is not processed until a letter is received from the Quinault Nation (or an individual who for whom land is held in trust by the United States) expressing an interest in purchasing the property.

e. Once the file is complete with application, letter of intent to purchase, and a current title status report confirming that the individual has an interest to sell, the BIA begins processing.

f. Real Estate Services then requests the Forest Management and Planning Section of the Agency Forestry Branch to complete a field survey of the property, including the value of merchantable timber, regeneration stocking, cedar salvage, and other available resources, and descriptions of soils types. Several weeks normally elapse from the time of the original request made by the landowner to sell his interest and the time the information is requested from forestry.

g. The Agency Forestry Branch conducts an empirical timber appraisal for any merchantable timber and/or salvage values and provides other information as requested. Depending upon the property's characteristics, the workload, and priorities, completion of the report by the Forest Management and Planning Division may require several weeks to several months.

h. Information prepared by Forestry is then returned to Real Estate Services, which, in turn, forwards it to the Branch of Appraisals in the Portland Area Office along with a request for an appraisal. The Branch of Appraisals apparently has only one appraiser who works on Quinault requests; this appraiser also has the responsibility for working on other reservations. The appraiser is required to conduct a field check for each appraisal. The appraiser visits the Olympic Peninsula Agency about three times a year, with travel expenses paid by the Agency.

i. The appraiser then takes the empirical information from Forestry and attempts to compare it with information on timber sales in the area. The comparable sales information is normally adjusted to reflect a value close to the empirical timber appraisal received from Forestry (Forestry's appraisal already incorporates such information).

k. For regeneration and bareland, the appraiser attempts to determine value from a limited number of sales. A problem arises since comparable sales within the Reservation boundaries in which the Quinault Nation is not a party are rare (The BIA's policy is not to use any sales to the Quinault Nation in their comparable sales analysis). Because of the absence of true comparable sales, the appraiser must make an arbitrary adjustment to make them look reasonable.

l. The appraisal is finally completed and sent to the owner, through the Agency, with instructions to go ahead and negotiate a final purchase price with the Quinault Nation for no less than the appraised valuation. If the Quinault Nation doesn't already own an interest in the given property, the BIA also instructs the owner that the written consent of a majority of the remaining owners to sell to the Quinault Nation must be obtained.

m. Once the purchase price is agreed upon, and the necessary consent requirements are completed, the BIA requires a resolution from the Quinault Business Committee indicating tribal authorization to purchase. Once the resolution and negotiated sale documents are completed, the BIA will issue a deed and the Nation can complete the purchase.

This process usually consumes from 6 to 24 months (a year is required, on average). The same procedure is followed for any purchase; as much effort is required to purchase a one-one thousandth of an interest in an allotment as a full interest.

Current procedures employed by the BIA for valuation of forest land are duplicative, frequently result in erroneous appraisals, and consume excessive amounts of time. By eliminating the involvement of Realty and making the Division of Forestry responsible for appraising forest property, a number of problems can be avoided. Forestry already provides an appraisal for timber values. The second-guessing by the Branch of Realty is both unnecessary and useless. For regeneration, an empirical approach based upon "net present value techniques" would be a realistic and accurate approach for determining value. For bare land, standard values could be established and annually adjusted, based upon readily available information on site productivity, location, and access; the State of Washington has already developed and applies this type of approach for purposes of forest land valuation. Realty would still be involved in the processing of title.

We believe that this approach would greatly reduce the time required for appraisals, reduce costs of administration by eliminating duplication of effort within the BIA, and result in accurate property valuations.

We interpret the language of this section to establish the Division of Forestry as the entity within BIA which is responsible for valuation of all Indian forest land for purposes of sale or acquisition, regardless of whether or not the land is being purchased under a grant issued under this section. We suggest that the last portion of the last sentence in this paragraph be stricken to eliminate potential confusion in interpretation.

> (b) BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.-Within the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Division of Forestry shall have the sole responsibility for appraisals of Indian forest lands and any valuation of associated forest assets ~~for purposes of acquisition pursuant to this Act~~.

Section 209. ASSESSMENT OF INDIAN FOREST LAND AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

We fully support the need for and scope of the independent study proposed in S.1289.

Results of the annual Needs Assessments conducted by the BIA reveal that there are several major areas in which the trustee believes that it is incapable of providing state-of-the-art services in the management of Indian forest resources. However, while these results provide useful indications of management problems, additional information is required to determine the status of and establish the future direction for the Indian forestry program. An independent, objective, nation-wide evaluation is essential to identify strengths and weaknesses, develop alternative approaches for correcting deficiencies, and establish a systematic plan to enable Indian people to receive the full benefits attainable from state-of-the-art management of their forest resources.

We are aware that the Committee has made a request of GAO to conduct a limited review of the Indian forestry program. However, upon examination of the scope of that review, we believe that further in-depth analysis will be required. At the June 8, 1989 hearing of the Special Committee on Investigations of the Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs, the need for an independent assessment was supported by every witness, including representatives from the Administration.

TITLE III - INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The Division of Forestry within the BIA is the principal agent of the United States in administering the trust responsibility for the management of Indian forest resources. The United States as the ultimate trustee is accountable for its actions and inactions with respect to the management of the Indian estate.[7]

The BIA's Division of Forestry has approximately 600 Full Time Equivalent positions. However, the number of positions remains woefully inadequate to provide state-of-the-art management services for Indian forest properties. Furthermore, a disturbingly high proportion of existing positions remains vacant.[8]

Tribes are likely continue to face substantial challenges in obtaining well-qualified personnel for management of their forest resources for the foreseeable future. Not only is there a high vacancy rate within current BIA forestry operations, a substantial portion of experienced personnel will soon be eligible for retirement.[9] Approximately 10-15 years of experience are necessary to gain the knowledge required to fill top-level forestry positions and there is currently a shortage of highly-qualified mid-level expertise within the BIA. Prospects for significant increases in the supply of professional foresters are not promising either. In the last ten years, the number of students enrolled in accredited natural resource and forestry programs across the country has declined by 42% and 53%[10], respectively. Given the demand expected by the necessity to replace retiring foresters in federal, state, and private industry, competition for well-qualified individuals to provide services for Indian forests will be fierce.

1. Section 301(b)(2).

The reference to chapter 30B in line 5, page 28 should be chapter 308.

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[7] In United States v. Mitchell, the Supreme Court held that the United States is answerable in monetary damages for breaches of standards applicable to a private fiduciary. U.S. v. Mitchell, 463 U.S. 206 (1983).

[8] The FY 1987 Needs Assessment reported BIA vacancy rates of 16% and 18% for professional foresters, and technicians, respectively. The FY 1989 Needs Assessment published in March 1990, indicates BIA vacancy rates of 17% and 24% for professional foresters and technicians, respectively. Due to Indian preference policies, self-determination, inadequate funding, and other factors contributing to uncertain career opportunities for non-Indians, the BIA has had difficulty attracting and retaining well-qualified professional foresters. For the past decade, there has been a tendency for the BIA to serve as an entry into federal employment; available positions are filled within the BIA when hiring freezes apply for other agencies only to have individuals transfer when positions in other federal agencies open up.

[9] Of individuals currently employed by the BIA, 49 professional foresters and 138 forestry technicians will be eligible for retirement by 1992. Within Trust operations of the BIA, 479 professionals will be eligible for retirement by 1992. Interview of BIA Chief Forester Marshall Cutsforth by Gary Morishima.

[10] Interview of Greg Smith, Associate Director For Educational Programs, Society of American Foresters, by Gary Morishima on 5/31/89. Information obtained from an annual survey of accredited forestry schools on enrollment and degrees granted. In 1977-78 there were a total of 24,000 students enrolled in undergraduate and graduate programs in natural resource management; by 1987, enrollment had dropped to 13,600. Enrollment in forestry programs dropped from 10,500 in 1977-78 to 4,600 in 1987. Less than 1/2% of enrolled students were of Native American heritage.

2. Section 303(c) New

We support the ability for the Secretary to enter into cooperative agreements between agencies within the Department of the Interior and Indian tribes. PL94-148 provides such authority for cooperative agreements involving the U.S. Forest Service, but no corresponding authority for Interior exists.

We suggest that a paragraph (c) be included to clearly indicate that the bill is not intended to diminish any existing authority that the Secretary may have for entering into cooperative agreements.

> **(c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit or modify the authority of the Secretary to enter into cooperative agreements otherwise authorized by law.**

TITLE IV - AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Adequate financial resources to fully develop the potential of Indian forest resources have never been made available by the United States. Deficiencies in Indian forest management have long been recognized.

Indian forest resources have not been and are not now being managed in accordance with the state-of-the-art in forestry. Indian forest management has never received adequate funding, or even funding comparable to that authorized for other public agencies. Funds appropriated per acre of Indian forest lands have always been substantially less than those received for other federally managed forests, but the methods used and the objectives sought in the protection, timber-sale administration, and development have been substantially the same.

In 1984, former BIA Chief Forester George Smith compared federal expenditures for forest development (intensive forest management activities) on Indian lands with those on other federally-owned or administered forest lands and on privately owned forest lands[11]:

Comparison of Dollar Expenditures Per Acre of Commercial Forest Land (1981).

AGENCY	Amount	% of BIA
Bureau of Indian Affairs	$1.67	100
U.S. Forest Service	$2.34	140
Bureau of Land Management	$7.39	443
Industrial Forestry Association (WA, OR, CA)	$5.47	328

Underfunding for management of Indian forest resources has resulted in: (1) impaired development of physical improvements necessary for forest protection; (2) a staffing level inadequate to perform even the limited functions of timber sales administration; (3) reduced investment in management planning and decreased forest productivity; and (4) substantial losses in potential income and employment benefits attainable from more productive utilization of Indian forest resources.

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[11] "Information and Data Regarding the Indian Forest Resource and Requirements For More Intensive Management", In Proceedings of the Eighth Annual National Indian Timber Symposium, page 126.

Throughout its 80 year history, the Indian forestry program has been seriously undermanned and underfinanced for management and development[12]. In a 1940 Department of Interior report "Forestry on Indian Lands", the BIA stated:

> *"The administration and protection of the Indian forest and range lands has been seriously handicapped from the beginning because of insufficient funds...In fact, Section 6 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat 984) directs the Secretary of the Interior to manage forest and range lands on Indian reservations coming within the purview of this act on a sustained-yield basis. To accomplish these necessary objectives, however, requires a high degree of intensive management which can only be accomplished by a substantial increase in the annual appropriations made available for forestry work on Indian reservations."*

These sentiments were echoed by BIA Chief Forester George Smith in a 1980 update to the 1940 report:

> *"In the beginning little was known as to the extent and character of the Indian forests and almost nothing had been done to inventory the property or to develop road, trail, telephone or lookout systems within the areas. Not only were these improvements immediately necessary to proper forest protection but a timber-sale procedure had to be worked out, conservative cutting practices devised, and an efficient timber sale organization developed. These and many other tasks had to be accomplished as rapidly as possible on a pitifully inadequate budget and with a regular forestry staff which until the 1960's never exceeded 200 men."*[13]

The history of appropriations for the BIA forestry program reveals that significant increases in staffing and funding have come only within the last decade. Problems with inadequate Congressionally-authorized funding for Indian forestry were alleviated somewhat in 1972 when a determination was made that administrative deductions collected to help cover the costs of timber sale supervision could be used to reimburse Indian owners for funds invested in management of their forest properties. Since that time, these deductions have increased the funds available to Indian forestry by some $5 to $14.9 million annually (30%-50%), depending on stumpage income, and has become the major source of support for tribal forestry programs. An additional benefit of this program is the increased interest and involvement of tribal governments in forestry matters through their own internal appropriations processes. Under the previous administration, however, the continued availability of even these tribal contributions to forest management was threatened with elimination during agency budgeting processes[14].

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[12] In his report "The Indian Forests", H.B. Steer, who served as Supervisor of Forests for the Taholah Agency on the Quinault Reservation during the 1920's, wrote "The Indian Service as a whole, and the Forestry Branch in particular, has been undermanned and underfinanced since inception... the Forestry Branch has never had sufficient funds for personnel, equipment, fire prevention and suppression, timber sale administration, and all other kinds of forestry work." p. 619. Early years of the Indian Forestry program were plagued by problems of low pay grade levels and slow promotions; compensation for comparable work was usually below levels received in other federal agencies. Steer, who had received $3400 for his position in the Indian Service while a comparable Forest Service position paid $4600, left the Indian Service to join the Forest Service (Newell, A.S., R.L. Clow, and R.N. Ellis, 1986. A Forest in Trust: Three Quarters of A Century of Indian Forestry 1910-1986, p. 3-6). Problems in securing well-qualified, adequately compensated professionals for Indian forests were also highlighted in the 1928 Meriam Report.

[13] Smith, G.E. (1980), History and Overview of the Indian Forestry Program, U.S. Department of Interior.

In FY 76, the total BIA forestry appropriation for forest management was $15 million. In FY 77, a $5.5 million forest development add-on was received to help correct backlogs in reforestation and other management activities that had developed during the preceding decades. In FY 78, Congress appropriated an additional $6.6 million and authorized 262 new forestry positions[15] (compared to a total of 350 in FY 77) to help correct deficiencies in timber sales administration. Beginning in FY 85, Congress has appropriated approximately $1.2 million annually to begin addressing deficiencies in forest inventory and management planning.

However, these apparent increases in funding levels are somewhat misleading. They fail to reflect changes in management responsibilities, including providing services for: (a) 8.3 million acres of Indian woodlands in 1987; (b) approximately 70,000 acres of newly acquired or restored commercial forest lands over the last decade; (c) meeting new requirements of federal laws such as the National Historic Preservation, National Environmental Policy, and Endangered Species Acts; and (d) meeting increasing demands for Integrated Management Planning and Enterprise Development - all of which have been added without commensurate increases in funding levels. Inflation has reduced the actual purchasing power of appropriated for forestry activities by more than 20% below 1978 levels. Further, appropriated funds available to the tribes and for field operations are being reduced by such factors as increases in pay costs and administrative expenses.

Serious deficiencies in funding levels continue to persist. The FY 1989 Needs Assessment published by the BIA in March 1990 indicates that an additional $31.1 million and 246 professional foresters, 360 technicians, and 77 support personnel[16] are required to provide state-of-the-art management for Indian forests.

Impacts of these deficiencies upon Indian forest resources and their owners are most unfortunate. The responses from the Blackfeet and Flathead forestry agencies and Central Office to the FY 1987 Needs Assessment illustrate the consequences of inadequate funding levels currently available for management of Indian forests.

Blackfeet Reservation:

- *Fulfill 40 percent of Tribal timber trust responsibility*
- *Provide 30% of potential timber revenues to the tribe from stumpage and harvest 50% of the AAC*
- *No forest improvement or wildlife development programs*

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[14] Long-standing problems of underfunding and understaffing have been exacerbated by the initiatives of the previous Administration and the previous Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs. For the past few years, the previous Administration, without tribal consultation, has come before the Congress with budget requests that would decimate the forestry program and eliminate the availability of administrative deductions as a major source of investment and support for tribal forestry operations.

[15] The number of FTE positions was subsequently reduced from 262 to 246 FTE by an administrative decision by the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs.

[16] For comparison, in FY 1989, the BIA forestry program had a funding obligation of $33.2 million and 626 full time positions (FY 1989 Needs Assessment, March 1990).

- *Planning limited to timber sales preparation*
- *Inventories limited to those required for timber sales*
- *70% of required timber trespass protection on 50% of commercial timber lands*
- *Insect and disease control limited to practices done in conjunction with timber sales*
- *Forest development planning limited to new harvest sites*
- *No development training of forestry technicians/aids*
- *No involvement in employment training opportunities*
- *No work done on markets and forest enterprise development*

Flathead Reservation:

- *Unable to conduct stand examinations for management planning*
- *Unable to remeasure and evaluate established growth studies*
- *Unable to conduct inventory analysis and calculation of AAC*
- *Unable to carry out program of prescription burning and fuels inventory*
- *Unable to harvest 44% of AAC*
- *Unable to participate adequately in Geographic Information System and Integrated Resource Management Planning efforts*
- *Unable to maintain roads or prepare transportation plan*

Central Office:

- *Inability to provide sufficient technical assistance in forest management inventory and planning, geographic information systems, and woodland management to reduce existing deficiencies in a timely manner, and to provide the capability for the Forestry Program to fulfill its part in the overall achievement of integrated management planning.*
- *Unable to provide adequate administration of expanding forest protection activity.*
- *Unable to provide requested level of assistance in economic development.*

CONCLUSION

S.1289 will resolve problems that have long plagued Indian forestry and lay a solid foundation for building a more hopeful future. We view the "National as a legislative landmark that will help define and clarify the roles and responsibilities of the United States and Indian tribes in managing Indian resources. The provisions in the legislation which are designed to correct existing deficiencies in the Indian forestry program, to explicitly and comprehensively acknowledge the trust responsibility of the United States for the management of Indian forests, to create educational programs to encourage Indian youth to become more actively involved in management of their own resources, and to strengthen tribal capacities, represents the type of multi-faceted approach necessary to enable Indian people to realize the full potential benefits attainable from our forest resources.

We wish to express our great appreciation to the Committee, and in particular, Senator McCain and the other sponsors of the legislation, for your exceptional interest and foresight in developing this legislation. The "National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act" promises to provide innovative, effective, and meaningful approaches to improve the management of some of the most important natural resources in Indian country. The Quinault Nation stands ready to work cooperatively with the Committee, Congress, and the Administration to enact this important legislation.

Intertribal Timber Council

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ORAL STATEMENT OF DON PEASLEY
PRESIDENT,
INTERTRIBAL TIMBER COUNCIL
ON
THE 4-2-1990 AMENDMENT-IN-THE-NATURE-OF-A-SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1289
THE NATIONAL INDIAN FOREST AND WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT ACT
TO THE SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
APRIL 24, 1990

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Committee, good morning. I am Don Peasley, President of the Intertribal Timber Council, and a member of the Business Committee of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation. It is pleasure to be here today to testify in strong support of S. 1289, the National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act, as modified by the proposed substitute amendment.

I have submitted the Intertribal Timber Council's written testimony, which contains a detailed examination of the substitute amendment to S. 1289, and will keep my oral comments brief.

First of all, I wish to commend the Chairman for holding this hearing. Since the first hearing on S. 1289 in October of last year, the bill has considerably evolved, and the opportunity to comment on this new version is greatly appreciated.

Mr. Chairman, as events unfold in the world of forestry, it is evident that this legislation is needed now more than ever before. Our forest lands and timber are a vast asset worth hundreds of millions of dollars. They absolutely require state-of-the-art intensive management if the Tribes are to fully realize their diverse benefits in perpetuity. Yet current Federal laws governing the Bureau of Indian Affairs Forestry program are sketchy at best, and contain no specific acknowledgement of the Federal trust responsibility for our forest asset.

Because the laws for Indian forestry are inadequate,

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the conduct of this program is subject to the whims of the administrators. In recent years, the Intertribal Timber Council has had to fight back attempts to cut the already inadequate Forestry budget, divert the forest management deduction away from our forests into Federal coffers, and stop proposals to all but eliminate the trust responsibility and to contract the entire management of Indian forests out to some private company.

So, a comprehensive, statutorily directed Forestry program will bring a measure of stability to the management of our forests. Stable and enlightened management of Indian forests is especially necessary today, when forest resources both nationally and Tribally are coming under increasing pressure.

Tribal forests, like others, are facing sharp demand increases in two areas: timber production and alternative forest uses. Responding to timber market opportunities alone requires a heightened level of intensive management, and the B.I.A.'s capacity in that regard has already been outstripped, causing Tribes to lose millions of dollars in receipts from foregone sales.

At the same time, increasing Tribal desires for other uses of our forest lands are requiring improved management for wildlife habitat, recreation and cultural activities, and environmental and aesthetic purposes. To manage the forest so that both of these demands can be fully realized - in balance - requires an intensive management program that is comprehensive, sophisticated and sensitive.

Today, that is well beyond the means of the B.I.A.'s Forestry program. Presently, all that is guiding the Federal trustee in the management and protection of our forests are four laws that total two pages in length and the Snyder Act.

Clearly, Indian forestry legislation is critically needed, and S. 1289, as it is before us today, successfully answers that challenge. Mr. Chairman, the substitute amendment to S. 1289 is a testament to the efforts of this Committee, to the timber Tribes, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs Forestry staff. They have all worked together in great cooperation to produce the solid, comprehensive bill we have here. Although individual Tribes and their forests differ one from another, although Federal law varies from Tribal law, and although the B.I.A. views things from a perspective other than that of the Tribes, those difficult differences have been largely resolved and accommodated in this bill.

S. 1289, as amended, provides a strong basis for the management of Tribal forests into the next century.

- It explicitly recognizes the Federal trust responsibility for the management and preservation of our forests, and sets forth objectives for the conduct of that trust.

- It codifies the elements of comprehensive forest management, stabilizing and improving that program.
- The bill solidifies the present application of forest management deductions back to our forests, preventing any further tampering.
- It provides a comprehensive Indian forestry education program so the manpower will be available for us to manage our own forests.
- It also enhances our abilities to deal with forest trespass, and
- establishes B.I.A. forestry management standards and the regular independent review of B.I.A. forestry management practices.

But in addition to laying out a good forestry management program, the legislation embraces broader concepts that will help guide us into the future.

- The bill encourages cooperative forestry efforts between the Federal government and the Tribes, so that Tribal participation in - and Federal assistance to - forestry programs can develop and evolve in a variety of mutually beneficial ways.
- It acknowledges and fosters the Tribes' responsibilities to oversee and care for our own lands, and
- it recognizes the need for multiple use of the forest, and incorporates Tribal integrated resource management planning in charting the future of our forest activities.

This amendment moves S. 1289 a long way forward, and the Select Committee is to be commended for all that it has done in sponsoring and developing this legislation. However, as in almost everything, it is never quite done, and so the I.T.C. would like to offer two suggestions to the bill.

They are the additions to the bill of the term "sustained yield" and a grant program to provide technical assistance to Alaska.

Regarding sustained yield, the legislation presently speaks extensively to the idea of sustained yield, but never uses that exact term. We believe it should. "Sustained yield" is one of the bedrock principals of forest management, and it is cited in two of the four statutes that guide Indian forestry today. To tie this Act more closely to those existing laws, to recognize sustained yield by name, and to more thoroughly delineate that term, we suggest in our written statement that it be incorporated into the management objectives portion of S. 1289 and be defined in the Definitions.

Also, the ITC recommends that provision be made for technical assistance to our Alaska brothers and sisters. It is our understanding that, over the years, the B.I.A. has from time to time provided modest technical assistance funds to Alaska Native entities. We also know that those people are struggling to come to grips with their resources, including their forests, before serious damage is done or they are propelled into their future with inadequate knowledge of their assets.

So, the ITC asks that a $2,000,000 technical assistance program be established for Alaska Native forest lands as a part of S. 1289. In so doing, we also want to be clear that this is in no manner a trust related activity. By technical assistance, we also intend that such assistance would not be used for day-to-day forestry activities. We regard this request as the straightforward provision of technical assistance to people who need help at this time. We hope you can support this addition.

Mr. Chairman, that concludes my statement. I would like to thank you very much for your time and effort devoted to this needed legislation, and for this opportunity to appear before you. Thank you.

Intertribal Timber Council

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INTERTRIBAL TIMBER COUNCIL
SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY
ON
THE AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
DATED 4-2-1990
TO S. 1289
THE NATIONAL INDIAN FOREST AND WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT ACT
SUBMITTED TO THE SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
APRIL 24, 1990

The Intertribal Timber Council is submitting this testimony as a supplement to the oral testimony presented by Intertribal Timber Council President Don Peasley at the April 24, 1990 hearing of the Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs regarding the amendment-in-the-nature-of-a-substitute, dated April 2, 1990, to S. 1289, entitled prior to amendment as the National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act.

The purpose of this supplemental testimony is to provide detailed comments on the substitute amendment to S. 1289. Where possible, these comments will contain specific language recommendations. However, that may not occur in every recommendation, in which event, the I.T.C. will endeavor to work with the Select Committee staff, the Tribes, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs staff on developing acceptable specific language.

SECTION 101. SHORT TITLE

The I.T.C. suggests the new title as the "National Indian Forest Resources Management Act", instead of "... Forestry Resources ..." [page 1, lines 5 and 6]. "Forest" is broader, referring to the forest and associated resources. "Forestry" means the practice of forest management activities.

SECTION 102. FINDINGS

The I.T.C. supports the Findings. With respect to 102(a)(1)(A), the volumes cited therein came from the B.I.A.'s complied unofficial comments, dated February 20, 1990, on the draft substitute I.T.C. version of S. 1289 dated January 4, 1990.

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In subsection 102(a)(2), asserting the Federal trust responsibility over a range of activities on Indian forest lands, the inclusion of roads is very important. At present, the Bureau of Indian Affairs does not provide any forest roads, nor does it participate in their maintenance or improvement, despite the fact that primary and secondary forest roads are essential to the execution of the trust responsibility. An all-weather, or at least extended season, system of roads is required for the management of any forest resource, whether it be for commercial timber production or any other multiple use. Access to the forest resource is central to its management. A road system greatly enhances the realization of the forest's economic benefits by facilitating the removal of timber. It also allows basic information gathering on the nature of the resource, and enables Bureau monitoring of forest activities. Beyond day-to-day management, a road system is critical to the protection of the forest, permitting rapid access for fire control or controlling infestation. Without such roads, the forest resource would be placed in much greater jeopardy. Yet, currently, the Tribes bear the entire cost of the road systems in their forests, with the trustees taking free advantage of its use to perform necessary trust activities. S. 1289, by providing for B.I.A. funding for forest roads, will correct this disparity.

102(a)(3) finds that current Federal law dealing with Indian forestry are inadequate. There are only four Federal statutes that principally address or affect management of Indian forest resources, and they total approximately two pages of the U.S. Code in length.

25 U.S.C. 406 principally applies to the sale of timber off of trust allotments. It is approximately one and a quarter pages in length and its forest management directives are limited to mention of "the need for maintaining the productive capacity of the land", "the highest and best use of the land, including ... other uses", and considering the "present and future financial needs of the owner and his heirs". It was enacted in 1910 and amended in 1964.

25 U.S.C. 407, concerning timber sales off unallotted lands, totals seven lines in length. Its total forest management directives are that timber "be sold in accordance with the principals of sustained yield, or in order to convert the land to a more desirable use". It was enacted in 1910 and amended in 1964.

25 U.S.C. 466, a part of the 1934 Indian Reorganization Act and never amended, regulates Indian forestry units. It totals seven lines and directs, in total, that regulations be made "for the operation and management of Indian forestry units on the principal of sustained yield management".

25 U.S.C. 413, fees to cover cost of work performed for Indians, was enacted in 1929, amended in 1933, and totals eight

lines in length. It does not even mention forestry, but has been the basis of the forest management deduction, which has generated significant sums for the management of Indian forests.

The only other statute is the Snyder Act (25 U.S.C. 13), which is an open-ended general authorization of appropriations for Indian programs. It does not even mention forestry, but is relied upon as the principal source of appropriations authority for the B.I.A. Forestry program.

According to the Final Report of the Special Committee on Investigations of the Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs (S. Rpt. 101-216, November 20, 1989, pages 138 - 140), the insufficiencies of these laws have allowed the B.I.A. Forestry program to languish at seriously deficient management levels, to the point that "Tribes have lost $330 million in the last decade alone from the poor management of their forests and woodlands".

Subsection 102(a)(4) finds Indian forest lands analogous to private lands. Recognition that Indian lands are not U.S. public lands rests at the heart of the U.S. - Tribal relationship. As a result of treaties and the recognized government-to-government relationship between Tribes and the United States, the U.S. takes the title to Indian lands into trust to preserve those lands for the exclusive use and enjoyment of the Indian owner. The trust encompasses management of the land's resources, including timber. It is important to note the distinction that this trust management flows from essentially private agreements between the Tribes and the U.S. and not from the government's responsibility to oversee public resources. This distinction has been recognized by the Federal government in a number or places, including the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (P.L. 94-579), where the Section 103(e) definition of "public lands" specifically exempts "lands held for the benefit of Indian" (43 U.S.C. 1702(e). In another instance more pertinent to forestry, Indian trust lands have always been exempted from the export ban on logs harvested off of lands administered by the Secretary of the Interior, because, again, Indian lands are not public lands, and so should not be automatically subject to Federal public policy land management directives.

To subject Indian lands, by virtue of the Federal trust status, to Federal land management determinations aimed at benefiting the general U.S. public would be a harsh irony, because the very reason Indian lands are held in trust is to protect them for the full and exclusive benefit of their Indian owners. To constrain the Indians' use of their lands for the benefit of the general public is contrary to the purposes of the trust. Therefore, a distinction must be drawn regarding a blanket application of Federal laws to Indian lands held in Federal trust.

Subsection 102(a)(5) finds that Federal funding for Indian forest management is below that for other Federal agencies. Although such comparisons are not frequent, they have been documented or made evident in a number of places. The U.S. General Accounting Office, in a report released late in 1976 (G.A.O. report RED-76-8), determined that Federal funding for Indian forest management was below that of the U.S. Forest Service by making a direct comparison between the Yakima Indian reservation and the neighboring Wenatchee National Forest.

The House Appropriations Subcommittee for the Interior and Related Agencies, in its FY 1985 report (H. Rpt. 98-886, page 47), cited the continued funding disparity, stating that "[i]n total, BIA spends $1.57 an acre for forestry management, compared to $2.34 an acre for the Forest Service and $7.39 an acre by the Bureau of Land Management."

In a B.I.A. Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis for FY 1989, issued March, 1990, the history of funding inadequacy is brought current. Although the Analysis compares present funding levels against "state-of-the-art" management and does not directly match itself against funding for other Federal agencies, the Analysis' conclusion that the B.I.A. program needs $31.1 million added to a FY 1989 appropriation of approximately $33 million to achieve "state-of-the-art" certainly demonstrates that funding for trust forest management of Indian lands continues to be very insufficient.

At present, the General Accounting Office is conducting an updating review of its 1976 report cited above. Although the report is not expected to be released until late summer or early fall of this year, it has been indicated that the G.A.O. update will also find the B.I.A. program to be inadequately funded.

For 102(a)(6), it is estimated that Tribes provide close to 50% of the total cost of managing their forest lands. Although Tribal participation in the total cost of the Forestry program varies from reservation to reservation, the two principal sources of Tribal financial participation in their forests are forest management deductions and the construction and maintenance of forest transportation systems.

According to the B.I.A. FY 1989 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis, which is the most thorough and up-to-date compilation of these figures available, Tribes paid $14.2 million through forest management deductions and another $8.1 million for developing and maintaining forest roads. The Analysis also cites additional Tribal forest management investments and contributions of $4.1 million, for a Tribal total of $26.4 million. Added to the $33 million B.I.A. Forestry budget for FY 1989 (excluding fire), Tribes contribute about 44% to the cost of operating their forests. Because the Analysis principally dealt with regular forest management activities associated with commercial forests, there is a good likelihood that other Tribal contributions in such things as wildlife management or recreation drive the true percentage appreciably higher. In any event, Tribal participation in the overall cost of managing their forests is very substantial.

SECTION 103. PURPOSES

Subsection 103(1) is important for its acknowledgement that the Federal government's trust responsibility to manage Indian forest lands must be in cooperation with the Indians owners. This is a central theme that runs throughout S. 1289.

Subsection 103(2) provides necessary emphasis on securing forest management deduction practices by stating that is a purpose of the Act. Attempted changes in the deduction over the past eight years have been among the most disruptive and potentially devastating actions taken by the Federal government regarding Indian forests. These deductions currently provide approximately 30% of the funding for managing our forests ($14 million of $47 million, when combined with the FY 1989 appropriation of $33 million, according to the B.I.A. Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis -- FY 1989, page B-1). As locally generated funds with locally determined expenditure, the deduction is one of the most responsive and flexible sources of forestry management funding available for Indian forest lands. Further more, the greatest percentage of the deduction goes for the single most important activity in commercial forest management: reforestation. B.I.A. funds dedicated to reforestation are minimal. If the deduction were to be diverted or otherwise tampered with, the regeneration of our forests would immediately be imperilled. Therefore, it is very appropriate that S. 1289 be very clear about its intention to preserve the forest management deduction.

In subsection 103(4), dealing with the provision of authorization for appropriations [page 4, line 4], the words "in lieu of the provisions of the Snyder Act (25 U.S.C. 13)" are used to describe the interplay between the authorization of appropriations in S. 1289 and the Snyder Act. It is the understanding of the I.T.C. that the above cited expression means that, when appropriations for a particular forestry activity are made under the authority of S. 1289, the authority to make appropriations for a like activity under the Snyder Act is superceded, and the Snyder Act cannot be used at that time for that purpose. However, the I.T.C. also understands that, in such instances, the Snyder Act's authority to fund other forestry activities is not superceded and so remains available to be drawn upon. This is an important distinction, because the Tribes do not wish to lose the funding flexibility of the Snyder Act for forestry. It remains a valuable resource. While it is superceded, the Snyder Act is simply ineligible to fund like programs, but it is not eliminated or being entirely or permanently replaced by the appropriating authority provided in S. 1289.

We must also note that even though the Snyder Act is to remain available as a source of authority to fund forestry activities, the primary source of appropriations authority for B.I.A. Forestry programs should be S. 1289, and that the Snyder

Act should not be used to create and operate a separate forestry program that ignores and circumvents S. 1289.

The I.T.C. requests that the Committee report accompanying S. 1289 contain an thorough explanation of the intention of the expression "in lieu of the provision of the Snyder Act" so that it may not be misinterpreted at some future point.

SECTION 104. DEFINITIONS

The I.T.C. supports the Definitions with the following comments.

In subsection 104(1), the technical definition of "forest" conforms with the B.I.A. definition. Although it may appear to be overly technical, its inclusion in the legislation will be helpful in administering the forest land acquisition provisions of S. 1289.

In subsection 104(3)(C) dealing with forest land development [page 6, line 2], "forest environment" should be changed to "Indian forest lands" for purposes of consistency. The expression "forest environment" is otherwise unused and undefined in the bill, and "environment" could be subject to diverse interpretations. "Indian forest lands" is the expression used throughout the bill to describe the forest lands and resources being addressed.

In subsection 104(3)(F), dealing with damage assessment [page 6, line 21], ", acts of nature" should be added after "infestation". Otherwise, such natural occurrences as wind blowdown or even volcanic damage are not covered.

Subsection 104(3)(I) is needed to authorize cooperative relationships between B.I.A. Forestry and Tribal forestry programs as a recognized B.I.A. forestry management activity, so that the two can formally work in conjunction on the management of the forest. It also formally authorizes B.I.A. Forestry relationships with Indian forestry enterprises for the provision of assistance and consultation across a range of activities. Indian forest products enterprises must be fostered if Indian people are to realize a greater percentage of the forest's benefits, and because the B.I.A. Division of Forestry is the B.I.A. entity likely to be most knowledgeable about the forest industry and marketplace, B.I.A. Forestry should be specifically authorized to participate in such efforts.

Subsection 104(3)(K), providing for B.I.A. participation in Tribal integrated resource management plans, is a very significant section of S. 1289 for two reasons. First, it recognizes, and incorporates into forest management planning, the idea of integrated resource management planning. As on all other forest lands throughout the United States, demands on the forest resource are sharply rising for two potentially conflicting uses: commercial timber production and alternative multiple uses, including recreation, wildlife habitat, grazing, environmental, aesthetic and cultural and traditional purposes. For the forest to survive and offer its full benefits, careful planning is absolutely required to bring all these diverse functions into a long term harmonized plan. As the forest has come to be realized as not an inexhaustible source of timber, it is now being viewed as not just a planned tree farm either. Its other non-commercial forest uses are rising in appreciation, and the benefits of such alternative uses are being recognized as increasingly important. Integrated planning for various functions of the forest, and for the whole forest as a part of a broader resource scheme, will be critical to its perpetuity and enjoyment.

The second important aspect of this subsection is the Bureau's participation in integrated resource management planning that is led by the Tribe. In a framework of cooperation with the Bureau, the emphasis for responsibility for the future guidance of the Tribe's resources has shifted to the Tribe. With a fully acknowledged and empowered trustee at its side, the Tribe may now determine the long range course of its own lands. The Bureau's "participation in the development and implementation of tribal integrated resource management plans" also extends financial assistance to the Tribes to conduct such planning.

Subsection 104(3)(L), providing for B.I.A. funding of primary and secondary forest roads, is necessary authority. At present, funds from the U.S. Highway Trust Fund, the principal source of B.I.A. roads funding, cannot be used on forest roads. Roads built with those funds must allow general public access, which is incompatible with forest roads because forest road systems frequently must be closed during periods of high fire possibility. A separately authorized forest road program will permit the operation of a road system that is compatible with the forest resource.

In subsection 104(3)(M), dealing with marketing assistance [page 8, line 23], change "forest land" to "Indian forest land" for purposes of consistency.

Subsection 104(3)(P) is needed to enable the B.I.A. and Tribes to conduct various research projects as they are deemed necessary throughout the management of Indian forests. Presently, most Federal forest research is done by the United States Forest Service, which has extensive facilities and staff located throughout the U.S. for this purpose. The Bureau of Indian Affairs and Indian Tribes can already avail themselves of this information and service, so the I.T.C. does not believe this authority is intended to allow the B.I.A. to create its own vast network of research stations across the United States. However, because the Forest Service may not always be able to respond to B.I.A. requests, some authority is needed to allow the B.I.A. and

Tribes to engage in localized or specific research efforts. Therefore, this authority is necessary.

Subsection 104(3)(Q) is necessary because the Tribes have experienced problems with the B.I.A. Division of Realty possessing the expertise required to adequately appraise forest lands, and also with Realty's frequent inability to promptly respond to appraisal requests. By extending authority for appraisals of Indian forest lands to the Division of Forestry, greater expertise becomes available and, with Forestry's greater sense of the importance of forest land acquisitions, improved response is likely.

In subsection 104(3)(R), dealing with forest management information systems [page 9, line 11], add "and/or B.I.A.-" after "tribally" to preserve those options for Tribes that are unable or choose not to operate the sole local forest information system.

In subsection 104(4)(A), dealing with management plan standards [page 9, line 23-24], change "those forest lands" to "those Indian forest lands" for purposes of consistency.

A definition of "sustained yield" should be inserted as a new subsection 104(5). In the present arrangement of the Definitions, placing that definition immediately after "forest management plan" seems most appropriate. The redesignation of subsequent subsections would be necessary.

The I.T.C. understands that the B.I.A. also supports the inclusion of the term "sustained yield" in the bill (see this testimony regarding Section 201(b) Management Objectives), and that the B.I.A. may be submitting a proposed definition. Because advance drafts of a B.I.A. definition of "sustained yield" appear sightly cumbersome and unspecific about the growth vs. harvest concept central to sustained yield, the I.T.C. hopes to work with the B.I.A. and the Committee in the immediate future to develop a definition to include in S. 1289.

In subsection 104(5)(B), dealing with timber products [page 10, line 8], "a " should be added before "timber product".

In subsection 104(5)(F), "gravel" is included as a forest product to keep its management within the B.I.A. Forestry program when it is used in the forest. Otherwise, the extraction of gravel could come under the jurisdiction of another B.I.A. program, such as Energy and Minerals, and cause unneeded complications.

The extensive definition of "Indian enterprise" in subsection 104(9) [page 11, line 3] is taken from pending legislation to strengthen Indian preference purchasing programs (S. 321, passed the Senate 2-7-90). The definition is designed to prevent abuse of Indian preference by "front" firms. It has been suggested that, should S. 321 become law while S. 1289 is under Congressional consideration, the definition could be replaced by a simple reference to the definition in S. 321.

SECTION 201. MANAGEMENT OF FOREST LAND

Caption addition: add "Indian" to "Management of Forest Land" [page 13, line 13].

Section 201(b)(1), Management Objectives, should have "the principals of sustained yield and with" inserted between "with" and "standards" [page 13, line 25]. Section 201(b)(3) should have "on a sustained yield basis" inserted between "productivity" and "and" [page 14, line 18].

"Sustained yield" should be included in the Management Objectives of S. 1289 for two reasons. First, sustained yield is a basic concept in modern forest management which presently is not, but should be, incorporated into and defined in S. 1289. Second, "sustained yield" is the only guiding forest management language contained in present Indian forestry law (25 U.S.C. 407 and 25 U.S.C. 466). For reasons of continuity and consistency, its inclusion in S. 1289 will tie these Indian forestry laws together. Also, to the extent the definition given "sustained yield" in this bill can be made applicable to the expression in the earlier statutes, those statutes might benefit by a clear, more comprehensive delineation of the expression.

In subsection 201(b)(4), "Indian" should be added to "their forest land" on page 14, lines 21-22, and also to "the forest land" in 201(b)(5) on page 15, line 4.

SECTION 202. FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTION

Section 202, addressing the forest management deduction, is one of the single most important provisions of S. 1289. The forest management deduction is a process developed pursuant to the authority of 25 U.S.C. 413 whereby Tribes make substantial payments for the management of their own forests. As discussed in this testimony regarding subsection 103(2), it is a very important resource for the management, particularly reforestation, of Indian forest lands.

In subsection 202(a),"forest" should be inserted between the words "Indian" and "land" [page 15, line 18].

In subsection 202(b), dealing with consent to increase the deduction [page 16, line 5], "Indian tribe" should be replaced with "reservation's recognized tribal government" for clarity and consistency.

In subsection 202(c), dealing with use of the deduction, the words "or pursuant to regulations issued by the Secretary" should be inserted between "Secretary" and "shall" in line 8, page 16. This extends the Use of Deductions provisions to directly deposited deductions authorized in subsection 202(e).

Also in subsection 202(c), on page 16, line 9, "an approved" should be replaced with "a Secretarially approved" to make it clear whose approval is to be given. On lines 10 and 11, the expression "appropriate Indian tribe" should be replaced with "reservation of the recognized tribal government", to enable the use of the deductions on allotments within the reservation.

Subsection 202(e), providing for direct payments of forest management deductions to Tribally designated bank accounts, is necessary to eliminate cash-flow difficulties that have interfered with the prompt and timely execution of forest management activities funded by the deduction. As noted earlier in this testimony, forest management deductions comprise a substantial part of the resources available for managing a Tribe's forest. The movement of the deduction through the B.I.A.'s trust funds accounting system is often slow and prone to mistakes, resulting in those funds not always being available when they are needed. In some instances, Tribes may have expended their own funds on forest management deduction activities, and delays in reimbursement can result in missed paychecks or credit problems. In other instances, crews are idled, sales can get delayed, and large variety of management functions are disrupted. Direct payment of the deduction into a bank account designated by the Tribe and from which the Tribe may expend the funds will greatly speed up funds availability. Control over the fund is maintained by the Secretary's regulations and the approval of the expenditure plan.

The extension of trust funds status to directly deposited deductions, as provided on lines 13 - 16 of page 17, is primarily intended to continue Federal protection of these funds against bank insolvency and to preserve their tax status. It is not intended that the entire weight of all Federal laws governing the handling, investment, or other administrative aspects of Indian trust funds be applied to these funds. In any event, the details of such trust coverage should be worked out in the development of Secretarial regulations.

In subsection 202(e)(1), the words "appropriate Indian tribe" on lines 5 and 6, page 17, should be replaced with "reservation's recognized tribal government" for clarity and consistency.

In subsection 202(e)(2), dealing with direct payment of deductions, the words "an Indian tribe" on line 7 should be replaced with "a reservation's recognized tribal government" for clarity and consistency. Also, on line 9, add the words "of the requesting Indian tribe's reservation" after "Indian forest lands". This would more accurately describe the subject lands.

SECTION 203. FOREST TRESPASS

The provisions of this section are designed to provide Tribes with an improved ability to deal with, and recover from, acts of forest trespass. Because of jurisdictional uncertainties and generally low levels of law enforcement on Indian forest lands, forest trespass results in a substantial loss of income and forest land damage. The establishment of Secretarial regulations for civil penalties, and recognition of the Tribe's ability to bring trespassers before Tribal forums and have their decisions honored in state and Federal courts will give Tribes the much needed tools to protect and preserve their forest resource.

In subsection 203(a)(1), dealing with penalties and regulations [page 17, line 22], the word "land" should be inserted between "forest" and "trespass" for purposes of consistency. In subsection 203(a)(2) [page 18, line 6], "land" should also be inserted between "forest" and "trespass".

SECTION 204. DIRECT PAYMENT OF FOREST PRODUCTS RECEIPTS.

As in the direct deposit of forest management deductions, the effort here is to eliminate cash-flow difficulties posed by the B.I.A. trust funds accounting system. The direct deposit of forestry receipts would also enhance Indian leverage with local banks. The I.T.C. understands that the B.I.A. already allows for direct receipt deposits on some oil and gas and mineral royalties. It is worthwhile to note that any such direct deposit of timber receipts will be pursuant to Secretarial regulations and only at the request of the landowner.

The scope the extension of the trust status in this section is complicated by the presence of both individual and Tribal receipts. Preservation of tax status and protection from bank insolvency are important aspects of trust status, but there may also be need for some investment guidelines. Again, close consultation during the drafting of the Secretarial regulations will be necessary.

SECTION 205. SECRETARIAL RECOGNITION OF TRIBAL LAWS.

In the government-to-government relationship that describes the formal policy between the U.S. and the Indian Tribes, this section will help strike a more proper balance by requiring the U.S. Department of the Interior to heed Tribal laws as the Tribes find they must now heed those of the U.S.

In subsection 205(a), dealing with compliance and cooperation [page 19, line 20], the reference to section 104(3), which is the definition of forest land management activities, should instead read "section 102(2)", which is the broader description of the Federal trust responsibility in S. 1289's Findings [page 2, line 11].

Also in subsection 205(a), the words "relating to forestry management activities" [page 19, lines 21-22] should be replaced with "applicable to Indian forest lands", which is broader. Similarly, the words "forestry-related" should be dropped from line 2, page 20. Notice of Tribal forest land related laws should extend to any activities taking place on Indian forest lands, not just those that are forestry related.

SECTION 206. TRIBAL FOREST ASSISTANCE ACCOUNTS.

The Tribal Forest Assistance Accounts purposed in this section will be very helpful to both the Tribes and the B.I.A. by authorizing local "catch-all" forestry accounts into which any and all miscellaneous and unspent forest related funds can be placed so that they may be retained for future forestry use. These accounts have no time limits on their expenditure, so that even though annual deposits to the accounts may not be very large, they can build up over time. Accounts such a these would be helpful in the management of long-term forestry activities, such as roads maintenance.

It should also be made clear, perhaps in report language, that "unexpended annual appropriations" means year-end funds and should not permit the deposit of appropriations into the fund before they have been applied to their designated purpose.

In subsection 206(a), replace "any Indian tribe" on lines 12 and 13 with "a reservation's recognized tribal government" for clarity and consistency.

In subsection 206(b)(1), dealing with deposits, strike the words "on the Indian forest lands of such tribe". The expression would exclude allotments, and the subject lands are already described in subsection (a).

SECTION 207. TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAMS.

Because S. 1289 places considerable emphasis on cooperation and shared efforts with Tribes in forest management, some provision must be made to assist Tribes in developing and operating their own forestry programs. B.I.A. cooperation and consultation lose their meaning if the Tribe can offer no counterpart regarding forest management. This section authorizes a modest program of on-going assistance to give Tribes some stability upon which to base their forestry program or office. It is intended that this program give all Tribes, large or small, an equal amount of initial funding. The description of the program in S. 1289, however, is unclear, so the I.T.C. hereby offers a description of such a program.

The amount of initial funds for all participating Tribes would be equivalent to the annual salary and support costs of one professional forester, so that a staff of at least one could be provided each participant. The funds could also be used for non-personnel purposes by the recipients.

If funds are adequate to fully fund all participants at the initial level, remaining funds would go to a second tier of forested Tribes that could meet more stringent qualifying criteria. It is intended that the size of the reservation forest resource be a principal criteria. All participants would again receive an amount equal to one professional forester. Given adequate funding, there would be a third, final tier with yet stricter criteria, whose participants would again receive funds in the amount of one professional forester. In the event funds are not adequate to fully fund the highest level reached, those funds would be divided pro rata among that tier's participants. Suggested language to establish such a program follows.

In subsection 207, strike all after 207(b)(1)(B) and insert the following:

"(A) for the determination of Indian tribes eligible for such support at each of three increasing tiers of participation, with criteria for the initial tier requiring minimum qualifications and criteria for succeeding tiers requiring increasingly stringent qualifications, including increased size of the forest resource on the tribe's reservation;

(B) allocating support funds to each tribe participating at each tier of the program established pursuant to subsection (a) in an amount equivalent to the annual salary and support costs of one professional forester;

(C) requiring that each lower tier be fully funded before funding may be applied to the next tier; and

(D) in the event funds are insufficient to fully fund a tier, funds available for that tier shall be evenly divided among tribes participating in that tier."

SECTION 208. TRIBAL FOREST LAND ACQUISITION GRANTS

The I.T.C. supports this section as a means of assisting Tribes to consolidate and enhance their forest resource. The "matching funds" concept encourages Tribal initiative and investment in a forest resource base that could offer perpetual benefits to the Tribe. In terms of giving meaning to the Federal policy of Tribal Self Sufficiency, Section 208 is a key provision of S. 1289.

In subsection 208(a), authorizing the program, add the word "other" on line 24, page 22 between "from any" and "source". This prevents the possibility of using Section 208 grant award funds as the basis for a further funding match.

SECTION 209. ASSESSMENT OF INDIAN FOREST LAND AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS.

By authorizing both long term independent assessments of the status of Indian forest lands and their management and the filing of annual B.I.A. Forestry reports to Congress on the fulfilling of the standards, goals and objectives set forth in forest management plans, Section 209 provides a regular means of gauging the conduct of the B.I.A.'s trust forest management, which is a key element that has always been missing from the program.

In subsection 209(b), dealing with periodic assessments [page 25, line 9], replace the word "cause" with "provide for". This clarifies the Secretary's responsibility.

NEW SECTION 210. ALASKA NATIVE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

The I.T.C. supports the addition of a new Section 210 at the end of Title II to provide a $2 million technical assistance program for Alaska Native forest lands. It is the understanding of the I.T.C. that B.I.A. Forestry has from time to time in past years provided modest amounts of funds for technical assistance to Alaska Native entities. The I.T.C. believes the Alaska Native people are facing an uncertain and difficult future, where the role of their natural resources, including their forests, will be critical. In preparation, they are attempting to achieve a better understanding of those resources. At this time, as for any people in need, the Federal provision of technical assistance would be of great help.

As technical assistance, the program should not apply to regular funding of day-to-day forestry activities. The I.T.C. also wishes to make it clear that any such program is in no manner pursuant to or indicative of a Federal trust responsibility to Alaska Native entities established by the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Appropriations authority for $2 million would be included as a new separate subparagraph (7) in Title IV(a). Renumbering of the balance of Title IV would be required.

The I.T.C. understands that some Alaska Native organizations are preparing suggested language on this proposed new section for consideration by the Select Committee members and its staff.

SECTION 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIAN FORESTRY EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.

Efforts to attract and educate Indian young people in forestry and forest-related careers are vitally needed. As a whole, it is reported that there is shortage of professional foresters developing nationwide, which emphasizes the necessity that the Indian people prepare to assume responsibility to manage our own forestry activities.

In subsection 301(b)(2), regarding cooperative education agreements, the reference to the Federal Personnel Manuel should be chapter "308" on line 5 of page 28 instead of "30B".

Subsection (d) is forestry education outreach, to interest and encourage Indian youth in forestry careers. Stimulating early interest and awareness among children about the forest and forestry will be helpful in attracting students into the field of forestry and would also increase their overall appreciation for the forest resource.

Subsection (e), adequacy of programs [page 30, line 8], provides that the recruitment program shall continue until there are enough Indian forestry personnel for B.I.A. and Tribal forestry programs. That "open-ended" aspect of the program is constrained by the authorization of appropriations, which only runs through the year 2006 [page 35, line 6].

SECTION 302. POSTGRADUATION RECRUITMENT, EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMS

With increasing competition for trained forestry personnel, the B.I.A. must have the tools to attract fully qualified graduates and professionals to help bring improvements to the program.

Subsection 302(a) provides for postgraduation B.I.A. recruitment of forestry or forest-related professionals by having the Federal government pay off their outstanding student loans.

Subsection (b), postgraduate intergovernmental internships, provides for lending of personnel between B.I.A. Forestry and Tribes and other Federal forestry-related agencies. Such a program will expand the professional exposure of Indian forestry personnel and will provide for experienced professionals from other agencies to bring new perspectives and added manpower to B.I.A. and Tribal forestry programs.

Subsection (c) provides continuing education and training for B.I.A. and Tribal forestry personnel, which in very needed in an evolving technical field. If recent forestry graduates become scarce, even more emphasis must be placed on keeping mid-career foresters versed in modern forestry thinking and techniques. Extending the training to cover Tribal laws and relations will better enable the B.I.A. to engage in the partnership and cooperative relationships envisioned by S. 1289.

SECTION 303. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND INDIAN TRIBES.

This provision is based on PL 94-148, which authorizes cooperative agreements between the U.S. Forest Service and Indian Tribes, and has provided considerable employment and training for not only Indian forestry professionals, but also for Tribal work crews. Although a B.L.M. representative informed the timber Tribes that B.L.M. has already entered into several cooperative agreements with Tribes, some Tribes currently attempting to enter such cooperative agreements with the B.L.M. for off-season work for Tribal fire crews have encountered difficulty. The language in this section would eliminate any ambiguity by explicitly extending such authority to B.L.M..

Other Tribal - BLM cooperative agreement legislation is contained as Section 7, Manpower and Job Training, of S. 321, Indian Contract Preference Act of 1989, which passed the Senate February 7, 1990. Should S. 321 be signed into law while S. 1289 is pending, Section 303 of S. 1289 could be dropped.

SECTION 401. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS

The best source currently available for data on needed funding levels for a "state-of-the-art" Indian forestry program is the B.I.A. Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis--FY 1989, issued March, 1990. That Analysis identifies a funding need for B.I.A. Forestry of $31.1 million. When added to the $33.1 million identified in the Analysis on page B-1 as current appropriations, a total need of $64.2 million is generated. The appropriations authorized in Section 401(a)(1) and (2) of S. 1289 for B.I.A. Forest Management Activities are slightly less than that amount.

For subsection 401(a)(3), the $3 million authorization of appropriations is based on 100 salaries and support costs of $30,000 each.

A new subsection 401(a)(7) should be added, authorizing appropriations for Alaska technical assistance as follows: "(7) $2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1991 through 2006 for purposes of carrying out section 210 of this Act;" Renumber subsequent subsections of 401(a).

That concludes the Intertribal Timber Council's comments on the April 2, 1990 amendment-in-the-nature-of-a-substitute to S. 1289. The I.T.C. is deeply appreciative of the Select Committee on Indian Affairs' invitation to assist in this legislation, and we hope we have been helpful. We look forward to continued cooperation and offer our assistance in what ever way we can.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE
White Mountain Apache Tribe
Reno Johnson, Sr.
Tribal Chairman
(602) 338-4453

April 24, 1990

Testimony of Reno Johnson, Sr., Chairman
On Behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe before the
United States Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs
regarding S. 1289, "The National Indian Forest and
Woodland Enhancement Act"

Chairman Inouye, Members of the Committee, on behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, I wish to express our appreciation to you for the opportunity to comment on S-1289, "The National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act." We also want to particularly mention our own Arizona Senator John McCain and to publicly thank him for his support and cooperation with, and friendship for, not only the White Mountain Apaches, but for all Indian people in this great country of ours. We, who depend so extensively on our forests for our present survival and for the future of our children, especially appreciate Senator McCain's concerns for our Indian forests and their proper management. His introduction of this Bill is evidence of his interest and we thank him.

My name is Reno Johnson, Sr. I am Chairman of the White Mountain Apache Tribe. Our homeland, the Fort Apache Indian Reservation located in Arizona contains 1.6 million acres and is home to approximately 12,000 Apache people. Over 800,000 acres of our reservation is comprised of woodland and commercial timber stands. The forests of the Fort Apache Indian Reservation have for many years provided the Apache people with jobs, increasing

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opportunities, a rising standard of living, and all of the intangible benefits that flow from living in one of the most beautiful areas of this country.

The economy of the White Mountain Apache Tribe is closely tied to the reservation's natural resource base. The predominant sources of our livelihood include timber operations, tourism, outdoor recreation, and livestock management. The White Mountain Apache Tribe owns and operates a sawmill that employs 400 people on a permanent basis. Most of the employees are tribal members. The scenic forest resource of our reservation also supports a substantial level of tourist activity. The reservation includes 25 excellent trout fishing lakes, 120 miles of trout streams and more than 7,000 camp sites. The Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe has seen fit to set aside some of our most sacred lands as a permanent wilderness area.

The lands of the Fort Apache Indian Reservation and its natural resources are the key to the future economic development of the White Mountain Apache Tribe. A crucial resource is the timber. Our resources had they been properly managed in the past, by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, would most assuredly provide an economically sound agricultural and industrial economy which would assure the future of the White Mountain Apache Tribe for generations to come. As the problems associated with past BIA mismanagement have come to light, the White Mountain Apache Tribe has undertaken its own efforts to give new direction to the management of our timber resources. The National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act introduced by Senator McCain, when enacted, will assist us in our efforts. The Act, as its ultimate end, should seek the establishment of a federal and tribal partnership designed to bring about increased productivity of the forest resources and the delivery of maximum benefits to the Indian people who are the beneficial owners of the land. At the same time, we must balance securing overall economic stability and growth on Indian Reservations with the protection and conservation of our forests for traditional aesthetic, cultural and religious purposes.

I want to mention to the Committee a matter of grave import to the White Mountain Apache Tribe. S.1289 touches briefly on this subject, but lacks a substantive approach to begin a process to arrive at a real solution. Finding #4 recognizes that the United States has a trust responsibility to Indian tribes and their members to protect and conserve the forests and woodlands. Finding #8 acknowledges that the trustee, United States, has invested far less in investments and management of Indian forests, than it has in National Forests and other federal lands or even private forests and woodlands. Having said this, it seems logical that Congress should go further and direct that the Secretary undertake a comprehensive study and report back to Congress the effects on the beneficiaries, of the lack of adequate investment in the development of Indian forests and the effects of long term and long standing mismanagement.

In addition, such a report must suggest alternatives for corrective action to remedy the past problems; alternatives which assure that Indian tribes are brought to the point where they would have been had the mismanagement not occurred.

The White Mountain Apache Tribe independently has tried to address the issue of past mismanagement. The BIA mismanagement on our reservation has resulted in severe overcutting of our forests, endangering the present and future of our Tribe. We have voluntarily reduced the annual allowable cut to save our forest heritage from total destruction; but the economic consequences of loss of income and employment are very difficult to cope with in an already depressed economy. We have suggested that National Forest set-asides be granted only so long as needed to stabilize our forest industry. We are now competing off-reservation for National Forest Service timber, but such actions, as you well know, cause animosity and fear in our non-Indian competitors. We do not wish to jeopardize the economic well-being of our neighbors, but we also must survive. Congressional assistance is needed in this regard. We have also sought federal financial assistance to deal with the unemployment caused by the reduced annual allowable cut, but our people don't want welfare or make-work, they want and need the dignity and responsibility of long-term employment. We have looked at the possibility of bringing other industries on to the reservation and we greatly appreciate Senator McCain's assistance in the cooperative effort with McDonald Douglas in the establishment of the Apache Manufacturing Company on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation, but such efforts meet only a small percentage of the problem and are not as effective as a comprehensive approach would be. More needs to be done. I ask that this Committee enlarge the purposes of this bill to include a study of the effects of the BIA mismanagement of Indian Forests and the needed remedies.

Finally I want to address the matter of the administrative fee deduction. It has been the experience of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that the BIA uses these monies without any obligation to account to the Tribe for expenditures. On the Fort Apache Indian Reservation in the past, BIA has used the monies solely to enhance the working environment of BIA forestry personnel, purchasing expensive non-essential luxury items. The money has been used as their own "slush fund" with an attitude of joking indifference. Because of this, any administrative fee to be withheld from gross proceeds should be set aside in a tribal account and paid over to the BIA only upon proper written justification of their costs and expenditures up to the 10% level.

On behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, I want to thank you for the opportunity to address you on these matters of vital interest to the Apache people. I am attaching to my oral comments for the record, my testimony of October 17, 1989, and some additional comments we have on the actual language in the Bill.

Respectfully submitted,
Reno Johnson, Sr. /cst
Reno Johnson, Sr. Chairman
White Mountain Apache Tribe

ATTACHMENT I

The following specific comments are in addition to and supplement the oral testimony of Reno Johnson Sr, Chairman, White Mountain Apache Tribe on S. 1289 given before the United States Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs, April 24, 1990.

Section 101(a), (1), and (d) should include a reference to the forests' contribution to the general health and welfare of the citizenry, as distinct from the Tribe themselves as governmental entities.

Section 101(a) (2). We wish to reiterate our previous observation that sections such as this one speak only to the economic value of the forest. While the White Mountain Apache Tribe agrees that aspect, is indeed, of major import, equally important to the Apache people, and we believe to other Indian people, is the cultural and religious significance of the forests.

Section 101(a), (5), (6), (7) - These three sections contain wording which is more than a little troubling. Why is a trust resource, the forest, which is unquestionably for the benefit of Indian people, to "produce increased economic returns to...the United States." While increased productivity will undoubtedly improve the social and economic position of surrounding communities, that is an expected additional positive side effect not a major factor rising to the level of a necessary Congressional finding with respect to Indian forests. The same is true of reference to national economies and to surrounding communities. In addition these references to benefits tc non-beneficiaries of the trust also emphasize only the economic aspects of the forest ignoring the balancing of the economic interest of Indian people with their equally important interest in cultural and religious values associated with their forests.

Section 101(a), (9), - while existing federal statutes can use improvement, it is undoubtedly the case that failure of implementation and enforcement and adherence to the dictates of existing statutory language by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, is the major reason adequate and necessary management of Indian forests does not occur. Congressional findings should speak to the need for implementation, enforcement and adherence to the present statutes by the trustee's agent, the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Section 102(2) - this section speaks of management of Indian forests to serve the needs of "other citizens of the United States." Again, while this is certainly an advantageous buy product of good management on Indian forests, it is merely that, and does not rise to a purpose of Congress associated with the United States trust responsibility to Indian people.

Section 102(5)- Language should be inserted to assure that the Secretary acts to protect Indian forests from trespass in cooperation and coordination with Indian tribal governments and by assisting tribal governments to build their capacity to protect their lands and forests themselves.

Section 103(4) (H) Consultation should be with appropriate tribal governmental entities. The word enterprises connotes organizations created by tribal governments with varying authorities and responsibilities, not necessarily the governments themselves, where the government to government consultation should properly lie - See also (13)(A) definition of Indian enterprise.

Section 201. The White Mountain Apache Tribe reiterates its earlier concern with the emphasis on commercial utilization of the forest and urges clearer language of recognition that the federal trust responsibility extends to the non-commercial aspect of the forest, particularly when the Indian owners choose to emphasize values other than commercial ones.

Section 201(6) The language "authorized Indian representatives" should be changed to assure that the Secretary consults directly with the beneficiary land owners, whether they be individual Indian persons or tribal governing bodies, to determine highest and best use of the forests. The consultation process should not be with just some representative.

Section 201(7) is still very troubling. Regulating of water runoff must be further explained. The sentence is conclusionary, assuming without explanation, that whatever regulation is contemplated (by whom is not stated) will be beneficial to Indian trust lands.

Section 202 - The administrative fee deduction is of major concern to the White Mountain Apache Tribe. It has been the experience of the White Mountain Apache that these monies are unaccounted for, are spent for luxury items to enhance the working environment of BIA personnel, and are utilized to pay for trust responsibility activities which should be properly paid for from BIA appropriated funds. The amount of the deduction should be the actual cost of specific enumerated administrative responsibilities not to exceed the ten percent (10%) ceiling. Because of the Bureau of Indian Affair's propensity for using the money for their own needs, all administrative fees should be collected by the Tribes and paid to the Bureau only upon proper documentation of their actual costs.

Section 203(b). The distribution of monies collected as fines or penalties for trespass should be distributed as provided for by tribal law and determined appropriate by Tribal Courts. Additional BIA regulations will not solve the trespass problem unless the Tribes are given the financial means to implement adequate law enforcement programs. The Bill fails to address this aspect of the trespass problem.

Section 301. The formal education of Indian people in forestry is clearly an admirable goal. The real problem however is the lack of commitment of the BIA at the personnel hiring level. The commitment to hiring of Indian people to actually manage their own resources cannot be legislated. Language should be put in the Bill requiring specific numbers of Indian persons in management and supervisory positions in BIA Indian Forestry Programs on a phased-in basis. Only this kind of mandated affirmative action program will change the BIA practice of keeping Indian foresters in subordinate positions. As tribal forestry programs are established and gain more expertise, there should be an equivalent reduction in BIA forestry employment.

The emphasis in this Bill has been on commercial utilization of the forests, nevertheless, other uses are equally important to Indian people and professional expertise in other fields ought to be recognized as important and necessary for the proper multi-purpose management of the forests. To that end, any cooperative agreement education programs should include related fields such as wildlife management, biology, etc. Scholarships should be available to students in these related fields.

The White Mountain Apache Tribe appreciates the opportunity to submit testimony on this bill.

Reno Johnson Sr/csa
Reno Johnson, Sr., Chairman
White Mountain Apache Tribe

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN
WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE NATION
Reno Johnson, Sr.
Tribal Chairman

October 17, 1989

Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs
ATTN: Senator Daniel Inouye, Chairman
U.S. Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

RE: S-1289

The Honorable Senator Daniel Inouye:

Enclosed please find the original and 15 copies of my testimony on S-1289 on behalf of the White Mountain Apache Tribe.

Sincerely,

Reno Johnson, Sr., Chairman
WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE

FA10:64

P O Box 1690 ● Whiteriver, Arizona 85941 ● 602 / 338-4453 or 602 / 338-4346 ext 201

TESTIMONY ON S-1289
"THE NATIONAL INDIAN FOREST AND WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT ACT"

Submitted to: Select Committee on Indian Affairs
Submitted by: Reno Johnson, Sr., on behalf of
the White Mountain Apache Tribe of Arizona

Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee, the White Mountain Apache Tribe wishes to express its appreciation to the Committee for the concern it has shown in proposing the National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act.

My name is Reno Johnson, Sr., and I am Chairman of the White Mountain Apache Tribe. Our homeland, the Fort Apache Indian Reservation contains 1.6 million acres and is home to approximately 12,000 Apache people. Over 800,000 acres of our reservation is comprised of woodland and commercial timber stands. The forest of the Fort Apache Indian Reservation have for many years provided the Apache people with jobs, increasing opportunities, a rising standard of living, and all of the intangible benefits that flow from living in one of the most beautiful areas of this country.

Throughout much of Indian country, Indian forest form the basis of tribal economies. The economy of the White Mountain Apache Tribe is closely tied to the reservation's natural resource base. The predominant sources of our livelihood include timber operations, tourism, outdoor recreation, and livestock management. The White Mountain Apache Tribe owns and operates a sawmill that employs 400 people on a permanent basis. Most of the employees are tribal members. The scenic forest resource of our reservation also supports a substantial level of tourist activity. The reservation includes 25 excellent trout fishing lakes, 120 miles of trout stream, and more than 7,000 camp sites.

The lands of the Fort Apache Indian Reservation and its natural resources are the key to the future economic development of the White Mountain Apache Tribe. The most crucial of these resources is perhaps the timber. Our resources had they been properly managed would most assuredly provide an economically sound agricultural and industrial economy which would assure the future of the White Mountain Apache Tribe for generations to come.

The National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act offers an opportunity to correct long standing problems of BIA mismanagement and to allow the tribes to organize and give new direction to the management of Indian timber resources. The Act, as its ultimate end, should seek the establishment of a federal and tribal partnership designed to bring about increased productivity of the forest resource and the delivery of maximum benefits to the Indian people who are the beneficial owners of the land, while at the same time securing overall economic stability and growth on Indian reservations through wise planning and development.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT THROUGH BETTER UTILIZATION OF TRIBAL FOREST RESOURCES

Congress, has adopted the fundamental principle that the future of Indian people should be determined by Indian people. This principle of self-determination is the cornerstone of federal Indian policy. True self-determination can only occur when the resources necessary to implement policy decisions and achieve desired objectives are readily available. True self determination can only occur in an atmosphere of continual economic development. Economic development allows the tribes not only to decide what is best for the general tribal welfare, but also to implement those decisions.

For many Indian reservations, including the Fort Apache Indian Reservation, the first step in economic development is identifying and evaluating in their present state existing assets, taking essential steps to restore those resources which have been mismanaged and then maximizing the return received from those assets. The timber resource is critical in the stability and development of our reservation economy. The potential return from that resource is only being partially tapped. In order to receive the greatest possible benefit, it is first necessary to completely understand the resource.

There is a need in Indian country for the development and implementation of a total resource management policy. No longer can we look at the forest simply as a timber products producer, we must look at the forest as a multiple use resource requiring intergrated management planning based upon tribally determined objectives. Range management, recreation, watershed, water quality, fisheries and wildlife habitat are all values which must be integrated into our forest plans. Armed with an understanding of the complete potential of the resource, it then becomes a matter of establishing well-defined objectives and designing a course of progress which will allow the tribes to systematically arrive at those objectives. The Bureau of Indian Affairs should be required to develop a program of total resource management and planning designed to maximize the economic return from all available tribal resources.

Not only must the commercial forest be intensely managed, but the Woodland Resource must also be taken into consideration. The woodland areas of our reservation hold the potential for additional resources which with proper management could further contribute to the overall economy of the reservation. There are many non-timber items which readily come to mind when one thinks of the woodland areas, firewood and fence post are two examples. The woodland is also a source of many foods important to Indian people. There must be an increase in the effort to study, manage, and utilize the woodland resource.

Critical in any effort to develop a resource is the concept of successful marketing. All economies depend on reliable and stable market generating increasing economic opportunities.

Marketing analysis can mean the difference between success and failure. The Bureau of Indian Affairs should develop a marketing policy designed to open up the broadest possible economic opportunities for timber producing tribes. Where markets do not exist, new products should be created and new markets opened up. The search for non-traditional products and their markets should be encouraged.

Another opportunity for maximizing the potential of the Indian forest resource is the development of a relationship with the National Forests which in many cases are adjacent to Indian forest. There should be a required cooperation on the part of the Forest Service in an effort to coordinate those activities occurring on national forest land which in some way impact tribal lands. The Forest Service must become an active participant in the government-to-government relationship existing between the tribe's and the federal government. In addition, the Forest Service can provide valuable research, technology and technical assistance to tribal governments searching for ways to improve the Indian forest lands. Finally, programs now available from the Forest Service to state and private entities should be extended to the tribes. It is also possible that the national forest can become readily available supplementary sources of timber for Indian Tribes having their own timber processing plants. In some cases, it might be appropriate to provide timber set-asides for qualified Indian Tribes. It might also be appropriate to provide certain business incentives which allow Indian Tribes to more readily compete for national forest timber sales. There are numerous ways that the national forest service can benefit from an increased participation by Indian Tribes in timber harvest activities occurring in the national forest.

RELATED ISSUES

Throughout the entire range of timber management practices, it is imperative that there be a maximum involvement of tribal members in decision making and implementation. Tribal members must be responsible for the development of policy, for the making of decisions that affect the forest, for implementation of the policy, and for evaluation and necessary revision of that policy. I believe that the best managers of Indian natural resources are the Indian people themselves acting in concert with the federal trustee. These people derive their living from the forest resources and must be intimately involved in decisions affecting the forest. It is on the correct management of these resources that there future depends. In order for any forest management plan to succeed, it must have the support of those whose interest it is designed to serve. Only when Indian people are allowed to take full charge of their destiny, will that destiny be secured.

Perhaps the key provisions of the Forest Enhancement Act are those provisions related to the Education of Indian

Foresters. I particularly applaud the Committees' efforts in this respect. Indian people trained in the modern techniques of forestry, coupled with an inner sense of respect for the land and its resources will do much to insure that those resources remain beautiful and productive for many generations to come.

Finally, as we go about implementing this new direction for our Indian forest, we must take into careful consideration those who were the first caretakers of the forest. We must be sensitive to the cultural and religious issues which are a part of our everyday lives and will remain a part of the legacy we leave to our children. Oftentimes, in Indian Country, there are certain things that are simply more important than economic development. Indian tribal governments should feel unhampered in the expression of cultural and religious beliefs when making decisions concerning management of the forest. Our sacred lands will remain sacred only so long as we exercise reverence and respect.

In summary, it is my hope that Senator McCain's invitation that this Bill serve as a focal point for discussion and the generation of input from the Indian Tribes be taken fully to heart. We have the opportunity to create a legislative mechanism which will assist Indian Tribes in achieving true self-determination through economic development resulting from a more effective management of Indian timber lands. These benefits will accrue not only to Indian people, but to all

Americans. After a thorough revision and subsequent review of the Act, the White Mountain Apache Tribe would recommend its passage.

I have attached a detailed analysis of the Bill containing suggested changes for the Committee's later review. After the hearing we would like to reserve the right to submit additional comments. Once again, thank you for this opportunity.

EXPLANATION OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S-1289

Section 101; Findings (a):

1. "Management" of the forest should be included in the findings as a part of the federal trust responsibility on Page 3, Line 4.

Section 102; Purposes "Management" of the forest should be included among the Bill's purposes at Page 4, Line 18.

3. Is there a distinction between "trust responsibility" and "fiduciary obligation" at Page 4, Line 20?

4. The dedication of forest administrative deductions back to the Indian forest land should be a stated purpose of the Bill at new number 6.

5. The provision of forest related marketing and business development should be included as a purpose of the Bill at new subparagraph number 7.

6. A stated purpose of the Bill should be to supplement the authority of the Snyder Act for operation of the BIA Trust Forestry Program, making it clear that this legislation is not intended to eliminate the Snyder Act as a backup authority for forestry programs.

Section 103 Definitions

1. The definitions of "commercial forest lands" and "Woodland" and "Commercial Woodland" at Page 5, Line 13 through Page 6, Line 2 are very complicated and do not conform to the BIA's standard "forest land classification system".

2. Management activities for non-commercial forestry uses of the forest ought to be included as a subsection "j" in the definition of "forest and woodland management activities" at Page 8, Line 17.

3. Any references limiting the Bill's applicability to "commercial" timber lands and woodlands should be deleted at Page 8, Lines 18 and 19 and Page 9, Line 1.

4. The percentage of Indian ownership required for construction companies eligible for special federal recognition seems to be an open question. This should be clarified at Page 11, Line 22.

5. All possibilities of abuse by a non-Indian company hiring a front-office Indian, should be eliminated.

6. Item "k" under definitions at Page 8, Line 17 should be added for "intergrated resource management planning" for the coordinated use of forest resources.

Section 201 Management of Commercial Forest and Woodlands.

1. Any references limiting the application of the Bill to "Commercial Forest Land" should be stricken from this section. The trust responsibility, of course, extends to all aspects of the forest at Page 12, Line 15, 17 and elsewhere.

2. The sale of forest products only when in excess of the owner's need, if that is what is intended, is awkwardly stated and ought to be reworded at Page 13, Line 24. It should also be

stated that such sales will be made only with the permission of the owner.

3. The description of sustained yield at Page 15, Line 13-17 should be carefully reviewed and structured to properly cover the particular circumstances of all tribes.

4. The role of intergrated resource management planning should be specifically recognized in this section.

5. The Bureau should be required to assist the tribes in preparing for 638 contracting, with said contract to be effective by the end of a certain period if the tribe wishes to assume part or all of the federal forest management responsibilities.

6. With respect to Section 201, (7), it should be explained for what purpose and to what end "water runoff" should be regulated. Any party whose interest is adverse to that of the Tribe should not benefit at the expense of the tribe by this water regulation.

7. Careful consideration should be given to the fact that when a tribe contracts under the 638 Program, it frequently ends up with much less money than was originally available to the Bureau to carry out the job. In other words, the 638 funding which would be available would not be fully available for development and management of the forest. One of the major reasons for this is the fact that BIA Administrative Cost are excessive due to what is often described as a duplication of effort on the part of the Tribe and the Bureau and sometimes

overzealous Bureau contract monitoring. Care should be taken to assure that the maximum dollar benefit derives to development of the forest through the 638 program.

8. It is imperative that there be a tribal forestry department established within each tribe wishing to manage its own forest resources. Such a department would assume the responsibility for management of the forest resource and would direct the Bureau of Indian Affairs concerning the rendering of any technical or other support deemed necessary by the Tribe.

Section 202; Administrative Fee Deduction.

1. Does the expression "notwithstanding the provisions of 25 U.S.C. §413" totally eliminate any subsequent application of that statute to timber receipts, so that no additional fees can be collected (in addition to deductions collected and returned to the Indian forest) for deposit into the miscellaneous receipts of the U.S. Treasury, at Page 14, Line 19?

2. "Forest and woodland products" would include according to the definitions, "manufactured materials", so that theoretically the administrative deduction percentage would also be applied to sawmill receipts, etc, Page 14, Line 21. Perhaps it would be better to insert the word "unmanufactured" as well.

3. Should the expenditure of the administrative deduction be limited to "timber sales administration or forest regeneration", Page 14, Line 22. Aren't there other potential beneficial uses of the deduction?

4. It would be more appropriate for the administrative deduction to be turned directly over to the tribal government instead of to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, at Page 15, Line 6 through 11.

5. In sum, the deduction fee should be controlled by the Tribe with the Tribe deciding how and when the money is to be spent. If the BIA retains control of the funds, then the BIA should render an annual accounting of the fund expenditures. The Bureau should fund its own functions and not use the tribe's administrative deduction money for funding governmental functions.

Section 203; Forest and Woodland Trespass.

1. A problem in Indian Country is enforcement of the law. Tribal law enforcement agencies are in place but lack the funding to carry out any additional responsibilities in this respect. Funds will be required to hire and train personnel responsible for enforcing the trespass provisions.

2. It is suggested that 180 days for promulgation of regulations is probably not sufficient. Perhaps one year would be the outside limit for promulgation of rules and this would allow adequate time for tribal comments.

Section 301; Establishment of Indian Forestry Education.

1. Authority should be provided in enabling the tribe's to enter into cooperative agreements with other interior agencies so that tribal crews can be trained and employed in

forestry/natural resources work required by other interior agencies.

2. There should be funding set aside for more than 10 intern positions. We suggest 20-25 positions as a minimum. A provision should be inserted allowing for BIA repayment of student loans obtained to complete the students forestry education. A provision should be inserted providing for student contracts with tribes as well as with the Bureau, with eligibility for educational incentives remaining the same.

3. There is a need to establish an Indian Forestry Department within each tribe where Indian foresters can do their intern work and eventually return to employment and service with the tribes.

Section 401; Authorization of Appropriations.

1. Funding authorization should be for a specific sum determined as required to meet the federal trust responsibility, Page 20, Line 5-6. It is suggested that $65 milion dollars for fiscal years 1991-95 would be sufficient, with a small addition for inflation.

2. It might be appropriate to establish a federal Indian forestry trust fund, for specified forest activities.

3. It is suggested that an incentive program be created to prompt additional tribal investment in the forest resources, such as federal matching funds for all tribal investments over a certain amount or percentage.

Finally, it is suggested that there be a provision for independent evaluation of the forestry program with the Bureau of Indian Affairs paying for the evaluation.

Other Issues.

1. All funds ultimately received by the tribes' from the forest resource should flow directly to the tribal treasury and not through the federal treasury.

2. All forest related road building activities should be funded by the BIA with tribal funds being left for other forest development activities.

3. Restoration of certain lands affected by forest harvesting activities should be given consideration with particular emphasis on preservation of rangeland for cattle production.

4. The tribe should be fully consulted and allowed to make all appropriate input into the development and implementation of BIA Forest Management Plans. No plans should be implemented without tribal approval.

5. Fire management and restoration of fire ravaged lands should be integrated into the Act.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

Office of
Human Development Services

Office of Assistant Secretary
Washington DC 20201

STATEMENT BY

S. TIM WAPATO, COMMISSIONER

ADMINISTRATION FOR NATIVE AMERICANS

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

BEFORE THE

UNITED STATES SENATE

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

April 24, 1990

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to present the views of the Administration on S. 2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act of 1990. As Commissioner of the Federal agency which has its major purpose promoting self-sufficiency for Native Americans, I am particularly pleased to testify before this Committee.

This bill would establish a new grant program authorized at $5 million per year for each of the next six fiscal years under section 803 of the Native American Programs Act of 1974. Grants could be awarded to Indian Tribes for planning, developing and implementing programs designed to improve the capability of the governing body of the Indian Tribe to regulate environmental quality pursuant to Federal and Tribal environmental laws. Grants awarded under this new subsection may be used for the following purposes: training and education of employees responsible for enforcing or monitoring compliance with environmental quality laws; the development of tribal laws on environmental quality; and the enforcement and monitoring of environmental quality laws.

Promoting effective government-to-government relations between elected tribal leadership and the Federal government has been national policy for two decades. Commitment to self-determination for Indian tribes was enacted into Federal law in 1975 through the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act. Previous policy resulted in a weakening of tribal government. Emphasizing and restoring control and direct funding to tribal governments is a significant aspect of this Administration's Indian policy.

The Administration for Native Americans (ANA) supports Indian tribal self-determination activities through our social and economic development strategies (SEDS) policy. This policy requires that the social, economic and governance needs of Native American communities must be designed and undertaken by the communities themselves. The basic financial assistance grants awarded by ANA are to entities demonstrating prospects for effective implementation of community-based, long-term governance and social and economic development projects, thus strengthening tribal governments.

Strengthening tribal governments is, in my view, a central theme of the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act. Its focus on a specific need - the need to help tribes strengthen their capacity to deal with environmental quality - is responsive to a significant problem affecting tribal governments.

We are all familiar with the developing hazards in our environment. Concern with air, water, solid waste disposal, and industrial contamination has been growing within our nation for a number of years. For many tribes, the environmental impact of adjoining development has been serious. Unsafe drinking water, air pollutants, toxic waste spills, and hazardous waste proliferation on reservations may be traced to adjacent areas such as in Santa Ana (NM) where a gypsum factory was built just outside the tribal boundary. For the significant number of tribes positioned near bodies of water - whether ocean, lake or stream - the dangers of disease developed through the wastes created by normal human and industrial activities is substantial, not only because of the use of the water itself but also because fishing and fishery development is a mainstay of reservation life.

The externally generated risks caused by non-Indian entities, as well as the internally generated dangers resulting from Tribal economic development and Indian population increases, present a serious challenge to establishing quality environmental standards suitable to the changing needs of Indian reservations.

At the same time, the economic activities undertaken by tribes to increase income and employment also may promote environmental problems. Whether associated with uranium mining or chemicals manufacture, or the obvious need of a safe work place in more standard manufacturing environments such as the Blackfeet Pencil Company in Montana, or the Turtle Mountain Chippewa trailer factory in South Dakota, tribes need and want to ensure healthy and safe environments for tribal members. Further, for the substantial number of American Indian tribes among which agriculture remains a significant economic activity, control of pesticides may be a critical factor for continued economic viability.

Equally disturbing is the identification of a number of tribal entities which are out of compliance with Federal standards. The valiant and successful efforts of the Indian Health Service, which has made significant inroads towards improving health on reservations, are jeopardized by toxic hazards and unclean water.

Clearly, tribes need the necessary expertise to establish, monitor, and enforce laws supporting environmental quality. We all clearly understand that nationwide education and training of a highly technical nature is necessary for the identification of environmental threats, the analysis of environmental quality, and the enforcement of appropriate standards. Tribal members working for tribal governments should receive education and technical assistance in these areas. The proposed legislation attempts to respond to these needs.

Numerous tribes have noted the significance of the environment as a factor in their developmental plans. Since 1985, ANA has awarded nearly one million dollars to approximately 20 grantees for the establishment of environmental codes. For example, the Southern Ute Indian Tribe of Colorado received a grant for a natural resource data base and management project. Among other purposes, this project aimed to develop environmental policies relative to energy and land development and assume regulatory responsibilities for water use policies. In Idaho, the Coeur D'Alene Tribe designed a project to help establish environmental protection codes to provide a legal basis for control of land development and to maintain and control water quality. Other tribes have included environmental protection standards in their general tribal business codes.

Therefore, while the Administration supports the goal of this legislation, which would help improve the capability of Indian tribal bodies to regulate their environmental quality, we believe that generally the purposes of this legislation could be achieved under the existing authority of the Native American Programs Act and therefore, S. 2075 is unnecessary. Further, Indian Tribes that qualify for treatment as States are already eligible to receive grant funding and administer environmental programs under most EPA environmental statutes.

The Administration for Native Americans has supported, and will continue to support, tribal needs for assistance in strengthening tribal government capacity to deal with environmental quality.

Thank you for the opportunity to present the views of the Administration on the proposed Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act.

TESTIMONY OF W. RICHARD WEST, JR.
BEFORE THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
UNITED STATES SENATE
APRIL 24, 1990

Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee, my name is Rick West. I am a partner in the Gover, Stetson, Williams & West, P.C. law firm in Albuquerque, New Mexico. Our firm advises several Indian tribal governments and tribal agencies on environmental regulatory matters, including the Shoshone Tribe, the Wind River Environmental Quality Commission, the Campo Band of Mission Indians, the Campo Environmental Protection Agency, and the Pueblo of Pojoaque.

For the past five years, we have worked with members of Congress and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") to develop and have enacted amendments to the major federal environmental regulatory laws to authorize EPA to treat tribes as states under those laws for purposes of regulatory primacy on Indian reservations. We have enjoyed great success in these efforts. Tribal amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act were enacted in 1986 and tribal amendments to the Clean Water Act were enacted in 1987. The Senate this month passed a bill and that will authorize EPA to treat tribes as states under the Clean Air Act and the House of Representatives soon will follow suit. Finally, tribal amendments to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA") are pending in the House of Representatives. Upon the final enactment of the tribal amendments to the Clean Air Act and RCRA, Congress and the tribes will have finished laying the legal groundwork for comprehensive and effective enforcement of federal environmental laws on Indian reservations.

Unfortunately, the existance of laws does not guarantee their enforcement; resources adequate to the task must be committed to the enforcement of environmental laws on Indian reservations. In our work with tribes and tribal agencies, we have found that the principal obstacle to the development of sound and effective regulatory programs is the lack of the human, technical, and financial resources needed to do the job correctly. While tribes are or soon will be eligible for grant assistance from EPA, the Agency has shown itself to be completely unwilling to provide assistance in the amounts necessary for these fledgling tribal environmental programs to get off the ground. To some extent, EPA's failure reflects what we see as an overall shortage of funding for the enforcement of federal environmental laws. However, the primary problem is EPA's refusal to recognize that, because tribal governments were not the beneficiaries of the billions of dollars that the federal government provided to states in the 1970s and 1980s for the development of state programs, the needs of tribal programs are much greater than the needs of the states. As a result, tribal governments are competing with the states for funds under formulas that do not consider the greater costs of starting new environmental regulatory systems. State programs are mature and require only maintenance funding; the tribal programs require start-up funding to begin the process of acquiring and developing the expertise, equipment, and regulatory infrastructure that the states long ago developed with federal funds.

S. 2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act of 1990, would represent a solid advance in dealing with this problem. Under the Act, the Administration for Native Americans would be authorized to make grants to Indian tribes to fund 75% of the costs of planning, developing, and implementing programs to improve the tribes' capability to regulate environmental quality. These grants could be used to train and educate employees, to develop tribal environmental laws, and to enforce environmental laws. Significantly, the 25% matching fund requirement can be met through the provision of in-kind property and services and through funds provided by other federal agencies. This will allow the meager funds being provided by EPA to the tribes to be stretched.

Mr. Chairman, we fully support the enactment of S. 2075. I must add, however, that even with the funds that would become available under S. 2075, the tribes will continue to find that federal funding for tribal environmental programs is insufficient. While the tribes are completely willing to devote their own resources to environmental regulation, the fact is that raising revenues on Indian reservations is difficult. The lack of vibrant reservation economies and the erosion of tribal tax prerogatives by state taxation of on-reservation activities leaves only a very limited tax base. Moreover, increased tribal taxation discourages economic development on the reservations, and tribes face the dilemma of raising funds for environmental programs only at the expense of badly-needed economic development. Economic development and environmental regulation are not inconsistent goals, but due to EPA's refusal to consider the needs of the tribes, the tribes often may have to choose one goal over the other.

The legacy of environmental neglect on Indian reservations by EPA and the Congress require strong commitments by the federal government to the development of tribal environmental regulatory programs. S. 2075 is such a commitment and we strongly urge its prompt enactment.

I would be happy to try to answer any questions you may have.

COMMENTS OF THE CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF THE COLVILLE RESERVATION

ON

S.2075

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee, my name is Gene Joseph and I am here as a representative of the Colville Business Council (CBC). I am also Chairman of the Colville Environmental Quality Commission which was established by the CBC in 1983 to coordinate the development of the Colville Tribes' environmental programs and function as the administrative appellate body of the Colville Water Quality Management Program (CWQMP) (Appendix A).

On behalf of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation (Colville Tribes or Tribes), I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Committee for its invitation to the Tribes to testify on S.2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act.

We support the proposed legislation. We appreciate what the Committee is trying to do to resolve some of the unmet needs facing Indian tribes as they develop environmental programs on Indian reservations. We have a recommendation which we will get to later.

When William Ruckleshaus signed EPA's "Policy for Administration of Environmental Programs on Indian Reservations" on November 8, 1984 and EPA initiated its pilot program to assist four tribes develop natural resource regulatory programs on their respective reservations, the Colville Tribes thought that a new era of environmental stewardship in Indian country had begun and welcomed the federal/tribal partnership. (See EPA Journal, Vol. 12, No. 1, pp. 23-26, Jan/Feb 89)

The Tribes had been engaged in the development of a comprehensive water quality management program since 1978 and EPA's moral and financial support was a welcome shot in the arm. Unfortunately, while Congress was busy amending the major federal environmental laws to enable Indian tribes to qualify for state-like treatment, implementation of EPA's Indian Policy languished and the anticipation of a few years before became cautious skepticism. The limited financial assistance dried up and Indian tribes were caught with plans and programs, but little money to implement them. (See Oversight Hearing on the Administration of Indian Programs by the EPA, S. Hrg. 101-412, June 23, 1989). While States continued to receive massive sums of money from EPA, Indian tribes were ignored and once again became poor relations of the federal/state kinship.

Under EPA's Indian policy, Indian tribes have been forced to compete against one another for a share of the meager (1/2 to 3%) amount of the total dollars available. Much of that money has been spent on off-reservation consultants hired by EPA or was allocated to on-going EPA staff efforts and recorded as so many work years expended in Indian country. Id. 83-142. In 1988, only $6.9 million was spent in all of Indian country and not all of that was spent for on-reservation programs. Id. at 88.

Despite this lack of financial support, many Indian tribes nationwide have developed strong environmental regulatory programs, utilizing whatever mix of tribal, state, and federal funds they could muster.

The Colville Tribes submitted testimony to this Committee last year (id. pp. 246-250) supporting $25 million for tribes nationwide and 24 FTE's to facilitiate Indian environmental program development. Congress appropriated $1 million and 12 FTE's which are now being held up by OMB. We think that the proposed Bill would be an improvement by providing tribes more rapid and direct access to these funds through the use of ANA, an organization accustomed to helping build tribal government infrastructure.

At Colville, the environmental regulatory programs are organized under the Department of Environmental Trust (Appendix B). The Director of the Department, Gary Passmore, has provided a report on the current costs of implementing the Tribes' programs which includes an assessment of Departmental needs to do even close to an adequate job. (Appendix C) The total budget including additional needs (and this is not an exotic program) for FY 1991 is $858,000. This year's program cost the Tribes $341,000 of which $200,000 came from the BIA funding. Absolutely no funds were received from EPA in FY 90 and only $65,000 of EPA funds are anticipated next year. Even with that contribution, unmet program needs for FY 91 approach $400,000. (See App. C at 5). It is the Tribes' understanding that EPA did not even request a specific Indian set-aside in its appropriations request to Congress this year. Without substantial increases in funding, Indian Tribes, such as Colville, will not be able to maintain, much less assume, any new regulatory responsibilities as contemplated by Congress in the recent amendments and federal policy.

This Bill is needed. It provides a direct-funding mechanism. It is consistent with the federal government's policy of self-determination and congressional recognition that tribal governments are best suited to regulate the reservation environment. It should not, however, be considered a replacement of EPA, IHS, or BIA's fiduciary responsibilities to Indian country. (Blue Legs v. EPA, 668 F. Supp. 1329 (D.S.D), aff'd sub nom. Blue Legs v. BIA 867 F.2d. 1094 (8th Cir. 1989).

S. 2075 should be considered as a supplement to those fiscal responsibilities that derive from the government's fiduciary duty to Indians. This legislation is designed to assist Indian tribes in developing the institutions and infrastructure which will enable them to assume their governmental authority in the area of environmental protection. As such the amount of money set aside in the Bill is woefully inadequate. The Colville Tribes requests that the annual appropriation be increased to $25 million per year and that the Bill be amended accordingly. Even at that level, the money, while helpful, will not meet Indian program needs given the existing state of affairs on reservations nationwide.

The prospects for future development of tribal environmental regulatory grows daily. The Colville Tribes' application for treatment as a state under section 518 of the Clean Water Act is currently pending at EPA Region X and is expected to be approved shortly. The Tribes has a letter agreement with the Army Corps of Engineers regarding section 404 permit coordination on reservation waters. Enforcement of the Tribes' water quality standards (whose promulgation as federal standards was announced at last year's Oversight Hearing, S. Hrg. 101-412, at 5) utilizing the section 401 certification process is a primary concern of the Tribes.

Although the Tribes has yet to qualify for state-like treatment under the Safe Drinking Water Act, it's UIC program is well established. Well monitoring for pesticides is on-going and the Environmental Trust Department regulates tribally-operated public water supply systems. Furthermore, the expected passage of the Clean Air Act Amendments will provide more opportunities and responsibilities with regard to the regulation of air quality, a need the Colvilles have recognized for a number of years but have lacked the necessary money to develop.

On March 15, 1990, the CBC adopted an Emergency Response Plan for the Colville Indian Reservation as provided in Title III of SARA and implementing regulations. The Tribes fully intends to implement the "Community Right to Know Act" on the Reservation. The Tribes is directing a jointly-funded water quality monitoring program for Lake Roosevelt, Washington state's largest lake. This is just a small portion of the programs and plans for the Colvilles. All of these programs require institutions, money, staff, and, at times, even lawyers to operate effectively. Such things are happening nationwide on one scale or another and need your support and commitment. In order for Indian tribes to have a fair chance at success and fulfill tribal/federal partnership, legislation such as S. 2075 must be enacted by Congress and more money must be set aside.

Thank you for this opportunity to submit this testimony.

APPENDIX

INDEX

A. Resolution Establishing the Colville Environmental Quality Commission (CEQC)

B. Organizational Chart - Department of Environmental Trust

C. Existing Environmental Programs/Needs of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation

1985-464

APPENDIX A.

RESOLUTION

A Resolution Establishing the Colville Environmental Quality Commission.

WHEREAS, The Business Council of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation, Washington, is the governing body of the Tribe by authority of Article II of the Amended Constitution and Bylaws of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation;

WHEREAS, the Business Council is empowered under Article V, Section I of the Tribal Constitution to: protect and preserve the property, wildlife and natural resources of the Confederated Tribes; protect the health, security, and general welfare of the Confederated Tribes; and promulgate and enforce ordinances;

WHEREAS, the Business Council wishes to protect and preserve the property, wildlife and natural resources of the Colville Reservation and health and welfare of the people residing on the Reservation and is aware that activities taking place on or near the Reservation may adversely affect these resources and values;

WHEREAS, it is the goal of the Business Council to establish comprehensive environmental programs for the Reservation, and, in furtherance thereof, the Business Council has determined to establish the Colville Environmental Quality Commission to coordinate the development of these programs;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that we the Colville Business Council meeting in SPECIAL Session, this 19th day of September, 1985 do hereby establish as a subordinate agency of the Business Council, the Colville Environmental Quality Commission (CEQC), which shall function in the following manner and shall have the following responsibilities:

1. Members and Decision-Making. The CEQC shall be composed of (9) members, consisting of: four (4) members of the Colville Business Council who shall be selected by the Colville Business Council. The remaining members of CEQC shall be the Tribal Water Administrator, Tribal Sanitarian, Director of Comprehensive Planning, two persons to be selected by the Bureau of Indian Affairs Colville Agency Superintendent. The CEQC Secretary shall be a Tribal employee selected by CEQC and shall be an ex officio member of CEQC. Each member of CEQC shall designate one alternate to serve in his or her absence, and report this selection to the Secretary. Each of the members, and ex officio member of CEQC shall perform their CEQC duties in addition to their other official duties. Six (6) members of the

CEQC shall constitute a quorum. CEQC shall take action by majority vote with the Chairman of the CEQC voting only in the event of tie vote. All action taken by the CEQC shall be subject to the review of the Business Council.

2. Officers. The CEQC shall have a Chairman and Vice Chairman each selected by the CEQC from among the four Colville Business Council (members of the Commission).

3. Staff Support. The CEQC shall call upon any Tribal, BIA, or IHS Department to provide relevant information, materials or support to the CEQC.

4. Environmental Policy. The CEQC shall develop policy recommendations for environmental matters affecting the Colville Indian Reservation and the recommendations shall be submitted to the Business Council for consideration.

5. Regulatory Programs. The CEQC shall coordinate the development of proposed environmental regulatory programs and shall make recommendations to the Business Council regarding the adoption of such programs. No such program shall be in effect until adopted by the Business Council.

6. Cooperative Agreements. The CEQC may develop proposed cooperative agreements with public or private bodies and shall make recommendations to the Business Council regarding the adoption of such agreements. Such cooperative agreements may provide for intergovernmental coordination, technical assistance, grant funding or other relevant matters. No such agreement shall be in effect until adopted by the Business Council.

7. Tribal Water Quality Program. The CEQC shall serve in functions as designated in The Colville On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Act, Title 30 of the Colville Tribal Code; The Colville Mining Practices Water Quality Act, Title 31 of the Colville Tribal Code; The Colville Forest Practices Water Quality Act, Title 32 of the Colville Tribal Code; The Colville Water Quality Standards Act, Title 33 of the Colville Tribal Code; and, The Colville Administrative Procedure Act, Title 35 of the Colville Tribal Code.

8. Public Meetings. In connection with the development of proposed environmental regulatory programs, proposed cooperative agreements or in other appropriate instances, CEQC may conduct public meetings.

9. **Reporting Responsibilities.** The Chairman of the CEQC shall report directly to the Chairman of the Business Council and may be asked from time to time to report to the Business Council. The CEQC shall make semi-annual progress reports to the Business Council.

10. **Legal and Technical Support.** The CEQC, with the approval of the Business Council, may call upon outside legal or technical assistance to perform legal work for CEQC under contract with the Tribes. Funding for this legal work may be provided from EPA grant monies, ANA grant monies, the BIA or other federal or state funds provided to the Tribes.

RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Business Council hereby rescinds Resolution No. 1983-256, adopted by the Business Council April 18, 1983.

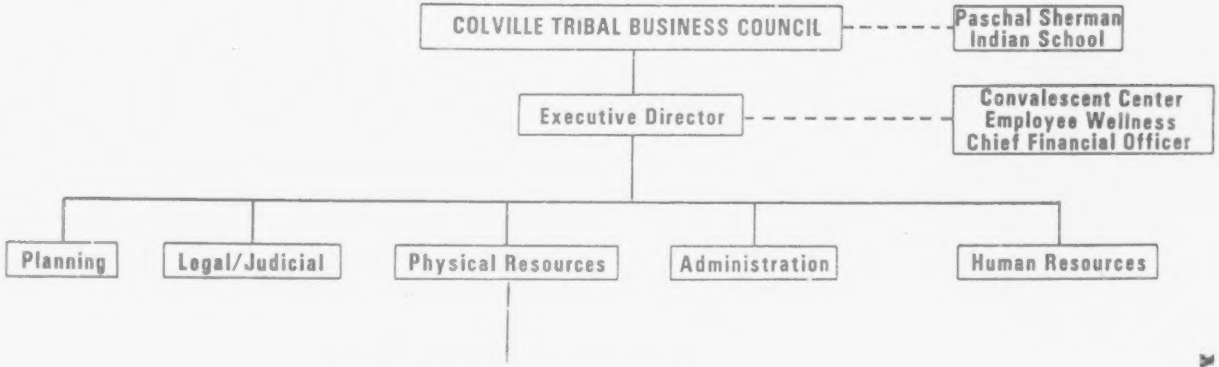
BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the Chairman of the Business Council be, and hereby is authorized and directed to take any and all steps necessary to effectuate this Resolution.

COLVILLE BUSINESS COUNCIL

By: Al Aubertin
Al Aubertin, Chairman

CC:HMoses,Jr.
LSTone
GPassmore

APPENDIX B.


COLVILLE TRIBAL BUSINESS COUNCIL
Paschal Sherman Indian School
Executive Director
Convalescent Center
Employee Wellness
Chief Financial Officer
Planning
Legal/Judicial
Physical Resources
Administration
Human Resources

Department of Environmental Trust

1) Administrative Management
2) Budget and funding sources
3) Policy and program priority development

Divisions:

Hydrology
Functions:
- a) Water Rights Protection
  - 1) lawsuits
  - 2) adjudications
  - 3) strategy and policy
- b) Water Code Enforcement
  - 1) water permits
  - 2) water use and availability studies
- c) Water Monitoring
  - 1) flow measurements
  - 2) groundwater levels
  - 3) lake levels
  - 4) snow survey
  - 5) Twin Lakes level
  - 6) water resources database
  - 7) flood forecasting
- d) Special Projects
  - 1) Concessions Management Plan
  - 2) Lake Roosevelt multiparty agreement

Water Quality
Functions:
- a) Enforcement of tribal water quality regulations
  - 1) mining water quality act
  - 2) forest practices act
  - 3) on-site waste water act
  - 4) NPDES permits
  - 5) Hydraulics Act
- b) Water Quality Standards
  - 1) monitoring
  - 2) new standard development
  - 3) special permits and waivers
- c) Program Development
  - 1) clean lakes program (314)
  - 2) non-point source (319)
  - 3) FDR Lake Water Quality Management

Environmental Health
Functions:
- a) Safe Drinking Water Act compliance
- b) EH Services core elements
- c) Emergency preparedness
- d) Safety committee
- e) Environmental health data base
- f) Solid Waste program monitoring
- g) Sewage treatment works monitoring
- h) Public service and commercial
- i) facility inspections
- j) HAZMAT team member
- k) new program development assistance

Environmental Services
Functions:
- a) Minor environmental program management (air resources, LUST, UIC, FIFRA, RCRA, CERCLA, SARA, Section 404/10 permits)
- b) Total Resource Management interdepartmental coordination
- c) Department database management, GIS Coordination
- d) HAZMAT team member and/or on scene coordinator
- e) New program development assistance
- f) EIS review, Planning Department E.A.'S comments, etc.

APPENDIX C.

CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF THE COLVILLE INDIAN RESERVATION
EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

I. Non-Point Source Water Quality Program

A. Tribal Forest Practices Water Quality Act

Current Cost: $150,000.00 annually

Program Description:

Monitors all forest practices on trust and fee lands on the 1.4 million acre reservation. Enforces regulations (BMP's) to protect watersheds and water courses from pollution caused by forest practices.

ADDITIONAL PROGRAM NEEDS:

One additional forestry technician and G.I.S. capability are needed; additional costs approximately $ 50,000.00 per annum.

B. Tribal On-Site Wastewater Disposal Act Enforcement

Current Cost is included in $150,000 above.

Program Description:

Monitors all on-site wastewater disposal systems on the reservation and enforces regulations (BMP's) to see that systems are properly designed, sited, and maintained.

ADDITIONAL PROGRAM NEEDS:

None at present.

C. Tribal Mining Water Quality Act

Current Cost: $25,000.00

Program Description:

Monitors all mining, exploration and sand and gravel operations on the reservation and enforces regulations (BMP's) to protect water quality.

ADDITIONAL PROGRAM NEEDS:

None at present.

NOTE: Funding for the three non-point source programs listed above has been from unbanded BIA funding. This funding is threatened.

It was cut in FY 90 and severe cuts (up to 50%) have been proposed for FY 91. No EPA money is currently supporting these programs; in fact, the Tribes has received no EPA money at all for FY 90, nor is it scheduled to receive any for FY 91.

D. Hydraulic Project Practices Act

Current Cost:	$10,000.00

Program Description:

Monitors construction and disturbance activities which occur below the high water mark of reservation waters. Issues permits and enforces BMP's.

ADDITIONAL PROGRAM NEEDS:

One BMP enforcement biologist plus support services	**$50,000.00**

LAKE ROOSEVELT WATER QUALITY ACTIVITIES

LAKE ROOSEVELT WATER QUALITY COUNCIL

This is an inter-governmental body which monitors issues affecting the water quality of the 150 mile long Lake Roosevelt (43% of which is on Indian lands). This body seeks to promote cooperation, coordinated water quality monitoring and management activities. It has no budget per se. Two tribes, three federal agencies, one state agency, six counties, and several private citizens are now represented.

LAKE ROOSEVELT WATER QUALITY MONITORING

Tribal eutrophication monitoring, and nutrient criteria development, and water quality sampling design has received funding from the State of Washington. The FY 90 budget is about $50,000.00.

ADDITIONAL PROGRAM NEEDS:

To assess the water quality needs of the lake will require about $100,000.00 for FY 91 and about $50,000.00 FY 92. Funding was cut for FY 90 by $25,000 (which was the only new money the Tribe expected to receive). The State of Washington has done limited toxics' monitoring in the past and is now planning

additional sampling. Heavy metals and dioxin have been found in lake game fish. These pollutants are coming from a paper mill, a smelter, and a fertilizer plant in Canada.

OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES

Currently, several environmental media programs are handled as "other duties as assigned" by existing Environmental Trust Department staff.

These include:

Underground storage tanks
Safe Drinking Water Act Compliance Monitoring
Hazardous Materials/Emergency Response/SEPA Title III
404 Permit Consideration
Colville Water Quality Standards Act Enforcement
Pesticides Issues
Water Management and Cumulative Environmental Effects
Lake Rehabilitation Projects
Solid Waste Management Planning
Ambient Water Quality Monitoring and Criteria Development
NPDES Permit Monitoring
Air Quality Issues Monitoring

OTHER NEEDS

We badly need another experienced cross-trained environmental professional and support infrastructure to assist with these and other activities. We need to upgrade our computer capability into a fully integrated Geographic Information System. We need to improve our water quality monitoring and criteria development program. Another need is that of infrastructure support.

Overall Program Management Needs	**$65,000.00**

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT (provides due process for all **environmental laws) implementation and environmental legal**

services, drafting environmental laws, etc. $100,000.00

HAZMAT (noted above) requires for protective equipment and instruments training. $20,000.00

Equipment/vehicles needed $35,000.00

Water Quality Criteria and Monitoring $50,000.00

Geographic Information System $22,000.00

AGRICULTURAL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Current Cost: $0

Program Description:

Develops BMP's for agricultural practices on the reservation to protect surface and ground water quality.

PROGRAM NEEDS:

This is a needed program that doesn't presently exist.

Estimated cost: $ 65,000.00

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM

This is an exisitng program. Cost: $ 76,000.00

PROGRAM NEEDS:

None at present.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS BUDGET SUMMARY

	FY 91	FY 92
NPS PROGRAMS EXISTING	$150,000.00	$155,000.00
NPS EXISTING PROGRAM NEEDS	50,000.00	50,000.00
NPS NEW COMPONENT NEEDS		
(A) AGRICULTURE	65,000.00	50,000.00
(B) HYDRAULIC PRACTICES ACT	50,000.00	45,000.00
(C) MINING PRACTICES ACT	25,000.00	25,000.00
(D) HYDRAULICS PRACTICES ACT	50,000.00	50,000.00
LAKE ROOSEVELT WATER QUALITY PROJECT	100,000.00	50,000.00
APA - LEGAL SERVICES-CEQC EXP	100,000.00	75,000.00
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM	76,000.00	76,000.00
HAZMAT	20,000.00	5,000.00
EQUIPMENT/VEHICLES	35,000.00	0
WATER QUALITY CRITERIA/MONITORING	50,000.00	45,000.00
GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM	22,000.00	0
PROGRAM MANAGEMENT/INFRASTRUCTURE	65,000.00	50,000.00
TOTAL	858,000.00	676,000.00
Anticipated Funds (Tribal/BIA)	426,000.00	396,000.00
EPA Funds Anticipated	65,000.00	50,000.00
UNMET NEEDS	$367,000.00	$230,000.00

STATEMENT OF DAVID C. HARRISON OF THE COUNCIL OF ENERGY RESOURCE TRIBES REGARDING S. 2075 (101st Cong., 2nd SESS.) BEFORE THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS UNITED STATES SENATE, WASHINGTON, D.C., APRIL 24, 1990

Mr. Chairman, and members of the Committee, on behalf of the 44 federally recognized tribes that comprise the Council of Energy Resource Tribes, it gives me great pleasure to appear here today to express our unqualified support and enthusiasm for S. 2075, and to offer our full support and cooperation in seeing that this bill becomes law.

In particular, we would like to thank this Committee for the initiative and insight that have gone into crafting this proposal which, quite frankly, we had not thought of, but which we find inspired. Not only are the funds which this bill would authorize very badly needed, but ANA is absolutely the place to put them. For several years, we have tried to convince the Environmental Protection Agency, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Indian Health Service to make an investment in tribal capability of managing environmental programs, but these efforts have been largely unavailing. There are a good many reasons for this noticeable lack of success with all three agencies, but we believe that this legislation reduces many of these reasons to the lowest common denominator, and then cancels it out altogether by giving this earmarked authority to the Administration for Native Americans.

The sad truth, we have come to believe, is that notwithstanding the presence of some remarkably talented and empathetic individuals, both the BIA and the IHS institutionally view tribal capability with something akin to the fear and disgust with which we view nuclear proliferation in the Third World. Tribal capability is seen as a threat to their very existence and it scares the pants off them. Consequently, too often it seems that it doesn't matter how much specific authority you give them, or how much money; they will not exercise that authority nor invest that money in tribal capability. EPA has a different set of problems, but they are showing real promise of being just as intractable. EPA was appropriated $1 million in this fiscal year for Indian programs, but even now, well into the third quarter, the agency has not decided what to do with the money. Recent indications, however, are that the agency will spend most of it on itself.

Of all these agencies, only the Administration for Native Americans has any record of investing in tribal capability and not feeling threatened by its own investment. Accordingly, it is only ANA that we for our part could have any confidence not in to sabotage its own program because it feels itself somehow threatened by it.

The program contemplated by S. 2075 also appropriately reflects the broad program mandate of the Administration for Native Americans in its Social and Economic Development Strategies. The other agencies where this program could conceivably be lodged tend to take a far narrower view of the tribal efforts they can support than they do of the unlimited discretion they regard themselves as possessing under the Snyder Act. Thus, the BIA recently testified that it has not provided a tribe any assistance in a particularly difficult circumstance because the BIA is simply not in the solid waste business. In that same forum, the IHS cheerfully conceded that it had built the unlicensed, uncertified, unsanitary facility involved, but disclaimed any responsibility for its condition, or even its continued existence, because it had been turned over to the tribe for operation. In that particular instance, the EPA simply declined to appear for the discussion. So, we are also inclined to believe that these other agencies' curiously restrictive notions of where their playing field ends when it comes to assisting tribes would also tend to undermine the success of this effort, were it to be housed in one of these other agencies.

The Administration for Native Americans, on the other hand, has an absolutely magnificent record of being an empowering and and enabling agency. Many tribes which have been officially recognized in recent years would never have made it through the Byzantine labyrinth of the Federal Acknowledgement Process without the unthreatened and unthreatening assistance of ANA. Literally thousands of Indian households today are headed by gainfully employed Indian men and women in unsubsidized jobs because of the assistance of ANA to tribes and to such organizations as the National Center for Indian Enterprise Development. Hundreds of thousands of acres, the rights to substantial quantities of water, and hundreds of millions of dollars have been returned to rightful tribal ownership because of ANA's support of tribal efforts and of such organizations as the Native American Rights Fund.

In addition, the experience of the CERT tribes and their organization over the years has, we believe, amply demonstrated the importance of the Administration for Native Americans in carrying out the national Indian policies of the last fourteen years. From chartering a tribally owned commercial bank to developing tribal energy resource management offices; from negotiating rights-of-way agreements for values in excess of a hundredfold of BIA appraisals to creating internal accounting systems, the successes of tribal programs which have been assisted by ANA over the years have conclusively demonstrated the validity of an overriding principle which S. 2075 recognizes, namely, that those programs which succeed are those which enable a tribe to do for itself. And those programs which never seem to quite succeed, but always somehow seem to perpetuate themselves are those in which an agency, rather than investing in tribal capability, chooses, instead, to expend appropriated funds in an effort to deliver products or services by providers whose real stake is not in the outcome, but in the process.

The specific tribal efforts with which this bill would authorize direct ANA assistance are, without a doubt, among the most important that tribes will make in preparing to enter the Twenty-First Century on their own terms and on a political and economic parity with their non-Indian neighbors. We are aware of and we greatly appreciate the efforts this Committee has made in recent years to stimulate the development of viable, diversified, and self-governing economies in tribal communities. In this regard, we respectfully suggest that none of these efforts will ever really succeed until the activities contemplated by S. 2075 are undertaken in parallel with development. No business is likely to invest substantially in a community that cannot offer reasonably predictable environmental laws, regulations, and procedures. As this body has recently experienced in the Clean Air debates, the unforeseen and unanticipated expenses of environmental liability provide enormous economic disincentives and threaten tremendous economic dislocations.

Economic development in this country today cannot take place in the absence of a sound environmental protection program. On the other hand, as S. 2075 recognizes, environmental protection today is an expensive business. Thus, it can be no surprise that the most impoverished communities in our society have not developed the programs that the federal government has for the last twenty years assisted states and non-Indian local governments in developing. It is true throughout the world, and it is no less true in Indian country, that it takes a healthy economy to sustain effective environmental protection. And it is equally true that no economy will long remain healthy in the absence of effective environmental protection.

The expenses that we in this nation impose upon ourselves and our industries in the name of environmental protection are truly stupefying, and only a wealthy nation could afford them. As this Committee is only too well aware, however, the economies of Indian tribes in this country are for the most part the most impoverished in the nation, and the tribes have not heretofore been afforded the assistance in this area that has long been afforded to other units of government in our Federalist system.

This is by no means to say that Indian tribes have taken lightly the problems with which S. 2075 would for the first time offer them significant, and long delayed, assistance. On the contrary, tribes throughout the country have committed significant proportions of terribly scarce resources of their own to address these issues. In every section of the country today, tribes are very actively involved in environmental protection. They are operating landfills; operating wastewater treatment plants; reclaiming abandoned uranium mines; removing uranium mill tailings piles; operating groundwater monitoring programs; developing water quality standards for their reservations; maintaining air quality monitoring programs; conducting training in community awareness and emergency preparedness for hazardous, toxic, and radioactive materials transportation; regulating the use of pesticides; conducting erosion and siltation control programs; protecting threatened and endangered species on their lands and in off-reservation treaty areas; working cooperatively with states in major river system water quality protection programs; operating certified laboratory facilities for other tribes and units of government, including the United States, for scientific analysis of contaminant levels; are planning to assume control of underground injection control programs within their jurisdictions; and are identifying wetlands for protection.

In addition, tribes are identifying many environmental problems and potential liabilities that result directly from BIA and IHS practices, including locating leaking underground storage tanks; testing for asbestos in schools and other facilities; removing hazardous and toxic materials from detention facilities; testing for lead in drinking water; removing transformers containing polychlorenated biphenyls from government-built power systems; and are daily exposing themselves to enormous liability simply by hauling away from BIA and IHS facilities waste for which those agencies disclaim all responsibility the moment it exits the back door.

I would not be fair either to the tribes in this position, nor to this Committee if I did not elaborate for a moment on this last problem. I cannot urge this Committee strongly enough to take a hard look at the problem facing many, and perhaps most, Indian tribes as a result of the recent Blue Legs decision. In this case, the Oglala Sioux Tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation has been saddled with a $93,000 liability for operating a facility built by the Indian Health Service, a facility that the BIA is a principal contributor to with the solid waste generated by its own operations on the reservation. The tribe in that case was faced with an impossible situation. Since both agencies disclaimed all responsibility either for disposing of their own waste, or of operating the facility, the tribe could have elected to allow the waste to stack up in the community, or it could haul it to the IHS constructed facility. It chose the latter, and subjected itself to liability under the citizen suit provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act for doing what any responsible government would have done.

I commend to this Committee the record of a recent hearing conducted by the House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs regarding this case and its national implications. And I urge this Committee to address the wholly inequitable and outrageous situation which presently obtains as a result of that case.

That concludes my prepared statement on S. 2075. We are anxious to work with this Committee to secure its passage, and I shall be glad to answer any questions the Committee may have.

Once again, thank you very much for the leadership which this Committee has once again demonstrated in introducing this important legislation.

TESTIMONY

OF

WAYNE DUCHENEAUX, CHAIRMAN

CHEYENNE RIVER SIOUX TRIBE

BEFORE THE

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

ON

S2075, THE INDIAN ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ENHANCEMENT ACT

APRIL 19, 1990

CHAIRMAN
Wayne Ducheneaux

SECRETARY
Arlene Thompson

TREASURER
Mona R. Cudmore I

VICE-CHAIRMAN
Vernon Mestes

CHEYENNE RIVER SIOUX TRIBE

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David "Bud" Dupris
Robert Leftam, Sr
Frankie Thompson

DISTRICT 5
Gilbert Marshall
Sam Eagle Staff
Robert Chasing Hawk
Terry Fiddler

DISTRICT 6
Calvin "Red" Traversie
Joan LeBeau

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

The Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of South Dakota (the "Tribo") is grateful to you and the other members of your Committee for extending us the opportunity to present testimony on S2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act, and the environmental issues facing Indian tribes.

First, I would like to commend the Committee for recognizing that Indian tribes need increased federal funding in order to conduct effective environmental regulatory programs. From tho Tribes perspective, we have the authority to regulate many environmental matters on the reservation, the truth of the matter is that we lack the resources. I believe that with additional financial support we will be able to meet our shared goal of environmental protection.

In that light, I would like to discuss several environmental problems facing the Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe and exploro how implementation of S2075 will assist us in resolving those matters.

The blue represents the thunder clouds above the world where live the thunderbirds who control the four winds. The rainbow is for the Cheyenne River Sioux People who are keepers of the Most Sacred Calf Pipe, a gift from the White Buffalo Calf Maiden. The eagle feathers at the edges of the rim of the world represent the spotted eagle who is the protector of all Lakota. The two pipes fused together are for unity. One pipe is for the Lakota, the other for all the other Indian nations. The yellow hoops represent the Sacred Hoop, which shall not be broken. The Sacred Calf Pipe Bundle in red represents Wakan Tanka—the Great Mystery. All the colors of the Lakota are visible. The red, yellow, black and white represent the four major races. The blue is for heaven and the green for Mother Earth.

NUCLEAR WASTE

Nuclear waste is transported through the Cheyenne River Sioux Reservation two times a week on Highway 212. The State of South Dakota is informed of the transport but the Tribe is not.

At the present time the closest facility that is qualified to handle an accident involving hazardous material is located in Pierre, South Dakota. The distance from Pierre, SD to the most distant reservation boundary is approximately 150 miles. The potential distance and time involved to reach an accident site make it questionable as to whether the facility located in Pierre could handle the incident in a manner that would be protective of the environment or animal or human life.

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

The Tribe is concerned about the activities of aircraft that fly over portions of the Reservation during training missions from a neighboring military base. As a result of the low level overflights we have received numerous complaints, including the following:

1) fear of soil contamination from the exhaust of the aircraft.

2) fear of significant hearing loss in the regions where the overflights occur.

3) excessive odors from the exhaust of the aircraft.

4) noise produced by the aircraft has caused severe and recurring anxiety in infants, young children and elderly persons.

WATER QUALITY

There are three main rivers on the Reservation; the Missouri River (Lake Oahe), the Cheyenne River and the Moreau River. In addition there are many small rivers and creeks. Surface water provides nearly all of the tribal members with domestic water.

Water quality monitoring is coordinated by the Tri-County Water Association. Testing of water is done at several points along the system. Water is taken from just outside the intake station, at the treatment plant after treatment, and there has been some limited sampling done in individual households.

Water is tested for several parameters at several different frequencies:

1) BACT, 7 times a month
2) Heavy metals, 1 time a year
3) Organics, 1 time a year
4) Inorganics, 1 time every 3 years
5) Turbidity/Chlorine/Fluoride daily
6) Hardness, 1 time a week

The tribe has received complaints of bad tasting water in individual residences. One factor contributing to this problem may be an aging pipeline system, especially in the Cherry Creek area and the older homes in the Eagle Butte area.

Another concern that the Tribe has regarding water quality is that run-off from agricultural lands flows directly into the drinking water source for the Reservation (Lake Oahe). The Tribe has established a pesticide enforcement division which certifies pesticide application on the Reservation. Currently, however, the Tribe does not have the resources to test reservation waters for pesticide contamination.

Water Quality
continued

An additional concern regarding water quality arises out of mining operations both on and off the Reservation. Upstream from the Reservation are many mines in the Black Hills. The Tribe is concerned about possible water quality impacts stemming from this area. In particular, the Tribe is concerned with mercury tailings from White Wood Creek which flows through into our Cheyenne River.

Yet another concern pertaining to water quality relates to oil and gas operations on the reservation. Many former well sites have been poorly capped and sludge pits associated with these wells remain uncleaned. It is the Tribe's belief that underground injection practices in the 1970's caused serious changes in the water table.

In light of the foregoing it is the Tribes opinion that water quality on the reservation needs to be carefully monitored in order to avoid degradation of this essential resource.

SOLID WASTE

The Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe owns and operates a landfill in the City of Eagle Butte. The Tribe is developing a plan to certify the dump under a tribal certification standard which would be compatible with and no less stringent than Federal standards.

There are, however, open pit dumps in the cities of Dupree, Timber Lake and Isabel. At these locations, the local city owns the land and utilizes city equipment to periodically clean up the dump site.

The Tribe is very concerned about several of the practices that take place at the city owned dumps in Dupree, Timber Lake and Isabel. First, garbage is burned at the dumps for bulk reduction and in at least one instance a dump fire at Timber Lake became uncontrolled. The burning results in localized smoke problems and the combination of irregular clean up and indiscriminate dumping has caused fires that occur because of spontaneous combustion.

Additionally, due to lack of control at the dump site's chemical drums containing contaminated material have been found. The Tribe is concerned that rodents eat the chemicals and thus endanger other species.

ASBESTOS

There are a significant number of tribal buildings and individual homes on the reservation that contain asbestos. The tribe would like to complete a comprehensive inventory of asbestos in buildings on the Reservation and then take steps to remove asbestos where necessary.

Military Activities
continued

5) noise produced by the aircraft has frightened animals away from customary hunting areas.

Due to lack of funds, no air quality monitoring has taken place on the Reservation to date.

Conclusion

Reservation environmental problems are many and serious. S2075 is an important and positive step forward in funding critically important tribal environmental regulatory programs. Approval of the bill will ensure that Indian tribes will have the resources to protect the reservation environment for our children and grandchildren.

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee, Thank you for the opportunity to present the views of the Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe on S2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act and environmental issues facing tribes. We appreciate your concern and interest.

Warm Springs, Oregon 97761 / (503) 553-1161

May 8, 1990

The Honorable John McCain
Vice Chairman
Select Committee on Indian Affairs
SH-838 Hart Senate Office Building
U.S. Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Vice Chairman McCain:

On the behalf of the Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon, I am writing to express our support for, and comment on, the draft amendment in the nature of a substitute, dated April 2, 1990, to S. 1289, the National Indian Forest and Woodland Enhancement Act.

I ask that this statement be made a part of the Select Committee's record of its April 24, 1990 hearing on the draft amendment.

Mr. Vice Chairman, the draft substitute amendment presently under the Select Committee's consideration is a very worthy effort at refining S. 1289 as introduced. The concerns expressed in the Warm Springs initial statement for the Select Committee's October 19, 1989 hearing on S. 1289 as introduced have almost all been addressed in this revision. There are numerous other improvements as well, and it is a testament to the membership of the Select Committee, and its staff, that the present draft is before us.

At this point, we have no objections with any provision of the 4-2-1990 substitute amendment to S. 1289. We believe every section has a definite purpose aimed at improving the overall management of our forest resource. We do, however, have comments and suggestions to make on three items.

1.) We recommend that the expression "sustained yield" be incorporated into the objectives in Section 201(b)(3) by adding the words "according to the principles of sustained yield" after "the regulation of Indian forest lands" [page 14, line 15].

"Sustained yield" is a widely recognized forestry practice and term, and is cited in two of the current principal statutes authorizing the harvest and management of Indian forests (25 U.S.C. 407 and 466). We note that the general concept of sustained yield is presently in the bill with references to "a perpetually productive state" in Section 201(b)(1) and "continuous productivity" in Section 201(b)(3). However, specific mention in the bill of "sustained yield" will firmly incorporate it into the bill, and would tie this legislation to the two existing statutes.

A definition of "sustained yield" should be added to the Definitions. We suggest that the current B.I.A. regulatory definition of sustained yield (25 C.F.R. 163.1) be adopted:

"sustained yield" means the yield of forest products that a forest can produce continuously at a given intensity of management;

This definition is established and broadly encompassing, allowing further delineation in both Committee report language and agency regulation. "Forest" and "forest product" are also defined in the 4-2-1990 amendment to S. 1289.

Locating the "sustained yield" definition following that of "forest management plan" as a new Section 104(5) seems most appropriate. Renumbering of subsequent definitions would be necessary.

2.) With regard to Section 203(c), Tribal Jurisdiction over Forest trespass, we recommend that the following language replace section 203(c) in its entirety:

> "(c) Tribal Jurisdiction. - Indian tribes with tribal courts may prosecute civil forest trespass cases in tribal courts. In such cases the Secretary of the Interior shall not be an indispensable or necessary party. The Bureau of Indian Affairs and other agencies of the federal government shall, at the request of the Indian tribe, defer to tribal prosecution of forest trespass cases. Tribal court judgments regarding forest trespass shall be entitled to full faith and credit in federal and state court to the same extent as the federal court judgement obtained under this section."

We at Warm Springs believe the Tribes already posses civil jurisdiction, and do not need to adopt Interior's regulations as a prerequisite to prosecuting forest trespass offenders. We do note, however, that because forest trespass cases involve a trust asset, the Federal trustee may be an indispensible party to Tribal court proceedings. To expedite Tribal prosecutions, we suggest language relieving the Federal trustee of that court appearance obligation.

Beyond the issue of jurisdiction, we also believe there are important policy questions in Section 203(c) regarding the local establishment of regulations and penalties regarding trespass. If Section 203(c) in interpreted as requiring Tribes to adopt Interior's trespass regulations as a prerequisite to prosecuting civil trespass cases, our sovereign powers are diminished (i.e., no Tribal prosecution except under Interior regulations) and our right to establish regulations and penalties is preempted. The Tribes, as the local legislative body, ought to be able to exercise that right. For instance, while double penalties are common for trespass in timber states, Oregon has a statute that provides for treble damages for injury to or removal of produce, trees or shrubs. Tribes ought to be able to fully exercise their local authority as well.

3.) Finally, we have two suggestions regarding Section 205(b), Nature of Secretarial Responsibilities and Actions. First, the Acts authorizing activities that are not to be deemed Federal undertakings should be expanded to cover at least 25 U.S.C. 406, 407, and 466, all of which currently authorize Secretarial responsibilities and actions on Indian forest lands. If these Acts were cited by the Administration as authority for forestry activities, either by themselves or in concert with S. 1289 and the Snyder Act, the effect and purpose of Section 205(b) as written could be nullified. A possible rewording could substitute "this Act or any other Act" for "this Act and the Snyder Act (25 U.S.C. 13)" [page 20, line 8].

Secondly, we suggest that Tribes be given the ability to opt out of the provision of Section 205(b), either on a statute by statute basis or in its entirety, and for such periods of time as a Tribe may desire. As written, 205(b) requires that other Federal laws, which by virtue of B.I.A. activities on Indian forest lands might otherwise be applied to Indian forests, are not to be applied. The broad wording of this provision makes it almost impossible to foretell just what Federal statutes, existing or future, will be prohibited from application to Indian forest lands. Yet, there may be instances where a Tribe desires to come under the coverage and assistance of a Federal law that would otherwise be barred by 205(b).

To correct this, we suggest that 205(b) be designated 205(b)(1) and that the following language be added as a new subsection 205(b)(2) [page 20, line 11]:

"(2) Upon the determination of a reservation's recognized Tribal government, subsection (b)(1) shall not apply to such reservation for such Acts and such periods of time as such Tribal government shall specify."

The Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation hope that you will find these suggestions constructive and incorporate them into the Select Committee's final version of S. 1289. If you have any questions, please give us a call.

Sincerely,

Zane Jackson

Zane Jackson,
Chairman

TESTIMONY OF THE CONFEDERATED SALISH AND KOOTENAI TRIBES ON S.1289, THE NATIONAL INDIAN FORESTRY RESOURCES MANAGEMENT ACT

Mr. Chairman and members of the Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs, the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes previously provided testimony on S. 1289 and are pleased to see that many of the comments on that bill were incorporated in this substitute bill.

The changes in the bill, now before this committee, are constructive and serve to strengthen the previous bill which the Tribes supported.

As we mentioned in our previous testimony the Tribes manage approximately 322,000 acres of forested lands which are designated as commercial timberlands. The income and jobs created from these lands are a benefit to the Tribes and to the communities on the reservation and those adjacent thereto. The Tribes support this legislation and firmly believe that if properly implemented it will improve the management of Tribal forest lands. Our comments, therefore, on the bill are technical in nature and are directed at correcting inconsistencies or clarifying ambiguous provisions.

SECTION 104.

This section sets out to define particular terms and words used in the Act. Under the definition for "forest land management activities" at subsection (3)(c) line 2, page 6 after the word forest, delete "environment" and insert "Indian forest lands." Use of these words is consistent with the definition and use of "Indian forest lands." Under this same definition at subsection (f) line 21, page 6 after the word infestation, delete "or" and insert after the word fire, "or natural events". With this change it would seem to provide for more inclusive management practices.

Also under the definition of "forest management plan" at (4) subsection (A), line 23, page 9 delete the word "those" and insert the word "Indian". Again this change is consistent with the use of the term Indian forest lands.

Under the definition of "forest product" at subsection (5)(F) lines 16 and 17, page 10, we are confused as to why "gravel" is so classified.

SECTION 201

Under subsection (b) of **Management objectives** at subsection (4), line 21, page 14, delete the word "Indian". This change is again consistent with the use of this term throughout the Act. At subsection (5) of subsection (4), lines 2 through 4, page 15 insert the following words after "state" on line 2, "including conservation actions" and on line 4 after the first "the" insert "Indian".

SECTION 202

Under subsection (a) of **Withholding Deduction** at line 18 page 15 insert the word "forest" after the word "Indian". Again this is consistent with the use of this term.

Under subsection (c) of **Use of Deduction**, line 9, page 16, delete the word "an" and insert "a Secretarialy".

SECTION 203

Under subsection (a)(1), line 22, page 17, insert the word "land" after the word "forest". Also on page 18, line 6, of this same subsection insert the word "land" after the word "forest."

SECTION 205

At subsection (a) on lines 20 through 22, page 19, delete "104(3)" and insert "102(2), on lines 21 and 22 delete "relating to forestry management" and insert applicable to Indian forest lands". The use of this term will then be consistent throughout the Act.

SECTION 207

Under subsection (2), page 22 at line 6 and at line 8 regarding the formula for supporting forest technicians, the formula needs to take into account those Tribes with existing forest technicians so that those Tribes are not left out of the formula.

As you see our comments are technical in nature. Based on our assessment of this legislation we highly appreciate the committees' consideration of this bill and urge that it be passed by this committee.

Thank you for the opportunity of allowing us to submit testimony.

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TESTIMONY

OF THE CONFEDERATED SALISH AND KOOTENAI TRIBES

ON SENATE BILL 2075:

THE INDIAN ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 1990

Mr. Chairman, members of the Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs, the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Nation appreciate the opportunity to provide testimony on S. 2075, the Indian Environmental Regulatory Enhancement Act of 1990. We would like to especially thank Senator McCain for introducing this legislation and to thank Senators Burdick, Conrad and Inouye for co-sponsoring.

The Flathead Indian Reservation includes within its exterior boundaries approximately 1,200,000 acres. Its governing body is the Tribal Council of the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes. The Reservation includes parts of four counties; these are Lake, Sanders, Missoula and Flathead. The population residing on the Reservation is approximately 20,000. The Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes have been strong environmental advocates of proper stewardship of the natural environment. The Tribes, in 1979, pursuant to the Clean Water Act of 1970, requested the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to redesignate the air quality in the Reservation to Class I. This redesignation was done in 1982 and the Tribes now operate monitoring facilities to assure that Class I air designation is maintained.

In 1988, the Tribes submitted a request to the EPA applying for federal assistance to develop a water quality program on the Reservation. This request was submitted pursuant to the 1987 amendments to the Clean Water Act. Water

Resources on the Reservation are extensive. They include all or part of three rivers--Flathead, Jocko and Little Bitterroot, and Flathead Lake--the largest fresh water lake in the Western United State, numerous high mountain lakes, two glaciers, hundreds of perennial streams, hundreds of ephemeral streams, numerous springs, several occurrences of geothermal water, and substantial groundwater resources, occurring both in confined and unconfined aquifers. Water development on the Reservation includes 1200 miles of irrigation canals, 20 reservoirs, several public water supply systems, three hydroelectric generating plants and thousands of wells, some of which are flowing artesian.

Since submitting the requests to EPA, the Tribes have received small sums of funding for work under Sections 106 and 404 of the Clean Water Act. This funding has been far below the amounts actually necessary to be able to develop a water quality program. The Tribes estimate that the amounts received from EPA are approximately 10% of what is needed for implementing those two programs of the Clean Water Act.

We, therefore, in light of the small amounts of funding available from EPA, support this legislation. As explained by Senator McCain, when he introduced S. 2075, the Act does not relieve EPA of its primary responsibility, but serves to provide another source of federal assistance. The

Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes give their full support to this bill and urge the Committee to favorably review it.

KH

DARRELL WADENA, PRESIDENT
NORMAN DESCHAMPE, VICE PRESIDENT

GARY S. FRAZER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
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April 23, 1990

The Honorable Daniel K. Inouye, Chairman
Senate Select Committee on Indian Affairs
Senate Office Building, Room 838
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Inouye:

Enclosed you will find written testimony from the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe supporting passage of Senate Bill 1289, National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act.

The Minnesota Chippewa Tribe joins the Intertribal Timber Council in urging passage of this important piece of legislation that will improve timber resources for member reservations of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or concerns.

Respectfully yours,

Darrell "Chip" Wadena
Darrell "Chip" Wadena, President
Minnesota Chippewa Tribe

Enclosure
cc: Gary Frazer

STATEMET OF DARRELL WADENA, PRESIDENT
THE MINNESOTA CHIPPEWA TRIBE
ON
S.1289, NATIONAL INDIAN FORESTRY RESOURCES MANAGEMENT ACT
BEFORE
THE SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

April 23, 1990

Mr. Chairman and Members of the SubCommittee:

My name is Darrell Wadena; I am the President of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, comprised of six distinct bands (White Earth, Leech Lake, Bois Forte, Fond du Lac, Grand Portage and Mille Lacs).

The Minnesota Chippewa Tribe and its member reservations, White Earth, Fond du Lac, Grand Portage, Leech Lake, Mille Lacs and Bois Forte have extensive holdings of Indian forest lands. These lands represent the largest natural resource of the tribe. The Minnesota Chippewa Tribe has become increasingly aware that Bureau of Indian Affairs management of these Indian forest lands lags substantially behind that of private forest lands and other federal forest lands. In many cases management, even elementary forest resource inventories, still lack computerization and modern rapid retrieval systems. Because of this inadequate level of management, the dollar return to Minnesota Chippewa Tribe from its forest lands is significantly below that of comparable forest lands under other management. In addition, some of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe forest lands regularly endure theft and/or destruction by trespassers. Currently, there exists no effective means of redressing losses caused by trespassers or even any effective means of prosecuting these criminals.

The trust responsibility of the United States for these Indian lands is inadequately exercised by the Bureau of Indian Affairs under current federal legislation. New legislation is imperative to update the ability of the United States in the area of forest trust management.

The Minnesota Chippewa Tribe in cooperation with the Intertribal Timber Council strongly endorses the draft proposal of Senate bill 1289, the National Indian Forestry Resources Management Act.

Darrell Wadena
DARRELL WADENA, PRESIDENT
THE MINNESOTA CHIPPEWA TRIBE

Hoopa Valley Business Council

P.O. Box 1348 ● Hoopa, California 95546 ● (916) 625-4211

Dale Risling
Chairman

HOOPA VALLEY TRIBE
Regular meetings on 1st & 3rd
Thursdays of each Month

1990 MAY 22 AM 9 10

May 18, 1990

Honorable Daniel Inouye
Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Inouye:

We are pleased to be submitting the following testimony on S1289, the The National Indian Forest Resources Management Act. Thank you for holding hearings on this important issue.

We are very pleased to support this bill. Many of the provisions address longstanding concerns in Indian forestry, such as the change in deposit of timber sale proceeds directly into Tribal accounts, etc. We do, however, support several changes which we have noted in the enclosed testimony. Several of these changes are designed to strengthen the direct deposit account sections, and the administrative fee sections. We also believe there is a need to remove some of the overly development oriented language in some of the provisions, since Tribe's routinely designate forested lands for purposes other than intensive forest management. We hope you will consider our proposed changes.

Thank you very much for holding hearings on S1289 and for addressing the needs of Indian tribes with forestry resources.

Sincerely yours,

Dale Risling

Dale Risling, Tribal Chairman
Hoopa Valley Business Council

DR/GB/gb

Hoopa Valley Business Council

P.O. Box 1348 ● Hoopa, California 95546 ● (916) 625-4211

Dale Risling
Chairman

HOOPA VALLEY TRIBE
Regular meetings on 1st & 3rd
Thursdays of each Month

COMMENTS ON S1289
BY
HOOPA VALLEY BUSINESS COUNCIL
THE NATIONAL INDIAN FOREST RESOURCES MANAGEMENT ACT
SUBMITTED FOR THE HEARING RECORD
SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS
HONORABLE DANIEL INOUYE, PRESIDING
May 18, 1990

(Comments are offered on the substitute offered for S1289, presented to the committee on April 24, 1990, and dated "as revised 1-4-90").

The Hoopa Valley Tribe is located in northern California and occupies the Hoopa Valley "Square", an 88,000 acre reservation located on the Federally designated Wild and Scenic Trinity river. The reservation is steep but covered with nearly continuous stands of Douglas-fir forests which comprise about 76,000 commercial acres. The balance of the reservation is composed of non-commercial types, extremely landslide prone areas or river bottom agricultural and urban lands. The current allowable cut is estimated at about 14 MMBF, all of which is currently set aside for the tribe's log merchandising business. The tribe has had a tribal forestry program since 1972. In 1988 the tribe contracted the BIA's forestry and roads program through the Indian Self Determination act. Currently the tribal forestry program has approximately 24 employees, and subcontracts for outside expertise with an additional 4-8 resource specialists in the fields of botany, wildlife, geology, and archaeology.

The Tribe has had a long and occasionally tumultuous relationship with the USDI Bureau of Indian Affairs Branch of Forestry. In some cases it has only been the long standing insistence of excellence in forest management demanded by the Hupas which has led to changes in BIA forest management. For instance the tribe has, since 1980, had a vigorous (and tribally funded) environmental department which has strived to reduce the impact of logging on the environment. These activities have often been seriously opposed by the BIA.

It is with this background that we offer these comments on S1289.

The Hoopa Valley Tribe fully supports the concept and most of the provisions of S1289. We fully support the fact BIA forest management must be implemented on all forested lands, not just commercial forest lands. The Hoopa Valley Tribe also supports the creation of special deposit accounts Sec 206, as well as direct deposit of administrative fees Sec 202. Finally the Tribe supports codifying into law the currently expired Forest Development program, which currently is a Congressional "Add-On".

The Hoopa Valley Tribe suggests the following changes in the revised 1-4-90 version of S1289:

> SEC. 101(a)(7). We strongly agree with the intent of this section. We would change this section so forest management plans would apply to all resources, not those which are being consumed through "...increasing utilization..." Thus we would change the entire number (7) to read as follows:
>
> > (7) forest management plans should provide for detailed and coordinated treatment of the multiple resources of Indian land, as well as reflect the values and objectives of tribal integrated resources management plan;
>
> SEC. 101(a)(14) suggests NEPA and other federal laws should not automatically apply on Indian reservations. This findings is fine for those reservations where there is a set of analogous laws which serve to protect all of the resources of the reservation. However, this finding could also be used where such laws have not been passed by a Tribal Council, and could be used by the BIA to bypass federal compliance with such laws as NEPA. This is especially likely where the BIA has sole jurisdiction over the affairs of the reservation. Indeed, the Hoopa Valley forest resources were essentially managed without tribal authority by the BIA during our legal battle over the Short case. In this instance, where the BIA has sole authority to conduct ground disturbing activities, there should be no waiver of compliance with federal law.
>
> In a second situation, analagous to the first, tribe's would be at the mercy if the BIA were to propose a project, expressly over the desires of the Tribe. In this situation the Tribe, under SEC. 101(a)(14) would have no recourse through NEPA or other similar federal statutes to directly affect agency decision making. NEPA after all, is designed to support good decision making, not good decisions.

We would proposed stripping this section entirely, or else replacing this section with language which forces the BIA to comply with federal law where tribal authority has not superseded such laws as NEPA, etc.

SEC. 101(a)(15), is a finding concerning the civil regulatory authority of tribes. We strongly support this finding. However, the proposed S1289 does not include a mechanism within the act to provide tribes with the financial and regulatory support to enhance tribal regulatory capabilities. We believe there needs to be a portion of the BIA forestry budget which is clearly set aside to assist tribes in developing tribal regulatory authority with regards to forestry activities.

SEC. 102(2) states the purposes of the act. However, we believe this section is to strongly development oriented. We believe the objectives of Indian forest owners includes integrated management and analysis "..[of] the many products, benefits and services obtained from Indian forest lands; including non-market resources which are neither managed for sustained yield because they are not consumed in the market place nor are commonly considered as benefits, products or services."

SEC. 102(3) would clarify and secure application of forest management deductions back to the reservation. The Hoopa Valley Tribe strongly supports this provision, at least as far as it is proposed. However, we believe this section is not strong enough since forest management deductions apparently can still be returned to the US treasury under this provision. We would change this provision so that this provision explicitly prevents return of forest management deductions to the treasury as well as:

> "...assur[ing] that no other deductions shall be collected to be covered into the general funds of the U.S. Treasury or otherwise offset Federal appropriations for meeting the Federal trust responsibility for the protection, conservation, utilization, management, and enhancement of Indian forest lands;"

SEC. 103(4) defines the term forest. We would support a slightly different definition of "forest". We believe the last portion of the sentence should be eliminated, which restricts the term "forest" to those lands which "... [are] currently not developed or planned for exclusive non-forest use". As this section is currently worded, the term forest could easily be construed not to apply to wilderness areas, cultural areas etc, in spite of their being forested.

SEC. 103(13) defines the term "forest management plan". We believe this definition should be dropped entirely. We strongly believe an integrated resource management plan should be developed for all forested lands. This would eliminate the separate functional document known as a "forest management plan" which is prepared to regulate the detailed multiple-uses of intensively managed forest lands. Essentially we believe an overall IRMP for all forested lands whether dedicated to intensive timber management or not is a far more comprehensive management planning process than to individually produce functional documents for each separate resource on forested lands.

SEC. 201(1) should be changed by dropping everything after "set forth" and adding "integrated resource management plans." The balance of the sentence is heavily market place and production oriented (i.e. "... to the harvesting of forest products, forestation, timber stand improvement,...") which could in fact be directly opposite the goals of the forest management plan or IRMP for those lands being considered.

SEC. 201(5) requires that the relevant tribe shall determine whether forest lands should remain in their natural state. This section should be drastically changed since this is the only subsection within 201 which uses the term "...when the relevant tribe...". There is absolutely no apparent reason to include this modifier in the section. Essentially, this modifier places an additional burden on tribes who desire some or all of their lands be managed in a natural state. This section can be modified by dropping the words the relevant.

SEC. 202(c) is a section which the Hoopa Valley Tribe supports, at least as far as is written. We believe, however, this section needs to be strengthened so Forest Management deductions cannot be returned to the treasury. Currently section (c) only requires these funds not be offset. This section should be strengthened to read;

> "Forest management deductions shall not offset federal appropriations for management of Indian forest lands. Forest Management Deductions shall be considered as local no-year forest assistance accounts and shall accrue interest and be available until expended."

The Hoopa Valley Tribe also strongly supports the intent and generally the language contained in SEC. 202(e) and SEC. 204(a). However we believe both sections should be changed so that direct deposit accounts not be subject to Secretarial regulations. The term "Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may issue," should be dropped in both of these sections.

SEC. 203 (a)(1)(i) should be changed to triple stumpage value.

We believe SEC. 205(b) should be changed so that Secretarial responsibility for activities on Indian land would only be considered as a federal undertaking when there were no corresponding statutes issued by recognized tribal governments regulating such activities.

We strongly support all of the language in Title VII, SEC. 701, Tribal-Federal Cooperative Forest Land Consolidation.

Finally, we would propose the bill include language which would codify into law the current provisions of the the Forest Development Add-On's which have been approved by Congress. The act providing for the supplemental funding of backlog reforestation projects on indian lands expired in 1988, since there was a 10 year sunset provision in the bill when it was passed in 1977. There is still a need to provide funding for the reforestation backlog, since not all of the backlog has been retired yet. We firmly believe there should be a reforestation line item in the BIA forestry budget, similar to that of the USFS, which serves to supplement reforestation activities and to retire the backlog.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this testimony.

United States General Accounting Office

GAO

Testimony

For Release
on Delivery
Expected at
9:30 a.m. EDT
Tuesday
April 24, 1990

GAO Observations on Timber Harvesting and Forest Development Needs on Indian Reservations

Statement for the Record by
James Duffus III, Director,
Natural Resources Management Issues
Resources, Community, and Economic
Development Division

Before the
Select Committee on Indian Affairs
United States Senate

Dear Mr. Chairman, Mr. Vice-Chairman, and Members of the Committee:

We are pleased to provide this statement for the record on the results to date of our ongoing work addressing the Bureau of Indian Affairs' (BIA) forestry program. Our work is updating a 1975 report.[1] At that time, BIA was pursuing a goal of maximizing timber production on Indian timber lands, as represented by BIA's official estimate of Annual Allowable Cut (AAC), but was only harvesting about 78 percent of the AAC of 1 billion board feet. We also reported, among other things, that important forest development work was not being done.

Our current work indicates that, as a result of greater tribal influence in shaping the Indian forestry program,

-- some reservations are pursuing harvesting goals that are below BIA's official AAC;

-- some tribal harvesting policies and practices produce less volume and contribute to shortfalls in meeting harvesting goals, and

-- harvesting is more compatible with tribal preferences for the use of the land.

---

[1] Indian Natural Resources--Opportunities For Improved Management And Increased Productivity. Part I: Forest Land, Rangeland, and Cropland (GAO/RED-76-8, Aug. 18, 1975).

Concerning forest development work, about one-half of the acreage estimated in 1977 as needing forest development work (referred to as the 1977 backlog) remains undone. However, because of problems in inventory identification and recordkeeping, we believe it is no longer appropriate to continue using the 1977 backlog as the basis for providing dedicated funding for forest development. First, the estimated backlog was less than complete and did not adequately define the acres and type of work that was needed. Second, the reporting of accomplishments against the backlog is inconsistent. And third, the inventory reported in 1977 is now outdated and is not a good indicator of current forest development needs.

Our statement is based on work performed to date at five Indian reservations--Menominee in Wisconsin, Yakima and Colville in Washington, and Fort Apache and San Carlos in Arizona. In fiscal year 1989, these tribes accounted for 38 percent of the timber harvested under BIA's forestry program and 35 percent of the total commercial timberland acreage on Indian forest lands.

TIMBER HARVESTING

Between 1975 and 1989, BIA's annual harvest volume has averaged about 72 percent of the official AAC, with individual annual harvests ranging from 51 percent to 88 percent. However, because greater tribal influence in defining individual reservation goals has changed the emphasis of the forestry program, BIA's official AAC may not reflect each reservation's current harvesting goals. Thus comparisons of annual harvests to BIA's official AAC are misleading as an indicator of whether harvests are meeting goals. Two of the reservations we visited were using goals that differed significantly from BIA's official AAC, as indicated below.

-- The Colville reservation's most recently approved forest management plan was approved in 1961 and contains BIA's official AAC for Colville of 120 million board feet. However, with BIA agency office agreement, the Colville reservation has for several years been using a goal of 80 million board feet. For fiscal years 1988 and 1989, Colville has harvested 111 percent and 89 percent of this revised goal.

-- Fort Apache's current approved plan for 1981 to 1990 contains an official AAC of 97.2 million board feet. However, for 1988 and 1989, the reservation has been harvesting against a lower goal of 67.6 million board feet which, according to BIA agency and tribal officials, more closely reflects tribal preferences. During these 2 years the reservation harvested 90 percent and 110 percent of this lower goal.

Two of the other three reservations we visited--Yakima and Menominee--use BIA's official AAC as their harvesting goals. Over the past 5 years their actual harvests have averaged about 67 percent and 65 percent of their respective goals. The fifth reservation, San Carlos, has a small forestry program and has not harvested any timber since 1981. However, the reservation plans to harvest its entire 10-year goal of 29.5 million board feet (2.95 million a year for 10 years) during the last 2 years of its current plan, which runs through 1991.

According to BIA and tribal representatives, actual annual harvests overall have not reached goals for a variety of reasons. These reasons include national or local conditions such as poor markets, as well as circumstances specific to an individual reservation, such as

-- the occurrence of fire or disease,

-- the ability of the reservation's forestry program staff to prepare and complete sales adequate to meet the goal, and

-- inefficiencies in the actual harvesting effort.

At the reservations we visited, tribal practices were a recurring significant factor limiting the amount of timber harvested in a given year or during individual sales. Examples cited by BIA and tribal officials include tribal decisions on

-- the use or extent of clearcutting;

-- the cutting of trees near streams, roads, and wildlife areas;

-- the use of workers other than tribal members or BIA staff;

-- the kinds of trees that can or cannot be cut; or

-- the application of other restrictions on cutting within prescribed sales areas.

Because of such policy changes or unexpected requirements, less timber may be harvested during a given sale than had been planned, so that over the course of the year annual harvest volumes can be significantly reduced.

Tribal decisions such as these can be made by tribal councils whose membership can differ from those of councils serving when harvest goals are developed or when specific sales are initially planned. This situation occurs because membership in tribal councils can change yearly, while forest management plans usually cover a 10-year period and individual timber sales can take as long as 4 or 5 years to prepare before actual harvest.

FOREST DEVELOPMENT

In our 1975 report we concluded that forest development work, such as reforestation and thinning, which is important in maintaining and enhancing commercial timberland productivity, was not being done.[2] Subsequently, BIA identified a backlog of forest development work on about 1 million acres of commercial Indian forest land as of 1977. The Congress then authorized special funding to complete the reported backlog of forest development work.

From fiscal years 1977 through 1989, the Congress appropriated about $81 million in special funding to reduce the backlog. This special funding program is the only dedicated funding for forest development on Indian forest lands. The use of other forestry program funds for forest development activities is discretionary, with the decisions left to the tribes or BIA Agency offices. According to BIA, as of the end of fiscal year 1989, about one-half of the reported backlog work had been accomplished.

---

[2] Forest development involves reforestation and timber stand improvement activities applied to a forest to establish and raise a stand of trees to commercial size and value. It also entails repeating the process in perpetuity under the principle of sustained-yield management.

Our ongoing work indicates that the original backlog estimate of about 1 million acres was highly speculative. At the five reservations we visited, there were indications that the original 1977 backlog was not accurate. For example, Colville's reported backlog was based on "observations" made in 1962. And when two other reservations--Fort Apache and San Carlos--subsequently re-evaluated their forest development needs, they concluded that their reported backlog was not a good measure of the forest development work needed.

Moreover, although BIA reports that about one-half of the 1977 backlog work has been accomplished, progress in completing the reported backlog is uncertain for the following reasons.

-- Because the reported backlog of individual reservations was not always adequately defined in terms of specific acres and treatments, it is difficult to measure the completion of forest development work against the reported backlog.

-- Reservations differ significantly in how they measure and report the accomplishment of backlog work. Two reservations--Menominee and Colville--report backlog work as accomplished only if the work is paid for with special backlog funds. The development work on acreage reported as part of the backlog is not treated as a backlog accomplishment if it is paid for with other funds. Until

1985, Fort Apache was reporting all its forest development work on backlog acreage as accomplishments regardless of how it was funded. In 1985, it changed to reporting as backlog accomplishments only work that special funding had paid for. Conversely, Yakima counted all forest development work on its reported backlog as accomplishments even though a lot of the work was paid for with other funds. As a result, Yakima reported that its 1977 backlog was completed in fiscal year 1988 and has received no special backlog funding since then.

Furthermore, some reservations indicated that other forest development needs that were either inadvertently left out of the 1977 backlog or which have since occurred may be more important than some remaining backlog work. All of the reservations we visited have identified or are aware of forest development needs beyond any undone 1977 backlog work.

On the basis of our findings to date, we believe using the 1977 backlog as the basis for providing dedicated forest development funding is no longer appropriate.

- - - - -

In summary, much has changed in the intervening years since we issued our 1975 report on maximizing timber production on Indian forest lands and since BIA identified its 1977 backlog of forest development work. Greater emphasis is now being given in timber harvesting to satisfying tribal preferences rather than to maximizing production. Also, the passage of time has made BIA's previously identified backlog outdated and not representative of current forest development needs.

FORESTRY PROGRAM
FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS

FY 1989

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DIVISION OF FORESTRY
WASHINGTON, D.C.

MARCH 1990

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APPENDIX A

COVER MEMORANDUM

United States Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20245

MAR 01 1990

IN REPLY REFER TO:
Forestry
Code 232

Memorandum

To: Deputy to the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs
(Trust and Economic Development)

From: Chief, Division of Forestry Marshall M. Cutsforth

Subject: Fiscal Year 1989 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis

Your memorandum of November 22, 1989, requested Area Directors to furnish over 200 items of information about each Forestry Program in their jurisdiction. The purpose of this initiative, as with earlier initiatives in 1984 and 1987, was to provide a means to perform an in-depth analysis of the Bureauwide Forestry Program to determine the present program scope and workload, where and how forestry dollars are being spent, what personnel resources are available to carry out the forestry mission, and what resources will be required during the five-year period 1992-1996 to provide state-of-the-art forest management services to the Indian forest owners. Finally, it will enable the preparation of more accurate and effective and response to the numerous questions coming from the executive and legislative branches of the government as well as the Indian community and the private sector.

The field data entry forms were error checked, key punched, and machine processed. A final check was made of the processed data to identify inconsistencies or data errors that required correction and/or re-verification by the field. This report is the product of that effort. Basically, five areas of interest/concern are enumerated in the report, namely:

1. Fiscal Year 1989 allocations/obligations by Federal and Tribal appropriations.
2. Forestry Program position analysis for Fiscal Year 1989.
3. Forestry Program funding and personnel needs by activity for the Fiscal Year period 1992-1996.
4. Statistical data for each field program for Fiscal Year 1989.
5. Tribal/allottee investments in the development of the forest through timber sale contracts for Fiscal Year 1989.

Appendix B comprises summary tables by Area and Bureau for each program aspect to be evaluated. These same summary tables also appear in Appendix C with the general tables for Agencies and/or Reservations. Appendix D contains footnotes relative to the report while Appendix E contains a copy of the data entry forms and associated footnotes. Appendix F is comprised of Area and Bureau summary tables from the Addendum to the FY 1987 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis (update of the needs analysis - FY 1991-1995) compiled in February 1989. Appendix G is comprised of Area and Bureau summary tables from the FY 1987 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis compiled in May 1988. Appendices F and G are included here for both information and comparative analysis. Reviewers should be referred to the 1984 and 1987 reports for Agency/Reservation specific data.

While footnotes are used frequently throughout the text of the report, and in the data entry sheets (see Appendices D and E), a few items require further explanation or need to be emphasized. These include:

1. Unlike the 1984 and 1987 reports, new needs are identified for all ten Forestry Program activities (the addendum to the FY 1987 report included all ten Forestry Program activities), and personnel and support costs therein are reflected in terms of 1989 dollars with no inflation factor being applied. Also, existing vacant positions, due to lack of funding, are included as new needs and appropriate personal services and support costs are reflected accordingly.

2. New needs are those required to perform forestry work on all trust forestlands over and above existing staffing and funding, including new forestland bases acquired through acts of Congress or private tribal purchases, and in trust status as of September 30, 1989.

3. Juneau Area did not identify needs in previous reports, however, they did identify new needs in this initiative to address the management of several thousand Alaska Native trust allotments.

Overall, the report reflects a genuine effort by the Bureau's forestry officials, in cooperation with tribal officials, to accurately portray their Forestry Programs, and to identify funding and personnel needs to provide state-of-the-art forest management services to the Indian forest owners. The data contained in this report was obtained from Central, Area, and Agency Office forestry records, and may or may not reconcile with other financial or personnel records of the Bureau. The numbers reflect what some 100 forestry officials perceive their programs to be comprised of based on the funding and personnel that have been provided them by Bureau management to perform the forestry mission. We feel that any disparities are of little consequence and will not affect the credibility of the report or the results of any analysis work.

We are optimistic this report will provide answers to the many inquiries regarding the state of the Indian Forestry Program and portray realistic needs necessary to provide quality services to the Indian people throughout the 1990's.

APPENDIX B

SUMMARY TABLES

(AREA AND BUREAU TOTALS)

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis -- FY 1989

Summary

BIA Appropriations ($'s in thousands):

	Allocation 1/	Obligation	
Banded (Table 1)	23,031.7	23,353.8	
FMI&P (Unbanded) (Table 1A)	1,200.0	1,315.4	
Forest Pest Control ("X" Account) (Table 2)	441.9	404.5	2/
Spec. For. Dev. (Unbanded) (Table 3)	8,131.0	7,745.6	
For. Prod. Marketing (Unbanded) (Table 3A)	338.0	405.2	
Subtotal - All Appropriations	33,142.6	33,224.5	
Fire Management (All Forest and Range Protection -- 61,222,700 Acres)			
a) Fire Presupp. (Table 5)	17,062.5	14,810.8	
b) Fire Supp. and Rehab. (Table 5)		14,023.3	3/
Subtotal - Fire Management	17,062.5	28,834.1	

Tribal/Allottee Contributions ($'s in thousands):

	Avail./Allocation	Invested
Forest Management Deductions (Table 6)	14,224.8	6,020.1
Other Tribal For. Program Funding (Table 7)	2,255.4	2,255.4
Tribal/Allottee Investments in the Develop. of the Forest Through Timber Sale Contracts (Table 13)	9,965.9	9,965.9
Subtotal - Tribal/Allottee Contributions	26,446.1	18,241.4
TOTAL	76,651.2	80,300.0

[1/] With the exception of forest pest control, the difference between allocation and obligation within the banded and unbanded BIA appropriations can primarily be attributed to shifting funds between those appropriations.

[2/] Includes obligation of "X" Account carryover funds.

[3/] Does not include $14,759.6 K (Table 5) expended in support of cooperator fire operations.

Note: Financial Management (Central Office) reports the total FY 1989 final appropriation for the Forestry Program to be $32,617 K excluding fire presuppression, suppression, and rehabilitation. After reducing the total Forestry allocation of $33,142.6 K reported above by $441.9 K (USFS appropriation for forest pest control), the disparity between that reported by Financial Management and that provided by the field for the Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis is $83.7 K [$32,617 - ($33,142.6 - 441.9)], or about 0.26 percent. All of this difference is in the banded portion of the budget. Since the numbers in this report came from individual forestry programs in the field, it would be difficult to reconcile this small difference. It is also interesting to note that total obligations reported of $32,820 K (after deducting $404.5 K of forest pest control obligations) are $203 K greater than the final appropriation of $32,617 K indicated by Financial Management. What appears to be an over obligation was covered with funding from other than Forestry appropriations.

Position and Annual Funding Needs (FY 1992-1996):

Position and funding needs were identified for the following ten activities:

- Forest Inventory and Plans
- Forest Protection
- Forest Products Permits
- Forestry GIS
- Forest Road Maintenance
- Forest Development
- Timber Sale Management
- Tribal Enterprises
- Forest Archeology
- Woodland Management

Below is a comparison of the FY 1991-1995 needs update (addendum report dated February 1989) and the current needs analysis for the period FY 1992-1996 (report dated March 1990) (see Table 12 of both reports):

TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES

	New FTE Needs (No.)				Funding Needs ($M)		
Area	Prof.	Tech.	Supp.	Total	Per. Ser.	Support	Total
Aberdeen							
2/89	1.0	3.0	1.2	5.2	94.9	34.7	129.6
3/90	2.1	3.5	1.0	6.6	155.4	73.6	229.0
Albuquerque							
2/89	29.1	26.0	6.4	61.5	1442.7	951.9	2394.6
3/90	35.0	42.2	12.0	89.2	2242.3	1408.5	3650.8
Anadarko							
2/89	2.0	2.0	.0	4.0	94.0	86.7	180.7
3/90	4.0	3.0	5.0	12.0	207.5	92.7	300.2
Billings							
2/89	12.0	7.7	3.0	22.7	563.6	238.1	801.7
3/90	10.5	11.3	3.7	25.5	592.2	269.4	861.6
Eastern							
2/89	3.0	7.0	1.5	11.5	345.0	786.6	1131.6
3/90	10.5	17.0	4.1	31.6	774.9	961.0	1735.9

TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES

	New FTE Needs (No.)				Funding Needs ($K)		
Area	Prof.	Tech.	Supp.	Total	Per. Ser.	Support	Total
Juneau							
2/89	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
3/90	14.0	6.0	1.0	21.0	735.3	554.2	1289.5
Minneapolis							
2/89	40.4	52.9	9.6	102.9	2767.3	1965.6	4732.9
3/90	36.2	43.1	8.6	87.9	2346.7	2149.1	4495.8
Muskogee							
2/88	4.5	2.8	.2	7.5	208.0	311.0	519.0
3/90	6.0	3.0	.2	9.2	236.2	323.0	559.2
Navajo							
2/88	7.0	10.0	5.0	22.0	511.7	722.7	1234.4
3/90	10.0	26.0	5.0	41.0	708.5	709.0	1417.5
Phoenix							
2/89	15.5	18.7	5.0	39.2	874.6	776.8	1651.4
3/90	16.5	67.7	10.2	94.4	2103.0	625.7	2728.7
Portland							
2/89	65.1	106.0	23.5	194.6	5350.6	6566.4	11917.0
3/90	80.6	129.0	23.0	232.6	6034.0	6557.9	12591.9
Sacramento							
2/89	9.7	11.4	3.9	25.0	546.6	203.5	750.1
3/90	11.0	7.0	2.8	20.8	486.0	68.6	554.6
Central Office							
2/89	9.0	1.0	1.0	11.0	428.9	219.1	648.0
3/90	10.0	1.0	.0	11.0	462.0	245.0	707.0
Bureau - Total							
2/89	198.3	248.5	60.3	507.1	13227.9	12863.1	26091.0
3/90	246.4	359.8	76.6	682.8	17084.0	14037.7	31121.7

There are a number of reasons why new position and funding needs have increased from the February 1989 to the March 1990 analysis. New FTE needs increased by 175.7 from 507.1 to 682.8 and funding needs increased by $5,030.7 K from $26,091.0 K to $31,121.7 K. While individual programs would have to be analyzed to pinpoint and justify increases, they can generally be attributed to the following:

1. Juneau Area did not identify new annual needs in previous reports, however, they did identify $1,289.5 K in this analysis to address the management of several thousand Alaska Native trust allotments.

2. There was a substantial increase in the forest development activity primarily because of a large accrual of TSI work identified in post-1977 surveys on the White Mountain Apache Reservation.

3. The needs of the forest protection activity increased substantially because of logistical costs involved with greater participation in the interagency dispatch of Indian firefighter crews.

4. The inclusion of existing vacant positions that were designated as unfunded in Table 8. It was believed existing vacant positions were included as new needs in the Addendum to the FY 1987 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis (Update of the Needs Analysis), February 1989, however, this was probably not the case.

5. The addition of one-year adjustment for inflation.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 1 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	BANDED	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	164.2	56.9	0.0	2.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	82.5	2	22.2	163.7
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1534.5	1173.0	30.5	31.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	315.4	1570.7
AREA - ANADARKO	192.9	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	0.0	192.9
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	869.3	705.2	0.0	4.1	17.7	14	0.0	0	0.0	0	143.6	870.6
AREA - EASTERN	1042.2	292.3	0.0	31.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	684.3	5	33.8	1042.2
AREA - JUNEAU	796.7	399.6	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	232.1	4	116.6	775.6
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	2184.1	1104.5	0.0	28.1	121.0	40	0.0	0	652.0	10	278.5	2184.1
AREA - MUSKOGEE	58.1	42.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.4	1	10.5	58.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	729.5	403.1	0.0	0.0	5.4	6	0.0	0	234.5	1	84.3	727.3
AREA - PHOENIX	2742.6	1946.9	0.0	0.0	17.0	23	0.0	0	420.1	3	384.1	2768.1
AREA - PORTLAND	10618.7	7835.6	0.0	0.0	351.8	105	3.6	1	748.4	15	1964.1	10903.5
AREA - SACRAMENTO	741.4	417.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	2	0.0	0	205.2	3	112.0	739.5
CENTRAL OFFICE	1357.5	1044.4	0.0	4.9	0.0	0	175.8	1	0.0	0	132.6	1357.5
BUREAU - TOTAL	23031.7	15451.5	30.5	122.8	547.7	192	179.6	2	3426.4	45	3395.5	23333.8

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS H-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 1A - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FRI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FRI&P (UNBANDED) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	124.0	108.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.7	124.0
AREA - ANADARKO	12.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.0	12.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	14.8	1	0.0	0	4.4	19.2
AREA - EASTERN	28.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	142.0	0	6.0	158.9
AREA - JUNEAU	149.0	71.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.9	0	40.0	138.2
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	129.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	85.3	2	44.1	129.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	12.0	0	1.0	18.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	126.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	59.6	1	0.0	0	60.0	0	6.3	127.2
AREA - PHOENIX	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	1	35.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	38.0
AREA - PORTLAND	495.6	15.2	0.0	0.0	128.1	9	0.0	0	291.3	4	59.8	494.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	48.2	0	3.8	52.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	4.1	4.1
BUREAU - TOTAL	1200.0	206.0	0.0	0.0	200.7	13	49.8	2	665.7	6	193.2	1315.6

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

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BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 2 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	89.7	23.3	12.0	0.0	0.0	0	7.0	1	17.8	0	0.0	60.1
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	25.0	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	5.0	1	0.0	0	9.1	34.5
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.4	0	0.0	18.4
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	220.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	220.0	0	0.0	220.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	47.7	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.8	0	0.0	15.1
AREA - PORTLAND	57.0	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	1	2.4	53.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.5	2.5
BUREAU - TOTAL	441.9	63.5	12.0	0.0	0.0	0	12.0	2	303.0	1	14.0	404.5

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

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: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 3 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOR.DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	183.9	23.0	16.4	4.0	0.0	0	111.3	2	29.2	1	0.0	183.9
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1000.0	418.6	108.3	0.0	52.6	6	11.1	7	197.2	6	206.0	993.8
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	371.1	82.4	1.0	0.0	15.0	1	220.0	7	0.0	0	26.0	344.4
AREA - EASTERN	140.0	46.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	83.5	1	10.0	140.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1200.0	330.4	0.0	0.0	117.7	8	24.1	7	580.7	6	147.1	1200.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	80.0	42.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	10.0	0	22.5	80.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	500.0	129.9	90.4	0.0	0.0	0	196.4	4	0.0	0	60.3	477.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1000.0	56.2	449.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	382.0	0	31.4	918.7
AREA - PORTLAND	3300.0	147.0	22.5	0.0	20.0	1	0.0	0	2846.4	6	15.9	3051.8
AREA - SACRAMENTO	220.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	215.1	1	0.0	220.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	136.0	86.1	0.0	8.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	41.9	136.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	8131.0	1367.5	687.7	12.0	210.3	17	562.9	27	4344.1	21	561.1	7743.6

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 3A - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--FOR. PROD. MARKETING (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11.0
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	90.0	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	2	0.0	0	30.0	0	12.4	90.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.3	2.3
AREA - PORTLAND	95.0	77.9	0.0	0.0	68.1	3	0.0	0	55.0	1	12.9	213.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	88.0	56.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	88.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	338.0	181.3	0.0	1.5	79.8	6	0.0	0	85.0	1	57.6	405.2

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 4 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) -- ALL APPROPRIATIONS										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	348.1	79.9	16.4	6.1	0.0	0	111.3	2	111.7	3	22.2	347.6
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	2748.2	1723.2	130.8	51.8	63.6	7	18.1	8	215.0	6	537.1	2739.6
AREA - ANADARKO	204.9	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	8.0	204.9
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	1284.4	808.0	1.0	4.1	32.7	15	239.8	9	0.0	0	183.1	1268.7
AREA - EASTERN	1211.1	348.7	0.0	31.8	5.0	1	0.0	0	924.2	6	49.8	1339.5
AREA - JUNEAU	945.7	470.7	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	259.0	4	154.6	913.8
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3823.5	1481.8	0.0	28.1	239.4	50	24.1	7	1568.0	18	482.1	3823.5
AREA - MUSKOGEE	156.1	84.7	0.0	0.0	10.0	2	0.0	0	27.4	1	34.0	156.1
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - NAVAJO	1355.5	536.3	90.4	0.0	65.0	7	196.6	4	294.5	1	150.9	1331.5
AREA - PHOENIX	3893.3	2007.4	449.1	0.0	20.0	24	35.0	1	812.9	3	417.8	3742.2
AREA - PORTLAND	14566.3	8087.2	22.5	0.0	568.0	118	3.6	1	3981.1	27	2055.1	14717.5
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1017.4	421.9	0.0	0.0	5.3	2	0.0	0	468.5	4	115.8	1011.5
CENTRAL OFFICE	1588.1	1187.0	0.0	14.4	0.0	0	175.8	1	0.0	0	210.9	1588.1
BUREAU - TOTAL	33142.6	17269.8	730.2	136.3	1038.5	228	804.1	33	8824.2	76	4421.4	33226.5

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 5 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

		FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS -- PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB								
		FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860)					FIRE SUPP. (8861)		EMERGENCY	
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) NFYP ALLOCATION	T. 8860 OBLIG.	PERS. SERV.	CONTRACTS MOU'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(3	BIA	OTHER	REHAB. (8862)	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	751.3	661.1	445.3	57.0	50.1	108.7	1176.4	0.0	0.9	1838.4
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***									
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1418.8	1489.8	1059.8	185.2	50.1	194.7	1374.1	3790.5	26.0	6680.4
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***									
AREA - BILLINGS	1381.2	1174.5	710.0	215.3	54.1	195.1	1584.3	4178.5	201.2	7138.5
AREA - EASTERN	462.4	354.7	131.5	142.5	23.1	57.6	29.9	21.6	0.0	406.2
AREA - JUNEAU	409.2	299.8	90.6	28.7	18.2	162.3	0.0	16.5	0.0	316.3
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	616.5	419.6	137.9	245.6	5.3	30.3	256.5	25.4	0.0	701.5
AREA - MUSKOGEE	76.5	61.0	40.9	3.7	0.7	15.7	16.1	0.0	0.0	77.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***									
AREA - NAVAJO	856.9	725.2	477.9	130.3	12.4	104.6	205.6	477.5	2.4	1410.7
AREA - PHOENIX	5196.2	4033.2	2321.8	476.2	185.7	1049.5	2577.3	4398.1	204.7	11213.3
AREA - PORTLAND	4473.5	4256.8	1026.9	2433.0	104.0	692.9	4540.0	1807.9	1434.2	12038.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	650.7	544.7	125.5	231.3	10.2	177.7	362.7	15.0	31.0	953.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	769.3	790.4	0.2	659.4	50.6	80.2	0.0	28.6	0.0	819.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	17062.5	14810.8	6568.3	4808.2	364.5	2869.8	12122.9	14739.6	1900.4	43593.7

** NOTE: OBLIGATIONS FOR ANY GIVEN ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCED AS ACTUAL FIRE OBLIGATIONS OF THE BIA ARE FINALIZED.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 6 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR.MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4)				
				TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	2.5	1.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***							
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	29.0	50.6	79.6	4.2	14.0	0.0	12.9	31.1
AREA - ANADARKO	24.1	6.3	30.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***							
AREA - BILLINGS	43.0	59.1	102.1	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0
AREA - EASTERN	97.8	49.0	146.8	11.9	0.0	43.7	0.0	55.6
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	46.4	46.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	100.5	66.5	167.0	17.9	0.0	2.0	15.3	35.2
AREA - MUSKOGEE	2.3	1.9	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***							
AREA - NAVAJO	297.7	314.9	612.6	205.3	0.0	0.0	85.3	290.8
AREA - PHOENIX	838.0	629.8	1467.8	0.0	0.0	382.1	119.7	501.8
AREA - PORTLAND	5174.9	5631.6	10806.5	1498.6	94.9	2411.4	964.0	4968.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	282.4	475.0	757.4	46.5	0.0	24.8	52.1	123.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	6892.2	7332.6	14224.8	1796.6	108.9	2865.3	1249.3	6020.1

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 1989
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 7 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL TRIBAL FOR FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (5) TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***					
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	317.2	217.7	0.0	30.0	69.5	317.2
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***					
AREA - BILLINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	212.4	10.1	0.0	192.3	10.0	212.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***					
AREA - NAVAJO	395.0	263.7	0.0	0.0	131.3	395.0
AREA - PHOENIX	16.1	14.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.1
AREA - PORTLAND	647.9	271.4	0.0	261.5	115.0	647.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	666.8	348.5	0.0	167.5	150.8	666.8
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	2255.4	1126.0	0.0	651.3	478.1	2255.4

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEAR 1989

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 8 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP FUR	SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL / O	V /	B/ T/
AREA - ABERDEEN	4.0	1.0	17.5	22.5	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.5	0.0	22.5	0.0	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***															
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	60.9	18.3	54.9	134.1	31.9	3.4	32.5	1.4	10.5	0.2	51.5	2.7	126.4	7.7	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	35.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - ANADARKO	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***															
AREA - BILLINGS	32.8	8.0	81.0	121.8	17.2	2.8	10.6	4.4	5.3	0.5	73.4	7.6	106.5	15.3	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	9.2	0.0	/TRI
AREA - EASTERN	10.0	3.0	10.5	23.5	6.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	9.5	1.0	19.5	4.0	/BIA
					7.3	0.0	7.7	0.0	4.7	0.0	2.0	0.0	21.7	0.0	/TRI
AREA - JUNEAU	15.0	2.0	0.0	17.0	9.0	4.0	0.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	5.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	51.5	1.0	15.8	68.3	29.5	2.5	10.0	1.0	8.6	0.9	1.8	14.0	49.9	18.4	/BIA
					11.8	0.2	15.5	0.5	2.0	0.0	1.3	0.2	30.6	0.9	/TRI
AREA - MUSKOGEE	5.0	1.0	1.0	7.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***															
AREA - NAVAJO	20.0	9.0	90.0	119.0	5.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	81.0	10.0	109.0	10.0	/BIA
					8.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	75.0	0.0	102.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - PHOENIX	58.1	35.0	440.0	533.1	29.0	3.0	35.1	9.0	12.0	0.0	320.0	125.0	396.1	137.0	/BIA
					5.0	0.0	12.0	4.0	11.0	0.0	31.5	0.5	59.5	4.5	/TRI
AREA - PORTLAND	327.0	70.0	54.0	451.0	136.7	36.5	109.8	54.0	46.0	6.0	58.0	4.0	350.5	100.5	/BIA
					33.0	13.0	99.0	9.0	27.7	2.0	311.0	37.0	470.7	61.0	/TRI
AREA - SACRAMENTO	14.0	0.0	0.0	14.0	4.6	2.9	5.0	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	10.8	3.2	/BIA
					5.7	7.3	13.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	40.7	14.3	/TRI
CENTRAL OFFICE	26.3	0.3	0.0	26.6	16.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	8.7	1.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	1.6	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
BUREAU - TOTAL	625.6	148.6	764.7	1538.9	287.2	57.4	232.0	71.8	101.3	9.2	615.7	164.3	1236.2	302.7	/BIA
					73.8	20.5	170.2	16.5	62.4	3.0	485.0	40.7	791.4	80.7	/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 9 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	9.0	38.0	47.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.2	27.0	4.0	31.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	4.6	1.8	0.2	6.6	162.5	68.2	230.7	4.1	7.7	1.1	12.9	296.6	101.0	397.6
AREA - ANADARKO	1.1	0.2	0.0	1.3	34.3	16.6	50.9	0.3	0.3	2.0	2.6	32.1	24.0	56.1
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	1.9	0.0	0.6	2.5	78.0	13.7	91.7	0.9	2.0	0.6	3.5	72.5	64.4	136.9
AREA - EASTERN	1.3	0.5	0.0	1.8	63.0	49.5	112.5	1.0	7.3	1.0	9.3	173.5	285.0	458.5
AREA - JUNEAU	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	87.9	48.0	135.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	4.7	0.7	0.8	6.2	219.6	407.2	626.8	7.9	12.6	2.7	23.2	584.4	684.3	1268.7
AREA - MUSKOGEE	3.4	0.2	0.0	3.6	96.9	108.0	204.9	1.1	0.5	0.0	1.6	42.1	74.0	116.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1986 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1.9	3.2	1.2	6.3	76.3	85.5	161.8	3.2	47.9	5.2	56.3	1312.0	150.0	1462.0
AREA - PORTLAND	11.6	12.6	1.2	25.4	695.7	415.4	1111.1	11.7	15.9	1.7	29.3	761.9	1402.6	2164.5
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.0	0.2	0.1	1.3	42.7	2.2	44.9	1.2	2.4	0.6	4.2	83.7	9.6	93.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	6.2	1.0	0.0	7.2	284.6	94.4	379.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	5.0	17.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	38.9	22.4	4.1	65.4	1850.5	1346.7	3197.2	32.8	97.3	15.2	145.3	3438.2	2823.9	6262.1

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 10 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.3	1.5	0.3	2.1	37.1	4.8	41.9	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.4	28.5	4.0	32.5
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	9.2	13.1	7.6	29.9	692.6	654.1	1346.7	3.6	8.7	1.5	13.8	392.9	96.3	489.2
AREA - ANADARKO	0.4	0.8	3.0	4.2	50.6	16.0	66.6	0.9	0.4	0.0	1.3	30.4	11.0	41.4
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.2	1.1	0.1	1.4	26.5	8.4	34.9	2.1	5.5	1.8	9.4	185.7	32.1	217.8
AREA - EASTERN	2.0	1.5	0.5	4.0	72.0	61.5	133.5	1.8	0.8	0.0	2.6	62.4	49.0	111.4
AREA - JUNEAU	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	80.7	25.0	105.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	148.0	50.0	198.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	2.9	1.4	0.3	4.6	150.8	142.4	293.2	12.2	13.8	2.6	28.6	732.4	230.6	963.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	45.0	65.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	19.6	16.0	35.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	103.5	10.0	113.5
AREA - PHOENIX	0.2	2.2	0.7	3.1	57.6	35.0	92.6	4.6	3.2	1.7	9.5	200.2	57.9	258.1
AREA - PORTLAND	10.0	7.8	2.2	20.0	548.2	400.5	948.7	28.6	61.8	10.7	101.1	2415.0	1068.4	3483.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.8	0.2	0.4	2.4	60.1	8.2	68.3	1.0	0.2	0.5	1.7	36.1	6.2	42.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	44.2	5.8	50.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	105.0	117.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	30.0	30.6	15.1	75.7	1840.4	1406.7	3247.1	60.8	97.2	20.2	178.2	4366.7	1736.5	6103.2

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 11 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	15.2	2.8	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	0.9	2.2	0.1	3.2	74.3	11.9	86.2	2.7	0.3	0.1	3.1	100.2	28.7	128.9
AREA - ANADARKO	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.4	7.8	1.0	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.2	1.3	0.3	1.8	32.6	5.2	37.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.2	22.7	38.9
AREA - EASTERN	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.6	21.0	16.0	37.0	1.0	1.7	2.0	4.7	85.0	83.0	168.0
AREA - JUNEAU	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	33.3	15.0	48.3	5.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	209.8	340.2	550.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.3	1.5	0.3	3.1	70.1	15.0	85.1	2.0	0.0	1.1	3.1	111.0	72.4	183.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	9.8	3.0	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	90.0	10.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	0.3	2.1	0.7	3.1	44.6	10.5	55.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.1	26.4	5.8	32.2
AREA - PORTLAND	1.2	5.0	0.7	6.9	179.4	14.0	193.4	6.5	4.2	2.1	12.8	423.4	336.6	760.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	30.1	2.6	32.7	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	26.8	2.2	29.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	7.1	17.8	2.4	27.3	608.2	107.0	715.2	19.1	6.4	5.9	31.4	998.8	891.6	1890.4

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY **TABLE 11A - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FORESTRY GIS							FOREST ARCHEOLOGY						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	10.0	18.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	2.0	5.5
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1.6	0.0	0.3	1.9	57.3	53.5	110.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	61.7	78.3	140.0
AREA - ANADARKO	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	15.3	6.0	21.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	7.5	1.0	8.5
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.7	22.8	29.2	52.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	32.0	10.0	42.0
AREA - EASTERN	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7	32.0	27.0	59.0	1.5	2.5	0.6	4.6	101.5	205.0	306.5
AREA - JUNEAU	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	67.6	12.0	79.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3.0	1.5	0.6	5.1	157.6	114.8	272.4	1.2	4.6	0.2	6.0	155.7	49.2	204.9
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.1	28.2	36.0	64.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.6	26.0	45.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	10.0	35.0	2.0	10.0	0.0	12.0	150.0	20.0	170.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1.7	4.0	0.1	5.8	143.6	51.0	194.6	0.2	1.3	0.0	1.5	30.3	27.9	58.2
AREA - PORTLAND	5.0	5.0	2.2	12.2	323.4	284.3	607.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	134.0	125.0	259.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	0.0	1.0	0.1	1.1	22.0	12.2	34.2	1.0	1.0	0.3	2.3	35.7	4.6	40.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	54.6	12.4	67.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	15.0	14.8	3.6	33.4	957.2	658.4	1615.6	11.4	22.9	2.2	36.5	743.1	561.0	1306.1

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY **TABLE 11B - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE							WOODLAND MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	27.1	4.0	31.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	0.0	3.2	0.0	3.2	71.0	71.0	142.0	6.2	5.2	1.1	12.5	333.2	245.5	578.7
AREA - ANADARKO	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.6	5.0	11.6	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.0	22.9	12.1	35.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.3	30.9	38.2	69.1	3.1	0.1	0.1	3.3	95.0	45.5	140.5
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.8	74.5	185.0	259.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	90.0	0.0	90.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.0	7.0	0.0	8.0	165.1	433.2	598.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	33.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	20.0	340.0	626.0	966.0
AREA - PHOENIX	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.7	14.6	10.9	25.5	3.9	3.1	0.0	7.0	197.6	191.2	388.8
AREA - PORTLAND	3.0	14.7	1.2	18.9	507.0	2491.1	2998.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	46.0	20.0	66.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.0	2.0	0.1	3.1	85.6	6.2	91.8	2.0	0.0	0.3	2.3	63.2	14.6	77.8
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	54.6	22.4	77.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	5.8	30.6	1.4	37.8	968.9	3304.6	4273.5	25.5	19.8	6.5	51.8	1310.0	1201.3	2511.3

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 12 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	2.1	3.5	1.0	6.6	155.4	73.6	229.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***						
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	35.0	42.2	12.0	89.2	2242.3	1408.5	3650.8
AREA - ANADARKO	4.0	3.0	5.0	12.0	207.5	92.7	300.2
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***						
AREA - BILLINGS	10.5	11.3	3.7	25.5	592.2	269.4	861.6
AREA - EASTERN	10.5	17.0	4.1	31.6	774.9	961.0	1735.9
AREA - JUNEAU	14.0	6.0	1.0	21.0	735.3	554.2	1289.5
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	36.2	43.1	8.6	87.9	2346.7	2149.1	4495.8
AREA - MUSKOGEE	6.0	3.0	0.2	9.2	236.2	323.0	559.2
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***						
AREA - NAVAJO	10.0	26.0	5.0	41.0	708.5	709.0	1417.5
AREA - PHOENIX	16.5	67.7	10.2	94.4	2103.0	625.7	2728.7
AREA - PORTLAND	80.6	129.0	23.0	232.6	6034.0	6557.9	12591.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	11.0	7.0	2.8	20.8	486.0	68.6	554.6
CENTRAL OFFICE	10.0	1.0	0.0	11.0	462.0	245.0	707.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	246.4	359.8	76.6	682.8	17084.0	14037.7	31121.7

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (B)

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 13 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	FOR&RGE PROT. M AC.	COMM TIM.LD M AC.	COMM. WITH-DRAW M AC.	TOTAL WOOD-LAND M AC.	COMM. WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. BKLOG M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP BKLOG M AC.	RGS.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. CMP. M AC	RGS.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. ACCR M AC	RGS.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP CMP. M AC	RGS.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP ACCR M AC
AREA - ABERDEEN	396.3	11402.6	72.0	0.0	170.2	170.2	3.7	1.7	0.1	1.9	0.3	5.8	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.3
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***																
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1946.7	4417.1	477.0	57.0	1319.3	877.4	38.1	38.1	0.7	5.2	2.7	171.8	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.2
AREA - ANADARKO	91.8	3.8	3.5	0.0	87.8	87.8	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***																
AREA - BILLINGS	730.4	9379.0	196.7	46.3	117.7	84.1	21.4	22.0	0.2	1.4	1.0	22.3	0.3	11.2	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN	344.9	425.2	299.9	12.4	20.0	20.0	33.8	28.2	0.1	0.8	1.0	16.2	0.4	7.0	0.6	37.7
AREA - JUNEAU	833.6	1261.8	310.2	0.0	523.4	474.2	15.3	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1003.1	1286.7	892.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	205.9	122.7	1.5	12.3	0.7	10.2	0.2	9.6	4.2	15.7
AREA - MUSKOGEE	76.5	512.0	52.2	0.0	12.2	12.2	2.2	2.0	0.3	10.0	0.1	10.2	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***																
AREA - NAVAJO	4573.6	14738.1	508.0	0.0	4036.0	1873.7	40.0	40.0	0.0	7.0	6.2	29.1	0.5	24.2	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	3151.0	12393.4	804.0	31.1	2282.2	1109.8	104.4	104.8	0.0	0.8	6.2	14.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	178.7
AREA - PORTLAND	2654.8	4937.4	2056.4	233.8	71.1	68.9	526.4	524.7	2.6	45.4	4.2	118.6	7.4	9.4	4.7	28.7
AREA - SACRAMENTO	189.3	463.6	74.5	39.8	74.6	58.4	18.0	17.7	0.0	6.9	0.1	11.1	0.7	0.1	0.2	1.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	15992.0	61222.7	5744.9	421.9	8714.5	4838.7	1009.8	907.3	5.5	91.7	22.5	409.4	10.1	62.8	10.2	270.3

** NOTE: TOTAL FOREST, COMMERCIAL TIMBERLAND AND WOODLAND ACRES, AND THE ALLOWABLE ANNUAL CUT (AAC) AND MARKETABLE AAC DATA HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM THE SEPT. 30, 1989, STATUS OF FOREST MANAGEMENT INVENTORIES AND PLANNING REPORT.

: ACRES LISTED UNDER RGS. FOR. DEVEL. POST 77, THAT REQUIRE REFORESTATION AND/OR TSI, CONSIST OF AREAS IDENTIFIED IN POST-1977 SURVEYS, AREAS DENUDED BY WILDFIRE OR OTHER CATASTROPHE, AND AREAS RESULTING FROM TIMBER HARVESTING ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE NOT BEEN TREATED TO DATE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (B)

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 16 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND: COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBERLAND: TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBERLAND: TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBERLAND: TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBERLAND: TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE/CONT./SUP.	FOR. PROD./PERM./ISS.	WOODLAND: PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MMCM	WOODLAND: PRODUCTS HARVEST VALUE M $	WOODLAND: PROD./PERM./ISS.	# CRUISE PRE	# CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. #PLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. #STD MEAS
AREA - ABERDEEN	150.0	0.33	0.33	0.88	13.2	2	126	1.09	6.7	389	13	10	399	83
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1609.2	21.96	21.57	14.29	366.0	10	432	0.05	3.9	1197	12	112	21	233
AREA - ANADARKO	21.7	0.30	0.30	0.30	45.0	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	100	0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	889.7	28.09	24.53	38.61	736.9	18	631	0.00	0.0	0	46	0	2216	96
AREA - EASTERN	1411.0	30.55	28.62	28.72	1434.4	13	453	0.00	35.7	40	110	2	273	42
AREA - JUNEAU	1845.8	0.89	0.89	3.60	435.6	1	3	0.00	0.0	0	3	1	0	0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	7320.7	105.13	91.74	86.00	3707.6	139	143	0.00	0.0	0	220	12	888	8702
AREA - MUSKOGEE	72.0	0.45	0.45	0.45	24.0	2	9	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	1950.0	40.05	40.05	40.05	2891.4	2	0	0.00	4.6	9080	1	0	96	537
AREA - PHOENIX	4168.8	68.19	63.20	74.76	5511.7	10	3126	0.53	27.3	3687	25	0	248	58
AREA - PORTLAND	22237.0	386.78	364.88	469.17	65421.2	171	2163	0.15	2.4	3	153	127	513	631
AREA - SACRAMENTO	2401.9	16.32	14.32	14.32	1446.5	12	225	0.10	2.5	179	9	2	79	93
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
BUREAU - TOTAL	44077.8	697.04	650.88	771.15	82033.5	381	7291	1.92	83.1	14575	595	266	4833	10476

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 15 - PAGE 1
TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	ROAD CONST-RECONST NO.OF MILES	ROAD CONST-RECONST TOTAL COST	ROAD MAINT. NO.OF MILES	ROAD MAINT. TOTAL COST	TIM. STD. IMPROV. NO.OF ACRES	TIM. STD. IMPROV. TOTAL COST	SITE PREPARATION NO.OF ACRES	SITE PREPARATION TOTAL COST	GRAND TOTAL COST
AREA - ABERDEEN	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	25	10000.	10000.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***								
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	32	74852.	57	10547.	20	2747.	702	18011.	106157.
AREA - ANADARKO	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***								
AREA - BILLINGS	87	92358.	330	69435.	370	44478.	66	27364.	233635.
AREA - EASTERN	15	6000.	58	31900.	20	5000.	345	27600.	70500.
AREA - JUNEAU	2	20000.	2	22200.	0	0.	0	0.	42200.
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	102	86100.	89	136500.	4547	52250.	150	7500.	282350.
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0	0.	0	0.	50	12500.	200	5000.	17500.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***								
AREA - NAVAJO	130	165369.	53	40811.	400	232183.	0	0.	438363.
AREA - PHOENIX	509	1539600.	910	168000.	0	0.	60970	157146.	1864746.
AREA - PORTLAND	528	3822820.	1147	1615344.	2841	190785.	30785	929943.	6558892.
AREA - SACRAMENTO	47	56345.	50	153358.	137	65075.	533	66768.	341546.
CENTRAL OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BUREAU - TOTAL	1452	5863444.	2716	2248095.	8385	605018.	93776	1249332.	9963889.

APPENDIX C

(BY RESERVATION AND/OR AGENCY, AREA, AND BUREAU)

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 1 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION BANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.0	1	7.0	19.0
ROSEBUD	19.2	16.6	0.0	2.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	18.7
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	70.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	70.5	1	0.0	70.5
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	55.5	40.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.2	55.5
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	55.5	40.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.2	55.5
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	164.2	56.9	0.0	2.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	82.5	2	22.2	163.7
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	137.4	154.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	41.8	196.1
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	82.3	66.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	16.0	82.3
LAGUNA	11.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	259.5	150.3	10.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	99.2	259.5
SOUTHERN UTE	66.9	58.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.1	66.9
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	235.2	200.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	34.7	235.2
MESCALERO	577.8	482.8	0.0	51.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	43.2	577.8
ZUNI	164.6	49.0	20.5	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	72.4	141.9
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	1534.5	1173.0	30.5	51.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	315.4	1570.7
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	192.9	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	0.0	192.9
	*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***											
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	192.9	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	0.0	192.9
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	170.2	145.8	0.0	0.0	9.3	5	0.0	0	0.0	0	18.3	173.4
BLACKFEET	98.9	87.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	13.7	101.3
CROW	160.7	142.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	2	0.0	0	0.0	0	17.0	160.6
FORT BELKNAP	65.1	49.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.3	65.2
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	234.6	180.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	5	0.0	0	0.0	0	47.5	229.7
WIND RIVER	74.3	52.6	0.0	4.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	17.1	73.8
ROCKY BOY'S	65.7	47.6	0.0	0.0	3.3	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.7	66.6
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	869.3	705.2	0.0	4.1	17.7	14	0.0	0	0.0	0	143.6	870.6
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	70.7	70.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	70.7
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	1	0.0	30.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	47.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	47.7	1	0.0	47.7
PASSAMAQUODDY	324.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	324.5	1	0.0	324.5
PENOBSCOT	172.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	172.1	1	0.0	172.1
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	161.3	127.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	33.8	161.3
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	125.9	94.1	0.0	31.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	125.9
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	110.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	110.0	1	0.0	110.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	110.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	110.0	1	0.0	110.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	1042.2	292.3	0.0	31.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	684.3	5	33.8	1042.2

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 1 - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT		TOTAL ALLOCATION BANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED: BIA PERSONAL SERVICES / FORESTRY	BIA PERSONAL SERVICES / FORCE ACCT.	BIA PERSONAL SERVICES / ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS / BIA	/NO.	CONTRACTS / BUY-INDIAN	/NO.	CONTRACTS / 93-638	/NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
JUNEAU	AREA OFFICE	596.0	399.4	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	31.4	1	114.6	574.9
-ANCHORAGE	AGENCY	31.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	31.5	1	0.0	31.5
-FAIRBANKS	AGENCY	104.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	104.2	1	0.0	104.2
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA	AGENCY	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	65.0	1	0.0	65.0
AREA - JUNEAU	TOTAL	796.7	399.4	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	232.1	4	114.6	775.6
MINNEAPOLIS	AREA OFFICE	244.0	172.4	0.0	0.0	9.1	1	0.0	0	27.0	1	35.5	244.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O.	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE		509.4	78.9	0.0	28.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	402.4	1	0.0	509.4
UPPER SIOUX COMM.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O.	TOTAL	509.4	78.9	0.0	28.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	402.4	1	0.0	509.4
RED LAKE		423.7	215.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	89.9	1	118.3	423.7
-MINNESOTA	AGENCY	159.1	104.2	0.0	0.0	23.4	3	0.0	0	5.2	1	26.3	159.1
BOIS FORTE		46.3	33.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.6	46.3
FOND DU LAC		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE		37.7	19.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.2	1	13.0	37.7
LEECH LAKE		48.1	42.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.5	48.1
MILLE LACS		3.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.5	3.5
MINNESOTA (P.D.)		1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.0
VERMILLION LAKE		5.1	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.4	5.1
WHITE EARTH		56.3	48.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.3	56.3
AGENCY- MINNESOTA	TOTAL	357.1	255.7	0.0	0.0	23.4	3	0.0	0	10.4	2	67.6	357.1
-GREAT LAKES	AGENCY	331.2	199.6	0.0	0.0	86.6	33	0.0	0	0.0	0	45.0	331.2
BAD RIVER		57.6	26.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	29.3	1	2.0	57.6
LAC COURTE OREILLES		54.1	42.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	6.8	1	5.0	54.1
LAC DU FLAMBEAU		61.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	61.1	2	0.0	61.1
MOLE LAKE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)		17.7	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	17.7
RED CLIFF		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE		60.1	32.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	25.1	1	2.1	60.1
WINNEBAGO (MN)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES	TOTAL	581.8	317.8	0.0	0.0	86.6	33	0.0	0	122.3	5	55.1	581.8
-MICHIGAN	AGENCY	68.1	64.2	0.0	0.0	1.9	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	68.1
BAY MILLS		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN	TOTAL	68.1	64.2	0.0	0.0	1.9	3	-0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	68.1
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	TOTAL	2184.1	1104.5	0.0	28.1	121.0	40	0.0	0	652.0	10	278.5	2184.1
MUSKOGEE	AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI	AGENCY	7.2	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.2
CHEROKEE		45.5	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.5	45.5
CHOCTAW		5.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.4	1	0.0	5.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	TOTAL	58.1	42.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.4	1	10.5	58.1
		*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
NAVAJO	AREA OFFICE	139.5	124.3	0.0	0.0	0.8	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	9.2	134.3
NAVAJO		590.0	278.8	0.0	0.0	4.6	5	0.0	0	234.5	1	75.1	593.0
AREA - NAVAJO	TOTAL	729.5	403.1	0.0	0.0	5.4	6	0.0	0	234.5	1	84.3	727.3
PHOENIX	AREA OFFICE	225.4	207.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	11.0	218.7
-COLORADO RIVER	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE		1743.5	1477.7	0.0	0.0	17.0	23	0.0	0	0.0	0	283.0	1777.7
-PAPAGO	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 1 - PAGE 3

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT		TOTAL ALLOCATION BANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED: BIA PERSONAL SERVICES: FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS: BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
-PIMA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS		516.0	140.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	352.5	2	22.9	516.0
-W.NEVEDA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY		111.6	92.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	17.6	109.6
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY	TOTAL	111.6	92.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	17.6	109.6
-FT. YUMA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOPI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI		146.1	28.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	67.6	1	49.6	146.1
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON	TOTAL	146.1	28.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	67.6	1	49.6	146.1
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	TOTAL	2742.6	1966.9	0.0	0.0	17.0	23	0.0	0	400.1	3	384.1	2768.1
PORTLAND	AREA OFFICE	846.6	758.4	0.0	0.0	22.3	2	0.0	0	58.0	3	294.3	1133.0
-SILETZ	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE		132.8	42.9	0.0	0.0	7.5	30	0.0	0	81.3	1	0.0	131.7
		*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***											
SILETZ		165.8	7.6	0.0	0.0	1.8	6	0.0	0	156.4	1	0.0	165.8
AGENCY- SILETZ	TOTAL	298.6	50.5	0.0	0.0	9.3	36	0.0	0	237.7	2	0.0	297.5
COLVILLE		1837.9	1472.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	0	325.0	1837.4
COLVILLE P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL		7.3	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.3
-NORTHERN IDAHO	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE		231.9	199.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	32.0	231.9
KOOTENAI		12.3	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.0	1	0.0	12.3
NEZ PERCE		207.2	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	162.0	1	10.2	207.2
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO	TOTAL	451.4	237.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	172.0	2	42.2	451.4
-OLY. PENINSULA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS		1.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.2	1.1
HOH		0.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	0.7
KLALLAM		0.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.2	0.8
LOWER ELWHA		0.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	0.8
MAKAH		255.6	93.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	136.3	1	25.5	255.6
OLY. PEN. P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE		5.6	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	3.6	5.6
QUINAULT		1322.6	979.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	343.2	1322.6
SHOALWATER		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH		19.9	19.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	19.9
SQUAXIN ISLAND		1.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.4	1.1
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA	TOTAL	1608.2	1098.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	136.3	1	373.4	1608.2
UMATILLA		166.1	133.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	32.3	166.1
THE DALLES P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS		1470.0	1132.4	0.0	0.0	157.0	65	0.0	0	0.0	0	180.6	1470.0
-PUGET SOUND	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND		50.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	50.2	1	0.0	50.2
LUMMI		50.6	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.9	1	4.0	50.6
MUCKLESHOOT		1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	1.0
NISQUALLY		17.8	15.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	17.8
PORT GAMBLE		12.5	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.8	1	1.2	12.5
PORT MADISON		30.1	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.1	1	2.8	30.1
PUGET SOUND P.D.		17.9	15.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	17.9
SWINOMISH		27.5	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.6	1	2.9	27.5
TULALIP		79.7	47.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.1	1	6.1	79.7
UPPER SKAGIT		22.1	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.7	1	2.4	22.1
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND	TOTAL	309.4	180.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	104.4	7	24.4	309.4
YAKIMA		2250.8	1580.9	0.0	0.0	163.2	2	0.0	0	0.0	0	506.7	2250.8
-SPOKANE	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL		67.2	58.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.9	67.2
SPOKANE		360.8	308.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	3.6	1	0.0	0	48.8	360.8
SPOKANE P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE	TOTAL	428.0	366.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	3.6	1	0.0	0	57.7	428.0
FLATHEAD		944.4	816.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	127.5	944.4
AREA - PORTLAND	TOTAL	10618.7	7831.6	0.0	0.0	351.8	105	3.6	1	768.4	15	1948.1	10903.5

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 1 - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION BANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED: BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	118.9	98.6	0.0	0.0	0.8	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	19.2	118.6
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	12.6	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	12.6
ROUND VALLEY	101.8	35.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	66.7	1	0.0	101.8
TULE RIVER	35.1	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	27.5	1	0.0	35.1
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	149.5	55.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	94.2	2	0.0	149.5
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	412.8	220.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	111.0	1	79.3	411.2
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	412.8	220.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	111.0	1	79.3	411.2
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	60.2	42.2	0.0	0.0	4.5	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	13.5	60.2
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	741.4	417.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	2	0.0	0	205.2	3	112.0	739.5
CENTRAL OFFICE	1357.5	1044.4	0.0	4.9	0.0	0	175.8	1	0.0	0	132.4	1357.5

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS N-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

1 IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 1 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION BANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	144.2	36.9	0.0	2.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	82.5	2	22.2	143.7
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1534.5	1173.0	30.5	51.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	315.4	1570.7
AREA - ANADARKO	192.9	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	0.0	192.9
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	869.3	705.2	0.0	4.1	17.7	14	0.0	0	0.0	0	143.6	870.6
AREA - EASTERN	1042.2	292.3	0.0	31.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	684.3	5	33.8	1042.2
AREA - JUNEAU	796.7	399.4	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	232.1	4	114.6	775.6
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	2184.1	1104.5	0.0	28.1	121.0	40	0.0	0	652.0	10	278.5	2184.1
AREA - MUSKOGEE	58.1	42.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.4	1	10.5	58.1
	*** NOTE ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	729.5	403.1	0.0	0.0	5.4	6	0.0	0	234.5	1	84.3	727.3
AREA - PHOENIX	2742.6	1946.9	0.0	0.0	17.0	23	0.0	0	420.1	3	384.1	2768.1
AREA - PORTLAND	10618.7	7835.6	0.0	0.0	351.8	105	3.6	1	748.4	15	1964.1	10903.5
AREA - SACRAMENTO	761.4	417.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	2	0.0	0	205.2	3	112.0	739.5
CENTRAL OFFICE	1357.5	1044.4	0.0	4.9	0.0	0	175.8	1	0.0	0	132.4	1357.5
BUREAU - TOTAL	23031.7	15431.5	30.5	122.8	547.7	192	179.4	2	3426.4	45	3595.5	23333.8

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

1 IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FRI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- F M I & P (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0 0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	1.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.4	1.5
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	10.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	10.0
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	29.0	28.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.5	29.0
SOUTHERN UTE	21.5	14.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	7.2	21.5
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	37.0	32.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	4.6	37.0
MESCALERO	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	25.0
ZUNI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	124.0	108.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.7	124.0
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	12.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.0	12.0
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***												
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	12.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.0	12.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	14.8	1	0.0	0	4.4	19.2
BLACKFEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CROW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	14.8	1	0.0	0	4.4	19.2
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5.9
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	0	0.0	2.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	99.0	0	0.0	99.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.0	5.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	6.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	41.0	0	0.0	41.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	41.0	0	0.0	41.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	28.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	142.0	0	6.0	158.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 1A - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FMI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- F M I & P (UNBANDED) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	149.0	71.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.9	0	40.0	138.2
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	149.0	71.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.9	0	40.0	138.2
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	129.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	85.3	2	44.1	129.4
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RED LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NW)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	129.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	85.3	2	44.1	129.4
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	1.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.0	0	0.0	12.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	12.0	0	1.0	18.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	126.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	59.6	1	0.0	0	60.0	0	6.3	127.2
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	126.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	59.6	1	0.0	0	60.0	0	6.3	127.2
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- F M I & P (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	FMI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-W. NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	35.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	35.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	35.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	35.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	1	35.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	38.0
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	7.0	0	0.0	7.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***												
SILETZ	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.6	0	0.0	2.6
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	9.6	0	0.0	9.6
COLVILLE	43.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.7	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.3	43.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.0	0	0.0	12.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	50.0	0	0.0	50.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	62.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	62.0	0	0.0	62.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOH	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	36.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	36.0	1	0.0	36.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	37.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	36.0	1	0.0	36.0
UMATILLA	66.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	1	0.0	0	54.0	1	0.0	66.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	60.0	13.6	0.0	0.0	17.9	4	0.0	0	28.5	1	0.0	60.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	25.0	0	0.0	25.0
LUMMI	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	4.6	0	0.0	4.6
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	11.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	11.6	0	0.0	11.6
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	19.0	0	0.0	19.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	60.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	60.2	0	0.0	60.2
YAKIMA	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	6.6
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	51.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	45.9	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	3.5	51.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	51.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	45.9	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	3.5	51.0
FLATHEAD	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	1	0.0	0	41.0	1	26.0	100.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	495.6	15.2	0.0	0.0	128.1	9	0.0	0	291.3	4	59.8	494.4

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 1A - PAGE 6

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- F M I & P (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	FMI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	2.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	48.2	0	1.8	50.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	48.2	0	1.8	50.0
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	.0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	48.2	0	3.8	52.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	4.1	4.1

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

. IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 1A - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FMI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- F M I & P (UNBANDED) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	124.0	108.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.7	124.0
AREA - ANADARKO	12.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.0	12.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	14.8	1	0.0	0	4.4	19.2
AREA - EASTERN	28.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	142.0	0	6.0	158.9
AREA - JUNEAU	149.0	71.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.9	0	40.0	138.2
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	129.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	85.3	2	44.1	129.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	12.0	0	1.0	18.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	126.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	59.6	1	0.0	0	60.0	0	6.3	127.2
AREA - PHOENIX	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	1	35.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	38.0
AREA - PORTLAND	495.6	15.2	0.0	0.0	128.1	9	0.0	0	291.3	4	59.8	494.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	48.2	0	3.8	52.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	4.1	4.1
BUREAU - TOTAL	1200.0	206.0	0.0	0.0	200.7	13	49.8	2	665.7	6	193.2	1315.4

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 2 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	17.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	17.8	0	0.0	17.8
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	9.7	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	9.7
SOUTHERN UTE	5.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.4
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	26.5	21.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	7.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	28.9
MESCALERO	40.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.3
ZUNI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	89.7	23.3	12.0	0.0	0.0	0	7.0	1	17.8	0	0.0	60.1
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***											
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	5.0
CROW	20.0	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	9.1	29.5
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	25.0	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	5.0	1	0.0	0	9.1	34.5
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.4	0	0.0	14.4
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.4	0	0.0	14.4
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.4	0	0.0	18.4

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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2): BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	220.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	220.0	0	0.0	220.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	220.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	220.0	0	0.0	220.0
RED LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	220.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	220.0	0	0.0	220.0
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***												
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	36.9	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.3
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
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		FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2)										
	TOTAL ALLOCATION	BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	10.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.8	0	0.0	10.8
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	47.7	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.8	0	0.0	15.1
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***											
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE	10.0	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	10.2
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UMATILLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YAKIMA	7.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.4	3.7
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FLATHEAD	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	1	0.0	40.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	57.0	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	1	2.4	53.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.5	2.5

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS R-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 2 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	89.7	23.3	12.0	0.0	0.0	0	7.0	1	17.8	0	0.0	60.1
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	25.0	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	5.0	1	0.0	0	9.1	34.5
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	14.4	0	0.0	18.4
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	220.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	220.0	0	0.0	220.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	47.7	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.8	0	0.0	15.1
AREA - PORTLAND	57.0	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	1	2.4	53.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.5	2.5
BUREAU - TOTAL	441.9	63.5	12.0	0.0	0.0	0	12.0	2	303.0	1	14.0	404.5

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

TABLE 3 - PAGE 1

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOR.DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	112.0	11.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0	97.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	112.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	29.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	29.2	1	0.0	29.2
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	42.7	12.0	16.4	0.0	0.0	0	14.3	1	0.0	0	0.0	42.7
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	42.7	12.0	16.4	0.0	0.0	0	14.3	1	0.0	0	0.0	42.7
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	183.9	23.0	16.4	4.0	0.0	0	111.3	2	29.2	1	0.0	183.9
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	55.0	54.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.9	55.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	154.5	66.4	30.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	53.7	3	11.8	161.9
LAGUNA	6.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	6.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	39.0	0.0	35.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	3.9	39.0
SOUTHERN UTE	111.5	68.8	0.0	0.0	16.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	16.6	102.0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	421.1	132.1	0.0	0.0	36.0	5	11.1	7	97.3	2	144.6	421.1
MESCALERO	148.9	83.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	46.2	1	18.6	148.0
ZUNI	64.0	9.0	43.2	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.6	60.8
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	1000.0	418.6	108.3	0.0	52.6	6	11.1	7	197.2	6	206.0	993.8
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***											
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	78.9	17.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	60.4	1	0.0	0	0.0	77.6
BLACKFEET	87.1	20.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	56.2	1	0.0	0	9.9	86.7
CROW	24.2	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	5.1	2	0.0	0	3.1	10.3
FORT BELKNAP	69.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	15.0	1	52.6	1	0.0	0	0.8	69.4
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	64.2	25.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	29.0	1	0.0	0	3.4	57.8
WIND RIVER	24.2	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	16.7	1	0.0	0	4.0	23.8
ROCKY BOY'S	23.2	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	4.8	18.8
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	371.1	82.4	1.0	0.0	15.0	1	220.0	7	0.0	0	26.0	344.4
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	21.0	21.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	21.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	66.0	25.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.5	1	10.0	66.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	53.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	53.0	0	0.0	53.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	53.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	53.0	0	0.0	53.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	140.0	46.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	83.5	1	10.0	140.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 3 - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	FOR.DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	127.0	51.6	0.0	0.0	39.1	1	0.0	0	21.0	1	15.3	127.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	450.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	450.0	1	0.0	450.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	450.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	450.0	1	0.0	450.0
RED LAKE	350.0	176.0	0.0	0.0	32.4	2	24.1	7	25.0	0	94.5	350.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	50.8	41.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	9.5	50.8
BOIS FORTE	40.8	13.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	24.3	1	2.7	40.8
FOND DU LAC	32.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	32.2	1	0.0	32.2
GRAND PORTAGE	22.9	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	13.2	1	2.5	22.9
LEECH LAKE	18.8	15.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	3.0	18.8
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	30.3	17.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.6	30.3
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	195.8	95.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	69.7	3	30.3	195.8
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	62.2	9.0	0.0	0.0	46.2	5	0.0	0	0.0	0	7.0	62.2
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	15.0	1	0.0	15.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	77.2	9.0	0.0	0.0	46.2	5	0.0	0	15.0	1	7.0	77.2
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	1200.7	330.4	0.0	0.0	117.7	8	24.1	7	580.7	6	167.1	1200.0
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	60.0	37.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	22.5	60.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5.0
CHEROKEE	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5.0
CHOCTAW	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.0	0	0.0	10.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	80.0	42.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	10.0	0	22.5	80.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	500.0	129.9	90.4	0.0	0.0	0	196.4	4	0.0	0	60.3	477.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	500.0	129.9	90.4	0.0	0.0	0	196.4	4	0.0	0	60.3	477.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	5.0	5.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	550.0	0.0	449.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	19.6	468.7
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOR.DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	445.0	56.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	382.0	0	6.8	445.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	445.0	56.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	382.0	0	6.8	445.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	1000.0	56.2	449.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	382.0	0	31.4	918.7
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	392.3	56.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	13.3	69.4
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.0	0	0.0	20.0
	*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***											
SILETZ	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.0	0	0.0	20.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	0	0.0	40.0
COLVILLE	427.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	427.0	1	0.0	427.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	122.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	122.5	1	0.0	122.5
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	92.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	92.5	0	0.0	92.5
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	215.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	215.0	1	0.0	215.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	80.0	0	0.0	80.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	800.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	760.0	0	0.0	800.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	880.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	840.0	0	0.0	880.0
UMATILLA	50.0	24.9	22.5	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.6	50.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	655.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	705.4	1	0.0	705.4
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	40.0	0	0.0	40.0
LUMMI	55.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	55.0	0	0.0	55.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	6.4	0	0.0	6.4
PORT MADISON	19.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	19.2	0	0.0	19.2
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	20.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.6	0	0.0	20.6
TULALIP	96.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	96.6	0	0.0	96.6
UPPER SKAGIT	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.2	0	0.0	2.2
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	215.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	240.0	0	0.0	240.0
YAKIMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	16.0	1	0.0	16.0
SPOKANE	139.0	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	113.0	1	0.0	139.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	155.0	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	129.0	2	0.0	155.0
FLATHEAD	270.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	1	0.0	0	250.0	1	0.0	270.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	3300.0	147.0	22.5	0.0	20.0	1	0.0	0	2846.4	6	15.9	3051.8

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 3 - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	FOR. DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOP.	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.0	1	0.0	20.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.0	1	0.0	20.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	200.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	195.1	0	0.0	200.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	200.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	195.1	0	0.0	200.0
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	220.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	215.1	1	0.0	220.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	136.0	86.1	0.0	8.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	41.9	136.0

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS N-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 3 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOR.DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS						OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.		
AREA - ABERDEEN	183.9	23.0	16.4	4.0	0.0	0	111.3	2	29.2	1	0.0	183.9
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1000.0	418.6	108.3	0.0	32.6	6	11.1	7	197.2	6	206.0	993.8
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	371.1	82.4	1.0	0.0	15.0	1	220.0	7	0.0	0	26.0	344.4
AREA - EASTERN	140.0	46.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	83.5	1	10.0	140.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1200.0	330.4	0.0	0.0	117.7	8	24.1	7	580.7	6	147.1	1200.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	80.0	42.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	10.0	0	22.5	80.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	500.0	129.9	90.6	0.0	0.0	0	196.4	4	0.0	0	60.3	477.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1000.0	56.2	449.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	382.0	0	31.4	918.7
AREA - PORTLAND	3300.0	147.0	22.5	0.0	20.0	1	0.0	0	2846.4	6	15.9	3051.8
AREA - SACRAMENTO	220.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	215.1	1	0.0	220.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	136.0	86.1	0.0	8.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	41.9	136.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	8131.0	1367.5	687.7	12.0	210.3	17	562.9	27	4344.1	21	561.1	7745.6

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS N-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 3A - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--FOR. PROD. MARKETING [UNBANDED]										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
	APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SOUTHERN UTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MESCALERO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ZUNI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11.0
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***												
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	- 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CROW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--FOR. PROD. MARKETING (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	60.0	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	2	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.4	60.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	0	0.0	30.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	0	0.0	30.0
RED LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	90.0	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	2	0.0	0	30.0	0	12.4	90.0
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.5	0.5
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT		TOTAL ALLOCATION APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--FOR. PROD. MARKETING (UNBANDED)										
			BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
			FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
-PIMA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.8	1.8
-W.NEVEDA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOPI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	TOTAL	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.3	2.3
PORTLAND - AREA OFFICE		95.0	77.9	0.0	0.0	68.1	3	0.0	0	25.0	0	12.9	183.9
-SILETZ	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
		*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***											
SILETZ		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KOOTENAI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	1	0.0	30.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	1	0.0	30.0
-OLY. PENINSULA	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOH		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UMATILLA		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-PUGET SOUND	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YAKIMA		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SPOKANE	AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE P.D.		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FLATHEAD		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PORTLAND	TOTAL	95.0	77.9	0.0	0.0	68.1	3	0.0	0	55.0	1	12.9	213.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

TABLE 3A - PAGE 6

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--FOR. PROD. MARKETING (UNBANDED)										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	88.0	56.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	88.0

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS H-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 3A - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--FOR. PROD. MARKETING (UNBANDED)										TOTAL
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11.0
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	90.0	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	2	0.0	0	30.0	0	12.4	90.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***												
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.3	2.3
AREA - PORTLAND	95.0	77.9	0.0	0.0	68.1	3	0.0	0	55.0	1	12.9	213.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	88.0	56.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	88.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	338.0	181.3	0.0	1.5	79.8	6	0.0	0	85.0	1	57.6	405.2

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 4 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) -- ALL APPROPRIATIONS BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	12.0	1	7.0	19.0
ROSEBUD	131.2	27.6	0.0	6.1	0.0	0	97.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	130.7
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	99.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	99.7	2	0.0	99.7
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	98.2	52.3	16.4	0.0	0.0	0	14.3	1	0.0	0	15.2	98.2
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	98.2	52.3	16.4	0.0	0.0	0	14.3	1	0.0	0	15.2	98.2
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	348.1	79.9	16.4	6.1	0.0	0	111.3	2	111.7	3	22.2	347.6
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***												
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	193.9	208.5	0.0	0.0	11.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	44.1	263.6
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	264.6	140.7	30.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	71.5	3	29.8	272.0
LAGUNA	17.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	17.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	327.5	178.8	54.8	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	103.6	337.2
SOUTHERN UTE	205.3	143.3	0.0	0.0	16.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	31.9	191.8
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	719.8	386.9	0.0	0.0	36.0	5	18.1	8	97.3	2	183.9	722.2
MESCALERO	791.7	591.0	2.3	51.8	0.0	0	0.0	0	46.2	1	61.8	753.1
ZUNI	228.4	58.0	63.7	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	81.0	202.7
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	2748.2	1723.2	150.8	51.8	63.6	7	18.1	8	215.0	6	537.1	2759.6
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	204.9	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	8.0	204.9
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***												
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	204.9	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	8.0	204.9
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***												
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	268.1	163.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	5	75.2	2	0.0	0	22.7	270.2
BLACKFEET	191.0	108.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	61.2	2	0.0	0	23.6	193.0
CROW	204.9	164.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	2	5.1	2	0.0	0	29.2	200.4
FORT BELKNAP	134.6	49.5	1.0	0.0	16.4	2	52.6	1	0.0	0	15.1	134.6
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	298.6	205.5	0.0	0.0	2.1	5	29.0	1	0.0	0	50.9	287.5
WIND RIVER	98.5	55.7	0.0	4.1	0.0	0	16.7	1	0.0	0	21.1	97.6
ROCKY BOY'S	88.9	61.6	0.0	0.0	3.3	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.5	85.4
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	1284.4	808.0	1.0	4.1	32.7	15	239.8	9	0.0	0	183.1	1268.7
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	97.6	101.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	101.6
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.0	1	0.0	30.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	49.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	49.7	1	0.0	49.7
PASSAMAQUODDY	334.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	423.5	1	0.0	423.5
PENOBSCOT	172.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	172.1	1	0.0	172.1
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	232.3	153.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	30.5	1	48.8	232.3
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	131.9	94.1	0.0	31.8	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	131.9
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	163.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	218.4	1	0.0	218.4
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	163.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	218.4	1	0.0	218.4
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	1211.1	348.7	0.0	31.8	5.0	1	0.0	0	924.2	6	49.8	1359.5

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 4 - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) -- ALL APPROPRIATIONS										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	745.0	470.7	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	58.3	1	154.6	713.1
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	31.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	31.5	1	0.0	31.5
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	104.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	104.2	1	0.0	104.2
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	65.0	1	0.0	65.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	945.7	470.7	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	259.0	4	154.6	913.8
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	560.4	270.9	0.0	0.0	48.9	4	0.0	0	133.3	4	107.3	560.4
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	1209.4	78.9	0.0	28.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	1102.4	2	0.0	1209.4
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	1209.4	78.9	0.0	28.1	0.0	0	0.0	0	1102.4	2	0.0	1209.4
RED LAKE	773.7	389.5	0.0	0.0	32.4	2	24.1	7	114.9	1	212.8	773.7
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	209.9	145.5	0.0	0.0	23.4	3	0.0	0	5.2	1	35.8	209.9
BOIS FORTE	87.1	47.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	24.3	1	15.3	87.1
FOND DU LAC	32.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	32.2	1	0.0	32.2
GRAND PORTAGE	60.6	26.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	18.4	2	15.5	60.6
LEECH LAKE	66.9	58.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.5	66.9
MILLE LACS	3.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.5	3.5
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.0
VERMILLION LAKE	5.1	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.4	5.1
WHITE EARTH	86.6	65.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	20.9	86.6
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	552.9	351.5	0.0	0.0	23.4	3	0.0	0	80.1	5	97.9	552.9
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	393.4	208.6	0.0	0.0	132.8	38	0.0	0	0.0	0	52.0	393.4
BAD RIVER	57.6	26.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	29.3	1	2.0	57.6
LAC COURTE OREILLES	69.1	42.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	21.8	2	5.0	69.1
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	61.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	61.1	2	0.0	61.1
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	17.7	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	17.7
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	60.1	32.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	25.1	1	2.1	60.1
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	659.0	326.8	0.0	0.0	132.8	38	0.0	0	137.3	6	62.1	659.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	68.1	64.2	0.0	0.0	1.9	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	68.1
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	68.1	64.2	0.0	0.0	1.9	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	68.1
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	3823.5	1481.8	0.0	28.1	239.4	50	24.1	7	1568.0	18	482.1	3823.5
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	65.0	37.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	22.5	65.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	13.2	12.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	13.2
CHEROKEE	50.5	35.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.5	50.5
CHOCTAW	27.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	27.4	1	0.0	27.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	156.1	84.7	0.0	0.0	10.0	2	0.0	0	27.4	1	34.0	156.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	139.5	124.3	0.0	0.0	0.8	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	9.2	134.3
NAVAJO	1216.0	410.0	90.4	0.0	64.2	6	196.4	4	294.5	1	141.7	1197.2
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	1355.5	534.3	90.4	0.0	65.0	7	196.4	4	294.5	1	150.9	1331.5
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	298.4	207.7	0.0	0.0	3.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	16.5	227.2
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	2330.4	1482.0	449.1	0.0	17.0	23	0.0	0	0.0	0	302.6	2250.7
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) -- ALL APPROPRIATIONS										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS						OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.		
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	526.8	140.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	363.3	2	24.7	528.6
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	146.6	92.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	35.0	1	0.0	0	17.6	144.6
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	146.6	92.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	35.0	1	0.0	0	17.6	144.6
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	591.1	85.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	449.6	1	56.4	591.1
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	591.1	85.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	449.6	1	56.4	591.1
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	3893.3	2007.4	449.1	0.0	20.0	24	35.0	1	812.9	3	417.8	3742.2
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	1334.1	892.4	0.0	0.0	90.4	5	0.0	0	83.0	3	320.5	1386.3
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	159.8	42.9	0.0	0.0	7.5	30	0.0	0	108.3	1	0.0	158.7
	*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***											
SILETZ	188.4	7.6	0.0	0.0	1.8	6	0.0	0	179.0	1	0.0	188.4
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	348.2	50.5	0.0	0.0	9.3	36	0.0	0	287.3	2	0.0	347.1
COLVILLE	2317.9	1482.6	0.0	0.0	12.7	1	0.0	0	467.0	1	355.3	2317.6
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	7.3	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.3
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	366.4	199.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	134.5	1	32.0	366.4
KOOTENAI	12.3	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	10.0	1	0.0	12.3
NEZ PERCE	349.7	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	334.5	2	10.2	379.7
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	728.4	237.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	479.0	4	42.2	758.4
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	1.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.2	1.1
HOH	1.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	0.7
KLALLAM	0.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.2	0.8
LOWER ELWHA	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	0.8
MAKAH	335.6	93.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	216.3	1	25.5	335.6
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	5.6	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	3.6	5.6
QUINAULT	2158.6	1019.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	796.0	1	343.2	2158.6
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	19.9	19.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	19.9
SQUAXIN ISLAND	1.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.4	1.1
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	2525.2	1138.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1012.3	2	373.4	2524.2
UMATILLA	282.1	158.7	22.5	0.0	12.0	1	0.0	0	54.0	1	34.9	282.1
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	2185.7	1146.0	0.0	0.0	174.9	69	0.0	0	733.9	2	180.6	2235.4
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	90.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	115.2	1	0.0	115.2
LUMMI	110.2	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	74.5	1	4.0	110.2
MUCKLESHOOT	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	1.0	1.0
NISQUALLY	17.8	15.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	17.8
PORT GAMBLE	18.9	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	8.2	1	1.2	18.9
PORT MADISON	60.9	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	35.9	1	2.8	60.9
PUGET SOUND P.D.	17.9	15.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.0	17.9
SWINOMISH	48.1	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	26.2	1	2.9	48.1
TULALIP	195.3	47.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	141.7	1	6.1	195.3
UPPER SKAGIT	24.3	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	2.9	1	2.4	24.3
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	584.6	180.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	404.6	7	24.4	609.6
YAKIMA	2264.4	1582.2	0.0	0.0	169.8	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	509.1	2261.1
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	83.2	58.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	16.0	1	8.9	83.2
SPOKANE	550.8	336.0	0.0	0.0	45.9	1	3.6	1	113.0	1	52.3	550.8
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	634.0	394.3	0.0	0.0	45.9	1	3.6	1	129.0	2	61.2	634.0
FLATHEAD	1354.4	816.9	0.0	0.0	53.0	2	0.0	0	331.0	3	153.5	1354.4
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	14566.3	8087.2	22.5	0.0	568.0	118	3.6	1	3981.1	27	2055.1	14717.5

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 4 - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) -- ALL APPROPRIATIONS										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	124.9	98.6	0.0	0.0	0.8	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	21.2	120.6
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	12.6	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	12.6
ROUND VALLEY	101.8	35.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	66.7	1	0.0	101.8
TULE RIVER	55.1	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	47.5	2	0.0	55.1
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	169.5	55.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	114.2	3	0.0	169.5
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	662.8	225.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	354.3	1	81.1	661.2
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	662.8	225.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	354.3	1	81.1	661.2
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	60.2	42.2	0.0	0.0	4.5	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	13.5	60.2
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	1017.4	421.9	0.0	0.0	5.3	2	0.0	0	468.5	4	115.8	1011.5
CENTRAL OFFICE	1588.1	1187.0	0.0	14.4	0.0	0	175.8	1	0.0	0	210.9	1588.1

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS N-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 4 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) -- ALL APPROPRIATIONS										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	348.1	79.9	16.4	6.1	0.0	0	111.3	2	111.7	3	22.2	347.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***											
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	2748.2	1723.2	150.8	51.8	63.6	7	18.1	8	215.0	6	537.1	2739.6
AREA - ANADARKO	204.9	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	161.9	1	8.0	204.9
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	1284.4	808.0	1.0	4.1	32.7	15	239.8	9	0.0	0	183.1	1268.7
AREA - EASTERN	1211.1	348.7	0.0	31.8	5.0	1	0.0	0	924.2	6	49.8	1359.5
AREA - JUNEAU	945.7	470.7	0.0	0.0	29.5	2	0.0	0	259.0	4	154.6	913.8
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3823.5	1481.8	0.0	28.1	239.4	50	24.1	7	1568.0	18	482.1	3823.5
AREA - MUSKOGEE	156.1	84.7	0.0	0.0	10.0	2	0.0	0	27.4	1	34.0	156.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***											
AREA - NAVAJO	1355.5	534.3	90.4	0.0	65.0	7	196.4	4	294.5	1	150.9	1331.5
AREA - PHOENIX	3893.3	2007.4	449.1	0.0	20.0	24	35.0	1	812.9	3	417.8	3742.2
AREA - PORTLAND	14566.3	8087.2	22.5	0.0	568.0	118	3.6	1	3981.1	27	2055.1	14717.5
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1017.4	421.9	0.0	0.0	5.3	2	0.0	0	468.5	4	115.8	1011.5
CENTRAL OFFICE	1588.1	1187.0	0.0	14.4	0.0	0	175.8	1	0.0	0	210.9	1588.1
BUREAU - TOTAL	33142.6	17269.8	730.2	136.3	1038.5	228	804.1	33	8824.2	74	4421.4	33224.5

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS M-90 ACCOUNTS, OR FROM CARRYOVER FUNDS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) W/TP ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS -- PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860) T. 8860/ OBLIG.	PERS. SERV.	CONTRACTS/ ROW'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(3)	FIRE SUPP. (8861) DIA	OTHER	EMERGENCY/ REHAB. (8862)	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	6.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
CHEYENNE RIVER	63.1	50.5	20.9	0.6	4.6	9.6	91.3	0.0	0.0	141.8
FORT BERTHOLD	32.8	19.3	17.3	0.0	1.4	0.4	6.3	0.0	0.0	25.8
DEVILS LAKE	43.1	35.5	24.5	0.0	0.6	10.4	11.7	0.0	0.0	47.2
PINE RIDGE	163.5	227.8	153.8	0.6	23.3	50.1	510.1	0.0	0.0	737.9
ROSEBUD	180.5	137.0	71.4	51.8	6.9	6.9	292.6	0.0	0.7	430.3
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	3.2
SISSETON	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	1.0
STANDING ROCK	108.5	99.0	73.1	1.8	4.9	19.8	166.9	0.0	0.2	266.1
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	60.6	25.7	19.4	2.6	1.3	2.4	28.2	0.0	0.0	53.9
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	18.6	11.7	8.3	0.0	2.7	0.7	18.1	0.0	0.0	29.8
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	18.6	11.7	8.3	0.0	2.7	0.7	18.1	0.0	0.0	29.8
CROW CREEK	30.0	19.0	13.9	0.0	1.5	3.6	22.8	0.0	0.0	41.8
LOWER BRULE	61.1	35.0	27.3	0.2	2.7	4.8	22.2	0.0	0.0	57.2
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	751.5	661.1	445.3	57.0	50.1	108.7	1176.4	0.0	0.9	1838.4
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***										
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	309.8	198.7	82.5	74.6	15.5	26.1	0.0	1071.1	0.0	1269.8
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	193.6	189.0	133.6	34.5	6.5	14.4	43.6	101.5	0.0	334.1
LAGUNA	22.5	23.3	14.9	1.5	1.3	5.8	6.3	119.4	26.0	175.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	121.0	140.6	99.1	4.2	2.9	34.4	80.0	193.3	0.0	413.9
SOUTHERN UTE	111.1	116.1	85.9	2.7	3.8	19.7	101.4	13.0	0.0	230.5
UTE MOUNTAIN	51.9	61.2	15.7	22.2	0.5	2.8	92.9	33.6	0.0	187.7
JICARILLA	150.0	161.7	107.0	0.2	6.8	47.7	187.3	169.9	0.0	518.9
MESCALERO	501.3	573.7	480.3	63.5	7.6	23.3	705.1	1303.7	0.0	2582.5
ZUNI	34.1	35.8	23.1	2.0	4.0	6.7	215.2	611.2	0.0	862.2
RAMAH-NAVAJO	16.3	11.7	8.7	0.0	1.2	1.8	2.3	113.8	0.0	127.8
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	1618.8	1489.8	1059.8	185.2	50.1	196.7	1374.1	3790.5	26.0	6680.4
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***										
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: AAAO. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***										
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	305.6	184.3	72.1	84.2	22.2	5.8	0.0	292.7	25.0	502.0
BLACKFEET	167.8	136.8	71.9	27.3	6.0	31.6	517.3	1001.4	0.0	1655.5
CROW	263.1	239.4	111.0	77.2	8.5	42.7	837.5	11.3	0.0	1088.2
FORT BELKNAP	107.2	152.0	113.9	2.2	3.7	32.2	188.0	500.0	0.0	840.0
FORT PECK	70.0	49.8	39.0	1.1	1.5	8.2	17.6	862.9	0.0	930.3
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	203.0	201.0	151.6	4.5	5.5	39.4	10.5	577.6	88.2	877.3
WIND RIVER	129.3	128.5	88.7	18.5	6.7	14.6	8.6	697.8	37.0	871.9
ROCKY BOY'S	67.2	82.7	61.8	0.3	2.0	18.6	4.8	234.8	51.0	373.3
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	1381.2	1174.5	710.0	215.3	56.1	195.1	1584.3	4178.5	201.2	7138.5
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	73.6	93.6	14.9	60.8	17.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	93.6
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	55.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	7.2
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	76.2	48.7	34.9	0.0	5.5	8.3	2.2	21.6	0.0	72.5
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	216.9	171.3	81.7	35.6	6.7	49.3	20.5	0.0	0.0	191.8
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	38.6	61.1	0.0	61.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	61.1
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	38.6	61.1	0.0	61.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	61.1
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	442.6	374.7	131.5	162.5	23.1	57.6	29.9	21.6	0.0	426.2

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) AFTP ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS -- PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB: FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860)					FIRE SUPP. (8861)		EMERGENCY/ REHAB. (8862)	TOTAL
		T. 8860 OBLIG.	PERS. SERV.	CONTRACTS/ MOU'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(1)	BIA	OTHER		
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	409.2	299.8	90.6	28.7	18.2	162.3	0.0	16.5	0.0	316.3
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	409.2	299.8	90.6	28.7	18.2	162.3	0.0	16.5	0.0	316.3
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	80.7	67.5	15.0	49.5	2.2	0.8	19.0	10.8	0.0	97.3
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	146.2	119.9	0.6	114.6	1.1	3.6	61.3	0.0	0.0	181.2
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	1.2	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	147.4	120.9	0.6	115.6	1.1	3.6	61.3	0.0	0.0	182.2
RED LAKE	198.9	100.9	86.6	4.9	1.5	7.9	157.7	3.3	0.0	261.9
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	107.1	80.2	35.7	25.6	0.4	18.5	12.4	0.3	0.0	92.9
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	107.1	80.2	35.7	25.6	0.4	18.5	12.4	0.3	0.0	92.9
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	73.5	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	11.0	0.0	67.1
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	73.5	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	11.0	0.0	67.1
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	8.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	8.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	616.5	419.6	137.9	245.6	5.5	30.8	256.5	25.4	0.0	701.5
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	18.3	10.8	10.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	13.8
CHEROKEE	41.5	47.0	30.3	2.9	0.5	13.3	13.1	0.0	0.0	60.1
CHOCTAW	6.8	3.2	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	76.5	61.0	40.9	3.7	0.7	15.7	16.1	0.0	0.0	77.1
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***										
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	856.0	725.2	477.9	130.3	12.4	104.6	205.6	677.5	2.4	1610.7
NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	856.0	725.2	477.9	130.3	12.4	104.6	205.6	677.5	2.4	1610.7
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	97.0	81.1	60.7	10.1	0.2	10.1	0.0	25.1	5.3	111.5
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	35.6	8.8	0.5	0.8	0.2	7.3	8.9	0.0	0.0	17.7
FORT APACHE	2724.2	2198.8	1197.7	272.0	117.0	612.1	1189.7	1794.1	80.7	5263.3
-PAPAGO AGENCY	99.5	93.2	61.1	1.1	8.4	22.6	7.1	0.0	0.0	100.3
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) MFYP ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS -- PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB: FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860) T. 8860 OBLIG.	PERS. SERV.	CONTRACTS/ MOU'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(3/	FIRE SUPP. (8861) BIA	FIRE SUPP. (8861) OTHER	EMERGENCY/ REHAB. (8862)	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	93.7	39.4	20.9	0.9	0.8	16.8	8.3	0.7	0.0	48.4
SAN CARLOS	1135.7	906.6	554.7	164.6	13.4	173.9	1142.1	2153.4	13.4	4215.5
-W.NEVADA AGENCY	180.3	137.6	68.4	0.9	5.3	63.0	10.2	75.0	0.0	222.8
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	257.7	188.7	120.7	3.5	14.7	49.8	83.1	226.8	105.3	603.9
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	257.7	188.7	120.7	3.5	14.7	49.8	83.1	226.8	105.3	603.9
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	198.3	136.2	106.5	11.8	1.6	16.3	10.6	38.0	0.0	184.8
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	80.6	22.4	8.7	4.6	0.1	9.0	24.6	0.0	0.0	47.0
HOPI	82.6	71.0	54.3	0.6	11.1	5.0	71.2	0.0	0.0	142.2
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	192.0	145.8	85.6	1.5	3.9	54.8	21.2	85.0	0.0	252.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	192.0	145.8	85.6	1.5	3.9	54.8	21.2	85.0	0.0	252.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	14.7	3.6	0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	5196.2	4033.2	2321.8	476.2	185.7	1049.5	2577.3	4398.1	204.7	11213.3
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	571.9	538.1	129.1	324.6	25.0	59.4	13.6	1.0	0.0	552.7
-SILETZ AGENCY	33.7	28.2	0.0	10.0	0.4	17.8	2.9	0.0	0.0	31.1
GRAND RONDE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***										
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	33.7	28.2	0.0	10.0	0.4	17.8	2.9	0.0	0.0	31.1
COLVILLE	785.0	908.0	225.7	415.4	27.5	239.4	2596.8	19.0	1103.2	4627.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	105.1	95.7	22.3	65.4	0.9	7.1	11.5	0.0	0.0	107.2
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	64.8	73.9	11.1	50.2	3.4	9.2	106.6	541.0	0.0	721.5
COEUR D'ALENE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	64.8	73.9	11.1	50.2	3.4	9.2	106.6	541.0	0.0	721.5
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	133.6	113.1	13.2	84.2	5.7	10.0	90.7	152.9	0.0	356.7
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	133.6	113.1	13.2	84.2	5.7	10.0	90.7	152.9	0.0	356.7
UMATILLA	53.7	41.1	9.6	28.2	0.9	2.4	1.6	0.0	0.3	43.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	929.8	675.7	62.9	466.7	17.7	128.4	131.4	613.0	60.0	1480.1
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	39.6	33.8	8.6	14.9	1.5	8.8	31.7	0.0	0.0	65.5
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	39.6	33.8	8.6	14.9	1.5	8.8	31.7	0.0	0.0	65.5
YAKIMA	840.9	939.7	74.1	815.0	8.2	42.4	624.2	232.9	36.6	1833.4
-SPOKANE AGENCY	346.9	306.7	223.5	2.0	9.9	71.3	133.3	0.0	160.8	600.8
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	346.9	306.7	223.5	2.0	9.9	71.3	133.3	0.0	160.8	600.8
FLATHEAD	568.5	502.8	246.8	156.4	2.9	96.7	795.7	248.1	73.3	1619.9
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	4473.5	4256.8	1026.9	2433.0	104.0	692.9	4540.0	1807.9	1434.2	12038.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) NFYP ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS -- PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB								
		FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860)					FIRE SUPP. (8861)		EMERGENCY/ REHAB. (8862)	TOTAL
		T. 8860/ OBLIG.	PERS. SERV.	CONTRACTS/ MOU'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(3	BIA	OTHER		
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	5.7	1.3	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.9
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	122.2	145.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	145.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	147.2
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	122.2	145.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	145.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	147.2
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	291.2	274.4	125.3	131.8	7.2	10.1	65.0	15.0	4.1	358.5
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	291.2	274.4	125.3	131.8	7.2	10.1	65.0	15.0	4.1	358.5
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	231.6	123.9	0.0	99.5	1.9	22.5	295.6	0.0	26.3	445.8
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	650.7	544.7	125.5	231.3	10.2	177.7	362.7	15.0	31.0	953.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	769.3	790.4	0.2	659.4	50.6	80.2	0.0	28.6	0.0	819.0

** NOTE: OBLIGATIONS FOR ANY GIVEN ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCED AS ACTUAL FIRE OBLIGATIONS OF THE BIA ARE FINALIZED.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 5 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) NFYP ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS -- PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB								
		FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860)					FIRE SUPP. (8861)		EMERGENCY/ REHAB. (8862)	TOTAL
		T. 8860/ OBLIG.	PERS. SERV.	CONTRACTS/ MOU'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(3	BIA	OTHER		
AREA - ABERDEEN	751.3	661.1	445.3	57.0	50.1	108.7	1176.4	0.0	0.9	1838.4
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***									
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1418.8	1409.8	1059.8	185.2	50.1	194.7	1374.1	3790.5	26.0	6680.4
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***									
AREA - BILLINGS	1381.2	1174.5	710.0	215.3	54.1	195.1	1584.3	4178.5	201.2	7138.5
AREA - EASTERN	462.4	334.7	131.5	142.5	23.1	37.6	29.9	21.6	0.0	406.2
AREA - JUNEAU	409.2	299.8	90.6	28.7	18.2	162.3	0.0	16.5	0.0	316.3
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	616.5	419.6	137.9	245.6	5.3	30.8	256.5	25.4	0.0	701.5
AREA - MUSKOGEE	76.5	61.0	40.9	3.7	0.7	15.7	16.1	0.0	0.0	77.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***									
AREA - NAVAJO	856.9	725.2	477.9	130.3	12.4	104.6	205.6	477.5	2.4	1410.7
AREA - PHOENIX	5196.2	4033.2	2321.8	476.2	185.7	1049.5	2577.3	4398.1	204.7	11213.3
AREA - PORTLAND	4473.5	4256.8	1026.9	2433.0	104.0	692.9	4540.0	1807.9	1434.2	12038.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	650.7	544.7	125.5	231.3	10.2	177.7	362.7	15.0	31.0	953.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	769.3	790.4	0.2	659.4	50.6	80.2	0.0	28.6	0.0	819.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	17062.5	14810.8	6568.3	4808.2	564.5	2869.8	12122.9	14759.6	1900.4	43593.7

** NOTE: OBLIGATIONS FOR ANY GIVEN ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCED AS ACTUAL FIRE OBLIGATIONS OF THE BIA ARE FINALIZED.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR. MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4)				
				TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	2.5	1.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	2.5	1.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	2.5	1.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***							
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	3.0	1.4	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAGUNA	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	26.9	26.9	0.0	14.0	0.0	12.9	26.9
SOUTHERN UTE	0.0	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	3.3	0.9	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2
MESCALERO	22.6	19.5	42.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ZUNI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	29.0	50.6	79.6	4.2	14.0	0.0	12.9	31.1
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	24.1	6.3	30.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***							
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	24.1	6.3	30.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***							
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	23.2	8.5	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW	5.1	8.3	13.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	9.5	34.9	44.4	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0
WIND RIVER	5.2	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.0	7.4	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	43.0	59.1	102.1	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	42.0	26.4	68.4	0.0	0.0	42.0	0.0	42.0
PENOBSCOT	15.5	9.5	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	29.4	10.4	39.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	10.9	2.7	13.6	11.9	0.0	1.7	0.0	13.6
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	97.8	49.0	146.8	11.9	0.0	43.7	0.0	55.6

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
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FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR.MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4)				
				TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	0.0	46.4	46.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	0.0	46.4	46.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED LAKE	0.0	17.9	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.9
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	28.3	9.6	37.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	1.5	0.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	2.5	0.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	2.3	0.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	34.6	13.0	47.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	10.7	4.4	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	31.7	10.8	42.5	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.6	6.6
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	5.0	9.8	14.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
MOLE LAKE	1.0	1.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	4.4	1.4	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	3.2
RED CLIFF	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	11.3	0.5	11.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.5
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	65.0	28.4	93.4	0.0	0.0	2.0	15.3	17.3
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.3	7.2	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.9	7.2	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	100.5	66.5	167.0	17.9	0.0	2.0	15.3	35.2
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	2.3	1.9	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	2.3	1.9	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR.MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4)				
				TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	297.7	314.9	612.6	205.5	0.0	0.0	85.3	290.8
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	297.7	314.9	612.6	205.5	0.0	0.0	85.3	290.8
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	809.7	612.1	1421.8	0.0	0.0	382.1	109.1	491.2
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR.MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (6)				
				TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	9.7	2.4	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	9.7	2.4	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	18.6	15.3	33.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	10.6
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	18.6	15.3	33.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	10.6
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	838.0	629.8	1467.8	0.0	0.0	382.1	119.7	501.8
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	268.5	268.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***								
SILETZ	168.1	214.9	383.0	35.0	0.0	133.0	0.0	168.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	168.1	483.4	651.5	35.0	0.0	133.0	0.0	168.0
COLVILLE	1509.5	1145.3	2654.8	422.3	0.0	543.3	0.0	965.6
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	102.5	26.2	128.7	43.2	0.0	26.7	15.3	85.2
KOOTENAI	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	49.1	34.2	83.3	51.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	152.2	60.4	212.6	94.2	0.0	26.7	15.3	136.2
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	64.2	107.3	171.5	15.0	0.0	23.9	4.5	43.4
OLY. PEN. P.D.	8.6	0.0	8.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	55.8	55.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	338.2	287.5	625.7	0.0	0.0	198.7	20.6	219.3
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	8.7	195.7	204.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	7.8	0.0	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	427.5	646.3	1073.8	15.0	0.0	222.6	25.1	262.7
UMATILLA	13.3	1.2	14.5	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	11.9
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	640.9	1500.0	2140.9	461.0	0.0	464.2	518.8	1444.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	35.0	0.0	35.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	24.9	17.5	42.4	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.7	6.7
MUCKLESHOOT	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	9.3	1.0	10.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	6.1	0.7	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	20.1	2.6	22.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.5	2.4	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	7.1	12.7	19.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	51.1	37.1	88.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	154.5	74.0	228.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.7	6.7
YAKIMA	1919.3	1252.3	3171.6	185.8	94.9	945.5	324.8	1551.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	12.9	3.9	16.8	4.5	0.0	0.0	4.0	8.5
SPOKANE	107.8	102.5	210.3	80.3	0.0	18.5	31.1	129.9
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	120.7	106.4	227.1	84.8	0.0	18.5	35.1	138.4
FLATHEAD	68.9	362.3	431.2	189.0	0.0	54.6	40.8	284.4
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	5174.9	5631.6	10806.5	1498.6	94.9	2411.4	964.0	4968.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT		DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR.MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4)				
					TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER		34.9	38.0	72.9	13.0	0.0	17.9	19.0	49.9
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL.	TOTAL	34.9	38.0	72.9	13.0	0.0	17.9	19.0	49.9
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY		62.2	12.0	74.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.4
FORT BIDWELL		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY		185.3	425.0	610.3	33.5	0.0	6.9	31.7	72.1
YUROK		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL.	TOTAL	247.5	437.0	684.5	33.5	0.0	6.9	33.1	73.5
AGUA CALIENTE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	TOTAL	282.4	475.0	757.4	46.5	0.0	24.8	52.1	123.4
CENTRAL OFFICE		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 6 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES) ($'S IN THOUSANDS)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

				FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4)				
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	DED. CARRYOVER FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1989)	TOT. FOR.MGT. DED. AVAIL. IN 1989	TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	2.5	1.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***							
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	29.0	50.6	79.6	4.2	14.0	0.0	12.9	31.1
AREA - ANADARKO	24.1	6.3	30.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***							
AREA - BILLINGS	43.0	59.1	102.1	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0
AREA - EASTERN	97.8	49.0	146.8	11.9	0.0	43.7	0.0	55.6
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	46.4	46.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	100.5	66.5	167.0	17.9	0.0	2.0	15.3	35.2
AREA - MUSKOGEE	2.3	1.9	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***							
AREA - NAVAJO	297.7	314.9	612.6	205.5	0.0	0.0	85.3	290.8
AREA - PHOENIX	838.0	629.8	1467.8	0.0	0.0	382.1	119.7	501.8
AREA - PORTLAND	5174.9	5631.6	10806.5	1498.6	94.9	2411.4	964.0	4968.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	282.4	475.0	757.4	46.5	0.0	24.8	52.1	123.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	6892.2	7332.6	14224.8	1796.6	108.9	2865.3	1249.3	6020.1

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 1989
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL TRIBAL FOR.FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS ($)				
		TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***					
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SOUTHERN UTE	27.4	22.9	0.0	0.0	4.5	27.4
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	289.8	194.8	0.0	30.0	65.0	289.8
MESCALERO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ZUNI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	317.2	217.7	0.0	30.0	69.5	317.2
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***					
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***					
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 1989
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL TRIBAL FOR.FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (5)				
		TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	192.3	0.0	0.0	192.3	0.0	192.3
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	192.3	0.0	0.0	192.3	0.0	192.3
RED LAKE	20.1	10.1	0.0	0.0	10.0	20.1
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	212.4	10.1	0.0	192.3	10.0	212.4
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***					
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	395.0	263.7	0.0	0.0	131.3	395.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	395.0	263.7	0.0	0.0	131.3	395.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 1989
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

TABLE 7 - PAGE 3

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL TRIBAL FOR.FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (5) TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	16.1	14.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.1
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	16.1	14.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.1
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	16.1	14.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.1
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***					
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	108.3	29.2	0.0	77.4	1.7	108.3
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	68.6	68.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	68.6
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	176.9	97.8	0.0	77.4	1.7	176.9
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	17.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1	17.1
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	17.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1	17.1
UMATILLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YAKIMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FLATHEAD	453.9	173.6	0.0	184.1	96.2	453.9
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	647.9	271.4	0.0	261.5	115.0	647.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 1989
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL TRIBAL FOR.FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (5)				
		TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	666.8	348.5	0.0	167.5	150.8	666.8
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	666.8	348.5	0.0	167.5	150.8	666.8
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	666.8	348.5	0.0	167.5	150.8	666.8
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
DISTRIBUTION OF TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 1989
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 7 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL TRIBAL FOR.FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)				
		TRIBAL FOR. SERVICES	BIA FOR. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***					
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	317.2	217.7	0.0	30.0	69.5	317.2
AREA - ANADARKO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1983; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***					
AREA - BILLINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	212.4	10.1	0.0	192.3	10.0	212.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***					
AREA - NAVAJO	395.0	263.7	0.0	0.0	131.3	395.0
AREA - PHOENIX	16.1	14.6	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.1
AREA - PORTLAND	647.9	271.4	0.0	261.5	115.0	647.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	666.8	348.5	0.0	167.5	150.8	666.8
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	2255.4	1126.0	0.0	651.3	478.1	2255.4

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 8 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP PUR	SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH. / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL O	V /	B/ T/
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	7.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ROSEBUD	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0/TRI
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
STANDING ROCK	1.0	0.0	2.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0/TRI
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
WINNEBAGO (NE)	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	6.0	1.0	17.5	22.5	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.5	0.0	22.5	0.0	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***															
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	9.0	0.4	0.0	9.4	4.4	1.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.4	1.0	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	4.5	0.6	10.1	15.2	2.5	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	10.1	0.0	15.2	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
LAGUNA	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	6.0	3.2	7.3	16.5	3.8	0.5	3.9	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.3	0.0	16.0	0.5	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SOUTHERN UTE	3.0	1.0	6.0	10.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.4	1.4	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.8	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
JICARILLA	10.0	10.0	8.0	28.0	9.0	0.0	9.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	28.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	34.0	0.0	0/TRI
MESCALERO	26.0	2.7	13.0	41.7	7.8	1.9	16.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	38.8	2.9	4/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ZUNI	2.0	0.0	7.1	9.1	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	6.6	0.0	9.1	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	1.5	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	60.9	18.3	54.9	134.1	31.9	3.4	32.5	1.4	10.5	0.2	51.5	2.7	126.4	7.7	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	35.0	0.0	/TRI
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0/TRI
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***															
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MUSK. AREA BEGINNING 1987 ***															
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	6.0	0.0	1.0	7.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP FUR	SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH. / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL / O	V /	/ R/ V/
BLACKFEET	6.0	0.0	11.0	17.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	15.0	2.0	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
CROW	6.0	1.0	21.0	28.0	4.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	15.0	6.0	22.0	6.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FORT BELKNAP	2.0	0.0	10.0	12.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	12.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	9.0	5.0	25.0	39.0	4.2	1.8	4.6	2.4	1.0	0.0	23.4	1.6	33.2	5.8	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	9.2	0.0	0/TRI
WIND RIVER	1.3	2.0	6.0	9.3	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.0	6.0	0.0	8.3	1.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ROCKY BOY'S	2.5	0.0	7.0	9.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	7.0	0.0	9.0	0.5	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	32.8	8.0	81.0	121.8	17.2	2.8	10.6	6.4	5.3	0.5	73.4	7.6	106.5	15.3	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	9.2	0.0	/TRI
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	3.0	0.0	1.0	4.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	0/TRI
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	0.0	0.C	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					2.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0/TRI
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0/TRI
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
EASTERN CHEROKEE	3.0	2.0	6.0	11.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	4.0	1.0	3.5	8.5	1.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	7.5	1.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/BI
					2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	/TR
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	10.0	3.0	10.5	23.5	4.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	9.5	1.0	19.5	4.0	/BIA
					7.3	0.0	7.7	0.0	4.7	0.0	2.0	0.0	21.7	0.0	/TRI
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	15.0	2.0	0.0	17.0	9.0	4.0	0.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	5.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	15.0	2.0	0.0	17.0	9.0	4.0	0.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	5.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	7.5	0.0	0.0	7.5	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
MENOMINEE	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					9.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	0/TRI
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O. TOTAL	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	/BIA
					9.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP FUR	SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH. / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL O	V /	R/ V/
RED LAKE	14.0	1.0	15.0	30.0	6.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	8.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	5.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	6.1	1.9	5/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
BOIS FORTE	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.7	0.3	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.3	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.2	2.3	0.7	6/TRI
GRAND PORTAGE	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0/BIA
					0.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.2	6/TRI
LEECH LAKE	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
WHITE EARTH	2.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	15.0	0.0	0.8	15.8	7.7	1.3	4.0	0.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.0	13.6	2.2	/BIA
					1.8	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.2	3.6	0.9	/TRI
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	6.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
BAD RIVER	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
LAC COURTE OREILLES	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.7	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0/TRI
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
POTAWATOMI (WI)	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	11.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	7.8	1.2	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.8	1.2	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	/TRI
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	51.5	1.0	15.8	68.3	29.5	2.5	10.0	1.0	8.6	0.9	1.8	14.0	49.9	18.4	/BIA
					11.8	0.2	15.5	0.5	2.0	0.0	1.3	0.2	30.6	0.9	/TRI
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP FUR	TMP SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH. / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL / O	V /	R/ V/
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-MIAMI AGENCY	1.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
CHEROKEE	3.0	1.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	5.0	1.0	1.0	7.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***															
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
NAVAJO	17.0	9.0	90.0	116.0	3.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	81.0	10.0	106.0	10.0	3/BIA
					8.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	75.0	0.0	102.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	20.0	9.0	90.0	119.0	5.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	81.0	10.0	109.0	10.0	/BIA
					8.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	75.0	0.0	102.0	0.0	/TRI
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	6.0	2.0	0.0	8.0	5.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FORT APACHE	38.0	21.0	356.0	415.0	21.0	3.0	26.0	5.0	4.0	0.0	249.0	107.0	300.0	115.0	6/BIA
					1.0	0.0	6.0	3.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	13.0	3.0	6/TRI
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SAN CARLOS	9.0	5.0	55.0	69.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	3.0	5.0	0.0	51.0	4.0	62.0	7.0	6/BIA
					2.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	8.0	0.0	5.5	0.5	18.5	1.5	6/TRI
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
UINTAH AND OURAY	1.0	6.0	21.0	28.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	12.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	1.0	6.0	21.0	28.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	12.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	/TRI
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
HUALAPAI	4.0	1.0	8.0	13.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	12.0	1.0	6/BIA
					2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	22.0	0.0	27.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	4.0	1.0	8.0	13.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	12.0	1.0	/BIA
					2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	22.0	0.0	27.0	0.0	/TRI
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	58.1	35.0	440.0	533.1	29.0	3.0	35.1	9.0	12.0	0.0	320.0	125.0	396.1	137.0	/BIA
					5.0	0.0	12.0	4.0	11.0	0.0	31.5	0.5	59.5	4.5	/TRI
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	24.0	6.0	1.0	31.0	12.0	0.0	2.0	4.0	7.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	24.0	7.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
GRAND RONDE	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0/BIA
					2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0/TRI
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***															
SILETZ	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0/BIA
					3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	/BIA
					5.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	/TRI

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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP FUR	SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH. / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL / O	V /	/ R/ V/
COLVILLE	69.0	21.0	0.0	90.0	23.0	12.0	32.0	13.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.0	25.0	3/BIA
					4.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	62.0	0.0	0/TRI
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FORT HALL	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
COEUR D'ALENE	6.0	2.0	0.0	8.0	4.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0/BIA
					3.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	0/TRI
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0/TRI
NEZ PERCE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/BIA
					4.0	1.0	7.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	33.0	1.0	3/TRI
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	7.0	2.0	0.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	0.0	/BIA
					7.0	1.0	9.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	20.0	0.0	39.2	1.0	/TRI
-OLY PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
MAKAH	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0/BIA
					2.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	2.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	15.0	4.0	5/TRI
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
QUINAULT	40.0	9.0	8.0	57.0	19.0	6.0	10.0	5.0	8.0	1.0	5.0	3.0	42.0	15.0	5/BIA
					5.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	4.5	2.0	34.0	0.0	53.5	12.0	3/TRI
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	43.0	9.0	8.0	60.0	20.0	6.0	12.0	5.0	8.0	1.0	5.0	3.0	45.0	15.0	/BIA
					7.0	11.0	11.0	3.0	6.5	2.0	44.0	0.0	68.5	16.0	/TRI
UMATILLA	5.0	1.0	8.0	14.0	1.3	0.7	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	13.3	0.7	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
WARM SPRINGS	41.0	5.0	0.0	46.0	18.0	4.0	16.0	4.0	3.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	37.0	9.0	3/BIA
					5.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	48.0	0.0	69.0	0.0	0/TRI
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/TRI
LUMMI	1.2	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.2	6/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.0	0.0	21.0	0.0	0/TRI
MUCKLESHOOT	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
NISQUALLY	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.2	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
PORT GAMBLE	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.2	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0/TRI
PORT MADISON	0.9	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.2	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0/TRI
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.2	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
SWINOMISH	0.8	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.8	0.2	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	15.3	0.0	0/TRI

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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) / FTP	TMP FUR	SEA	TOT/	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS / O	V /	TECH. / O	V /	SUPPORT / O	V /	SEASONAL / O	V /	TOTAL O	V /	/ R/ V/
TULALIP	1.9	0.0	0.2	2.1	1.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.7	0.4	6/BIA
					1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	0/TRI
UPPER SKAGIT	0.8	0.0	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.0	0.2	6/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	12.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	7.7	0.0	2.0	9.7	4.7	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	7.7	2.0	/BIA
					4.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	63.0	0.0	71.0	0.0	/TRI
YAKIMA	65.0	14.0	0.0	79.0	26.0	7.0	25.0	14.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.0	21.0	5/BIA
					0.0	0.0	25.0	4.0	6.0	0.0	80.0	36.0	111.0	40.0	3/TRI.
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
KALISPEL	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
SPOKANE	12.0	6.0	0.0	18.0	6.2	0.8	8.0	-1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	1.8	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0/TRI
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	14.0	6.0	0.0	20.0	7.2	0.8	9.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	1.8	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	/TRI
FLATHEAD	49.0	6.0	35.0	90.0	18.0	5.0	9.0	12.0	4.0	2.0	40.0	0.0	71.0	19.0	3/BIA
					1.0	1.0	13.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	15.0	1.0	32.0	4.0	6/TRI
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	327.0	70.0	54.0	451.0	136.7	36.5	109.8	54.0	46.0	6.0	58.0	4.0	350.5	100.5	/BIA
					33.0	13.0	99.0	9.0	27.7	2.0	311.0	37.0	470.7	61.0	/TRI
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	3.5	0.0	0.0	3.5	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.2	1.3	3/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
ROUND VALLEY	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.7	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
TULE RIVER	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	2.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	1.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.9	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	/TRI
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
HOOPA VALLEY	4.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0/BIA
					5.7	7.3	11.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	38.7	14.3	3/TRI
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	6.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1.0	/BIA
					5.7	7.3	11.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	38.7	14.3	/TRI
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	14.0	0.0	0.0	14.0	4.6	2.9	5.0	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	10.8	3.2	/BIA
					5.7	7.3	13.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	40.7	14.3	/TRI
CENTRAL OFFICE	26.3	0.3	0.0	26.6	16.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	8.7	1.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	1.6	6/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEAR 1989

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 8 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.)				TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6)										
					FORESTERS		TECH.		SUPPORT		SEASONAL		TOTAL		R/V
	FTP	TMP FUR	SEA	TOT	O	V	O	V	O	V	O	V	O	V	
AREA - ABERDEEN	6.0	1.0	17.5	22.5	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.5	0.0	22.5	0.0	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***															
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	60.9	18.3	54.9	134.1	31.9	3.4	32.5	1.4	10.5	0.2	51.5	2.7	126.4	7.7	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	35.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - ANADARKO	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***															
AREA - BILLINGS	32.8	8.0	81.0	121.8	17.2	2.8	10.6	4.6	5.3	0.5	73.4	7.6	106.5	15.3	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	9.2	0.0	/TRI
AREA - EASTERN	10.0	3.0	10.5	23.5	6.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	9.5	1.0	19.5	4.0	/BIA
					7.3	0.0	7.7	0.0	4.7	0.0	2.0	0.0	21.7	0.0	/TRI
AREA - JUNEAU	15.0	2.0	0.0	17.0	9.0	4.0	0.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	5.0	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	51.5	1.0	15.8	68.3	29.5	2.5	10.0	1.0	8.6	0.9	1.8	14.0	49.9	18.4	/BIA
					11.8	0.2	15.5	0.5	2.0	0.0	1.3	0.2	30.6	0.9	/TRI
AREA - MUSKOGEE	5.0	1.0	1.0	7.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	/BIA
					1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***															
AREA - NAVAJO	20.0	9.0	90.0	119.0	5.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	81.0	10.0	109.0	10.0	/BIA
					8.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	75.0	0.0	102.0	0.0	/TRI
AREA - PHOENIX	58.1	35.0	440.0	533.1	29.0	3.0	35.1	9.0	12.0	0.0	320.0	125.0	396.1	137.0	/BIA
					5.0	0.0	12.0	4.0	11.0	0.0	31.5	0.5	59.5	4.5	/TRI
AREA - PORTLAND	327.0	70.0	54.0	451.0	136.7	36.5	109.8	54.0	46.0	6.0	58.0	4.0	350.5	100.5	/BIA
					33.0	13.0	99.0	9.0	27.7	2.0	311.0	37.0	470.7	61.0	/TRI
AREA - SACRAMENTO	14.0	0.0	0.0	14.0	4.6	2.9	5.0	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	10.8	3.2	/BIA
					5.7	7.3	13.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	40.7	14.3	/TRI
CENTRAL OFFICE	26.3	0.3	0.0	26.6	16.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	8.7	1.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	1.6	/BIA
					0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	/TRI
BUREAU - TOTAL	625.6	148.6	766.7	1538.9	287.2	57.4	232.0	71.8	101.3	9.2	615.7	164.3	1236.2	302.7	/BIA
					73.8	20.5	170.2	16.5	62.4	3.0	485.0	40.7	791.4	80.7	/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 15 - PAGE 1

TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	ROAD CONST-RECONST		ROAD MAINT.		TIM. STD. IMPROV.		SITE PREPARATION		GRAND
	NO.OF MILES	TOTAL COST	NO.OF MILES	TOTAL COST	NO.OF ACRES	TOTAL COST	NO.OF ACRES	TOTAL COST	TOTAL COST
AREA - ABERDEEN	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	25	10000.	10000.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***								
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	32	74852.	57	10547.	20	2747.	702	18011.	106157.
AREA - ANADARKO	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***								
AREA - BILLINGS	87	92358.	350	69435.	370	44478.	66	27364.	233635.
AREA - EASTERN	15	6000.	58	31900.	20	5000.	345	27600.	70500.
AREA - JUNEAU	2	20000.	2	22200.	0	0.	0	0.	42200.
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	102	86100.	89	136500.	4547	52250.	150	7500.	282350.
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0	0.	0	0.	50	12500.	200	5000.	17500.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***								
AREA - NAVAJO	130	165369.	53	40811.	400	232183.	0	0.	438363.
AREA - PHOENIX	509	1539600.	910	168000.	0	0.	60970	157146.	1864746.
AREA - PORTLAND	528	3822820.	1147	1615344.	2841	190785.	30785	929943.	6558892.
AREA - SACRAMENTO	47	56345.	50	153358.	137	65075.	533	66768.	341546.
CENTRAL OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BUREAU - TOTAL	1452	5863444.	2716	2248095.	8385	605018.	93776	1249332.	9965889.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 9 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	4.0	3.0	7.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7	11.0	3.0	14.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	11.0	1.0	12.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	9.0	38.0	47.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.2	27.0	4.0	31.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***														
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	18.0	11.0	29.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	18.0	11.0	29.0
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	23.0	4.0	27.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	23.0	20.0	43.0
SOUTHERN UTE	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.6	18.0	4.0	22.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	18.0	6.0	24.0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	50.0	10.0	60.0	2.0	5.0	1.0	8.0	190.0	56.0	246.0
MESCALERO	1.4	0.3	0.0	1.7	45.2	10.0	55.2	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	38.0	5.0	43.0
ZUNI	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	8.3	4.2	12.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	9.6	3.0	12.6
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	4.6	1.8	0.2	6.6	162.5	68.2	230.7	4.1	7.7	1.1	12.9	296.6	101.0	397.6
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.9	0.2	0.0	1.1	29.3	15.6	44.9	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	9.0	23.0	32.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.0	1.0	6.0	0.1	0.1	2.0	2.2	23.1	1.0	24.1
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***														
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	1.1	0.2	0.0	1.3	34.3	16.6	50.9	0.3	0.3	2.0	2.6	32.1	24.0	56.1
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***														
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.0	10.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	0.5	0.0	0.5	1.0	27.0	2.7	29.7	0.0	0.5	0.5	1.0	22.0	5.4	27.4
CROW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	32.5	6.0	38.5
FORT BELKNAP	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	7.0	1.0	8.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	7.0	50.0	57.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	7.0	3.0	10.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	4.0	0.0	4.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	1.9	0.0	0.6	2.5	78.0	13.7	91.7	0.9	2.0	0.6	3.5	72.5	64.4	136.9
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	30.0	45.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	30.0	45.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	19.5	0.0	19.5
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8	28.0	17.5	45.5	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	59.0	200.0	259.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	30.0	40.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	40.0	5.0	45.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	20.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	30.0	20.0	50.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	30.0	20.0	50.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	1.3	0.5	0.0	1.8	63.0	49.5	112.5	1.0	7.3	1.0	9.3	173.5	285.0	458.5

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

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FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	87.9	48.0	135.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	87.9	48.0	135.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	2.0	0.0	0.3	2.3	90.0	200.0	290.0	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	45.5	10.0	55.5
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	1.5	0.0	0.5	2.0	77.8	45.2	123.0	5.0	2.0	0.5	7.5	241.0	313.9	554.9
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	5.3	1.0	6.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	1.4	0.4	1.8
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	5.3	1.5	6.8
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	1.7	0.1	0.5	2.3	87.1	46.2	133.3	5.1	2.2	0.5	7.8	247.7	315.8	563.5
RED LAKE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	150.0	160.0	1.0	8.0	1.0	10.0	200.0	150.0	350.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	14.9	0.0	14.9	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	12.3	100.0	112.3
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	10.1	16.0	26.1
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.6	11.4	15.0	26.4
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	9.2	3.0	12.2
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	2.0	5.5
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	1.5	5.0	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.5	7.5	27.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.6	16.4	9.0	25.4	0.5	2.0	0.5	3.0	66.0	163.5	229.5
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.1	2.0	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.1	2.0	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.8	15.2	20.0	35.2
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	10.0	25.0	35.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.4	1.1	25.2	45.0	70.2
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	4.7	0.7	0.8	6.2	219.6	407.2	626.8	7.9	12.6	2.7	23.2	584.4	684.3	1268.7
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.7	18.4	8.0	26.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	11.6	4.0	15.6
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	12.5	10.0	22.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	12.5	10.0	22.5
CHEROKEE	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	16.0	50.0	66.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	8.0	40.0	48.0
CHOCTAW	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	50.0	40.0	90.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	20.0	30.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	3.4	0.2	0.0	3.6	96.9	108.0	204.9	1.1	0.5	0.0	1.6	42.1	74.0	116.1
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***														
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	10.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	15.0	17.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	1.0	3.0	1.0	5.0	41.2	10.0	51.2	3.0	47.9	5.0	55.9	1300.0	65.0	1365.0
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1990-1996

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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	14.5	60.0	74.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.0	65.0
-N.NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	10.0	5.0	15.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	10.0	5.0	15.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	8.6	0.5	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	8.6	0.5	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	1.9	3.2	1.2	6.3	76.3	85.5	161.8	3.2	47.9	5.2	56.3	1312.0	150.0	1462.0
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	2.5	1.0	0.0	3.5	161.5	65.0	186.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	20.0	5.0	25.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	21.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	13.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***														
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	13.0	21.0	34.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE	2.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	75.0	100.0	175.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	6.0	150.0	750.0	900.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	60.0	15.0	75.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	4.6	5.0	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	0.0	2.0	0.2	2.2	65.0	20.0	65.0	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.7	60.0	10.0	70.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	0.1	2.1	0.2	2.4	69.6	25.0	74.6	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.7	60.0	10.0	70.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	12.0	30.0	42.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	65.0	132.0	197.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	2.0	0.5	0.0	2.5	77.0	162.0	239.0
UMATILLA	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	32.1	25.0	57.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	2.0	3.0	1.0	6.0	140.0	35.0	175.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	100.0	25.0	125.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	5.0	3.0	8.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	5.0	3.0	8.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	5.0	25.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	5.0	15.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	40.0	5.0	45.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	10.0	25.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	7.0	27.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	5.0	3.0	8.0	0.5	4.3	0.0	4.8	110.0	35.0	145.0
YAKIMA	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	82.0	110.0	192.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	106.0	120.0	226.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	1.0	0.2	0.0	1.2	42.8	15.0	57.8	0.2	0.6	0.0	0.8	22.5	11.0	33.5
SPOKANE	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	57.7	5.0	62.7	0.5	1.5	0.0	2.0	56.4	269.6	326.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	2.0	1.2	0.0	3.2	100.5	20.0	120.5	0.7	2.1	0.0	2.8	78.9	280.6	359.5
FLATHEAD	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	57.0	6.4	63.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	11.6	12.6	1.2	25.4	695.7	615.4	1111.1	11.7	15.9	1.7	29.3	761.9	1602.6	2164.5

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

TABLE 9 - PAGE 4

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	9.0	3.0	12.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	7.8	0.0	7.8
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	7.8	0.0	7.8
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	5.2	0.0	5.2
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	38.8	2.2	41.0	1.0	2.0	0.3	3.3	61.7	6.6	68.3
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	38.8	2.2	41.0	1.0	2.0	0.6	3.6	66.9	6.6	73.5
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	1.0	0.2	0.1	1.3	42.7	2.2	44.9	1.2	2.4	0.6	4.2	83.7	9.6	93.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	6.2	1.0	0.0	7.2	284.6	94.4	379.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	5.0	17.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 9 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	9.0	38.0	47.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.2	27.0	4.0	31.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	4.6	1.8	0.2	6.6	162.5	68.2	230.7	4.1	7.7	1.1	12.9	296.6	101.0	397.6
AREA - ANADARKO	1.1	0.2	0.0	1.3	34.3	16.6	50.9	0.3	0.3	2.0	2.6	32.1	24.0	56.1
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	1.9	0.0	0.6	2.5	78.0	13.7	91.7	0.9	2.0	0.6	3.5	72.5	64.4	136.9
AREA - EASTERN	1.3	0.5	0.0	1.8	63.0	49.5	112.5	1.0	7.3	1.0	9.3	173.5	285.0	458.5
AREA - JUNEAU	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	87.9	48.0	135.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	4.7	0.7	0.8	6.2	219.6	407.2	626.8	7.9	12.6	2.7	23.2	584.4	684.3	1268.7
AREA - MUSKOGEE	3.4	0.2	0.0	3.6	96.9	108.0	204.9	1.1	0.5	0.0	1.6	42.1	74.0	116.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1.9	3.2	1.2	6.3	76.3	85.5	161.8	3.2	47.9	5.2	56.3	1312.0	150.0	1462.0
AREA - PORTLAND	11.6	12.6	1.2	25.4	695.7	415.4	1111.1	11.7	15.9	1.7	29.3	761.9	1402.6	2164.5
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.0	0.2	0.1	1.3	42.7	2.2	44.9	1.2	2.4	0.6	4.2	83.7	9.6	93.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	6.2	1.0	0.0	7.2	284.6	94.4	379.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	5.0	17.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	38.9	22.4	4.1	65.4	1850.5	1346.7	3197.2	32.8	97.3	15.2	145.3	3438.2	2823.9	6262.1

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS TABLE 10 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.3	1.0	0.3	1.6	28.0	4.0	32.0	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.9	14.0	3.0	17.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.5	7.0	1.0	8.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	9.1	0.8	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	7.5
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	7.5
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.3	1.5	0.3	2.1	37.1	4.8	41.9	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.4	28.5	4.0	32.5
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***														
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.7	1.7	35.0	45.0	80.0	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	45.0	10.0	55.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	1.0	2.5	1.0	4.5	114.8	164.0	278.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	36.0	22.0	58.0
LAGUNA	1.0	1.9	0.4	3.3	76.6	73.6	150.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	9.9	2.0	11.9
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.5	0.6	1.0	2.1	41.0	20.0	61.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SOUTHERN UTE	1.0	0.5	0.5	2.0	48.5	20.0	68.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	48.6	16.0	64.6
UTE MOUNTAIN	1.0	1.0	0.5	2.5	70.5	208.0	278.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	0.5	1.0	1.0	2.5	45.9	32.0	77.9	2.0	3.0	1.0	6.0	180.0	30.0	210.0
MESCALERO	2.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	131.5	26.3	157.8	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	44.0	10.0	54.0
ZUNI	1.2	2.6	1.0	4.8	77.8	48.2	126.0	0.3	0.7	0.2	1.2	29.4	6.3	35.7
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	1.0	1.5	2.5	51.0	17.0	68.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	9.2	13.1	7.6	29.9	692.6	654.1	1346.7	3.6	8.7	1.5	13.8	392.9	96.3	489.2
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.5	9.0	15.0	24.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.6	14.8	10.0	24.8
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.2	0.5	3.0	3.7	41.6	1.0	42.6	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.7	15.6	1.0	16.6
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***														
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.4	0.8	3.0	4.2	50.6	16.0	66.6	0.9	0.4	0.0	1.3	30.4	11.0	41.4
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***														
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	9.7	5.4	15.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	32.4	5.4	37.8
CROW	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	9.8	2.0	11.8	0.0	3.0	1.0	4.0	74.7	13.0	87.7
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	5.0	1.0	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.3	1.3	26.0	8.0	34.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	40.0	0.0	40.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.6	0.0	0.5	1.1	12.6	0.7	13.3
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	0.2	1.1	0.1	1.4	28.5	8.4	36.9	2.1	5.5	1.8	9.4	185.7	32.1	217.8
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	30.0	30.0	60.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	32.5	32.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	42.0	9.0	51.0	0.8	0.8	0.0	1.6	32.4	4.0	36.4
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	10.0	10.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	10.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	10.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	2.0	1.5	0.5	4.0	72.0	61.5	133.5	1.8	0.8	0.0	2.6	62.4	49.0	111.4

TABLE 10 - PAGE 2

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	80.7	25.0	105.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	148.0	50.0	198.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	80.7	25.0	105.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	148.0	50.0	198.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	20.8	14.7	35.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	50.0	10.0	60.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	1.0	1.0	0.2	2.2	65.9	43.3	109.2	7.0	6.0	1.0	14.0	370.0	130.9	500.9
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	0.4	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	1.0	5.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	5.3	1.5	6.8
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	1.2	1.0	0.2	2.4	73.9	44.7	118.6	7.1	6.1	1.0	14.2	375.3	132.4	507.7
RED LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	85.0	20.0	105.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	1.0	15.0	15.0	30.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	12.7	3.5	16.2
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	7.5	3.0	10.5	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	9.1	5.0	14.1
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	9.2	2.0	11.2
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	2.0	5.5
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	4.6	1.0	5.6	1.0	0.7	0.0	1.7	37.9	10.0	47.9
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.5	12.1	69.0	61.1	1.6	1.3	1.2	4.1	87.4	42.0	129.4
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	39.0	4.0	43.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	45.3	4.0	49.3
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	22.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	22.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	21.2	4.2	25.4
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	39.0	4.0	43.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	5.0	104.5	16.2	118.7
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.8	15.2	2.0	17.2
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.0	5.0	10.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	15.0	10.0	25.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.0	5.0	10.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.3	30.2	12.0	42.2
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	2.9	1.6	0.3	4.8	150.8	142.4	293.2	12.2	13.8	2.6	28.6	732.4	230.6	963.0
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	11.6	4.0	15.6
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	30.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	8.0	2.0	10.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	45.0	65.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	19.6	16.0	35.6
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	103.5	10.0	113.5
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	103.5	10.0	113.5
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	10.0	12.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	4.0	83.4	10.0	93.4
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER. SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER. SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.7	37.4	19.0	56.4
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	15.0	5.0	20.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.4	28.6	15.7	44.3
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	15.0	5.0	20.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.4	28.6	15.7	44.3
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	32.6	25.0	57.6	0.8	1.6	0.0	2.4	48.8	3.2	52.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	32.6	25.0	57.6	0.8	1.6	0.0	2.4	48.8	3.2	52.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	0.2	2.2	0.7	3.1	57.6	35.0	92.6	4.6	3.2	1.7	9.5	200.2	57.9	258.1
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	5.0	0.5	1.0	6.5	220.1	29.2	249.3	3.0	0.0	1.0	4.0	115.0	20.0	135.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	12.2	0.0	12.2	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.9	23.7	8.8	32.5
	*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***													
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.6	19.3	7.2	26.5
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	12.2	0.0	12.2	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	43.0	16.0	59.0
COLVILLE	2.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	100.0	250.0	350.0	3.0	9.0	0.0	12.0	300.0	200.0	500.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.8	17.5	5.0	22.5	0.4	0.6	0.0	1.0	23.9	18.0	41.9
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	0.5	1.0	0.2	1.7	40.0	10.0	50.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	5.7	120.0	25.0	145.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	1.0	1.3	0.2	2.5	57.5	15.0	72.5	2.4	2.6	1.7	6.7	143.9	43.0	186.9
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	108.0	224.0	332.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	108.0	224.0	332.0
UMATILLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	22.9	10.0	32.9
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	40.0	10.0	50.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	7.0	164.0	41.0	205.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
YAKIMA	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	72.0	58.0	130.0	12.0	34.0	5.0	51.0	1105.0	410.0	1515.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	12.6	10.0	22.6
SPOKANE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	13.0	28.0	0.5	2.5	0.5	3.5	90.5	46.0	136.5
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	13.0	28.0	0.7	2.7	0.5	3.9	103.1	56.0	159.1
FLATHEAD	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	31.4	0.3	31.7	2.0	8.0	1.0	11.0	310.1	43.4	353.5
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	10.0	7.8	2.2	20.0	548.2	400.5	948.7	28.6	61.8	10.7	101.1	2415.0	1068.4	3483.4

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 10 - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.9
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.9	0.0	3.9
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	5.2	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	5.4	0.0	5.4
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.6	17.0	1.2	18.2	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	26.8	2.2	29.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.9	22.2	1.2	23.4	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	32.2	2.2	34.4
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	24.0	2.0	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	1.8	0.2	0.4	2.4	60.1	8.2	68.3	1.0	0.2	0.5	1.7	36.1	6.2	42.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	46.2	3.8	50.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	105.0	117.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 10 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.3	1.5	0.3	2.1	37.1	4.8	41.9	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.4	28.5	4.0	32.5
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	9.2	13.1	7.6	29.9	692.6	654.1	1346.7	3.6	8.7	1.5	13.8	392.9	96.3	489.2
AREA - ANADARKO	0.4	0.8	3.0	4.2	50.6	16.0	66.6	0.9	0.4	0.0	1.3	30.4	11.0	41.4
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.2	1.1	0.1	1.4	26.5	8.4	34.9	2.1	5.5	1.8	9.4	185.7	32.1	217.8
AREA - EASTERN	2.0	1.5	0.5	4.0	72.0	61.5	133.5	1.8	0.8	0.0	2.6	62.4	49.0	111.4
AREA - JUNEAU	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	80.7	25.0	105.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	148.0	50.0	198.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	2.9	1.4	0.3	4.6	150.8	142.4	293.2	12.2	13.8	2.6	28.6	732.4	230.6	963.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	45.0	65.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	19.6	16.0	35.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	103.5	10.0	113.5
AREA - PHOENIX	0.2	2.2	0.7	3.1	57.6	35.0	92.6	4.6	3.2	1.7	9.5	200.2	57.9	258.1
AREA - PORTLAND	10.0	7.8	2.2	20.0	548.2	400.5	948.7	28.6	61.8	10.7	101.1	2415.0	1068.4	3483.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.8	0.2	0.4	2.4	60.1	8.2	68.3	1.0	0.2	0.5	1.7	36.1	6.2	42.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	44.2	5.8	50.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	105.0	117.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	30.0	30.6	15.1	75.7	1840.4	1406.7	3247.1	60.8	97.2	20.2	178.2	4366.7	1736.5	6103.2

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

TABLE 11 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	2.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	11.2	0.8	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	15.2	2.8	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***														
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	45.0	10.0	55.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	12.0	37.0
LAGUNA	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	9.9	2.0	11.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SOUTHERN UTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	5.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MESCALERO	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	29.8	2.5	32.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	15.0	2.5	17.5
ZUNI	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	9.6	2.4	12.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.6	15.2	4.2	19.4
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	0.9	2.2	0.1	3.2	74.3	11.9	86.2	2.7	0.3	0.1	3.1	100.2	28.7	128.9
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	4.5	1.0	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	3.3	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***														
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.4	7.8	1.0	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE:- ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***														
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
BLACKFEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.2	2.7	18.9
CROW	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	17.6	3.0	20.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	10.0	2.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	5.0	0.2	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	0.2	1.3	0.3	1.8	32.6	5.2	37.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.2	22.7	38.9
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	30.0	45.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	13.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	13.0	13.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	8.0	1.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	4.0	70.0	40.0	110.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	4.0	70.0	40.0	110.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.6	21.0	16.0	37.0	1.0	1.7	2.0	4.7	85.0	83.0	168.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 11 - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS: NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.) PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	FUNDING NEEDS ($M) PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	TRIBAL ENTERPRISES: NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.) PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	FUNDING NEEDS ($M) PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	33.3	15.0	48.3	5.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	209.8	340.2	550.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	33.3	15.0	48.3	5.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	209.8	340.2	550.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	63.5	23.5	87.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	47.5	18.9	66.4
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	0.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	3.6	1.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	7.6	1.5	9.1	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	47.5	18.9	66.4
RED LAKE	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	45.0	10.0	55.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.5	0.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	5.0	0.5	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	2.3	0.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	9.8	1.5	11.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.4	7.7	2.0	9.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.4	7.7	2.0	9.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	1.3	1.5	0.3	3.1	70.1	15.0	85.1	2.0	0.0	1.1	3.1	111.0	72.4	183.4
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.8	2.0	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	1.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	9.8	3.0	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***														
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	90.0	10.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	90.0	10.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	12.0	5.0	17.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	0.0	2.0	0.5	2.5	32.0	5.0	37.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	4.8	1.0	5.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.8	0.0	5.8
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	7.8	4.5	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	7.8	4.5	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	8.6	0.8	9.4
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	8.6	0.8	9.4
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	0.3	2.1	0.7	3.1	44.6	10.5	55.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.1	26.4	5.8	32.2
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	204.2	120.0	324.2
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***														
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	6.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	0.0	1.0	0.2	1.2	25.0	5.0	30.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.6	20.0	5.0	25.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.2	1.2	25.0	5.0	30.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.6	20.0	11.0	31.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	21.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	45.0	100.0	145.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	45.0	121.0	166.0
UMATILLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	26.0	6.0	32.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	5.0	5.0	10.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	10.0	2.0	12.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	40.0	7.0	47.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.2	1.0	2.2	55.0	14.0	69.0
YAKIMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.2	1.0	0.0	1.2	32.6	3.0	35.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	1.0	3.0	0.5	4.5	121.8	6.0	127.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	1.2	4.0	0.5	5.7	154.4	9.0	163.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0
FLATHEAD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	73.2	12.6	85.8
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	1.2	5.0	0.7	6.9	179.4	14.0	193.4	6.5	4.2	2.1	12.8	423.4	336.6	760.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 11 - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	30.1	2.6	32.7	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	26.8	2.2	29.0
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	30.1	2.6	32.7	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	26.8	2.2	29.0
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	30.1	2.6	32.7	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	26.8	2.2	29.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 11 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	15.2	2.8	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	0.9	2.2	0.1	3.2	74.3	11.9	86.2	2.7	0.3	0.1	3.1	100.2	28.7	128.9
AREA - ANADARKO	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.4	7.8	1.0	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.2	1.3	0.3	1.8	32.6	5.2	37.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.2	22.7	38.9
AREA - EASTERN	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.6	21.0	16.0	37.0	1.0	1.7	2.0	4.7	85.0	83.0	168.0
AREA - JUNEAU	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	33.3	15.0	48.3	5.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	209.8	340.2	550.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.3	1.5	0.3	3.1	70.1	15.0	85.1	2.0	0.0	1.1	3.1	111.0	72.4	183.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	9.8	3.0	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	90.0	10.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	0.3	2.1	0.7	3.1	44.6	10.5	55.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.1	26.4	5.8	32.2
AREA - PORTLAND	1.2	5.0	0.7	6.9	179.4	14.0	193.4	6.5	4.2	2.1	12.8	423.4	336.6	760.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	30.1	2.6	32.7	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	26.8	2.2	29.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	7.1	17.8	2.4	27.3	608.2	107.0	715.2	19.1	6.4	5.9	31.4	998.8	891.6	1890.4

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 11A - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FORESTRY GIS							FOREST ARCHEOLOGY						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	2.0	5.5
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	10.0	18.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	2.0	5.5
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***														
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	30.0	5.0	35.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.6	18.0	20.0	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0
SOUTHERN UTE	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	6.0	15.0	21.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	28.4	6.0	34.4
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	30.0	6.0	36.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0
MESCALERO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0
ZUNI	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.3	2.5	5.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.3	17.3	20.6
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	1.6	0.0	0.3	1.9	57.3	53.5	110.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	61.7	78.3	140.0
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.9	5.0	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	12.4	1.0	13.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	7.5	1.0	8.5
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***														
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	15.3	6.0	21.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	7.5	1.0	8.5
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***														
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	30.0	10.0	40.0
BLACKFEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	16.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	8.8	3.0	11.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	2.0	0.0	2.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.7	22.8	29.2	52.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	32.0	10.0	42.0
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	15.0	30.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	20.0	20.0	40.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	7.0	5.0	12.0	1.0	2.0	0.6	3.6	66.5	125.0	191.5
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	15.0	60.0	75.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7	32.0	27.0	59.0	1.5	2.5	0.6	4.6	101.5	205.0	306.5

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 11A - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FORESTRY GIS							FOREST ARCHEOLOGY						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	67.6	12.0	79.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	67.6	12.0	79.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	1.0	1.0	0.3	2.3	73.0	56.1	129.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	43.0	10.0	53.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.6	20.5	13.5	34.0	0.2	1.0	0.1	1.3	33.5	8.7	42.2
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	9.3	0.5	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	9.3	0.5	9.8	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	3.0	0.5	3.5
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	0.9	0.0	0.3	1.2	39.1	14.5	53.6	0.2	1.1	0.2	1.5	36.5	9.2	45.7
RED LAKE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	4.0	14.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	21.5	10.0	31.5
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	14.9	15.0	29.9	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	42.5	15.0	57.5
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	14.9	34.2	49.1	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	42.5	15.0	57.5
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.1	2.0	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	16.1	2.0	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.5	4.0	8.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.2	5.0	15.2
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.5	4.0	8.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.2	5.0	15.2
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	3.0	1.5	0.6	5.1	157.6	116.8	272.4	1.2	4.6	0.2	6.0	155.7	49.2	204.9
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.5	0.3	0.2	1.0	24.2	15.0	39.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	9.6	6.0	15.6
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.0	1.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	20.0	30.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.1	28.2	36.0	64.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.6	26.0	45.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	10.0	35.0	2.0	10.0	0.0	12.0	150.0	20.0	170.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	10.0	35.0	2.0	10.0	0.0	12.0	150.0	20.0	170.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	1.0	3.0	0.0	4.0	85.0	20.0	105.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	18.8	5.0	23.8
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FORESTRY GIS							FOREST ARCHEOLOGY						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
-PINA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	14.5	4.0	18.5	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.5	11.5	2.9	14.4
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	5.0	5.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	5.0	5.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.7	2.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.2	20.0	40.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.2	20.0	40.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	1.7	4.0	0.1	5.8	143.4	51.0	194.6	0.2	1.3	0.0	1.5	30.3	27.9	58.2
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	23.0	7.5	30.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***														
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	50.0	100.0	150.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	50.0	50.0	100.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	1.0	1.0	0.2	2.2	55.0	50.0	105.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	1.0	1.0	0.2	2.2	55.0	50.0	105.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	12.0	10.0	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	7.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	39.0	50.0	89.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	1.0	0.5	0.0	1.5	51.0	60.0	111.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	7.0
UMATILLA	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	13.8	8.0	21.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	66.0	17.0	83.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
TULALIP	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
YAKIMA	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	24.0	15.0	39.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	84.0	15.0	99.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
SPOKANE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	24.7	39.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	13.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	26.7	41.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	18.0
FLATHEAD	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	25.6	0.1	25.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	5.0	5.0	2.2	12.2	323.4	284.3	607.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	134.0	125.0	259.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 11A - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FORESTRY GIS							FOREST ARCHEOLOGY						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	0.0	1.0	0.1	1.1	22.0	2.2	24.2	1.0	1.0	0.3	2.3	35.7	4.6	40.3
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.1	1.1	22.0	2.2	24.2	1.0	1.0	0.3	2.3	35.7	4.6	40.3
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.1	1.1	22.0	12.2	34.2	1.0	1.0	0.3	2.3	35.7	4.6	40.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	54.6	12.4	67.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY **TABLE 11A - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FORESTRY GIS							FOREST ARCHEOLOGY						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	10.0	18.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	2.0	5.5
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1.6	0.0	0.3	1.9	57.3	53.5	110.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	61.7	78.3	140.0
AREA - ANADARKO	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	15.3	6.0	21.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	7.5	1.0	8.5
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.7	22.8	29.2	52.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	32.0	10.0	42.0
AREA - EASTERN	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7	32.0	27.0	59.0	1.5	2.5	0.6	4.6	101.5	205.0	306.5
AREA - JUNEAU	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	67.6	12.0	79.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3.0	1.5	0.6	5.1	157.6	114.8	272.4	1.2	4.6	0.2	6.0	135.7	69.2	204.9
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.1	28.2	36.0	64.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.6	26.0	45.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	10.0	35.0	2.0	10.0	0.0	12.0	150.0	20.0	170.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1.7	4.0	0.1	5.8	143.4	51.0	194.4	0.2	1.3	0.0	1.5	30.3	27.9	58.2
AREA - PORTLAND	5.0	5.0	2.2	12.2	323.4	284.3	607.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	134.0	125.0	259.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	0.0	1.0	0.1	1.1	22.0	12.2	34.2	1.0	1.0	0.3	2.3	35.7	4.6	40.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	54.6	12.4	67.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	15.0	14.8	3.6	33.4	957.2	658.4	1615.6	11.4	22.9	2.2	36.5	745.1	561.0	1306.1

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 118 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE							WOODLAND MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	24.6	4.0	28.6
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	27.1	4.0	31.1

*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.0	35.0	75.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.7	0.0	1.7	49.0	80.0	129.0
LAGUNA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.9	13.2	2.6	15.8
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	6.0	1.0	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.3	1.3	28.0	6.5	34.5
SOUTHERN UTE	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	30.0	55.0	1.0	0.8	0.0	1.8	44.1	20.9	65.0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	2.5	70.5	21.5	92.0
JICARILLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	40.0	10.0	50.0
MESCALERO	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	40.0	40.0	80.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	10.0	12.0	22.0
ZUNI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.0	27.4	41.0	68.4
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.5	11.0	16.0	27.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	0.0	3.2	0.0	3.2	71.0	71.0	142.0	6.2	5.2	1.1	12.5	333.2	245.5	578.7
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	1.6	5.0	6.6	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.0	22.9	12.1	35.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.6	5.0	11.6	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.0	22.9	12.1	35.0

*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	90.0	45.0	135.0
BLACKFEET	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	16.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	14.9	4.0	18.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	6.0	10.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	5.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	5.0	0.5	5.5
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.3	30.9	38.2	69.1	3.1	0.1	0.1	3.3	95.0	45.5	140.5
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	70.0	0.0	70.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	20.0	20.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	19.5	0.0	19.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	100.0	125.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PENOBSCOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	40.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	20.0	0.0	20.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.8	74.5	185.0	259.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	90.0	0.0	90.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

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FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE / NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.) / PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	FUNDING NEEDS ($K) / PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	WOODLAND MANAGEMENT / NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.) / PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	FUNDING NEEDS ($K) / PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	1.0	7.0	0.0	8.0	165.1	299.3	464.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	1.0	7.0	0.0	8.0	165.1	299.3	464.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.9	18.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MILLE LACS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	73.9	73.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	1.0	7.0	0.0	8.0	165.1	433.2	598.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***														
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	33.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	20.0	340.0	626.0	966.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	33.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	20.0	340.0	626.0	966.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.0	20.0	60.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	35.0	65.0	100.0
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE							WOODLAND MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.4	8.6	2.9	11.5	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	62.1	35.0	97.1
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	6.0	8.0	14.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	35.0	65.0	100.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	6.0	8.0	14.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	35.0	65.0	100.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	5.5	3.0	8.5
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8	20.0	3.2	23.2
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8	20.0	3.2	23.2
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.7	14.6	10.9	25.5	3.9	3.1	0.0	7.0	197.6	191.2	388.8
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	46.0	20.0	66.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	26.6	0.0	26.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***														
SILETZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	26.6	0.0	26.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	900.0	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	0.0	1.0	0.2	1.2	30.0	50.0	80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.2	1.2	30.0	50.0	80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	55.0	55.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	91.0	1025.0	1116.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	91.0	1080.0	1171.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UMATILLA	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	9.1	12.0	21.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	1.0	3.0	0.0	4.0	98.0	24.0	122.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	4.0	4.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LUMMI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	25.0	5.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.2	29.0	9.0	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
YAKIMA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	350.0	350.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	12.8	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	0.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	120.0	36.0	156.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	0.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	120.0	48.8	168.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FLATHEAD	1.0	3.0	0.0	4.0	103.3	17.3	120.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	3.0	14.7	1.2	18.9	507.0	2491.1	2998.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	46.0	20.0	66.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE							WOODLAND MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($K)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	38.0	12.0	50.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	1.0	2.0	0.1	3.1	85.6	6.2	91.8	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	25.2	2.6	27.8
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	1.0	2.0	0.1	3.1	85.6	6.2	91.8	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	25.2	2.6	27.8
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	1.0	2.0	0.1	3.1	85.6	6.2	91.8	2.0	0.0	0.3	2.3	63.2	14.6	77.8
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	54.6	22.4	77.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY **TABLE 11B - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE							WOODLAND MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	27.1	4.0	31.1
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	0.0	3.2	0.0	3.2	71.0	71.0	142.0	6.2	5.2	1.1	12.5	333.2	245.5	578.7
AREA - ANADARKO	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.6	5.0	11.6	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.0	22.9	12.1	35.0
	*** NOTE: AMAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.3	30.9	38.2	69.1	3.1	0.1	0.1	3.3	95.0	45.5	140.5
AREA - EASTERN	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.8	74.5	185.0	259.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	90.0	0.0	90.0
AREA - JUNEAU	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	13.6	12.0	25.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.4	20.0	60.4
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.0	7.0	0.0	8.0	165.1	433.2	598.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***													
AREA - NAVAJO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	33.0	5.0	10.0	5.0	20.0	340.0	626.0	966.0
AREA - PHOENIX	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.7	14.6	10.9	25.5	3.9	3.1	0.0	7.0	197.6	191.2	388.8
AREA - PORTLAND	3.0	14.7	1.2	18.9	507.0	2491.1	2998.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	46.0	20.0	66.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.0	2.0	0.1	3.1	85.6	6.2	91.8	2.0	0.0	0.3	2.3	63.2	14.6	77.8
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	54.6	22.4	77.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	5.8	30.6	1.4	37.8	968.9	3304.6	4273.5	25.5	19.8	6.5	51.8	1310.0	1201.3	,2511.3

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

TABLE 12 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	1.0	2.0	0.5	3.5	61.0	15.0	76.0
ROSEBUD	0.6	1.0	0.5	2.1	46.1	8.0	54.1
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	20.3	1.6	21.9
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.0	35.0
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	4.0	32.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	4.0	32.0
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	2.1	3.5	1.0	6.6	155.4	73.6	229.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***							
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	5.0	0.0	1.0	6.0	195.0	130.0	325.0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	4.0	6.2	1.0	11.2	260.8	300.0	560.8
LAGUNA	2.0	2.4	0.4	4.8	109.6	80.2	189.8
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	2.3	2.3	1.6	6.2	139.0	81.5	220.5
SOUTHERN UTE	4.2	3.3	0.6	8.1	236.6	117.9	354.5
UTE MOUNTAIN	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	141.0	229.5	370.5
JICARILLA	7.0	12.0	3.0	22.0	560.9	179.0	739.9
MESCALERO	5.7	8.3	0.0	14.0	353.5	128.3	481.8
ZUNI	2.8	4.4	1.7	8.9	183.9	129.1	313.0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0.0	1.3	1.7	3.0	62.0	33.0	95.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	35.0	42.2	12.0	89.2	2242.3	1408.5	3650.8
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	2.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	94.0	86.7	180.7
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	2.0	1.0	5.0	8.0	113.5	6.0	119.5
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***							
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	4.0	3.0	5.0	12.0	207.5	92.7	300.2
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***							
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	5.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	160.0	85.0	245.0
BLACKFEET	2.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	107.3	54.0	161.3
CROW	1.0	6.0	1.0	8.0	158.3	31.0	189.3
FORT BELKNAP	1.0	1.1	1.0	3.1	63.0	72.0	135.0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5	60.0	15.0	75.0
WIND RIVER	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	7.0	11.0	18.0
ROCKY BOY'S	1.5	0.2	0.7	2.4	36.6	1.4	38.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	10.5	11.3	3.7	25.5	592.2	269.4	861.6
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	110.0	35.0	145.0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	100.0	175.0	275.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	1.5	0.0	1.5	52.0	45.5	97.5
PASSAMAQUODDY	6.0	6.0	0.6	12.6	267.9	461.5	729.4
PENOBSCOT	0.5	0.5	0.0	1.0	35.0	134.0	169.0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	40.0	5.0	45.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	50.0	35.0	85.0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	1.0	3.0	3.0	7.0	120.0	70.0	190.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	1.0	3.0	3.0	7.0	120.0	70.0	190.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	10.5	17.0	4.1	31.6	774.9	961.0	1735.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	14.0	6.0	1.0	21.0	735.3	554.2	1289.5
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	14.0	6.0	1.0	21.0	735.3	554.2	1289.5
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	7.5	1.0	1.9	10.4	387.8	349.3	737.1
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	17.2	17.0	2.5	36.7	1021.3	873.7	1895.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.8	24.0	2.8	26.8
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0.7	0.4	0.2	1.3	34.5	6.0	40.5
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	18.4	17.6	2.8	38.8	1079.8	882.5	1962.3
RED LAKE	3.0	13.0	1.0	17.0	371.5	394.0	765.5
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	1.0	2.5	0.9	4.4	99.6	180.0	279.6
BOIS FORTE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	25.3	51.6	76.9
FOND DU LAC	0.0	0.9	0.5	1.4	33.0	28.5	61.5
GRAND PORTAGE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.5	70.5
LEECH LAKE	0.0	0.5	0.5	1.0	18.4	12.5	30.9
MILLE LACS	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	7.0	7.5	14.5
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	1.5	13.0	14.5
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	9.0
WHITE EARTH	1.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	64.3	45.5	109.8
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	3.2	6.0	1.9	11.1	249.1	418.1	667.2
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	71.2	8.0	79.2
BAD RIVER	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	45.3	4.0	49.3
LAC COURTE OREILLES	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	22.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOLE LAKE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ONEIDA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.0	3.0	22.0
RED CLIFF	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	21.2	4.2	25.4
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	3.0	4.0	0.0	7.0	175.7	22.2	197.9
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.1	1.5	1.0	2.6	52.8	43.0	95.8
BAY MILLS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	30.0	40.0	70.0
ISABELLA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	1.1	1.5	1.0	3.6	82.8	83.0	165.8
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	36.2	43.1	8.6	87.9	2346.7	2149.1	4495.8
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	2.0	1.0	0.2	3.2	81.2	49.0	130.2
CHICKASAW	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	45.0	60.0	105.0
CHEROKEE	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	40.0	104.0	144.0
CHOCTAW	2.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	70.0	110.0	180.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	6.0	3.0	0.2	9.2	236.2	323.0	559.2
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***							
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	10.0	26.0	5.0	41.0	708.5	709.0	1417.5
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	10.0	26.0	5.0	41.0	708.5	709.0	1417.5
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	1.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	83.0	65.0	148.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	9.0	56.9	7.5	73.4	1595.4	180.0	1775.4
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)			FUNDING NEEDS ($K)			
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	2.2	4.3	0.5	7.0	159.2	189.8	349.0
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	2.1	1.4	1.2	4.7	117.4	113.2	230.6
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	2.1	1.4	1.2	4.7	117.4	113.2	230.6
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3	9.2	5.0	14.2
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	2.0	5.0	0.0	7.0	138.8	72.7	211.5
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	2.0	5.0	0.0	7.0	138.8	72.7	211.5
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	16.5	67.7	10.2	94.4	2103.0	625.7	2728.7
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	14.0	3.5	4.0	21.5	769.8	246.7	1016.5
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	21.0
GRAND RONDE	1.1	1.5	0.3	2.9	75.5	8.8	84.3
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***							
SILETZ	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.6	19.3	7.2	26.5
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	1.5	1.5	0.5	3.5	94.8	37.0	131.8
COLVILLE	12.0	17.0	0.0	29.0	725.0	2400.0	3125.0
COLVILLE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	60.0	15.0	75.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	46.0	34.0	80.0
KOOTENAI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	4.5	10.0	3.0	17.5	395.0	180.0	575.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	5.5	11.0	3.0	19.5	441.0	214.0	655.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	24.0	123.0	147.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	7.0	2.0	1.0	10.0	348.0	1556.0	1904.0
SHOALWATER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	7.0	3.0	1.0	11.0	372.0	1679.0	2051.0
UMATILLA	1.5	2.0	0.0	3.5	77.9	80.0	157.9
THE DALLES P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	9.0	14.0	4.0	27.0	634.0	183.0	817.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.0	15.0	34.0
LUMMI	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	20.0	5.0	25.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	10.0	5.0	15.0
PORT MADISON	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	40.0	5.0	45.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
SWINOMISH	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	15.0	15.0	30.0
TULALIP	0.0	2.0	0.5	2.5	55.0	14.0	69.0
UPPER SKAGIT	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.5	40.0	7.0	47.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	1.5	6.0	1.0	8.5	199.0	71.0	270.0
YAKIMA	17.0	42.0	6.0	65.0	1473.0	1078.0	2551.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	1.6	2.0	0.0	3.6	110.5	58.8	169.3
SPOKANE	3.0	13.0	1.0	17.0	476.4	415.3	891.7
SPOKANE P.D.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	4.6	15.0	1.0	20.6	586.9	474.1	1061.0
FLATHEAD	6.0	14.0	2.0	22.0	600.6	80.1	680.7
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	80.6	129.0	23.0	232.6	6034.0	6557.9	12591.9

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	57.0	34.0	91.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.5	0.0	19.5
TULE RIVER	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	19.5	0.0	19.5
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	15.8	0.0	15.8
FORT BIDWELL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	8.5	6.0	1.8	16.3	369.7	32.6	402.3
YUROK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	8.5	6.0	2.8	17.3	385.5	32.6	418.1
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	24.0	2.0	26.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	11.0	7.0	2.8	20.8	486.0	68.6	554.6
CENTRAL OFFICE	10.0	1.0	0.0	11.0	462.0	245.0	707.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 12 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR PERIOD 1992-1996

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	2.1	3.5	1.0	6.6	155.4	73.6	229.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***						
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	35.0	42.2	12.0	89.2	2242.3	1408.5	3650.8
AREA - ANADARKO	4.0	3.0	5.0	12.0	207.5	92.7	300.2
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***						
AREA - BILLINGS	10.5	11.3	3.7	25.5	592.2	269.4	861.6
AREA - EASTERN	10.5	17.0	4.1	31.6	774.9	961.0	1735.9
AREA - JUNEAU	14.0	6.0	1.0	21.0	735.3	554.2	1289.5
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	36.2	43.1	8.6	87.9	2346.7	2149.1	4495.8
AREA - MUSKOGEE	6.0	3.0	0.2	9.2	236.2	323.0	559.2
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***						
AREA - NAVAJO	10.0	26.0	5.0	41.0	708.5	709.0	1417.5
AREA - PHOENIX	16.5	67.7	10.2	94.4	2103.0	625.7	2728.7
AREA - PORTLAND	80.6	129.0	23.0	232.6	6034.0	6557.9	12591.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	11.0	7.0	2.8	20.8	486.0	68.6	554.6
CENTRAL OFFICE	10.0	1.0	0.0	11.0	462.0	245.0	707.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	246.4	359.8	76.6	682.8	17084.0	14037.7	31121.7

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

TABLE 13 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	FOR&RGE PROT. M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	TOTAL WOOD-LAND M AC.	COMM. WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. BKLOG M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP BKLOG M AC.	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. ACCR M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP ACCR M AC
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEYENNE RIVER	10.3	2806.9	0.0	0.0	10.3	10.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BERTHOLD	11.5	500.6	0.0	0.0	11.5	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEVILS LAKE	6.4	244.8	0.0	0.0	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PINE RIDGE	230.7	2783.2	27.9	0.0	81.4	81.4	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROSEBUD	75.2	1724.2	7.9	0.0	34.4	34.4	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
YANKTON	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SISSETON	4.3	215.3	0.0	0.0	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STANDING ROCK	12.9	2332.5	0.0	0.0	12.9	12.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	31.3	82.1	26.8	0.0	4.6	4.6	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.0
+WINNEBAGO AGENCY	4.7	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	6.9	243.5	5.6	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.1	1.8	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	11.6	243.5	9.4	0.0	2.3	2.3	1.0	1.0	0.1	1.8	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CROW CREEK	1.4	260.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER BRULE	0.7	209.1	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	396.3	11402.6	72.0	0.0	170.2	170.2	3.7	1.7	0.1	1.9	0.3	5.8	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.3
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***																
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
+SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	400.0	923.1	24.7	0.0	373.3	217.5	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LAGUNA	31.6	528.1	1.6	0.0	30.0	5.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
+NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	142.1	242.2	10.6	52.8	63.8	39.2	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.4	0.1	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SOUTHERN UTE	178.7	309.8	65.3	0.0	113.4	102.1	2.5	2.5	0.2	2.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9
UTE MOUNTAIN	102.3	565.8	0.0	0.0	102.3	81.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
JICARILLA	446.2	824.2	178.0	0.0	215.5	215.5	12.9	12.9	0.4	2.4	0.6	12.8	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.7
MESCALERO	392.9	460.9	188.5	4.2	176.4	41.0	19.6	19.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	147.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ZUNI	189.8	612.6	6.7	0.0	183.1	131.3	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.6
RAMAH-NAVAJO	63.1	150.4	1.6	0.0	61.5	43.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	1946.7	4417.1	477.0	57.0	1319.3	877.4	38.1	38.1	0.7	5.2	2.7	171.8	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.2
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	87.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	87.8	87.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	4.0	3.8	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***																
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	91.8	3.8	3.5	0.0	87.8	87.8	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***																
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BLACKFEET	103.8	1525.7	40.1	0.5	50.7	50.7	3.0	3.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
CROW	210.9	2282.8	22.1	42.2	12.7	12.7	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BELKNAP	33.0	618.6	29.4	0.0	2.7	2.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT PECK	12.0	2093.1	0.0	0.0	12.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	167.3	443.5	79.2	0.0	1.5	1.5	9.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	15.6	0.3	10.8	0.0	0.0
WIND RIVER	202.9	2366.0	13.3	0.0	34.8	3.2	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROCKY BOY'S	20.3	947.3	12.6	3.6	3.3	1.7	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	730.6	9379.0	196.7	46.3	117.7	84.1	21.4	22.0	0.2	1.4	1.0	22.3	0.3	11.2	0.0	0.0
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
+NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	58.8	0.0	51.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MALISEET	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	74.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NARRAGANSETT	1.6	1.8	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PASSAMAQUODDY	130.9	126.4	122.7	8.2	0.0	0.0	7.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0
PENOBSCOT	60.9	64.9	54.3	4.2	0.0	0.0	8.2	8.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.7
+EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	45.8	54.2	45.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	3.9	0.0	0.5	0.4	9.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	28.9	84.3	6.6	0.0	20.0	20.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0
+CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	16.3	18.8	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	9.1	0.1	0.0	0.6	5.8	0.4	2.0	0.6	2.0
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	16.9	18.8	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	9.1	0.1	0.0	0.6	5.8	0.4	2.0	0.6	2.0
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	344.9	423.2	299.9	12.4	20.0	20.0	33.8	28.2	0.1	0.8	1.0	16.2	0.4	7.0	0.6	37.7

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	[illegible] PROT. M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	TOTAL WOOD-LAND M AC.	COMM. WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. BKLOG M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP BKLOG M AC.	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. ACCR M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP ACCR M AC
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	833.6	1261.8	310.2	0.0	523.4	474.2	15.3	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	833.6	1261.8	310.2	0.0	523.4	474.2	15.3	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MENOMINEE	220.1	222.6	218.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.6	50.0	0.3	2.7	0.6	5.1	0.0	8.5	0.0	15.0
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	1.5	3.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	222.4	229.4	221.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	50.1	0.3	2.7	0.6	5.1	0.0	8.5	0.0	15.0
RED LAKE	428.6	564.8	336.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	69.0	30.0	0.5	4.8	0.0	1.2	0.1	0.0	1.1	0.0
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BOIS FORTE	40.5	108.5	37.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	4.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0
FOND DU LAC	20.8	20.8	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.2	0.0
GRAND PORTAGE	43.3	56.5	37.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.2	3.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
LEECH LAKE	20.4	27.6	20.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
MILLE LACS	3.3	3.9	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VERMILLION LAKE	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WHITE EARTH	45.5	56.1	42.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	5.4	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	174.9	274.5	162.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.1	14.7	0.4	3.5	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.7	1.8	0.0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAD RIVER	45.6	56.8	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.9	6.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	44.3	48.5	42.6	1.5	0.0	0.0	14.2	10.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	28.3	44.9	26.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
MOLE LAKE	1.1	1.7	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
ONEIDA	0.9	2.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	11.1	11.7	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
RED CLIFF	7.2	7.9	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ST. CROIX	1.4	1.9	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	14.7	15.6	14.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	4.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	3.9	4.3	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
WISCONSIN P.D.	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	159.4	197.0	154.7	1.5	0.0	0.0	41.8	26.8	0.1	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.1	0.0	1.3	0.0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BAY MILLS	1.5	2.2	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HANNAHVILLE	3.0	3.4	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7
ISABELLA	0.3	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
L'ANSE	12.4	14.1	12.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	17.8	21.0	17.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	1003.1	1286.7	892.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	205.9	122.7	1.5	12.3	0.7	10.2	0.2	9.4	4.8	15.7
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	512.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHICKASAW	3.9	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-MIAMI AGENCY	7.0	0.0	2.8	0.0	4.2	4.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	2.5	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	59.5	0.0	41.7	0.0	6.3	6.3	1.5	1.5	0.2	7.2	0.1	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHOCTAW	6.1	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	76.5	512.0	52.2	0.0	12.2	12.2	2.2	2.0	0.3	10.0	0.1	10.2	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***																
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	14738.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAVAJO	4573.6	0.0	508.0	0.0	4036.0	1875.7	40.0	40.0	0.0	7.0	6.2	29.1	0.5	24.2	0.0	0.0
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	4573.6	14738.1	508.0	0.0	4036.0	1875.7	40.0	40.0	0.0	7.0	6.2	29.1	0.5	24.2	0.0	0.0
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	332.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT APACHE	1143.6	1684.2	666.0	31.1	414.3	287.4	97.2	97.2	0.0	0.5	4.6	5.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	178.7
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	2856.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	1.5	75.2	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	FOR&RGE PROT. M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	TOTAL WOOD-LAND M AC.	COMM. WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. BKLOG M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP BKLOG M AC.	RES.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. CMP. M AC	RES.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. ACCR M AC	RES.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP CMP. M AC	RES.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP ACCR M AC
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	393.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SAN CARLOS	720.7	1634.8	55.1	0.0	665.6	90.4	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	928.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UINTAH AND OURAY	476.0	860.4	29.8	0.0	446.3	434.1	0.7	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	479.1	860.4	29.8	0.0	449.4	437.1	0.7	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	50.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	33.8	404.3	0.0	0.0	33.8	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOPI	190.0	1561.2	0.0	0.0	190.0	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	68.9	1184.3	0.0	0.0	68.9	21.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HUALAPAI	504.1	0.0	53.1	0.0	449.4	205.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.3	1.5	8.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	573.0	1184.3	53.1	0.0	518.3	227.4	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.3	1.5	8.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	9.3	228.5	0.0	0.0	9.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	3131.0	12393.4	804.0	31.1	2282.2	1109.8	104.4	104.8	0.0	0.8	6.2	14.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	178.7
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
GRAND RONDE	9.8	0.0	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***																
SILETZ	3.7	0.0	3.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	13.5	13.6	13.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	11.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0
COLVILLE	820.7	1355.2	692.8	3.3	3.9	3.9	120.0	120.0	0.5	5.7	1.1	67.9	1.4	2.6	0.0	0.0
COLVILLE P.D.	2.2	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT HALL	62.2	349.0	7.1	0.0	55.1	55.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	78.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COEUR D'ALENE	26.5	0.0	25.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	6.6	0.0	1.4	0.1	5.2	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.0
KOOTENAI	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NEZ PERCE	28.9	0.0	25.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	7.4	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	55.7	78.0	51.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.1	14.0	0.0	1.6	0.2	6.5	0.7	0.0	0.9	0.0
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	168.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CHEHALIS	1.4	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOH	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOWER ELWHA	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MAKAH	24.1	0.0	22.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	12.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.3	4.0
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
QUILEUTE	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
QUINAULT	126.0	0.0	126.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0	0.2	10.0	0.0	7.9	1.2	2.5	0.0	0.0
SHOALWATER	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SKOKOMISH	1.9	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	156.2	168.8	154.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	52.1	52.0	0.2	10.3	0.0	8.2	1.4	3.6	0.3	4.0
UMATILLA	16.9	85.2	16.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	3.8	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
THE DALLES P.D.	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
WARM SPRINGS	395.6	665.4	310.0	60.7	1.1	1.0	100.8	92.7	1.2	12.6	0.0	0.6	2.6	0.0	0.4	0.0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	84.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ANNETTE ISLAND	51.1	0.0	13.1	6.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.7
LUMMI	4.5	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.1	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUCKLESHOOT	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NISQUALLY	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT GAMBLE	0.9	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PORT MADISON	2.3	0.0	1.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	3.1	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SWINOMISH	2.7	0.0	1.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TULALIP	6.4	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	3.9	0.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	72.7	84.8	28.2	6.7	0.0	0.0	8.7	17.3	0.3	6.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	2.7
YAKIMA	492.6	1054.5	360.0	118.7	10.8	8.7	162.7	162.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.0	2.4	20.0
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	165.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
KALISPEL	2.4	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE	107.2	0.0	94.2	13.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	12.0	0.1	0.1	1.4	15.4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
SPOKANE P.D.	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	109.8	165.7	96.7	13.0	0.2	0.2	12.8	12.8	0.1	0.1	1.5	15.8	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0
FLATHEAD	456.6	917.2	323.5	28.1	0.0	0.0	38.4	38.4	0.3	8.8	1.3	18.9	0.5	0.9	0.3	2.0
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	2654.8	4937.4	2056.4	233.8	71.1	68.9	526.4	524.7	2.6	45.4	4.2	118.6	7.4	9.4	4.7	28.7

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	FOR&RANGE PROT. M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	TOTAL WOOD-LAND M AC.	COMM. WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. BKLOG M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP BKLOG M AC.	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. ACCR M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TR.SD.IMP CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TR.SD.IMP ACCR M AC
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	13.6	99.8	0.5	0.0	13.4	13.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROUND VALLEY	19.2	0.0	7.3	0.0	12.0	10.5	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
TULE RIVER	30.6	0.0	16.4	0.0	16.2	15.6	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	63.4	99.8	22.0	0.0	41.6	39.1	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	8.9	115.4	0.0	0.0	8.9	8.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FORT BIDWELL	3.1	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOOPA VALLEY	86.7	0.0	60.4	39.8	6.6	6.6	16.0	16.0	0.0	6.9	0.1	10.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	1.0
YUROK	7.0	0.0	5.6	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	105.7	115.4	67.5	39.8	17.8	17.3	16.3	16.0	0.0	6.9	0.1	10.9	0.6	0.1	0.1	1.0
AGUA CALIENTE	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	19.8	250.4	5.0	0.0	16.8	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	189.3	465.6	74.5	39.8	76.6	58.4	18.0	17.7	0.0	6.9	0.1	11.1	0.7	0.1	0.2	1.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

** NOTE: TOTAL FOREST, COMMERCIAL TIMBERLAND AND WOODLAND ACRES, AND THE ALLOWABLE ANNUAL CUT (AAC) AND MARKETABLE AAC DATA HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM THE SEPT. 30, 1989, STATUS OF FOREST MANAGEMENT INVENTORIES AND PLANNING REPORT.

: ACRES LISTED UNDER REG. FOR. DEVEL. POST 77, THAT REQUIRE REFORESTATION AND/OR TSI, CONSIST OF AREAS IDENTIFIED IN POST-1977 SURVEYS, AREAS DENUDED BY WILDFIRE OR OTHER CATASTROPHE, AND AREAS RESULTING FROM TIMBER HARVESTING ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE NOT BEEN TREATED TO DATE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
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** SUMMARY ** TABLE 13 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	FOR&RGE PROT. M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	TOTAL WOOD-LAND M AC.	COMM. WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 REFOREST. BKLOG M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP CMPLD M AC.	SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77 TIM.STD.IMP BKLOG M AC.	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 REFOREST. ACCR M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP CMP. M AC	REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 TM.SD.IMP ACCR M AC
AREA - ABERDEEN	396.3	11408.6	72.0	0.0	170.2	170.2	3.7	1.7	0.1	1.9	0.3	5.8	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.3
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***															
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1946.7	4417.1	477.0	57.0	1319.3	877.4	38.1	38.1	0.7	5.2	2.7	171.8	0.0	1.0	0.0	8.2
AREA - ANADARKO	91.8	3.8	3.5	0.0	87.8	87.8	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MUSK. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***															
AREA - BILLINGS	730.4	9379.0	196.7	46.3	117.7	84.1	21.4	22.0	0.2	1.4	1.0	22.3	0.3	11.2	0.0	0.0
AREA - EASTERN	344.9	425.2	290.9	12.4	20.0	20.0	33.8	26.2	0.1	0.8	1.0	16.2	0.4	7.0	0.6	37.7
AREA - JUNEAU	603.6	1261.8	310.2	0.0	523.4	474.2	15.3	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1003.1	1286.7	892.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	205.9	122.7	1.5	12.3	0.7	10.2	0.2	9.4	4.2	15.7
AREA - MUSKOGEE	76.5	312.0	52.2	0.0	12.2	12.2	2.2	2.0	0.3	10.0	0.1	10.2	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1980 ***															
AREA - NAVAJO	4573.6	14738.1	508.0	0.0	4036.0	1873.7	40.0	40.0	0.0	7.0	6.2	29.1	0.3	24.2	0.0	0.0
AREA - PHOENIX	3151.0	12393.6	804.0	31.1	2282.2	1109.8	104.6	104.8	0.0	0.8	6.2	14.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	178.7
AREA - PORTLAND	2604.8	4937.4	2056.4	233.8	71.1	48.9	526.4	524.7	2.6	45.4	4.2	118.6	7.4	9.4	4.7	28.7
AREA - SACRAMENTO	189.3	440.6	74.5	39.8	74.6	58.4	18.0	17.7	0.0	6.9	0.1	11.1	0.7	0.1	0.2	1.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	15712.0	61222.7	5746.9	421.9	8714.5	4838.7	1010.0	907.3	5.5	91.7	22.5	409.6	10.1	62.8	10.2	270.3

** NOTE: TOTAL FOREST, COMMERCIAL TIMBERLAND AND WOODLAND ACRES, AND THE ALLOWABLE ANNUAL CUT (AAC) AND MARKETABLE AAC DATA HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM THE SEPT. 30, 1989, STATUS OF FOREST MANAGEMENT INVENTORIES AND PLANNING REPORT.

: ACRES LISTED UNDER REG. FOR. DEVEL. POST 77, THAT REQUIRE REFORESTATION AND/OR TSI, CONSIST OF AREAS IDENTIFIED IN POST-1977 SURVEYS, AREAS DENUDED BY WILDFIRE OR OTHER CATASTROPHE, AND AREAS RESULTING FROM TIMBER HARVESTING ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE NOT BEEN TREATED TO DATE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
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STATISTICAL DATA (B)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT. SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	WOODLAND PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MNCR	WOODLAND PROD. VALUE M $	# PERM. ISS.	CRUISE PRE	CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. PPLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. PSTD MEAS.
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEYENNE RIVER	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT BERTHOLD	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
DEVILS LAKE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
PINE RIDGE	8.0	0.00	0.00	0.75	3.0	0	93	0.75	3.0	93	0	0	0	0
ROSEBUD	21.0	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.8	0	4	0.34	3.7	296	3	0	399	0
YANKTON	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
SISSETON	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
STANDING ROCK	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	84.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	68
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	15.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
WINNEBAGO (NE)	22.0	0.30	0.30	0.10	9.4	2	29	0.00	0.0	0	10	10	0	15
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	37.0	0.30	0.30	0.10	9.4	2	29	0.00	0.0	0	10	10	0	15
CROW CREEK	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
LOWER BRULE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	150.0	0.33	0.33	0.88	13.2	2	126	1.09	6.7	389	13	10	399	83

*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT. SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	WOODLAND PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MNCR	WOODLAND PROD. VALUE M $	# PERM. ISS.	CRUISE PRE	CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. PPLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. PSTD MEAS.
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	82.0	0.09	0.00	0.34	13.9	1	3	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
LAGUNA	3.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	7	0.00	0.0	664	1	0	0	3
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	34.6	0.01	0.01	2.50	132.3	1	2	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
SOUTHERN UTE	132.0	1.30	1.20	0.57	18.8	1	0	0.00	0.0	108	1	112	0	0
UTE MOUNTAIN	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
JICARILLA	662.3	11.66	11.66	0.38	3.7	3	150	0.02	1.2	301	5	0	21	230
MESCALERO	649.0	8.70	8.70	10.50	197.3	2	131	0.01	0.4	4	2	0	0	0
ZUNI	20.7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	122	0.02	2.3	120	1	0	0	0
RAMAH-NAVAJO	3.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	17	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	1609.2	21.96	21.57	14.29	366.0	10	432	0.05	3.9	1197	12	112	21	233
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	21.7	0.30	0.30	0.30	45.0	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	100	0

*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT. SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	WOODLAND PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MNCR	WOODLAND PROD. VALUE M $	# PERM. ISS.	CRUISE PRE	CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. PPLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. PSTD MEAS.
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	21.7	0.30	0.30	0.30	45.0	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	100	0

*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT. SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	WOODLAND PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MNCR	WOODLAND PROD. VALUE M $	# PERM. ISS.	CRUISE PRE	CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. PPLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. PSTD MEAS.
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
BLACKFEET	224.0	4.20	4.20	4.20	91.0	5	29	0.00	0.0	0	33	0	0	0
CROW	101.0	3.20	3.20	2.76	78.3	3	34	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	0
FORT BELKNAP	39.0	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.2	0	24	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT PECK	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	331.0	9.70	7.11	27.13	446.3	7	93	0.00	0.0	0	9	0	0	12
WIND RIVER	81.7	0.97	0.00	0.00	44.1	0	349	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
ROCKY BOY'S	113.0	10.00	10.00	4.50	77.0	3	102	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	2216	84
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	889.7	28.09	24.53	38.61	736.9	18	631	0.00	0.0	0	46	0	2216	96
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
MALISEET	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	4	2	2	2
MICCOSUKEE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
NARRAGANSETT	0.0	0.20	0.00	0.10	2.2	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	271	0
PASSAMAQUODDY	630.0	6.00	4.27	4.27	119.8	3	10	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	0
PENOBSCOT	492.0	5.10	5.10	5.10	96.2	6	1	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	0
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
EASTERN CHEROKEE	175.0	1.50	1.50	1.50	103.7	0	400	0.00	0.0	0	100	0	0	0
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	29.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	35.7	40	0	0	0	0
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	85.0	17.75	17.75	17.75	1112.5	4	42	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	40
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	85.0	17.75	17.75	17.75	1112.5	4	42	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	40
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	1411.0	30.55	28.62	28.72	1434.6	13	453	0.00	35.7	40	110	2	273	42

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
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ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD/ STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE/CONT./SUP.	FOR. PROD./PERM./ISS.	WOODLAND PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MMCR	WOODLAND HARVEST VALUE M $	PROD./PERM./ISS.	# CRUISE PRE	# CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. PPLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. PSTD MEAS
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	1845.8	0.89	0.89	3.60	435.6	1	3	0.00	0.0	0	3	1	0	0
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	1845.8	0.89	0.89	3.60	435.6	1	3	0.00	0.0	0	3	1	0	0
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	3.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
MENOMINEE	2784.0	39.83	39.83	39.83	3110.0	15	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	888	7112
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
SAC AND FOX (IA)	6.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	2793.7	39.83	39.83	39.83	3110.0	15	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	888	7112
RED LAKE	1747.2	27.55	19.24	17.62	178.8	16	76	0.00	0.0	0	112	3	0	1590
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
BOIS FORTE	248.9	2.90	2.90	1.28	30.8	14	6	0.00	0.0	0	12	0	0	0
FOND DU LAC	70.8	1.55	0.88	0.98	6.5	8	3	0.00	0.0	0	13	2	0	0
GRAND PORTAGE	344.5	3.28	1.13	0.73	9.6	7	7	0.00	0.0	0	4	0	0	0
LEECH LAKE	154.6	4.70	4.57	1.96	18.9	10	7	0.00	0.0	0	17	0	0	0
MILLE LACS	18.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMILLION LAKE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.39	4.8	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
WHITE EARTH	440.6	8.26	7.59	5.06	33.2	17	11	0.00	0.0	0	8	0	0	0
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	1277.6	20.69	17.07	10.40	123.8	57	34	0.00	0.0	0	34	2	0	0
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
BAD RIVER	380.5	2.72	2.72	4.15	49.6	8	0	0.00	0.0	0	6	0	0	0
LAC COURTE OREILLES	337.6	6.70	5.88	7.44	129.9	14	3	0.00	0.0	0	8	0	0	0
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	328.7	3.39	3.21	4.35	65.3	14	8	0.00	0.0	0	15	0	0	0
MOLE LAKE	9.8	0.00	0.00	0.23	4.3	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
ONEIDA	4.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
POTAWATOMI (WI)	100.7	0.69	0.69	1.11	18.5	3	3	0.00	0.0	0	3	0	0	0
RED CLIFF	32.3	1.26	0.93	0.21	1.6	2	3	0.00	0.0	0	3	0	0	0
ST. CROIX	3.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	167.3	1.33	1.33	0.36	4.3	7	9	0.00	0.0	0	6	0	0	0
WINNEBAGO (MN)	1.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
WINNEBAGO (WI)	11.9	0.27	0.14	0.00	0.0	2	0	0.00	0.0	0	3	0	0	0
WISCONSIN P.D.	2.8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	1421.8	16.36	14.90	17.85	273.5	51	28	0.00	0.0	0	44	0	0	0
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	2.7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
BAY MILLS	8.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
HANNAHVILLE	9.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	2	0	0
ISABELLA	1.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
L'ANSE	59.1	0.70	0.70	0.30	21.5	0	5	0.00	0.0	0	10	5	0	0
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	80.4	0.70	0.70	0.30	21.5	0	5	0.00	0.0	0	10	7	0	0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	7320.7	105.13	91.74	86.00	3707.6	139	143	0.00	0.0	0	220	12	888	8702
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
CHICKASAW	1.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-MIAMI AGENCY	3.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEROKEE	60.0	0.10	0.10	0.10	6.5	0	5	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
CHOCTAW	7.6	0.35	0.35	0.35	17.5	2	4	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	1
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	72.0	0.45	0.45	0.45	24.0	2	9	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	1

*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD/ STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE/CONT./SUP.	FOR. PROD./PERM./ISS.	WOODLAND PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MMCR	WOODLAND HARVEST VALUE M $	PROD./PERM./ISS.	# CRUISE PRE	# CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. PPLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. PSTD MEAS
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
NAVAJO	1950.0	40.05	40.05	40.05	2891.4	2	0	0.00	4.6	9080	1	0	96	537
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	1950.0	40.05	40.05	40.05	2891.4	2	0	0.00	4.6	9080	1	0	96	537
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT APACHE	3858.2	62.10	62.10	72.54	5418.1	9	2213	0.23	9.2	2207	4	0	0	4
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

	TIMBERLAND							WOODLAND						
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT. SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MMCR	PRODUCTS HARVEST VALUE M $	PROD. PERM. ISS.	# CRUISE PRE	# CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. #PLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. #STD MEAS
-PIMA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
SAN CARLOS	154.6	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	703	0.14	9.0	1286	1	0	0	51
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
UINTAH AND OURAY	37.8	3.10	1.10	1.10	24.0	0	205	0.12	7.2	102	20	0	248	3
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	37.8	3.10	1.10	1.10	24.0	0	205	0.12	7.2	102	20	0	248	3
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
HOPI	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
HUALAPAI	118.2	0.00	0.00	1.12	69.6	1	5	0.04	1.9	92	0	0	0	0
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	118.2	0.00	0.00	1.12	69.6	1	5	0.04	1.9	92	0	0	0	0
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	4168.8	68.19	63.20	74.76	5511.7	10	3126	0.53	27.3	3687	25	0	248	58
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-SILETZ AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
GRAND RONDE	263.0	3.68	3.68	20.90	2600.0	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	4	0	0	0
*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***														
SILETZ	166.0	2.00	2.00	9.92	1843.4	4	108	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	0
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	429.0	5.68	5.68	30.82	4443.4	5	108	0.00	0.0	0	6	0	0	0
COLVILLE	5583.9	49.00	49.00	71.20	9365.5	23	347	0.00	0.0	0	14	25	0	0
COLVILLE P.D.	6.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT HALL	55.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
COEUR D'ALENE	270.0	8.13	8.13	9.94	677.3	6	86	0.00	0.0	0	8	3	0	0
KOOTENAI	1.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
NEZ PERCE	235.8	6.50	6.50	6.50	374.3	3	117	0.00	0.0	0	3	8	0	11
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	507.2	14.63	14.63	16.44	1051.6	9	203	0.00	0.0	0	11	11	0	11
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEHALIS	11.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
HOH	0.3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
KLALLAM	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
LOWER ELWHA	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
MAKAH	332.0	11.00	10.10	10.48	885.8	4	146	0.00	0.0	0	3	12	0	5
OLY. PEN. P D.	2.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
QUILEUTE	10.0	0.00	0.00	3.76	551.8	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
QUINAULT	752.0	14.87	14.87	42.90	4954.3	47	10	0.00	0.0	0	9	5	0	0
SHOALWATER	1.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
SKOKOMISH	7.0	8.68	8.68	9.73	1956.9	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
SQUAXIN ISLAND	13.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	1129.9	34.55	33.65	66.87	8348.8	53	156	0.00	0.0	0	12	17	0	5
UMATILLA	137.8	0.00	0.00	0.01	2.4	0	100	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	141
THE DALLES P.D.	0.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
WARM SPRINGS	4705.6	113.19	92.19	98.50	15840.2	25	296	0.15	2.4	3	5	5	0	0
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
ANNETTE ISLAND	474.0	12.00	12.00	10.05	2273.8	2	2	0.00	0.0	0	3	0	230	200
LUMMI	19.0	0.70	0.70	0.70	51.6	2	13	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	69	15
MUCKLESHOOT	6.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	5	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
NISQUALLY	11.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	3	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
PORT GAMBLE	12.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	2	0	0
PORT MADISON	22.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	2	0	0
PUGET SOUND P.D.	34.0	0.70	0.70	0.40	29.0	1	6	0.00	0.0	0	3	0	214	0
SWINOMISH	37.8	0.60	0.60	0.70	91.6	1	8	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	2
TULALIP	73.6	3.80	3.80	4.80	351.9	4	13	0.00	0.0	0	5	1	0	12
UPPER SKAGIT	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.6	0	2	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	690.2	17.80	17.80	16.65	2798.5	10	52	0.00	0.0	0	15	5	513	229
YAKIMA	3923.8	93.20	93.20	109.75	18842.2	25	525	0.00	0.0	0	8	39	0	10
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
KALISPEL	13.1	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.3	0	2	0.00	0.0	0	0	12	0	0
SPOKANE	435.3	13.10	13.10	16.30	1110.2	8	5	0.00	0.0	0	10	10	0	10
SPOKANE P.D.	0.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	448.5	13.13	13.13	16.33	1110.5	8	7	0.00	0.0	0	10	22	0	10
FLATHEAD	2618.7	45.60	45.60	42.60	3618.1	13	349	0.00	0.0	0	72	3	0	225
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	22237.0	386.78	364.88	469.17	65421.2	171	2143	0.15	2.4	3	153	127	513	631

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

TABLE 14 - PAGE 4

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT. SUP.	WOODLAND FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MMCM	PRODUCTS HARVEST VALUE M $	PROD. PERM. ISS.	# CRUISE PRE	# CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. #PLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. #STD MEAS
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0.8	0.24	0.24	0.24	14.2	0	1	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
ROUND VALLEY	57.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	1	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
TULE RIVER	150.0	3.20	3.20	3.20	379.5	1	1	0.10	2.5	179	2	0	0	0
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	207.8	3.44	3.44	3.44	393.7	1	3	0.10	2.5	179	4	0	0	0
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
FORT BIDWELL	18.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
HOOPA VALLEY	2009.0	10.88	10.88	10.88	1052.8	11	217	0.00	0.0	0	3	2	0	93
YUROK	164.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	5	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	0	0
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	2191.0	10.88	10.88	10.88	1052.8	11	222	0.00	0.0	0	5	2	0	93
AGUA CALIENTE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	3.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	79	0
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	2401.9	14.32	14.32	14.32	1446.5	12	225	0.10	2.5	179	9	2	79	93
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1989
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 14 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TIMBERLAND							WOODLAND							
	COMM. TIM-LD STOCK MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	TIM. SALE CONT./SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.	PRODUCTS HARVEST VOL. MMCM	PRODUCTS HARVEST VALUE M $	PROD. PERM. ISS.	# CRUISE PRE	# CRUISE REA	F.MGT.INV. #PLT P-T	F.MGT.INV. #STD MEAS	
AREA - ABERDEEN	150.0	0.33	0.33	0.88	13.2	2	126	1.09	6.7	389	13	10	399	83	
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***														
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1609.2	21.96	21.57	14.29	366.0	10	432	0.05	3.9	1197	12	112	21	233	
AREA - ANADARKO	21.7	0.30	0.30	0.30	45.0	1	0	0.00	0.0	0	1	0	100	0	
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***														
AREA - BILLINGS	889.7	28.09	24.53	38.61	736.9	18	631	0.00	0.0	0	46	0	2216	96	
AREA - EASTERN	1611.0	30.55	28.62	28.72	1434.4	13	453	0.00	35.7	40	110	2	273	42	
AREA - JUNEAU	1845.8	0.89	0.89	3.60	435.6	1	3	0.00	0.0	0	3	1	0	0	
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	7320.7	105.13	91.74	86.00	3707.6	139	143	0.00	0.0	0	220	12	888	8702	
AREA - MUSKOGEE	72.0	0.45	0.45	0.45	24.0	2	9	0.00	0.0	0	2	0	0	1	
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***														
AREA - NAVAJO	1950.0	40.05	40.05	40.05	2891.4	2	0	0.00	4.6	9080	1	0	96	537	
AREA - PHOENIX	4168.8	68.19	63.20	74.76	5511.7	10	3126	0.53	27.3	3687	25	0	248	58	
AREA - PORTLAND	22237.0	386.78	364.88	469.17	65421.2	171	2143	0.15	2.4	3	153	127	513	631	
AREA - SACRAMENTO	2401.9	14.32	14.32	14.32	1446.5	12	225	0.10	2.5	179	9	2	79	93	
CENTRAL OFFICE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	
BUREAU - TOTAL	44077.8	697.04	650.88	771.15	82033.5	381	7291	1.92	83.1	14575	395	266	4833	10476	

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

TABLE 15 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	ROAD CONST-RECONST NO.OF MILES	ROAD CONST-RECONST TOTAL COST	ROAD MAINT. NO.OF MILES	ROAD MAINT. TOTAL COST	TIM. STD. IMPROV. NO.OF ACRES	TIM. STD. IMPROV. TOTAL COST	SITE PREPARATION NO.OF ACRES	SITE PREPARATION TOTAL COST	GRAND TOTAL COST
ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
CHEYENNE RIVER	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
FORT BERTHOLD	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
DEVILS LAKE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
PINE RIDGE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
ROSEBUD	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
YANKTON	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
SISSETON	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
STANDING ROCK	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
TURTLE MOUNTAIN	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	25	10000.	10000.
-WINNEBAGO AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
WINNEBAGO (NE)	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- WINNEBAGO TOTAL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
CROW CREEK	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
LOWER BRULE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - ABERDEEN TOTAL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	25	10000.	10000.
*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***									
ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-SOUTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	1	1500.	3	600.	20	2000.	50	2500.	6600.
LAGUNA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-NORTHERN PUEBLOS AGENCY	2	5290.	13	2600.	0	0.	100	7500.	15390.
SOUTHERN UTE	8	5102.	8	747.	0	747.	0	2850.	9446.
UTE MOUNTAIN	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
JICARILLA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	552	5161.	5161.
MESCALERO	21	63000.	33	6600.	0	0.	0	0.	69600.
ZUNI	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
RAMAH-NAVAJO	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL	32	74852.	57	10547.	20	2747.	702	18011.	106157.
ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
ALABAMA/COUSHATTA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
*** NOTE: ALABAMA-COUSHATTA WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON JANUARY 6,1987. ***									
AREA - ANADARKO TOTAL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***									
BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BLACKFEET	0	0.	170	18000.	370	44478.	16	10704.	73182.
CROW	4	11358.	13	1435.	0	0.	50	16660.	29453.
FORT BELKNAP	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
FORT PECK	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
NORTHERN CHEYENNE	80	80000.	167	50000.	0	0.	0	0.	130000.
WIND RIVER	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
ROCKY BOY'S	3	1000.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	1000.
AREA - BILLINGS TOTAL	87	92358.	350	69435.	370	44478.	66	27364.	233635.
EASTERN AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-NEW YORK LIAISON AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
MALISEET	0	0.	0	0.	20	5000.	0	0.	5000.
MICCOSUKEE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
NARRAGANSETT	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
PASSAMAQUODDY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
PENOBSCOT	0	0.	21	25000.	0	0.	0	0.	25000.
-EASTERN A.O. AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
EASTERN CHEROKEE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-CHOCTAW AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW	15	6000.	37	6900.	0	0.	345	27600.	40500.
AGENCY- CHOCTAW TOTAL	15	6000.	37	6900.	0	0.	345	27600.	40500.
AREA - EASTERN TOTAL	15	6000.	58	31900.	20	5000.	345	27600.	70500.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/ROAD CONST-RECONST/ / NO.OF/ / MILES/	TOTAL COST/	ROAD MAINT. / NO.OF/ MILES/	TOTAL COST/	/ TIM. STD. IMPROV./ / NO.OF/ ACRES/	TOTAL COST/	SITE PREPARATION / / NO.OF/ ACRES/	TOTAL COST/	GRAND TOTAL COST
JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	2	20000.	2	22200.	0	0.	0	0.	42200.
-ANCHORAGE AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-FAIRBANKS AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-SOUTHEAST ALASKA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - JUNEAU TOTAL	2	20000.	2	22200.	0	0.	0	0.	42200.
MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-MINNEAPOLIS A.O. AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
MENOMINEE	15	65000.	79	135000.	480	4800.	150	7500.	192300.
UPPER SIOUX COMM.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
SAC AND FOX (IA)	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- MINNEAPOLIS A.O TOTAL	15	65000.	79	135000.	480	4800.	150	7500.	192300.
RED LAKE	18	9000.	0	0.	1100	14250.	0	0.	23250.
-MINNESOTA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BOIS FORTE	8	4000.	0	0.	350	5000.	0	0.	9000.
FOND DU LAC	4	2000.	0	0.	240	2500.	0	0.	4500.
GRAND PORTAGE	5	2250.	0	0.	210	2900.	0	0.	5150.
LEECH LAKE	6	3000.	0	0.	380	4500.	0	0.	7500.
MILLE LACS	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
MINNESOTA (P.D.)	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
VERMILLION LAKE	1	250.	0	0.	20	400.	0	0.	650.
WHITE EARTH	11	5250.	0	0.	490	5000.	0	0.	10250.
AGENCY- MINNESOTA TOTAL	35	16750.	0	0.	1690	20300.	0	0.	37050.
-GREAT LAKES AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BAD RIVER	4	2000.	0	0.	294	2900.	0	0.	4900.
LAC COURTE OREILLES	7	3500.	0	0.	384	4500.	0	0.	8000.
LAC DU FLAMBEAU	8	4000.	0	0.	301	2650.	0	0.	6650.
MOLE LAKE	1	250.	0	0.	54	500.	0	0.	750.
ONEIDA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
POTAWATOMI (WI)	2	1000.	0	0.	131	1300.	0	0.	2300.
RED CLIFF	2	750.	0	0.	14	150.	0	0.	900.
ST. CROIX	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
STOCKBRIDGE/MUNSEE	6	2750.	0	0.	99	900.	0	0.	3650.
WINNEBAGO (MN)	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
WINNEBAGO (WI)	1	500.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	500.
WISCONSIN P.D.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- GREAT LAKES TOTAL	31	14750.	0	0.	1277	12900.	0	0.	27650.
-MICHIGAN AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BAY MILLS	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
HANNAHVILLE	0	0.	10	1500.	0	0.	0	0.	1500.
ISABELLA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
L'ANSE	3	600.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	600.
AGENCY- MICHIGAN TOTAL	3	600.	10	1500.	0	0.	0	0.	2100.
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL	102	86100.	89	136500.	4547	52250.	150	7500. -	282350.
MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
CHICKASAW	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-MIAMI AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
CHEROKEE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
CHOCTAW	0	0.	0	0.	50	12500.	200	5000.	17500.
AREA - MUSKOGEE TOTAL	0	0.	0	0.	50	12500.	200	5000.	17500.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***								
NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
NAVAJO	130	165369.	53	40811.	400	232183.	0	0.	438363.
AREA - NAVAJO TOTAL	130	165369.	53	40811.	400	232183.	0	0.	438363.
PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-COLORADO RIVER AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
FORT APACHE	509	1539600.	900	162800.	0	0.	60930	153546.	1855946.
-PAPAGO AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-SALT RIVER AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	ROAD CONST-RECONST		ROAD MAINT.		TIM. STD. IMPROV.		SITE PREPARATION		GRAND TOTAL COST
	NO.OF MILES	TOTAL COST	NO.OF MILES	TOTAL COST	NO.OF ACRES	TOTAL COST	NO.OF ACRES	TOTAL COST	
-PIMA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
SAN CARLOS	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-W.NEVEDA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-UINTAH & OURAY AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
UINTAH AND OURAY	0	0.	10	5200.	0	0.	40	3600.	8800.
AGENCY- UINTAH & OURAY TOTAL	0	0.	10	5200.	0	0.	40	3600.	8800.
-FT. YUMA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-EASTERN NEVADA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
HOPI	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-TRUXTON CANON AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
HUALAPAI	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- TRUXTON CANON TOTAL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-SOUTHERN PAIUTE AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - PHOENIX TOTAL	509	1539600.	910	168000.	0	0.	60970	157146.	1864746.
PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-SILETZ AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
GRAND RONDE	1	12659.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	12659.
	*** NOTE: GRAND RONDE WAS RESTORED TO FEDERAL TRUST STATUS ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1988. ***								
SILETZ	4	6864.	7	25642.	0	0.	174	41050.	73556.
AGENCY- SILETZ TOTAL	5	19523.	7	25642.	0	0.	174	41050.	86215.
COLVILLE	252	545410.	294	405900.	0	0.	8519	287437.	1238747.
COLVILLE P.D.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
FORT HALL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-NORTHERN IDAHO AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
COEUR D'ALENE	2	22298.	8	8883.	643	55340.	931	52041.	138562.
KOOTENAI	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
NEZ PERCE	20	21809.	20	6284.	288	37012.	266	29067.	94172.
AGENCY- NORTHERN IDAHO TOTAL	22	44107.	28	15167.	931	92352.	1197	81108.	232734.
-OLY. PENINSULA AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
CHEHALIS	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
HOH	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
KLALLAM	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
LOWER ELWHA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
MAKAH	3	135970.	51	65050.	0	0.	0	0.	201020.
OLY. PEN. P.D.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
QUILEUTE	1	38100.	1	600.	0	0.	0	0.	38700.
QUINAULT	6	190000.	120	88000.	0	0.	0	0.	278000.
SHOALWATER	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
SKOKOMISH	5	44100.	2	4200.	0	0.	0	0.	48300.
SQUAXIN ISLAND	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- OLY. PENINSULA TOTAL	15	408170.	174	157850.	0	0.	0	0.	566020.
UMATILLA	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
THE DALLES P.D.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
WARM SPRINGS	50	833685.	62	510000.	0	0.	1845	154351.	1498036.
-PUGET SOUND AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
ANNETTE ISLAND	11	1500000.	24	4000.	57	17100.	0	0.	1521100.
LUMMI	1	5000.	0	0.	0	0.	60	12000.	17000.
MUCKLESHOOT	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
NISQUALLY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
PORT GAMBLE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
PORT MADISON	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
PUGET SOUND P.D.	1	5000.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	5000.
SWINOMISH	1	5000.	0	0.	0	0.	80	10000.	15000.
TULALIP	2	20000.	3	3000.	0	0.	150	15000.	38000.
UPPER SKAGIT	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- PUGET SOUND TOTAL	16	1535000.	27	7000.	57	17100.	290	37000.	1596100.
YAKIMA	12	141854.	428	482945.	0	0.	17472	308229.	933028.
-SPOKANE AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
KALISPEL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
SPOKANE	29	11071.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	11071.
SPOKANE P.D.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- SPOKANE TOTAL	29	11071.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	11071.
FLATHEAD	127	284000.	127	10840.	1853	81333.	1288	20768.	396941.
AREA - PORTLAND TOTAL	528	3822820.	1147	1615344.	2841	190785.	30785	929943.	6558892.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	ROAD CONST-RECONST NO.OF MILES	ROAD CONST-RECONST TOTAL COST	ROAD MAINT. NO.OF MILES	ROAD MAINT. TOTAL COST	TIM. STD. IMPROV. NO.OF ACRES	TIM. STD. IMPROV. TOTAL COST	SITE PREPARATION NO.OF ACRES	SITE PREPARATION TOTAL COST	GRAND TOTAL COST
SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-CENTRAL CAL. AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
ROUND VALLEY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
TULE RIVER	0	0.	5	29504.	0	0.	285	4768.	34272.
AGENCY- CENTRAL CAL. TOTAL	0	0.	5	29504.	0	0.	285	4768.	34272.
-NORTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
FORT BIDWELL	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
HOOPA VALLEY	47	56345.	45	123854.	137	65075.	248	62000.	307274.
YUROK	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AGENCY- NORTHERN CAL. TOTAL	47	56345.	45	123854.	137	65075.	248	62000.	307274.
AGUA CALIENTE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
-SOUTHERN CAL. AGENCY	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - SACRAMENTO TOTAL	47	56345.	50	153358.	137	65075.	533	66768.	341546.
CENTRAL OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 15 - PAGE 1
TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (9)
FISCAL YEAR 1989

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	ROAD CONST-RECONST / NO.OF MILES	ROAD CONST-RECONST / TOTAL COST	ROAD MAINT. / NO.OF MILES	ROAD MAINT. / TOTAL COST	TIM. STD. IMPROV. / NO.OF ACRES	TIM. STD. IMPROV. / TOTAL COST	SITE PREPARATION / NO.OF ACRES	SITE PREPARATION / TOTAL COST	GRAND TOTAL COST
AREA - ABERDEEN	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	25	10000.	10000.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***								
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	32	74852.	57	10567.	20	2747.	702	18011.	106157.
AREA - ANADARKO	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
	*** NOTE: ANAD. FOR. PROG. ABOLISHED IN 1980; ADMINISTERED BY MINN. AREA BEGINNING 1989 ***								
AREA - BILLINGS	87	92338.	330	69635.	370	44478.	66	27364.	233635.
AREA - EASTERN	15	6000.	58	31900.	20	5000.	345	27600.	70500.
AREA - JUNEAU	2	20000.	2	22200.	0	0.	0	0.	42200.
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	102	86100.	89	136900.	6547	52250.	130	7500.	282350.
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0	0.	0	0.	90	12500.	200	5000.	17500.
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE BEGINNING 1989 ***								
AREA - NAVAJO	130	165369.	53	60811.	400	232183.	0	0.	638363.
AREA - PHOENIX	509	1539600.	910	168000.	0	0.	60970	157146.	1864746.
AREA - PORTLAND	528	3822820.	1147	1615344.	2841	190785.	30785	929943.	6558892.
AREA - SACRAMENTO	47	56345.	50	153358.	137	65075.	533	66768.	341546.
CENTRAL OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BUREAU - TOTAL	1452	5863444.	2716	2248095.	8385	605018.	93776	1249332.	9965889.

APPENDIX D

REPORT FOOTNOTES

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS

FOOTNOTES

(1) FY 1989 Forestry Program Obligations - all appropriated federal funds except fire suppression.

BIA Personal Services - Personal services obligations for all forestry employees, all employees hired under force account, and all other non-forestry employees paid with forestry program funds.

Contracts - Dollars obligated in each of the three categories of contracts, and the number of active contracts administered during the fiscal year in each category. Included herein are tribal indirect costs insofar as they are paid from appropriated forestry program funds.

Other BIA Forestry - Dollars obligated for equipment, supplies, travel, maintenance contracts, RCU (rents, communications, utilities), etc.

Total - Obligations under the "Total" column should be equal to the total (Forestry Program) allocation column at left. If not, explanations are included in the Remarks section of individual field data entry forms.

(2) Forest Pest Control (FPC) funds transferred from the Department of Agriculture, USFS.

(3) Dollars obligated for equipment, supplies, maintenance contracts, RCU (rents, communications, utilities), etc.

(4) Forest Management Deductions (Administrative Fees) - from Budget and Use Plan and its amendments, and the Analysis of Obligations.

Tribal Personal Services - Personal services obligations for all tribal forestry employees engaged in administering the tribal forestry program(s).

BIA Personal Services - Personal services obligations of BIA forestry personnel, if any.

Tribal Field Projects - All obligations for field crew labor, contracts or other such methods that actually result in accomplishing on-the-ground forestry work.

Other Tribal Forestry - See Footnote 1, Other BIA Forestry.

Total - Obligations under the "Total" column do not necessarily have to equal Tot. For. Mgmt. Ded. Avail. in 1989 because of the carryover feature for these deductions.

(5) Does not include Forest Management Deductions (Admin. Fees), but includes tribal local funding, purchaser TSI payments, and other such tribal funds made available to accomplish tribal and BIA forestry program work. See Footnote 4 for line item definitions, except for Total. Total should equal left-hand column entitled "Total Tribal For. Funding."

Footnotes, Page 2

(6) Types of Positions, Staff, and Status

Support - Administrative, clerical, etc.

Seasonal - Fire control aides, forest development crew members, etc.; 700-hour appointment, Intergovernmental Personnel Act (IPA), or such other appointments not meeting the requirements of FTP, on Temp./Pur.

O - Occupied

V - Vacant

RV - Reason Vacant *
Insufficient FTE - 1
Lack of positions - 2
Insufficient funding - 3
Hiring freeze - 4 **
Two or more of above - 5 **
Other - 6

* No entry for Area or Bureau total
** See Remarks section of individual field data entry form.

(7) Forestry program activities are defined below and additionally include all aspects of program administration, such as budget, performance appraisals, reports, personnel matters, bookkeeping, time and attendance, etc. Needs are those over and above present staffing and funding. Also, existing vacant positions shown in Table 8, that are vacant because of insufficient funding, are included as new needs in Tables 9 through 12, and appropriate personal services and support costs are reflected accordingly. New needs are justified on Form 8 of the field data entry forms.

Forest Inventory and Plans - Encompasses aerial photography, mapping, field forest management inventories, re-inventories, growth studies, inventory analyses, allowable annual cut calculations, and all aspects of the development, preparation, and/or revision of multiple-use forest management plans, including environmental analysis, and forest history. Also, it includes any interdisciplinary activities necessary for the Forestry Program to fulfill its role in the overall achievement of Integrated Resource Management Planning (IRMP). **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Forest Development - Is that segment of the Forestry Program which addresses the improvement of forest resources. It involves forestation and timber stand improvement activities principally, and consists of all the scheduled (and un-planned) silvicultural treatments applied to a forest to establish and raise a stand of trees to commercial size and value, repeating the process in perpetuity under the principles of sustained yield management. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Footnotes, Page 3

A. Special Forest Development - Is that segment of the BIA forest development program, mandated by the Congress through the Fiscal Year 1977 Appropriations Act, Public Law 94-373, charged with the sole responsibility to eliminate the backlog of deficient Indian commercial forest acres, identified at that time, that required some type of silvicultural treatment(s) to restore or increase growth and yield to the full productive capacity of the forest environment.

NOTE: Unbanded (add-on) forest development funds must only be used for activities/projects designed to eliminate these backlog acres. Other funds may also be used to eliminate the backlog.

B. Regular Forest Development - Includes funds and efforts to conduct all the activities of forestation and timber stand improvement necessary to properly manage the commercial Indian forest to produce sustained yields of desired forest products in perpetuity. In addition to the principal activities of forestation and timber stand improvement, regular forest development includes related activities of less immediate priority than eliminating the backlog of deficient commercial forest acres.

Forest Protection - Includes all activities engaged in protecting the forest from fire, insects, disease, and trespass. With respect to fire management, protection consists of acquisition and maintenance of fire fighting equipment, fire detection systems, construction of firebreaks, hazard reduction, and fire protection contracts with other Agencies. Control of insects and diseases encompasses all aspects of detection and evaluation; preparation of project proposals to secure funding, including project description, environmental assessments/statements, and benefit/cost analysis; field suppression operations; and reports. Timber and fire trespass involves field examination and survey, damage appraisal, preparation of reports, assisting in investigations, writing demand letters, and giving depositions. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Timber Sale Management - Comprises all activities concerned with the administration and supervision of timber sales, including all aspects of sale and contract preparation (cruising, silvicultural prescriptions, appraisal, advertisement, etc.), executing and supervising contracts, marking and scaling timber, and collecting, recording, and distributing stumpage receipts. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Forest Products Permits - Includes cruising, product marking, stumpage appraisal, permit preparation, and harvest supervision for both paid and free use permits which allow the cutting of sawlogs, firewood, house logs, posts and poles, etc., by tribal members and others. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Footnotes, Page 4

Tribal Enterprises - Consists principally of consultation and technical assistance upon request to tribal forestry enterprises in all aspects of timber management and the primary/secondary processing of forest wood products, including stumpage appraisals, sale negotiation, contract supervision, disputes and appeals, economic analysis of potential enterprises, forest products marketing/business development activities, etc. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Forestry GIS - Comprises all Geographic Information System (GIS) activities including digitizing, thematic mapping (other than that included in the Forest Inventory and Plans activity), and other GIS computer applications necessary for the Forestry Program to fulfill its part in the overall achievement of Integrated Resource Management Planning (IRMP). **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Forest Archeology - Includes all tasks associated with compliance to the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Forest Road Maintenance - Consists of all activities involved in the re-alignment, brushing, slope stabilization, ditching, grading, installation of culverts and/or bridges, and crushing and spreading of gravel (where necessary) to restore to use forest roads, not included as part of the Bureau's road system, for yearlong intensive forest management purposes. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Woodland Management - Comprises all aspects of the Forest Inventory and Plans activity, including the incorporation of the woodland resource into integrated management plans, and the Forest Development, Timber Sale Management, and Forest Products Permits activities. **DOES NOT INCLUDE FOREST PROTECTION, TRIBAL ENTERPRISES, FORESTRY GIS, FOREST ARCHEOLOGY, AND FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE.**

NOTE: Support under FTE Needs (No.) indicates administrative, clerical, etc. while support under Funding Needs ($M), indicates all needs other than personal services, including materials, contracts, travel, etc.

(8) Includes Public Domain Allotments, trust allotments, or other trust properties in reservation statistics, if they are administered by a specific reservation program, or in an Agency, if they are administered by that Agency.

Information was obtained from Annual Forestry Reports, Analysis of Obligations, Status of Forest Management Inventories and Planning Report, Forest Development Accomplishment Report and other such reports of the Agency/Reservation.

Footnotes, Page 5

(9) Miles/Acres were determined from Timber Sale Officer field progress records. Total cost was determined by applying cost/MBM from the stumpage appraisal or other unit development record to the volume (MBM) scaled in 1989.

APPENDIX E

FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
DATA ENTRY FORMS AND FOOTNOTES

United States Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20245

IN REPLY REFER TO:
Forestry
Code 232

NOV [illegible] 1989

Memorandum

To: All Area Directors Except Aberdeen, Anadarko, and Muskogee

From: Deputy to the Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs
(Trust and Economic Development)

Subject: Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis

Attached are data entry forms for a funding and position analysis that is being conducted for the Bureau's Forestry Program. We would greatly appreciate your working closely with forest managers and tribal officials in your jurisdiction in providing the required information by January 15, 1990. All forms should be collected by the Area Office, thoroughly checked, and submitted for ADP to the Branch of Forest Resources Planning at the following address:

Bureau of Indian Affairs
Branch of Forest Resources Planning
Attention: Cliff Reed
P.O. Box 3785 - Code 232
Portland, Oregon 97208

As you are aware, program analyses were conducted in 1975, 1985, and 1987, which identified weaknesses that were then positively addressed, resulting in changes to the Forestry Program. Since that time, there have been additional changes in the manner in which the Bureau conducts business and provides services to the Indian people. It is therefore important to once again identify where and how our dollars are being spent, and where and how our personnel are being utilized. This analysis will provide the necessary data on Forestry Program resources to more efficiently and effectively justify budgets and provide state-of-the-art forest management services to the Indian forest owners.

Data entry forms include FY 1987 information provided by Areas and Agencies to use as a guide. New information is required for FY 1989 only. The forms are self-explanatory for the most part. However, footnotes are included to explain more fully what is required for certain entries. Please review these carefully. Codes for Area, Agency, and Reservation are also attached. It is important that a set of data entry forms be completed for each Area Office, each Reservation with a trust forest resource (including each Reservation in a Multi-Reservation Agency), and each Agency administering a trust forest resource (Juneau Area only). Reservations that administer public domain allotments should include those statistics with Reservation data and footnote to that effect.

Should you have any questions regarding data entry, contact Cliff Reed in our Portland office at FTS: 429-6799.

Patrick A. Hayes

Attachments

IN REPLY REFER TO

United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
Branch of Forest Resources Planning
P.O. Box 3785 - Code 232
Portland, Oregon 97208

JAN 02 1990

Memorandum

To: All Area Directors

From: Chief, Branch of Forest Resources Planning

Subject: Clarification of Instructions for the FY 1989 Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis

It has been brought to our attention that there is some confusion in interpreting the definition for "**REGULAR** For. Dev. Accomp. - **Post-1977**" as it appears on FORM 6 of the data entry sheets for subject analysis. Accordingly, the following is provided to clarify the required entries (clarification is underlined)

REGULAR For. Dev. Accomp. - **Post-1977**

Reforestation Completed (M ac.) in FY 1989

Total Reforestation Accrual (M ac.) since FY 1977 that has not been completed as of September 30, 1989 *

TSI Completed (M ac.) in FY 1989

Total TSI Accrual (M ac.) since FY 1977 that has not been completed as of September 30, 1989 *

* Explain Post-1977 Forest Development Accruals -

Acres listed under **REGULAR** For. Dev. **Post-1977**, that require reforestation and/or TSI, consist of areas identified in post-1977 surveys, areas denuded by wildfire or other catastrophe, and areas resulting from timber harvest activities that have not been treated to date.

Should you have additional questions, please contact me at FTS 429-6799.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - -- (1-2)
AGENCY - ------------------------- CODE - -- (3-4)
RESER. - ----------------------------------- CODE - --- (5-7)

FY 1989 FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS 1/ ($ in thousands and tenths)

	Banded 010	FMI&P (Unbanded) 020	For. Pest Control 2/ 030	Special For. Devel. (Unbanded) 040	For.Prod. Marketing (Unbanded) 042	(8-10)
Total Allocation						
Banded	-----.-					(11-16)
FMI&P (Unbanded)		-----.-				(17-22)
For. Pest Control			-----.-			(17-22)
Spec.For..Dev. (Unbanded)				-----.-		(17-22)
For. Prod. Marketing (Unbanded)					-----.-	(17-22)
BIA Personal Services						
Forestry	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(23-28)
Force Acct.	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(29-34)
All Other	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(35-40)
Contracts						
BIA ($M.0)	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(41-46)
Number	---	---	---	---	---	(47-49)
Buy Indian ($M.0)	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(50-55)
Number	---	---	---	---	---	(56-58)
93-638 ($M.0)	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(59-64)
Number	---	---	---	---	---	(65-67)
Other BIA Forestry	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(68-73)
TOTAL	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	-----.-	(74-79)

Remarks:

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 2
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - --
AGENCY - ------------------------- CODE - --
RESER. - ----------------------------------- CODE - ---

FY 1989 FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS [1] ($ in thousands and tenths)

	Forest Mgmt. Deductions [3] 060	Other Tribal For. Funding [4] 070	(8-10)
Ded. Carryover from Prev. Year	-----.-		(11-16)
Total For. Mgmt. Deduct. (FY 89)	-----.-		(17-22)
Total For. Mgmt. Deduct. Avail. in FY 89	-----.-		(23-28)
Obligations [3]			
Tribal Personal Services	-----.-	-----.-	(29-34)
BIA Personal Services	-----.-	-----.-	(35-40)
Tribal Field Projects	-----.-	-----.-	(41-46)
Other Tribal Forestry	-----.-	-----.-	(47-52)
TOTAL FOR. MGMT. DEDUCT.	-----.-		(53-58)
TOTAL OTHER TRIBAL FOR. FUND.		-----.-	(59-64)

Remarks:

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 3
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - -- (1-2)
AGENCY - ------------------------- CODE - -- (3-4)
RESER. - ----------------------------------- CODE - --- (5-7)

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS (numbers in tenths)

		Bureau of Indian Affairs		**Tribal Forestry Program**		
		1987	1989	1987	1989	
			100		130	(8-10)
Types of Positions						
FTP			---.-			(11-14)
Temp./Furlough			---.-			(15-18)
Other 5/			---.-			(19-22)
Seasonal 6/			---.-			(23-26)
TOTAL			---.-			(27-30)
Types of Staff & Status 7/						
Foresters	o		---.-		---.-	(31-34)
	v		---.-		---.-	(35-38)
Technicians	o		---.-		---.-	(39-42)
	v		---.-		---.-	(43-46)
Support 8/	o		---.-		---.-	(47-50)
	v		---.-		---.-	(51-54)
Other 5/	o		---.-		---.-	(55-58)
	v		---.-		---.-	(59-62)
Seasonal 6/	o		---.-		---.-	(63-66)
	v		---.-		---.-	(67-70)
TOTAL	o		---.-		---.-	(71-74)
	v		---.-		---.-	(75-78)
Reason Vacant 9/			-		-	(79)

Remarks:

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 4a
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - -- (1-2)
AGENCY - ------------------------- CODE - -- (3-4)
RESER. - ---------------------------------- CODE - --- (5-7)

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS:
NEW NEEDS BY ACTIVITY 10/
(Annually for the Fiscal Year Period 1992-1996)

	For. Inv. & Plans 141		Forest Devel. 151		Forest Protection 161		(8-10)
	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	
New FTE position Needs (numbers in tenths)							
Professional		---.-		---.-		---.-	(11-14)
Technician		---.-		---.-		---.-	(15-18)
Support 11/		---.-		---.-		---.-	(19-22)
TOTAL		---.-		---.-		---.-	(23-26)
New Funding Needs ($M.0)							
Personal Services		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(27-32)
Support 12/		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(33-38)
TOTAL		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(39-44)

	Tim. Sale Mgmt. 171		For. Prod. Permits 181		Tribal Enterp. 191		(8-10)
	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	
New FTE position Needs (numbers in tenths)							
Professional		---.-		---.-		---.-	(11-14)
Technician		---.-		---.-		---.-	(15-18)
Support 11/		---.-		---.-		---.-	(19-22)
TOTAL		---.-		---.-		---.-	(23-26)
New Funding Needs ($M.0)							
Personal Services		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(27-32)
Support 12/		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(33-38)
TOTAL		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(39-44)

* NEW NEEDS MUST BE REALISTIC AND FULLY JUSTIFIED ON THE ATTACHED FORM 8.
New funding needs must be in terms of 1989 dollars with no inflation factor.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 4b
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - -------------	CODE - --	(1-2)
AGENCY - --------------------------	CODE - --	(3-4)
RESER. - -----------------------------------	CODE - ---	(5-7)

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS:
NEW NEEDS BY ACTIVITY 10/
(Annually for the Fiscal Year Period 1992-1996)

	Forestry GIS 201		Forest Archeology 202		For. Road Maint. 203		(8-10)
	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	
New FTE position Needs (numbers in tenths)							
Professional		---.-		---.-		---.-	(11-14)
Technician		---.-		---.-		---.-	(15-18)
Support 11/		---.-		---.-		---.-	(19-22)
TOTAL		---.-		---.-		---.-	(23-26)
New Funding Needs ($M.0)							
Personal Services		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(27-32)
Support 12/		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(33-38)
TOTAL		-----.-		-----.-		-----.-	(39-44)

	Woodland Mgt. 204		Total All Activ. 205		(8-10)
	91-95	92-96	91-95	92-96	
New FTE position Needs (numbers in tenths)					
Professional		---.-		---.-	(11-14)
Technician		---.-		---.-	(15-18)
Support 11/		---.-		---.-	(19-22)
TOTAL		---.-		---.-	(23-26)
New Funding Needs ($M.0)					
Personal Services		-----.-		-----.-	(27-32)
Support 12/		-----.-		-----.-	(33-38)
TOTAL		-----.-		-----.-	(39-44)

* NEW NEEDS MUST BE REALISTIC AND FULLY JUSTIFIED ON THE ATTACHED FORM 8.
New funding needs must be in terms of 1989 dollars with no inflation factor.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 5
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - -- (1-2)
AGENCY - ------------------------- CODE - -- (3-4)
RESER. - ----------------------------------- CODE - --- (5-7)

STATISTICAL DATA (Reservation) 13/

	1987	1989	
		231	(8-10)
Total Forest Land (acres)		----------	

TIMBERLAND

Commercial Timberland (acres)	----------	
Commercial Timber Stocking (Total-MMBM - 1989 FMI&P Status Report)	FY89-STATUS	
Productive Accessible Timberland Withdrawn from Harvest for Adm. Purposes (acres)	----------	
Allowable Annual Cut (MMBM)	FY89-STATUS	
Marketable AAC (MMBM)	FY89-STATUS	
Total FY Timber Vol. Offered [All Paid Permits/Contracts (MMBM)]	---.--	(45-49)
Total FY Timber Vol. Sold [All Paid Permits/Contracts (MMBM)]	---.--	(50-54)
Total FY Harvest [All Paid Permits/Contracts (MMBM)]	---.--	(55-59)
Total FY Value [All Paid Permits/Contracts ($M.0]	----.-	(60-65)
Timber Sale Contracts Supervised (No.)	---	(71-73)
For. Prod. Permits Issued (No.)	----	(74-77)

WOODLAND

Total Woodland (acres)	----------	
Commercial Woodland (acres)	----------	
Total FY Harvest [All Paid Permits/Contracts (MMCM)]	---.--	(78-82)
Total FY Value [All Paid Permits/Contracts ($M.0]	----.-	(83-87)
Woodland Prod. Permits/Contracts Issued (No.)	----	(88-91)

Remarks:

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 6
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - -- (1-2)
AGENCY - -------------------------- CODE - -- (3-4)
RESER. - ---------------------------------- CODE - --- (5-7)

STATISTICAL DATA (Reservation) 13/

	1987	1989	
		261	(8-10)
Forest and Range Area Protected (M acres)		BIFC	
Number of Timber Cruises			
Presale		---	(17-19)
Realty		---	(20-22)
For. Mgmt. Inv. (Perm./Temp.) Total Plots Measured		----	(23-26)
Stand Exam (No. of Stands Meas.)		----	(27-30)
SPECIAL Forest Dev. Accom. & Backlog Status - Pre-1977 10/			
Reforestation Completed (M ac.)		----,-	(31-35)
Reforestation backlog (M ac.)		----,-	(36-40)
TSI Completed (M ac.)		----,-	(41-45)
TSI Backlog (M ac.)		----,-	(46-50)
REGULAR For. Dev. Accom. - Post-1977 10/			
Reforestation Completed (M ac.)		----,-	(51-55)
Reforestation Accrual (M ac.) *		----,-	(56-60)
TSI Completed (M ac.)		----,-	(61-65)
TSI Accrual (M ac.) *		----,-	(66-70)

Remarks:
*** Explain Post-1977 Forest Development Accruals -**

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 7
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA -	------------	CODE - --	(1-2)
AGENCY -	--------------------------	CODE - --	(3-4)
RESER. -	-----------------------------------	CODE - ---	(5-7)

FY 1989 TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
(as provided for in sale contracts and stumpage appraisals) *

	1987	1989 271	(8-10)
Road Construction/Reconstruction			
No. of Miles		----	(11-14)
Total Cost ($)		---------	(15-23)
Road Maintenance (including grass seeding)			
No. of Miles		----	(24-27)
Total Cost ($)		---------	(28-36)
Timber Stand Improvement (TSI) **			
No. of Acres (thinning/forestation)		------	(37-42)
Total Cost ($) (Based on TSI collections per contract)		---------	(43-51)
Site Preparation (slash disposal, scarification,etc.) **			
No. of Acres		------	(52-57)
Total Cost ($)		---------	(58-66)

Instructions:

* Miles/acreage can be determined from Timber Sale Officer field progress records. Total cost is determined by applying cost/MBM from the stumpage appraisal or other unit development record to the volume (MBM) scaled in FY 1989.

** Accomplishments (No. of Acres) should be included on FORM 6 in the proper program segment, i.e., Special Forest Development or Regular Forest Development.

Remarks:

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FORM 8
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

AREA - ------------ CODE - -- (1-2)
AGENCY - ------------------------- CODE - -- (3-4)
RESER. - ---------------------------------- CODE - --- (5-7)

New Needs By Activity
Justification

Note: Needs must be **REALISTIC** and **FULLY JUSTIFIED** by fact and quantification.
Use additional sheets of paper if necessary.

*** Identify below or on separate sheet of paper the implications/impacts of remaining a current levels of staffing and funding.

For Additional Information:

BIA Contact Person	( ) Phone No.	Tribal Contact Person	( ) Phone No.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FY 1989

FOOTNOTES

General - A set of data entry forms must be completed for each Area Office, each Reservation with a trust forest resource (including each Reservation in a multi-Reservation Agency), and each Agency administering a trust forest resource (Juneau Area only). Reservations that administer public domain allotments should include those statistics with Reservation data and footnote to that effect.

Enter numerical information only as it applies to your particular situation. Otherwise, leave blank. Where totals are indicated, enter total, if any. Also, on Form 8, enter contact person and phone number for the BIA and the Tribe(s).

For field installations. Appropriate codes for Area, Agency, and Reservation are pre-printed. No additional entries are required.

1/ FY 1989 Forestry Program Obligations -- all appropriated federal funds except fire presuppression, suppression, and rehabilitation. Appropriations and obligations information for the fire management program will be provided by the BIFC.

BIA Personal Services	- Enter under appropriate heading personal services obligations for all forestry employees, all forestry employees hired under force account (field crew labor), and all other non-forestry employees paid with forestry program funds.
Contracts	- Enter dollars obligated in each of the three categories of contracts, and the number of active contracts administered during the fiscal year in each category. Included herein are tribal indirect costs insofar as they are paid from appropriated forestry program funds. IMPORTANT: A SINGLE CONTRACT SHOULD BE DENOTED ONLY ONE TIME EVEN THOUGH DOLLARS IN A CONTRACT MIGHT BE ENTERED UNDER MORE THAN ONE FUNDING SOURCE.
Other BIA Forestry	- Enter dollars obligated for equipment, supplies, travel, training, maintenance contracts, RCU (rents, communications, utilities), etc.
Total	- Obligations under the 'Total' column should be equal to the total (Forestry Program) allocation at top of form. If not, explain under Remarks section.

2/ Forest Pest Control (FPC) funds transferred from the Department of Agriculture, U.S.F.S.

Footnotes, Page 2

3/ Forest Management Deductions (Administrative Fees) -- From Budget and Use Plan and its amendments, and the Analysis of Obligations.

Tribal Personal Services - Enter personal services obligations for all tribal forestry employees engaged in administering the tribal forestry program(s).

BIA Personal Services - Enter personal services obligations of BIA forestry personnel, if any.

Tribal Field Projects - Enter all obligations for field crew labor, contracts, or other such methods that actually result in accomplishing on-the-ground forestry work.

Other Tribal Forestry - See footnote 1, Other BIA Forestry.

Total For. Mgmt. Deduct. - Obligations under this column do not necessarily have to equal Tot. For. Mgmt. Deduct. Avail. in FY 1989, because of the carryover feature for these deductions.

4/ Does not include Forest Management Deductions (Admin. Fees), but includes tribal local funding, purchaser TSI payments, and other such tribal funds made available to accomplish tribal and BIA forestry program work. See footnote 3 for line item definitions, except for Total For. Mgmt. Deduct.

5/ 700-hour appointment, Intergovernmental Personnel Act (IPA), or such other appointments not meeting the requirements of FTP, Temp/Fur, or Seasonal.

6/ Fire control aides, forest development crew members, etc.

7/ o - Occupied; v - Vacant.

8/ Administrative, clerical, etc.

9/ Enter one-digit code as follows:

Insufficient FTE - 1
Lack of positions - 2
Insufficient funding - 3
Hiring freeze - 4
Two or more of above - 5 (Identify in Remarks.)
Other - 6 (Identify in Remarks.)

10/ New needs are those required to perform forestry work on all trust forestlands over and above existing staffing and funding, including new forest land bases acquired through acts of Congress or private tribal purchases, and in trust status as of September 30, 1989. New needs must reflect **ANNUAL** needs for the Fiscal Year Period 1992 - 1996, **AND MUST BE IN TERMS OF 1989 DOLLARS WITH NO INFLATION FACTOR BEING APPLIED.**

Footnotes, Page 3

The total cost of one-time projects occurring during the five-year period 1992 - 1996 must be divided by five (5) to place the dollar need on an annual basis.

NOTE: EXCEPT WHERE NOTED, WOODLAND MANAGEMENT NEEDS WILL BE IDENTIFIED SEPARATELY BY AREA OFFICES UTILIZING COST ESTIMATES DEVELOPED BY THE WOODLANDS STUDY TEAM AND CONTAINED IN 'NATIVE AMERICAN WOODLAND RESOURCES: A NATIONAL OVERVIEW', JUNE 1988.

Forestry program activities are defined below and additionally include all aspects of program administration, such as budget, performance appraisals, reports, personnel matters, bookkeeping, time and attendance,etc. NEW NEEDS MUST BE REALISTIC AND FULLY JUSTIFIED BY FACT AND QUANTIFICATION ON THE ATTACHED FORM 8.

Forest Inventory and Plans - Encompasses aerial photography, mapping, field forest management inventories, re-inventories, growth studies, inventory analyses, allowable annual cut calculations, and all aspects of the development, preparation, and/or revision of multiple-use forest management plans, including environmental analysis, and forest history. Also, it includes any interdisciplinary activities necessary for the Forestry Program to fulfill its role in the overall achievement of Integrated Resource Management Planning (IRMP). **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Forest Development - Is that segment of the Forestry Program which addresses the improvement of forest resources. It involves forestation and timber stand improvement activities principally, and consists of all the scheduled (and un-planned) silvicultural treatments applied to a forest to establish and raise a stand of trees to commercial size and value, repeating the process in perpetuity under the principles of sustained yield management. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

1. Special Forest Development (Pre-1977) - Is that segment of the BIA forest development program, mandated by the Congress through the Fiscal Year 1977 Appropriations Act (P.L. 94-373), charged with the sole responsibility to eliminate the backlog of deficient Indian commercial forest acres, identified at that time, that required some type of silvicultural treatment(s) to restore or increase growth and yield to the full productive capacity of the forest environment. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

NOTE: Unbanded (add-on) forest development funds must only be used for activities/projects designed to eliminate these backlog acres. Other funds may also be used to eliminate the backlog.

2. Regular Forest Development (Post-1977) - Includes funds and efforts to conduct all the activities of forestation and timber stand improvement necessary to properly manage the commercial Indian forest to produce sustained yields of desired forest products in perpetuity. In addition to the principal activities of forestation and timber stand improvement, regular forest development includes related activities of less immediate priority than eliminating the backlog of deficient commercial forest acres. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Footnotes, Page 4

Forest Protection - Includes all activities engaged in protecting the forest from fire, insects, disease, and trespass. With respect to fire management, protection consists of acquisition and maintenance of fire fighting equipment, fire detection systems, construction of firebreaks, hazard reduction, and fire protection contracts with other Agencies. Control of insects and diseases encompasses all aspects of detection and evaluation; preparation of project proposals to secure funding, including project description, environmental assessments/statements, and benefit/cost analysis; field suppression operations; and reports. Timber and fire trespass involves field examination and survey, damage appraisal, preparation of reports, assisting in investigations, writing demand letters, and giving depositions. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Timber Sale Management - Comprises all activities concerned with the administration and supervision of timber sales, including all aspects of sale and contract preparation (cruising, silvicultural prescriptions, appraisal, advertisement, etc.), executing and supervising contracts, marking and scaling timber, and collecting, recording, and distributing stumpage receipts. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Forest Products Permits - Includes cruising, product marking, stumpage appraisal, permit preparation, and harvest supervision for both paid and free use permits which allow the cutting of sawlogs, firewood, house logs, posts and poles, etc., by tribal members and others. **DOES NOT INCLUDE WOODLANDS.**

Tribal Enterprises - Consists principally of consultation and technical assistance upon request to tribal forestry enterprises in all aspects of timber management and the primary/secondary processing of forest wood products, including stumpage appraisals, sale negotiation, contract supervision, disputes and appeals, economic analysis of potential enterprises, forest products marketing/business development activities, etc.

If there is justifiable need at the Area, Agency, or Reservation level for forest products marketing/business development expertise, this need should be so indicated under Tribal Enterprises on Form 4a. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Forestry GIS - Comprises all Geographic Information System (GIS) activities including digitizing, thematic mapping (other than that included in the Forest Inventory and Plans activity), and other GIS computer applications necessary for the Forestry Program to fulfill its part in the overall achievement of Integrated Resource Management Planning (IRMP). **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Forest Archeology - Includes all tasks associated with compliance to the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Forest Road Maintenance - Consists of all activities involved in the re-alignment, brushing, slope stabilization, ditching, grading, installation of culverts and/or bridges, and crushing and spreading of gravel (where necessary) to restore to use forest roads, not included as

Footnotes, Page 5

part of the Bureau's road system, for yearlong intensive forest management purposes. **INCLUDES WOODLANDS.**

Woodland Management - Comprises all aspects of the Forest Inventory and Plans activity, including the incorporation of the woodland resource into integrated management plans, and the Forest Development, Timber Sales Administration, and Forest Products Permits activities. **DOES NOT INCLUDE FOREST PROTECTION, TRIBAL ENTERPRISES, FORESTRY GIS, FOREST ARCHEOLOGY, AND FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE.**

11/ Administrative, clerical, etc.

12/ All needs other than personal services, including travel, training, materials, supplies, contracts, etc.

13/ Includes Public Domain Allotments, trust allotments, or other trust properties in Reservation statistics, if they are administered by a specific Reservation program, or in an Agency, if they are administered by that Agency (Juneau Area only).

Statistical data can be obtained from the Annual Forestry Report, Analysis of Obligations Report, Status of Forest Management Inventories and Planning Report, Forest Development Accomplishment Report, and other such reports of the Agency/Reservation.

AREA, AGENCY AND RESERVATION/PROPERTY CODES

AREA CODE	AREA NAME	AGENCY CODE	AGENCY NAME	RESERVATION CODE	RESERVATION NAME
0N	NAVAJO	00	NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	000	NAVAJO AREA OFFICE
0N	NAVAJO	00	NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	780	NAVAJO (ON+OFF)
0H	PHOENIX	00	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	000	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE
0H	PHOENIX	30	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	670	CITY OF TUCSON
0H	PHOENIX	30	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	600	PHOENIX MISCELLANEOUS (AZ, UT, NV)
0H	PHOENIX	30	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	657	PHOENIX SCHOOL
0H	PHOENIX	30	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	690	SAN CARLOS IRRIGATION PROJECT
0H	PHOENIX	30	PHOENIX AREA OFFICE	719	SHERMAN SCHOOL
0H	PHOENIX	31	COLORADO RIVER	693	CHEMEHUEVI
0H	PHOENIX	31	COLORADO RIVER	603	COLORADO RIVER
0H	PHOENIX	31	COLORADO RIVER	604	FORT MOJAVE
0H	PHOENIX	32	FORT APACHE	607	FORT APACHE
0H	PHOENIX	34	PAPAGO	609	GILA BEND
0H	PHOENIX	34	PAPAGO	610	PAPAGO
0H	PHOENIX	34	PAPAGO	611	SAN XAVIER
0H	PHOENIX	35	SALT RIVER	613	FORT MCDOWELL
0H	PHOENIX	35	SALT RIVER	665	PASCUA-YAQUI
0H	PHOENIX	35	SALT RIVER	615	SALT RIVER
0H	PHOENIX	37	PIMA	614	GILA RIVER
0H	PHOENIX	37	PIMA	612	MARICOPA (AK-CHIN)
0H	PHOENIX	37	PIMA	600	PEEPLES VALLEY (P.D.)
0H	PHOENIX	38	SAN CARLOS	616	SAN CARLOS & (P.D.)
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	650	FALLON
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	655	SUMMIT LAKE
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	656	WALKER RIVER
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	716	PINENUT (P.D.)
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	649	LOVELOCK COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	660	YERINGTON COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	661	YOMBA
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	663	YERINGTON (CAMPBELL RANCH)
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	659	WINNEMUCCA COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	653	RENO-SPARKS COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	651	PYRAMID LAKE (NEVA. & UTAH)
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	652	ALPINE COUNTY (P.D.)
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	672	WASHOE RANCHES
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	648	LAS VEGAS COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	646	FORT MCDERMITT
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	645	FALLON COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	671	DRESSLERVILLE COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	61	WESTERN NEVADA	647	CARSON COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	62	UINTAH & OURAY	685	SKULL VALLEY
0H	PHOENIX	62	UINTAH & OURAY	687	UINTAH AND OURAY
0H	PHOENIX	63	FORT YUMA	602	COCOPAH
0H	PHOENIX	63	FORT YUMA	666	FORT YUMA (QUECHAN) (CALF.)
0H	PHOENIX	63	FORT YUMA	696	FORT YUMA (ON+OFF) (ARIZ.)
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	642	DUCKWATER
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	643	ELKO COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	664	ODGERS RANCH
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	720	WILDHORSE RESERVOIR
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	640	BATTLE MOUNTAIN COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	165	WELLS COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	644	ELY COLONY
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	654	RUBY VALLEY RES. & PUBLIC DOMAIN
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	641	DUCK VALLEY
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	681	GOSHUTE
0H	PHOENIX	64	EASTERN NEVADA	662	SOUTH FORK (TE-MOAK)
0H	PHOENIX	65	HOPI	606	HOPI
0H	PHOENIX	66	TRUXTON CANON	619	BIG SANDY - CAMP VERDE (P.D.)
0H	PHOENIX	66	TRUXTON CANON	601	YAVAPAI-APACHE CAMP VERDE
0H	PHOENIX	66	TRUXTON CANON	674	YAVAPAI TONTO COMMUNITY (PAYSON)
0H	PHOENIX	66	TRUXTON CANON	618	PRESCOTT YAVAPAI
0H	PHOENIX	66	TRUXTON CANON	605	HAVASUPAI
0H	PHOENIX	66	TRUXTON CANON	608	HUALAPAI
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	683	KOOSHAREM
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	650	MOAPA
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	682	CEDAR CITY
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	686	INDIAN PEAKS (PAIUTE)
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	617	KAIBAB PAIUTE
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	684	KANOSH
0H	PHOENIX	69	SOUTHERN PAIUTE (FLD STA)	688	SHIVWITS
0P	PORTLAND	00	PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	025	COW CREEK BAND OF UMPQUA INDIANS
0P	PORTLAND	00	PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	180	IDAHO MISCELLANEOUS
0P	PORTLAND	00	PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	100	WASHINGTON MISCELLANEOUS
0P	PORTLAND	00	CELILO VILLAGE	149	CELILO FISHING SITES
0P	PORTLAND	00	FORT HALL	195	WASHAKIE PROJECT
0P	PORTLAND	00	CHEMAWA SCHOOL	051	CHEMAWA SCHOOL
0P	PORTLAND	00	CELILO VILLAGE	148	CELILO VILLAGE
0P	PORTLAND	00	PORTLAND AREA OFFICE	P00	PORTLAND AREA OFFICE
0P	PORTLAND	01	SILETZ	153	COW CREEK BAND OF UMPQUA
0P	PORTLAND	01	SILETZ	152	COOS, LOWER UMPQUA, SIUSLAW
0P	PORTLAND	01	SILETZ	141	GRAND RONDE
0P	PORTLAND	01	SILETZ	142	SILETZ
0P	PORTLAND	03	COLVILLE	101	COLVILLE
0P	PORTLAND	03	COLVILLE	151	COLVILLE (P.D.) OTHER
0P	PORTLAND	04	FORT HALL	735	ABSENTEE WYANDOTTE ALLOT. (IDAH.)
0P	PORTLAND	04	FORT HALL	160	FORT HALL
0P	PORTLAND	05	NORTHERN IDAHO	101	COEUR D'ALENE
0P	PORTLAND	05	NORTHERN IDAHO	103	KOOTENAI
0P	PORTLAND	05	NORTHERN IDAHO	102	NEZ PERCE
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	104	CLALLAM
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	112	OZETTE
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	105	CHEHALIS
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	106	HOH RIVER
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	129	JAMESTOWN KLALLAM (CLALLAM)
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	125	LOWER ELWHA
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	108	MAKAH
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	714	OLYMPIC PENINSULA (P.D.) OTHER
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	116	QUILEUTE
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	117	QUINAULT
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	118	SHOALWATER
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	120	SKOKOMISH
0P	PORTLAND	06	OLYMPIC PENINSULA	121	SQUAXIN ISLAND
0P	PORTLAND	07	UMATILLA	143	UMATILLA
0P	PORTLAND	09	WARM SPRINGS	144	BURNS-PAIUTE
0P	PORTLAND	09	WARM SPRINGS	736	ABSENTEE WYANDOTTE ALLOT. (OREG.)
0P	PORTLAND	09	WARM SPRINGS	147	THE DALLES (P.D.)
0P	PORTLAND	09	WARM SPRINGS	145	WARM SPRINGS
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	115	PUYALLUP
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	119	SAUK-SUIATTLE
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	111	NOOKSACK
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	902	ANNETTE ISLAND
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	107	LUMMI
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	109	MUCKLESHOOT
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	110	NISQUALLY
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	113	PORT GAMBLE
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	114	PORT MADISON
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	130	PUGET SOUND (P.D.) OTHER
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	122	SWINOMISH
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	123	TULALIP
0P	PORTLAND	10	PUGET SOUND	131	UPPER SKAGIT
0P	PORTLAND	11	YAKIMA	134	YAKIMA (P.D.) OTHER
0P	PORTLAND	11	YAKIMA	124	YAKIMA
0P	PORTLAND	12	SPOKANE	103	KALISPEL
0P	PORTLAND	12	SPOKANE	102	SPOKANE
0P	PORTLAND	12	SPOKANE	723	SPOKANE (P.D.) OTHER
0P	PORTLAND	13	FLATHEAD	203	FLATHEAD (ON+OFF)
0J	SACRAMENTO	00	SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE	300	SACRAMENTO AREA OFFICE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	720	YOKAYO RANCH
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	330	BIG PINE RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	306	BIG SANDY RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	307	BIG VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	338	BENTON PAIUTE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	761	COLUSA RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	331	TABLE MOUNTAIN RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	312	CACHIL DEHE RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	628	SHEEP RANCH RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	300	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC DOMAIN
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	342	SANTA ROSA RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	323	CHICKEN RANCH
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	625	LIKELY RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	601	BRIDGEPORT COLONY
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	705	CALIFORNIA AGENCY OFFICE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	370	CALIFORNIA TRIBAL
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	341	RUMSEY RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	316	ROBINSON RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	333	PINOLEVILLE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	334	PICAYUNE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	328	OWENS VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	304	BERRY CREEK RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	349	BISHOP
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	635	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA (P.D.) OTHER
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	311	COLD SPRINGS RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	313	CORTINA RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	638	COYOTE VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	315	DRY CREEK RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	317	ENTERPRISE RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	325	FORT INDEPENDENCE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	319	GRINDSTONE CREEK RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	321	HOPLAND RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	322	JACKSON RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	324	LAYTONVILLE RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	624	LONE PINE
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	326	LOOKOUT RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	327	MANCHESTER (POINT ARENA) RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	328	MIDDLETOWN RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	340	ROUND VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	629	SHERWOOD VALLEY RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	346	SHINGLE SPRINGS RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	347	STEWARTS POINT RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	632	SULPHUR BANK RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	353	TULE RIVER
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	354	TUOLUMNE RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	51	CENTRAL CALIFORNIA	636	UPPER LAKE
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	303	BIG BEND RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	354	BIG LAGOON RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	350	BLUE LAKE
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	717	PIT RIVER TRIBE
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	338	REDDING
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	356	RESIGHINI RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	358	SUSANVILLE
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	302	ALTURAS RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	366	TRINIDAD RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	700	KARUK TRIBE OF CALIFORNIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	329	MONTGOMERY CREEK RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	364	SMITH RIVER
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	375	HOOPA RES (HOOPA VALLEY & YUROK TRS
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	363	QUARTZ VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	359	ELK VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	355	HOOPA P.D. ALLOT
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	627	ROARING CREEK RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	621	CEDARVILLE RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	318	FORT BIDWELL
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	361	HOOPA VALLEY
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	713	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA (P.D.) OTHER
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	336	X. L. RANCH
0J	SACRAMENTO	52	NORTHERN CALIFORNIA	362	YUROK
0J	SACRAMENTO	53	PALM SPRINGS FIELD OFFICE	384	AGUA CALIENTE
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	372	BARONA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	368	CABAZON
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	374	INAJA-COSMIT RANCHERIA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	389	SAN PASQUAL
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	370	CAMPO
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	386	PECHANGA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	380	MESA GRANDE
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	395	TORRES-MARTINEZ
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	398	TWENTY NINE PALMS
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	376	LA JOLLA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	384	SYCUAN
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	721	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA (P.D.) OTHER
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	348	JAMUL
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	377	LA POSTA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	399	VIEJAS
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	391	SANTA YNEZ
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	388	SAN MANUEL
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	387	RAMONA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	387	RINCON
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	367	AUGUSTINE
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	369	CAHUILLA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	371	CAPITAN GRANDE
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	373	CUYAPAIPE
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	378	LOS COYOTES
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	379	MANZANITA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	382	MORONGO
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	383	PALA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	385	PAUMA-YUIMA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	390	SANTA ROSA
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	392	SANTA YSABEL
0J	SACRAMENTO	54	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	393	SOBOBA
0K	CENTRAL	00	CENTRAL OFFICE	013	CAYUGA
0L	CENTRAL	00	OFFICE OF EDUCATION	703	HASKELL COLLEGE
0L	CENTRAL	00	OFFICE OF EDUCATION	706	INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN ARTS
0L	CENTRAL	00	OFFICE OF EDUCATION	722	SOUTHWESTERN INDIAN POLYTECHNIC INS
0K	CENTRAL	00	CENTRAL	707	C O BIFC
0K	CENTRAL	00	CENTRAL	708	C O BOPRF
0K	CENTRAL	00	CENTRAL	800	C O WASHINGTON D C

AREA, AGENCY AND RESERVATION/PROPERTY CODES

AREA CODE	AREA NAME	AGENCY CODE	AGENCY NAME	RESERVATION CODE	RESERVATION NAME
0A	ABERDEEN	00	ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	370	SIOUX SANITORIUM
0A	ABERDEEN	00	FLANDREAU SCHOOL	033	FLANDREAU SCHOOL
0A	ABERDEEN	00	ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE	A00	ABERDEEN AREA OFFICE
0A	ABERDEEN	01	CHEYENNE RIVER	340	CHEYENNE RIVER (ON+OFF)
0A	ABERDEEN	02	PIERRE SCHOOL	330	PIERRE SCHOOL
0A	ABERDEEN	03	FLANDREAU FIELD OFF.	341	FLANDREAU SANTEE SIOUX
0A	ABERDEEN	04	FORT BERTHOLD	301	FORT BERTHOLD (ON+OFF)
0A	ABERDEEN	05	FORT TOTTEN	303	DEVILS LAKE SIOUX
0A	ABERDEEN	06	PINE RIDGE	344	PINE RIDGE
0A	ABERDEEN	07	ROSEBUD	345	ROSEBUD SIOUX
0A	ABERDEEN	08	YANKTON	346	YANKTON
0A	ABERDEEN	09	SISSETON	347	SISSETON WAHPETON
0A	ABERDEEN	10	STANDING ROCK	302	STANDING ROCK
0A	ABERDEEN	11	TURTLE MOUNTAIN	236	FORT PECK (P.D.) OTHER
0A	ABERDEEN	11	TURTLE MOUNTAIN	304	TURTLE MOUNTAIN (ON+OFF)
0A	ABERDEEN	12	WAHPETON SCHOOL	329	WAHPETON SCHOOL
0A	ABERDEEN	13	WINNEBAGO	380	OMAHA
0A	ABERDEEN	13	WINNEBAGO	382	SANTEE SIOUX
0A	ABERDEEN	13	WINNEBAGO	383	WINNEBAGO (ON+OFF) (NEBR. & IOWA)
0A	ABERDEEN	14	CROW CREEK	342	CROW CREEK (ON+OFF)
0A	ABERDEEN	15	LOWER BRULE	343	LOWER BRULE
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	00	ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE	B00	ALBUQUERQUE AREA OFFICE
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	B30	SPA AGENCY HEADQUARTERS
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	T30	DEMONSTRATION RANGE MANAGEMENT PROJ
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	T60	ZIA (DIV. DAM SITE)
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	T80	JEMEZ (DIV. DAM SITE)
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	703	ACOMA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	704	COCHITI PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	705	ISLETA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	706	JEMEZ PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	712	SAN FELIPE PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	711	SANDIA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	713	SANTA ANA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	717	SANTO DOMINGO PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	20	SOUTHERN PUEBLOS	720	ZIA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	21	LAGUNA	T10	LAGUNA PUEBLO (P.D.) OTHER
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	21	LAGUNA	707	LAGUNA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	708	NAMBE PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	709	PICURIS PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	710	POJOAQUE PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	715	SAN ILDEFONSO PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	714	SAN JUAN PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	716	SANTA CLARA PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	718	TAOS PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	25	NORTHERN PUEBLOS	719	TESUQUE PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	40	SOUTHERN UTE	750	SOUTHERN UTE
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	45	UTE MOUNTAIN UTE	751	UTE MOUNTAIN
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	50	JICARILLA	701	JICARILLA APACHE
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	60	MESCALERO	702	MESCALERO APACHE
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	70	ZUNI	721	ZUNI PUEBLO
0B	ALBUQUERQUE	75	RAMAH-NAVAJO	722	RAMAH-NAVAJO
0D	ANADARKO	00	CHILOCCO SCHOOL	052	CHILOCCO SCHOOL
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	016	ABSENTEE DELAWARE
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	015	KIOWA
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	D00	ANADARKO MISCELLANEOUS (KANS.)
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	D00	ANADARKO MISCELLANEOUS (OKLA.)
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	075	CHEROKEE-DELAWARE
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	D00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE
0D	ANADARKO	00	ANADARKO AREA OFFICE	030	ALABAMA-COUSHATTA
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	014	KANSAS DELAWARE
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	T02	ALL HORTON AGENCY
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	T37	ABSENTEE WYANDOTTE ALLOT. (COLO.)
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	040	IOWA (KANS. & NEBR.)
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	061	KICKAPOO
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	025	MIAMI RESERVE
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	074	OLD NEMAHA RESERVE
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	062	POTAWATOMI (KANS.)
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	063	SAC AND FOX (NEBR. & KANS.)
0D	ANADARKO	04	HORTON	064	SHAWNEE RESERVE
0D	ANADARKO	05	CONCHO	001	CHEYENNE & ARAPAHO
0D	ANADARKO	06	ANADARKO	T01	ALL ANADARKO AGENCY
0D	ANADARKO	06	ANADARKO	003	FORT SILL APACHE
0D	ANADARKO	06	ANADARKO	002	KIOWA, COMANCHE & APACHE
0D	ANADARKO	06	ANADARKO	004	WICHITA-CADDO-DELAWARE
0D	ANADARKO	07	PAWNEE	T03	ALL PAWNEE AGENCY
0D	ANADARKO	07	PAWNEE	010	KAW
0D	ANADARKO	07	PAWNEE	011	OTOE
0D	ANADARKO	07	PAWNEE	012	PAWNEE
0D	ANADARKO	07	PAWNEE	013	PONCA
0D	ANADARKO	07	PAWNEE	014	TONKAWA
0D	ANADARKO	08	SHAWNEE	T04	ALL SHAWNEE AGENCY
0D	ANADARKO	08	SHAWNEE	020	ABSENTEE SHAWNEE
0D	ANADARKO	08	SHAWNEE	021	CITIZEN POTAWATOMI
0D	ANADARKO	08	SHAWNEE	022	IOWA (OKLA.)
0D	ANADARKO	08	SHAWNEE	023	MEXICAN KICKAPOO (OKLA. & TEXA.)
0D	ANADARKO	08	SHAWNEE	024	SAC AND FOX (OKLA.)
0C	BILLINGS	00	BILLINGS AREA OFFICE	C00	BILLINGS AREA OFFICE
0C	BILLINGS	31	BLACKFEET	201	BLACKFEET
0C	BILLINGS	32	CROW	208	CROW CEDED
0C	BILLINGS	32	CROW	202	CROW
0C	BILLINGS	33	FORT BELKNAP	224	TURTLE MOUNTAIN (P.D.) (F.B.)
0C	BILLINGS	33	FORT BELKNAP	204	FORT BELKNAP (ON+OFF)
0C	BILLINGS	34	FORT PECK	226	TURTLE MOUNTAIN (P.D.) (F.P.)
0C	BILLINGS	34	FORT PECK	206	FORT PECK
0C	BILLINGS	37	NORTHERN CHEYENNE	227	TURTLE MOUNTAIN (P.D.) (N.C.)
0C	BILLINGS	37	NORTHERN CHEYENNE	207	NORTHERN CHEYENNE
0C	BILLINGS	38	WIND RIVER	203	WIND RIVER (SHOSHONE)
0C	BILLINGS	38	WIND RIVER	200	WIND RIVER
0C	BILLINGS	39	ROCKY BOY'S	205	ROCKY BOY'S
0S	EASTERN	00	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	S00	EASTERN AREA OFFICE
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	011	ONEIDA OF NEW YORK
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	003	CORNPLANTER
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	006	ONONDAGA
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	010	SENECA NATION (AL., CA. & OIL S.)
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	007	ST. REGIS (MOHAWK)
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	008	TONAWANDA
0S	EASTERN	07	NEW YORK LIAISON	009	TUSCARORA
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	028	PORCH BAND
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	030	PASSAMAQUODDY PLEASANT POINT
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	032	MALISEET (HOULTON BAND)
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	026	MICCOSUKEE
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	T02	NARRAGANSETT
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	029	PASSAMAQUODDY
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN AREA OFFICE	031	PENOBSCOT NATION
0S	EASTERN	30	EASTERN A.O.	020	MASHANTUCKET PEQUOT
0S	EASTERN	32	CHEROKEE	002	CATAWBA
0S	EASTERN	32	CHEROKEE	001	EASTERN CHEROKEE
0S	EASTERN	33	SEMINOLE	023	HOLLYWOOD
0S	EASTERN	33	SEMINOLE	T11	IMMOKALEE (OFF RES)
0S	EASTERN	33	SEMINOLE	024	TAMIAMI TRAIL GROUP (INGRAHAM BILL)
0S	EASTERN	33	SEMINOLE	T24	TAMPA
0S	EASTERN	33	SEMINOLE	021	BIG CYPRESS/BRIGHTON
0S	EASTERN	70	CHOCTAW	070	CHITIMACHA
0S	EASTERN	70	CHOCTAW	071	COUSHATTA (LOUI.)
0S	EASTERN	70	CHOCTAW	060	MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW
0S	EASTERN	70	CHOCTAW	336	TUNICA-BILOXI
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T04	FAIRBANKS (P.D.) & TOWNSITES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T07	INUPIAT COMMUNITY OF ARCTIC SLOPES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T26	TLINGIT & HAIDA (P.D.) & TOWNSITES
0E	JUNEAU	0C	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T75	JUNEAU AREA (P.D.) OTHER
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T02	BETHEL (P.D.) & TOWNSITES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T23	TANANA CHIEFS CONFERENCE (P.D.)
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T12	NOME (P.D.) & TOWNSITES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T20	SOUTHEAST (P.D.) & TOWNSITES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	E00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T01	ANCHORAGE (P.D.) & TOWNSITES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T30	ANCHORAGE/MAT-SU
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T31	ARCTIC SLOPE
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T32	BRISTOL BAY
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T33	CLARK/ILLIAMNA
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T34	COASTAL KENAI
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T35	COPPER RIVER
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T36	DELTA
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T37	FAIRBANKS
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T38	HAINES
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T39	JUNEAU
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T40	KANUTI
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T41	KATEEL
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T42	KOBUK/NOATAK
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T43	KODIAK/AFOGNAK
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T44	KOYUKUK
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T45	KUSKOKWIM
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T46	LOWER YUKON
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T47	MCGRATH
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T48	MINCHUMINA
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T49	NORTON SOUND
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T50	UPPER KENAI
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T51	UPPER YUKON
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T52	WEST COOK INLET
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T53	YAKUTAT
0E	JUNEAU	00	JUNEAU AREA OFFICE	T54	YUKON FLATS
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	00	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	F00	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	445	CHIPPEWA OF LAKE SUPERIOR
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	446	CHIPPEWA OF MISSISSIPPI
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	494	HURON BAND OF POTOWATOMI-FULTON
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	495	POTOWATOMI
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	403	PRAIRIE ISLAND SIOUX COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	411	PRIOR LAKE (SHAKOPEE) COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	402	LOWER SIOUX COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	440	MENOMINEE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	50	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	401	UPPER SIOUX COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	51	SAC & FOX FIELD OFFICE	493	SAULT STE MARIE BAND CHIPPEWA
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	51	MINNEAPOLIS AREA OFFICE	490	SAC AND FOX (IOWA)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	52	RED LAKE	409	RED LAKE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	418	DEER CREEK
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	400	WHITE EARTH LAND SETTLEMENT ACT
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	404	BOIS FORTE (NETT LAKE)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	405	FOND DU LAC
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	406	GRAND PORTAGE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	407	LEECH LAKE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	410	MILLE LACS
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	420	MINNESOTA (P.D.) OTHER
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	417	VERMILLION LAKE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	53	MINNESOTA	408	WHITE EARTH
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	T50	FOND DU LAC (P.D.) OTHER
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	430	BAD RIVER
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	431	LAC COURTE OREILLES (ON+OFF)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	432	LAC DU FLAMBEAU
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	437	MOLE LAKE (SOKAOGON) COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	433	ONEIDA (WISC.)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	434	POTAWATOMI (FOREST COUNTY)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	435	RED CLIFF
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	436	ST. CROIX & (P.D.)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	438	STOCKBRIDGE-MUNSEE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	460	WINNEBAGO (OFF RES) (WISN.)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	439	WINNEBAGO (WISC.)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	55	GREAT LAKES	441	WISCONSIN PUBLIC DOMAIN
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	T15	OTTAWA (MICH.)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	469	SAULT STE MARIE
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	470	BAY MILLS COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	471	HANNAHVILLE COMMUNITY
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	472	ISABELLA
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	475	L'ANSE (KEEWEENAW BAY)
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	477	MICHIGAN (P.D.) OTHER
0F	MINNEAPOLIS	60	MICHIGAN	476	ONTONAGON
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	OSAGE	930	OSAGE (AZ,AK,MO,NY,NM,OK & OTHER)
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	915	ARKANSAS RIVER BED (PCT)
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	911	CHEROKEE SHAWNEE
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	912	EASTERN CREEK
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	913	MISSISSIPPI CHOCTAW (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES	909	SEMINOLE (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	00	FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES	908	CREEK
0G	MUSKOGEE	30	MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE	G00	MUSKOGEE AREA OFFICE
0G	MUSKOGEE	03	FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES	906	CHICKASAW
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	924	WYANDOTTE (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	938	MUSKOGEE MISCELLANEOUS (MO.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	T10	MIAMI (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	927	MODOC (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	931	MUSKOGEE MISCELLANEOUS (AREA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	921	EASTERN SHAWNEE (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	922	OTTAWA (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	926	PEORIA (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	920	QUAPAW (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI	923	SENECA-CAYUGA (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	04	MIAMI		MUSKOGEE MISCELLANEOUS (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	06	FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES	905	CHEROKEE (OKLA.)
0G	MUSKOGEE	05	FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES	907	CHOCTAW (OKLA.)
0N	NAVAJO	00	EASTERN NAVAJO	723	ALAMO NAVAJO
0N	NAVAJO	00	EASTERN NAVAJO	724	CANONCITO-NAVAJO (OFF RES)
0N	NAVAJO	00	NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	707	NAVAJO-DIST. 018
0N	NAVAJO	00	NAVAJO AREA OFFICE	709	NAVAJO-DIST. 020

APPENDIX F

***** NOTE *****

THIS APPENDIX CONTAINS AREA AND BUREAU SUMMARY TABLES FROM THE ADDENDUM TO THE FY 1987 FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS (UPDATE OF THE NEEDS ANALYSIS - FY 1991-1995) COMPILED IN FEBRUARY 1989.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 9 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (1)
FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1991-1995

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.2	.1	.1	.4	7.8	3.2	11.0*	.2	.7	.1	1.0	16.8	8.5	25.3
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ANADARKO	.9	.2	.0	1.1	29.3	15.6	44.9*	.2	.2	.0	.4	9.0	23.0	32.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980. ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	1.9	.0	.6	2.5	66.8	19.0	85.8*	.9	1.5	.6	3.0	73.8	16.9	90.7
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	4.7	.6	.5	5.8	201.7	251.0	452.7*	8.6	14.4	3.2	26.2	644.9	698.0	1342.9
AREA - MUSKOGEE	2.5	.0	.0	2.5	62.5	100.0	162.5*	.9	.5	.0	1.4	38.5	74.0	112.5
AREA - PHOENIX	1.6	5.4	1.2	8.2	126.2	45.0	171.2*	.2	2.5	.2	2.9	45.3	15.0	60.3
AREA - SACRAMENTO	.5	.4	.5	1.4	22.6	93.1	115.7*	.4	.7	.1	1.2	29.6	2.1	31.7
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	4.6	2.0	.2	6.8	159.0	94.8	253.8*	3.7	7.2	1.1	12.0	231.8	103.9	335.7
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	31.0	31.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PORTLAND	10.6	10.5	2.0	23.1	690.2	353.6	1043.8*	7.2	8.9	1.4	17.5	435.9	1440.6	1876.5
AREA - EASTERN	.5	.0	.0	.5	30.0	119.5	149.5*	.0	4.0	.0	4.0	65.0	109.3	174.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	6.0	1.0	.0	7.0	272.6	79.4	352.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	34.0	20.2	5.1	59.3	1648.7	1205.2	2873.9*	22.3	40.6	6.7	69.6	1590.6	2491.3	4081.9

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 10 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (1)

FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1991-1995

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE ADMINISTRATION						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.3	1.6	.6	2.5	45.4	5.0	50.4*	.2	.6	.4	1.2	20.9	7.0	27.9
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ANADARKO	.2	.3	.0	.5	9.0	15.0	24.0*	.4	.2	.0	.6	14.8	10.0	24.8
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980. ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	1.2	1.5	.1	2.8	62.9	18.6	81.5*	1.0	3.2	1.2	5.4	125.3	24.7	150.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3.7	2.4	.3	6.4	210.1	90.4	300.5*	14.7	21.8	3.1	39.6	1027.6	258.1	1285.7
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.0	1.0	.0	1.0	20.0	45.0	65.0*	.4	.0	.0	.4	16.0	14.0	30.0
AREA - PHOENIX	.2	3.2	.7	4.1	68.9	8.0	76.9*	3.7	3.1	2.2	9.0	188.4	41.0	229.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1.4	2.5	.2	4.1	67.3	7.5	74.8*	1.6	.9	1.4	3.9	114.5	21.8	136.3
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1.2	1.5	2.8	5.5	72.4	70.0	142.4*	4.2	6.8	1.5	12.5	313.3	87.3	400.6
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	2.0	.0	.0	2.0	95.4	8.0	103.4
AREA - PORTLAND	5.6	2.0	2.3	9.9	419.0	357.5	776.5*	22.4	55.1	12.6	90.1	2391.5	1037.3	3428.8
AREA - EASTERN	.5	.0	.5	1.0	40.0	9.0	49.0*	.0	.0	1.0	1.0	35.0	5.0	40.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.0	.0	1.0	2.0	71.1	14.9	86.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	100.0	100.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	15.3	16.0	8.5	39.8	1086.1	640.9	1727.0*	50.6	91.7	23.4	165.7	4342.7	1614.2	5956.9

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 11 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (1)
FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1991-1995

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.1	.0	.0	.1	4.0	7.0	11.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ANADARKO	.1	.1	.0	.2	4.5	1.0	5.5*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980. ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	.1	1.2	.2	1.5	26.2	2.9	29.1*	.6	.0	.0	.6	18.0	20.0	38.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.3	1.5	.3	3.1	70.1	20.0	90.1*	2.0	.0	1.2	3.2	101.3	51.5	152.8
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.2	.0	.0	.2	8.0	2.0	10.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PHOENIX	.3	2.1	.2	2.6	42.5	6.0	48.5*	.0	.0	.5	.5	17.0	207.0	224.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	.2	1.6	.4	2.2	37.2	7.0	44.2*	1.8	.1	.4	2.3	51.2	20.0	71.2
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1.4	2.7	.1	4.2	93.0	13.9	106.9*	2.8	.3	.1	3.2	94.7	27.7	122.4
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PORTLAND	1.2	5.0	.2	6.4	165.3	5.0	170.3*	6.1	4.0	1.0	11.1	315.3	360.9	676.2
AREA - EASTERN	.5	2.5	.0	3.0	52.5	4.4	56.9*	.5	.5	.0	1.0	32.5	9.4	41.9
CENTRAL OFFICE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	5.6	16.7	1.4	23.3	503.3	69.2	572.5*	13.8	4.9	3.2	21.9	630.0	696.5	1326.5

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 11B - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (1)
FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1991-1995

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST ROAD MAINTENANCE							WOODLAND MANAGEMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.0	4.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***													
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.1	.0	.1	1.6	5.0	6.6*	.1	.9	.0	1.0	22.9	12.1	35.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1960. ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	.6	.3	.0	.9	21.8	40.5	62.3*	4.0	.0	.0	4.0	120.0	60.0	180.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.0	4.0	.1	5.1	150.2	454.9	605.1*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	15.0	15.0*	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PHOENIX	.2	.2	.0	.4	8.9	2.9	11.8*	6.0	.0	.0	6.0	218.0	382.0	600.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	.6	2.4	.1	3.1	58.9	10.3	69.2*	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	38.0	12.0	50.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	.0	3.2	.0	3.2	78.4	71.0	149.4*	4.6	2.3	.1	7.0	200.5	334.5	535.0
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	33.0	33.0*	5.0	10.0	5.0	20.0	339.3	625.7	965.0
AREA - PORTLAND	4.0	13.0	1.5	18.5	483.7	2583.4	3067.1*	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	40.0	10.0	50.0
AREA - EASTERN	.0	.0	.0	.0	25.0	190.0	215.0*	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	25.0	.0	25.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0*	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	42.6	17.4	60.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	6.4	23.2	1.7	31.3	828.5	3410.0	4238.5*	23.7	13.2	5.1	42.0	1046.3	1453.7	2500.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 12 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (1)
FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1991-1995

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	1.0	3.0	1.2	5.2	94.9	34.7	129.6
	*** NOTE: ADMINISTERED BY BILLINGS AREA OFFICE SINCE 1983 ***						
AREA - ANADARKO	2.0	2.0	.0	4.0	94.0	86.7	180.7
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1950. ***						
AREA - BILLINGS	12.0	7.7	3.0	22.7	563.6	238.1	801.7
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	40.4	52.9	9.6	102.9	2767.3	1965.6	4732.9
AREA - MUSKOGEE	4.5	2.8	.2	7.5	208.0	311.0	519.0
AREA - PHOENIX	15.5	18.7	5.0	39.2	874.6	776.8	1651.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	9.7	11.4	3.9	25.0	546.6	203.5	750.1
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	29.1	26.0	6.4	61.5	1442.7	951.9	2394.6
AREA - NAVAJO	7.0	10.0	5.0	22.0	511.7	722.7	1234.4
AREA - PORTLAND	65.1	106.0	23.5	194.6	5350.6	6566.4	11917.0
AREA - EASTERN	3.0	7.0	1.5	11.5	345.0 ~~[illegible]~~	786.6	1131.6
CENTRAL OFFICE	9.0	1.0	1.0	11.0	428.9	219.1	648.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	198.3	248.5	60.3	507.1	13227.9 ~~[illegible]~~	12863.1	26091.0

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

APPENDIX G

***** NOTE *****

THIS APPENDIX CONTAINS AREA AND BUREAU SUMMARY TABLES FROM THE PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS COMPILED IN MAY 1988.

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Forestry Program

FY 1987 Allocations/Obligations - Summary Table
(dollars in thousands)

	Allocation	Obligation
Banded	26,452.0	27,020.7 [1]
Forest Management Inventory and Planning (Unbanded)	1,200.0	1,182.4
Forest Pest Control ("X" Account)	237.0	483.6 [2]
Special Forest Development (Unbanded)	5,761.9	5,683.3
Subtotal	33,650.9	34,370.0
Fire Presuppression, Suppression, and Rehabilitation		
All Reservations (All Forest and Range Protection -- 60,878,200 Acres)	17,397.9	26,812.6 [3]
Forest Management Deductions	9,411.3	3,974.7
Other Tribal Forestry Funding	1,687.3	1,687.3
TOTAL	62,147.4	66,844.6

[1] The difference between allocation and obligation can primarily be attributed to obligation of $248.6 K in Albuquerque Area from other than Forestry appropriations, $119.0 K in the Juneau Area Office from ANILCA appropriations, and $200.0 K in the Portland Area Office from Rights Protection appropriations.

[2] Includes obligation of "X" Account carryover funds.

[3] Includes $6,535.6 K expended in support of cooperator fire operations.

Note: Financial Management (Central Office) reports the total FY 1987 final appropriation for the Forestry Program to be $34,303 K excluding fire presuppression, suppression, and rehabilitation. After reducing the total Forestry allocation of $33,650.9 K reported above by $237 K (USFS appropriation for forest pest control), the disparity between that reported by Financial

Management and that provided by the field for the Forestry Program Funding and Position Analysis is $889.1 K [$34,303 - ($33,650.9 - $237)], or about 2.6 percent. Almost all of this difference is in the banded portion of the budget. Since the numbers in this report came from individual forestry programs in the field, it would be difficult to reconcile the difference. While an inquiry into this disparity may be in order, it should not affect the analysis purposes for which this undertaking was intended. It is interesting to note that total obligations reported of $34,370 K are only $67 K greater than the final appropriation of $34,303 indicated by Financial Management even though some of those obligations were incurred from other than Forestry appropriations.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 1 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION BANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- BANDED										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS							
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	181.1	77.0	.0	.0	.0	0	14.1	1	78.8	1	7.7	177.6
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	1143.9	751.8	.0	1.9	45.3	24	98.3	6	2.9	1	243.9	1144.1
AREA - JUNEAU	787.4	506.7	.0	.0	.0	0	21.4	1	236.8	4	141.5	906.4
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	2337.5	1296.2	.0	35.2	23.1	0	.0	0	532.4	7	450.6	2337.5
AREA - MUSKOGEE	187.4	73.7	.0	.0	1.9	1	.0	0	96.6	1	15.2	187.4
AREA - PHOENIX	3337.8	1541.3	398.0	44.3	88.1	19	.0	0	456.8	3	823.3	3351.8
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1089.4	578.5	.0	.0	152.3	4	45.1	2	155.7	3	153.4	1085.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1510.2	1182.9	65.7	2.0	10.1	4	.0	0	.0	0	498.1	1758.8
AREA - NAVAJO	955.6	515.1	.0	.0	16.4	10	.0	0	264.9	1	175.3	971.7
AREA - PORTLAND	12414.6	7923.0	.0	.0	510.1	17	12.7	2	2234.1	17	1915.2	12595.1
AREA - EASTERN	1180.1	273.4	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	749.6	5	155.4	1178.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	1327.0	904.0	.0	.0	5.0	1	160.2	2	.0	0	257.7	1326.9
BUREAU - TOTAL	26452.0	15623.6	463.7	83.4	852.3	80	351.8	14	4808.6	43	4837.3	27020.7

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS' M-90 ACCOUNTS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: TOTAL OBLIGATIONS FOR THE JUNEAU AREA OFFICE INCLUDE $119.0 K OF ANILCA UNBANDED MONIES THAT DO NOT APPEAR IN THE TOTAL ALLOCATION.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 1A - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- F M I & P (UNBANDED) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS						OTHER	TOTAL
	FMI&P (UNBANDED)	FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	BIA FOR.	
AREA - ABERDEEN	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
*** NOTES: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	53.0	20.8	.0	.0	29.9	1	.0	0	.0	0	2.3	53.0
AREA - JUNEAU	284.0	73.9	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	108.3	1	101.8	284.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	83.2	1.5	.0	.0	10.4	3	.0	0	71.3	0	.0	83.2
AREA - MUSKOGEE	6.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	6.1	0	.0	6.1
AREA - PHOENIX	76.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	4.0	1	71.0	1	1.0	76.0
AREA - SACRAMENTO	117.5	16.2	.0	.0	.8	1	.0	0	89.5	3	1.0	107.5
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	158.8	158.8	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	158.8
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - PORTLAND	376.4	20.0	.0	.0	89.6	0	35.0	0	217.8	0	6.4	368.8
AREA - EASTERN	45.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	45.0	0	2.0	45.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	1200.0	291.2	.0	.0	130.7	5	39.0	1	607.0	5	114.5	1182.4

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS' M-90 ACCOUNTS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 2 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOREST PEST CONT.	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)-- FOREST PEST CONTROL (2) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - PHOENIX	97.6	.0	232.5	.0	.0	0	.0	0	17.6	0	.0	250.1
AREA - SACRAMENTO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	23.0	25.4	52.5	.0	.0	0	8.3	1	24.5	1	9.6	120.3
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - PORTLAND	56.4	10.7	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	45.7	1	.0	56.4
AREA - EASTERN	55.0	.0	.0	.0	48.5	1	.0	0	.0	0	2.5	51.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	5.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	5.8	5.8
BUREAU - TOTAL	237.0	36.1	285.0	.0	48.5	1	8.3	1	87.8	2	17.9	483.6

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS' M-90 ACCOUNTS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 3 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION FOR. DEV.-UNBANDED	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1)--SPEC. FOR. DEV. (UNBANDED) BIA PERSONAL SERVICES FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	CONTRACTS BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.	OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	112.9	20.8	.0	.0	.0	0	78.1	1	14.0	0	.0	112.9
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***												
AREA - BILLINGS	207.1	13.5	.0	.0	.0	0	167.9	15	17.4	1	2.0	200.8
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1000.0	141.5	.0	2.0	193.8	6	86.3	17	397.3	7	179.1	1000.0
AREA - MUSKOGEE	54.9	4.9	.0	6.2	3.3	2	3.1	2	7.2	0	20.1	44.8
AREA - PHOENIX	561.9	.0	139.6	.0	.0	0	.0	0	422.4	1	.0	562.0
*** NOTE: CO FORESTRY CONTRIBUTED AN ADDITIONAL $11.9 K FOR HUALAPAI WOODLAND BUS. MGMT. PLAN. ***												
AREA - SACRAMENTO	90.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	60.0	3	30.0	3	.0	90.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	900.0	377.8	15.2	.5	258.7	5	.0	0	137.0	3	67.1	856.3
AREA - NAVAJO	400.0	109.8	52.9	.0	.4	1	220.0	6	.0	0	4.3	387.4
AREA - PORTLAND	2200.0	150.3	11.9	.0	.6	0	412.0	5	1198.0	2	421.4	2194.4
AREA - EASTERN	145.1	42.3	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	90.3	1	12.1	144.7
CENTRAL OFFICE	90.0	90.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	90.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	5761.9	950.9	219.6	8.7	456.8	14	1027.4	49	2313.6	18	704.3	5683.3

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS' M-90 ACCOUNTS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 6 - PAGE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALLOCATION ALL APPROPRIATIONS	FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS (1) — ALL APPROPRIATIONS										
		BIA PERSONAL SERVICES			CONTRACTS						OTHER BIA FOR.	TOTAL
		FORESTRY	FORCE ACCT.	ALL OTHER	BIA	NO.	BUY-INDIAN	NO.	93-638	NO.		
AREA - ABERDEEN	294.0	97.8	.0	.0	.0	0	92.2	2	92.8	1	7.7	290.5
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***											
AREA - BILLINGS	1404.0	786.1	.0	1.9	75.2	25	266.2	21	20.3	2	248.2	1397.9
AREA - JUNEAU	1071.4	580.6	.0	.0	.0	0	21.4	1	345.1	5	243.3	1190.4
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3420.7	1439.2	.0	37.2	227.3	9	86.3	17	1001.0	14	629.7	3420.7
AREA - MUSKOGEE	248.4	78.6	.0	6.2	5.2	3	3.1	2	109.9	1	35.3	238.3
AREA - PHOENIX	4073.3	1541.3	770.1	44.3	88.1	19	4.0	1	967.8	5	824.3	4239.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1296.9	594.7	.0	.0	153.1	5	105.1	5	275.2	9	154.4	1282.5
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	2592.0	1744.9	133.4	2.5	268.8	9	8.3	1	161.5	4	574.8	2894.2
AREA - NAVAJO	1355.6	624.9	52.9	.0	16.8	11	220.0	6	264.9	1	179.6	1359.1
AREA - PORTLAND	15047.4	8104.0	11.9	.0	600.3	17	459.7	7	3695.6	20	2343.2	15216.7
AREA - EASTERN	1425.2	315.7	.0	.0	48.5	1	.0	0	882.9	6	172.0	1419.1
CENTRAL OFFICE	1422.0	994.0	.0	.0	5.0	1	160.2	2	.0	0	263.5	1422.7
BUREAU - TOTAL	33650.9	16901.8	968.3	92.1	1488.3	100	1426.5	65	7817.0	68	5676.0	34370.0

** NOTE: INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS ARE LESS THAN ALLOCATIONS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO PERSONAL SERVICES LAPSES DUE TO HEAVY WILDFIRE ACTIVITY, POSITION VACANCIES, OR SIMPLY NOT OBLIGATING THE FULL AMOUNT ALLOCATED. INSTANCES WHERE TOTAL OBLIGATIONS EXCEEDED ALLOCATIONS ARE JUSTIFIED IN FOOTNOTES ON THE ORIGINAL CODING FORMS AND INDICATE DEFICITS WERE FUNDED FROM OTHER FORESTRY ALLOCATIONS, BUREAU PROGRAMS AND/OR FROM SUPERINTENDENTS' M-90 ACCOUNTS.

: IN SOME CASES, CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS ARE INDICATED BUT THE NUMBER OF CONTRACTS CITED IS "0". THIS OCCURRS BECAUSE A SINGLE CONTRACT MAY COVER SEVERAL ACTIVITIES AND BE FUNDED FROM MORE THAN ONE APPROPRIATION SOURCE.

: TOTAL OBLIGATIONS FOR THE JUNEAU AREA OFFICE INCLUDE $119.0 K OF ANILCA UNBANDED MONIES THAT DO NOT APPEAR IN THE TOTAL ALLOCATION.

: FOREST PEST CONTROL IS COMPRISED OF NO YEAR ("X" ACCOUNT) APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED TO THE BUREAU BY THE U.S. FOREST SERVICE. AS SUCH, OBLIGATIONS CAN EXCEED ALLOCATIONS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR BECAUSE OF THE CARRYOVER NATURE OF THESE FUNDS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 5 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

		FORESTRY PROGRAM OBLIGATIONS--PRESUPP., SUPP., REHAB								
		FIRE PRESUPPRESSION (8860)					FIRE SUPP. (8861)		EMERGENCY/ REHAB. (8862)	
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FIRE PRESUPP. (8860) NFYP ALLOCATION	T. 8860/ OBLIG.	PERS./ SERV.	CONTRACTS/ MOU'S	TRAVEL	OTHER(3	BIA	OTHER		TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	779.6	468.2	304.1	70.2	32.3	61.6	561.9	56.6	.0	1086.7
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***									
AREA - BILLINGS	1358.2	1208.8	522.1	212.4	55.2	419.1	265.8	2256.0	80.5	3811.1
AREA - JUNEAU	651.0	529.8	116.0	22.9	26.7	364.2	.5	16.5	.0	546.8
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	553.4	364.5	45.3	240.0	5.0	74.2	92.0	84.1	.5	541.1
AREA - MUSKOGEE	57.5	49.7	41.7	2.0	2.5	3.5	4.6	.0	.0	54.3
AREA - PHOENIX	5450.0	3305.6	1704.8	448.8	61.3	1090.7	2391.5	1235.9	3.6	6936.6
AREA - SACRAMENTO	617.3	415.9	108.5	205.6	7.8	94.0	196.1	132.2	.0	744.2
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1626.6	1478.4	863.3	382.0	44.2	188.9	354.9	1113.2	2.6	2949.1
AREA - NAVAJO	911.1	492.0	321.1	71.5	12.7	86.7	165.6	7.0	.0	664.6
AREA - PORTLAND	4469.0	3670.8	1296.8	1520.4	77.3	776.3	3204.2	1616.4	253.7	8745.1
AREA - EASTERN	473.2	296.9	119.6	141.0	3.6	32.7	8.4	.0	.4	305.7
CENTRAL OFFICE	451.0	409.6	2.0	278.9	33.9	94.8	.0	17.7	.0	427.3
BUREAU - TOTAL	17397.9	12690.2	5445.3	3595.7	362.5	3286.7	7245.5	6535.6	341.3	26812.6

** NOTE: OBLIGATIONS FOR ANY GIVEN ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCED AS ACTUAL FIRE OBLIGATIONS OF THE BIA ARE FINALIZED.

: PHOENIX AREA OFFICE LINE ITEM INCLUDES ALL OTHER (UNLISTED) AGENCIES IN THE AREA

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS -- SUMMARY -- TABLE 6 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/DED. CARRYOVER/ / FROM / /PREVIOUS YEAR /	TOTAL FOR. MGT. DED. (1987) /	/TOT. FOR.MGT./ / DED. AVAIL. / IN 1987 /	FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS OBLIGATIONS (4) TRIBAL PER./ SERVICES	/BIA PER./ /SERVICES/	TRIBAL FIELD/ PROJECTS /	OTHER TRIB./ FORESTRY /	TOTAL /
AREA - ABERDEEN	.3	1.1	1.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***							
AREA - BILLINGS	18.9	27.5	46.4	23.1	.0	6.3	.0	29.4
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	71.8	79.2	151.0	14.5	.0	9.8	12.2	36.5
AREA - MUSKOGEE	2.7	.6	3.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PHOENIX	482.5	672.2	1154.7	.0	.0	337.4	156.4	493.8
AREA - SACRAMENTO	161.1	199.8	360.9	4.9	.0	203.0	.0	207.9
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1.2	23.6	24.8	5.2	.0	.0	15.3	20.5
AREA - NAVAJO	317.1	239.1	556.2	168.7	.0	39.1	13.0	220.8
AREA - PORTLAND	2842.6	4220.8	7063.4	917.9	82.5	1334.9	617.3	2952.6
AREA - EASTERN	31.0	18.2	49.2	.0	.0	13.2	.0	13.2
CENTRAL OFFICE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	3929.2	5482.1	9411.3	1134.3	82.5	1943.7	814.2	3974.7

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 7 - PAGE 1
DISTRIBUTION OF FORESTRY PROGRAM APPROPRIATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS
AND FOREST MANAGEMENT DEDUCTIONS (ADMIN. FEES)
FISCAL YEAR 1987
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL OTHER TRIBAL FOR.FUNDING	OTHER TRIBAL FORESTRY FUNDING OBLIGATIONS (5)				
		TRIBAL PER. SERVICES	BIA PER. SERVICES	TRIBAL FIELD PROJECTS	OTHER TRIB. FORESTRY	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - ANADARKO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***						
AREA - BILLINGS	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	43.3	9.4	.0	31.1	2.8	43.3
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PHOENIX	23.4	14.6	.0	1.0	7.8	23.4
AREA - SACRAMENTO	307.3	83.5	85.8	138.0	.0	307.3
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	343.3	17.0	.0	321.0	5.3	343.3
AREA - NAVAJO	674.6	411.0	.0	210.1	53.5	674.6
AREA - PORTLAND	295.4	33.0	.0	96.0	166.4	295.4
AREA - EASTERN	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
CENTRAL OFFICE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	1687.3	568.5	85.8	797.2	235.8	1687.3

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 8 - PAGE 1

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) FTP	TMP FUR	OTH	SEA	TOT	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(a) FORESTERS O	FORESTERS V	TECH. O	TECH. V	SUPPORT O	SUPPORT V	OTHER O	OTHER V	SEASONAL O	SEASONAL V	TOTAL O	TOTAL V	B/
AREA - ABERDEEN	1977	2.5	.0	.0	.0	2.5	1.0	.0	1.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.5	.0	BIA
	1978	2.5	.0	.0	.0	2.5	1.0	.0	1.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.5	.0	BIA
	1984	3.0	1.0	.0	5.3	9.3	2.0	.0	2.0	.0	.5	.0	.0	.0	4.8	.0	9.3	.0	BIA
	1987	3.3	1.0	1.0	16.7	22.0	2.0	.0	2.0	.0	.3	.0	1.0	.0	16.7	.0	22.0	.0	BIA
	1977						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	TRI
	1978						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	TRI
	1984						1.0	.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.0	.0	5.0	.0	TRI
	1987						1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.0	.0	5.0	.0	TRI
AREA - ANADARKO	1977	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	BIA
	1978	1.0	.0	.0	.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1.0	.0	BIA
	1984	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	BIA
	1987	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	BIA
	1977						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	TRI
	1978						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	TRI
	1984						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	TRI
	1987						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	TRI

*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	FTP	TMP FUR	OTH	SEA	TOT	FORESTERS O	FORESTERS V	TECH. O	TECH. V	SUPPORT O	SUPPORT V	OTHER O	OTHER V	SEASONAL O	SEASONAL V	TOTAL O	TOTAL V	B/
AREA - BILLINGS	1977	23.7	4.0	.0	21.0	48.7	13.0	1.0	9.0	.0	4.7	.0	.0	.0	21.0	.0	47.7	1.0	BIA
	1978	29.7	9.0	.0	31.0	69.7	17.0	4.0	9.0	1.0	7.7	.0	.0	.0	31.0	.0	64.7	5.0	BIA
	1984	35.7	6.0	.0	41.0	82.7	20.0	2.0	13.0	2.0	3.7	1.0	.0	.0	33.0	8.0	69.7	13.0	BIA
	1987	31.2	8.5	1.1	73.0	113.8	18.2	1.8	10.5	4.5	4.8	.0	1.0	.0	59.0	14.0	93.5	20.3	BIA
	1977						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.0	.0	32.0	.0	TRI
	1978						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	32.0	.0	32.0	.0	TRI
	1984						.0	.0	1.5	.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1.5	.5	TRI
	1987						.0	.0	2.5	.0	.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.0	.0	TRI
AREA - JUNEAU	1977	4.0	1.0	.0	.0	5.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	5.0	.0	BIA
	1973	7.0	1.0	.0	.0	8.0	3.0	.0	2.0	.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	8.0	.0	BIA
	1984	15.3	.7	.0	.5	16.5	10.5	.0	1.5	1.2	3.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	15.3	1.2	BIA
	1987	15.0	.0	.0	.0	15.0	12.0	.0	.0	.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	15.0	.0	BIA
	1977						3.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.0	.0	TRI
	1978						4.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.0	.0	TRI
	1984						3.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1.0	.0	.0	3.0	1.0	TRI
	1987						3.0	.0	.0	.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.0	.0	TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 8 - PAGE 2

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.)					TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6)												R/V
		FTP	TMP FUR	OTH	SEA	TOT	FORESTERS O	FORESTERS V	TECH. O	TECH. V	SUPPORT O	SUPPORT V	OTHER O	OTHER V	SEASONAL O	SEASONAL V	TOTAL O	TOTAL V	
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1977	42.0	1.0	.3	.0	43.0	22.6	4.4	6.5	1.5	7.0	1.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	36.1	5.9	/BIA
	1978	48.0	8.0	.0	.0	56.0	25.8	7.2	7.4	.6	7.0	1.0	7.0	.0	.0	.0	47.2	8.8	/BIA
	1984	35.2	6.4	.4	.0	42.0	22.7	3.3	6.5	.5	5.3	.3	3.6	.3	.0	.0	37.9	6.1	/BIA
	1987	47.1	2.2	.4	14.2	63.9	24.8	3.0	13.2	.9	5.7	1.5	.6	.3	.4	14.0	44.5	19.6	/BIA
	1977						4.0	.0	3.0	.3	1.0	.0	4.0	.3	.0	.0	12.0	.0	/TRI
	1978						4.0	.0	3.0	.3	1.0	.0	4.0	.3	.0	.0	12.0	.0	/TRI
	1984						7.0	.0	8.5	.3	1.0	.0	6.0	.3	.8	.0	23.3	.0	/TRI
	1987						11.1	.0	14.6	2.3	2.1	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	27.8	2.0	/TRI
AREA - MUSKOGEE	1977	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	/BIA
	1978	1.0	2.0	.3	.0	3.0	1.0	.0	2.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	3.0	.0	/BIA
	1984	2.0	3.0	.3	.0	5.0	2.0	.0	3.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	5.0	.0	/BIA
	1987	3.0	2.0	.3	3.0	8.0	1.0	.0	3.0	.3	1.0	.0	.0	.3	3.0	.0	8.0	.0	/BIA
	1977						.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	/TRI
	1978						.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	/TRI
	1984						.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	/TRI
	1987						1.0	.0	1.0	.3	1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.0	.3	/TRI
AREA - PHOENIX	1977	42.0	13.0	.0	203.0	258.0	16.1	3.9	25.0	6.3	4.0	.0	.0	.3	203.0	.0	248.1	9.0	/BIA
	1978	56.0	27.0	.0	396.4	479.4	26.0	7.0	25.0	26.3	7.0	.0	.0	.3	175.6	213.0	233.6	246.6	/BIA
	1984	56.6	22.0	.4	415.6	494.6	26.2	6.8	30.1	6.7	8.6	.0	.4	.3	148.6	267.0	213.9	280.7	/BIA
	1987	60.0	27.0	.0	282.0	369.0	27.0	5.0	33.0	2.3	14.0	1.0	5.0	.3	230.0	52.0	309.0	60.0	/BIA
	1977						.0	.0	3.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	120.0	.0	123.0	.0	/TRI
	1978						1.0	.0	6.0	.3	.0	.0	1.0	.3	123.0	.0	131.0	.0	/TRI
	1984						1.7	.0	13.6	.3	2.0	.0	.4	.3	126.0	.0	143.7	.0	/TRI
	1987						4.0	.0	22.0	.3	9.0	.0	1.9	.3	8.4	.0	45.3	.0	/TRI
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1977	23.0	.0	.3	10.0	33.0	9.0	3.0	6.0	.3	3.0	1.0	1.0	.3	10.0	.0	29.0	4.0	/BIA
	1978	22.0	.0	.3	12.0	34.0	8.0	4.0	6.0	.3	3.0	.0	1.0	.3	12.0	.0	30.0	4.0	/BIA
	1984	23.0	2.0	.0	14.0	39.0	11.5	1.5	4.0	2.0	5.0	.0	1.0	.0	14.0	.0	35.5	3.5	/BIA
	1987	23.5	1.0	9.5	10.0	44.0	9.0	6.0	7.0	.3	3.6	1.0	1.0	.3	16.4	.0	37.0	7.3	/BIA
	1977						.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	/TRI
	1978						1.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	.0	.3	.0	.0	1.0	.0	/TRI
	1984						1.0	.0	.5	.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1.5	.0	/TRI
	1987						2.0	.0	8.0	.3	.4	.0	.0	.3	7.0	.0	17.4	.0	/TRI

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 8 - PAGE 3
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) FTP	TMP FUR	OTH	SEA	TOT	TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6) FORESTERS O	FORESTERS V	TECH. O	TECH. V	SUPPORT O	SUPPORT V	OTHER O	OTHER V	SEASONAL O	SEASONAL V	TOTAL O	TOTAL V	B/ BU
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1977	31.0	8.3	.0	43.9	83.2	12.4	1.2	19.0	.0	5.5	.4	.8	.0	39.9	4.0	77.6	5.6	/BIA
	1978	37.2	28.5	1.0	41.3	108.0	13.4	6.1	30.2	1.6	8.4	.1	7.7	1.6	37.1	4.2	96.8	11.2	/BIA
	1984	44.0	26.0	2.0	30.8	102.8	26.1	3.2	30.4	2.5	7.4	.6	.8	1.0	26.2	4.6	90.9	11.9	/BIA
	1987	51.8	40.5	.4	52.1	144.8	40.5	3.5	32.0	5.5	8.8	2.2	.4	.0	50.8	1.0	132.5	12.3	/BIA
	1977						.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1.2	.0	3.2	.0	/TRI
	1978						.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.8	.0	2.8	.0	/TRI
	1984						.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	6.5	.0	8.5	.0	/TRI
	1987						.0	.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	30.0	.0	31.0	.0	/TRI
*** NOTE: 1987 INCLUDES 21.0 TMP FUR POSITIONS IN AAO TO PERFORM INVENTORIES AT FIELD INSTALLATIONS ***																			
AREA - NAVAJO	1977	27.0	.0	20.0	35.0	82.0	9.0	.0	15.0	.0	3.0	.0	20.0	.0	11.0	24.0	58.0	24.0	/BIA
	1978	27.0	.0	15.0	35.0	77.0	9.0	.0	15.0	.0	3.0	.0	15.0	.0	16.0	19.0	58.0	19.0	/BIA
	1984	20.0	12.0	.0	60.0	92.0	7.0	.0	9.0	1.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	63.0	9.0	82.0	10.0	/BIA
	1987	22.0	.0	.0	81.0	103.0	6.0	1.0	12.0	.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	81.0	.0	102.0	1.0	/BIA
	1977						2.0	.0	5.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	9.0	.0	/TRI
	1978						2.0	.0	9.0	.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	16.0	.0	30.0	.0	/TRI
	1984						7.0	1.0	10.0	.0	4.0	.0	10.0	.0	10.0	.0	41.0	1.0	/TRI
	1987						8.0	.0	13.0	.0	5.0	.0	.0	.0	47.0	.0	73.0	.0	/TRI
AREA - PORTLAND	1977	200.0	23.0	1.0	35.0	259.0	95.7	15.8	63.5	14.5	28.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	35.0	.0	224.2	34.0	/BIA
	1978	284.5	32.7	2.0	46.0	365.2	128.0	33.5	96.0	18.0	33.2	7.5	2.0	3.0	46.0	.0	305.2	62.0	/BIA
	1984	329.0	58.0	4.0	94.3	485.3	140.8	41.2	127.3	33.7	38.9	5.1	6.0	.0	94.3	.0	407.3	78.0	/BIA
	1987	316.5	63.0	.0	129.0	508.5	134.9	36.0	116.8	39.2	38.5	7.5	8.0	.0	127.5	1.5	425.7	82.8	/BIA
	1977						12.0	1.0	72.3	8.0	14.0	.5	4.0	.0	200.0	.0	302.3	9.5	/TRI
	1978						17.5	.5	76.8	2.0	18.0	1.0	4.0	.0	204.0	.5	320.3	4.0	/TRI
	1984						22.0	9.0	83.5	18.0	18.5	3.0	5.5	.0	182.4	3.0	311.9	33.0	/TRI
	1987						24.0	9.0	77.7	16.5	24.5	3.0	8.0	.0	266.7	20.3	400.9	48.8	/TRI
AREA - EASTERN	1977	16.0	11.0	.0	15.0	42.0	3.3	1.7	19.0	.0	3.0	.0	8.0	.0	7.0	.0	40.3	1.7	/BIA
	1978	13.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	43.0	4.0	1.0	19.0	.0	3.0	.0	4.0	4.0	8.0	.0	38.0	5.0	/BIA
	1984	8.0	12.0	1.0	6.0	27.0	5.0	1.0	8.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	.0	.0	6.0	.0	22.0	5.0	/BIA
	1987	9.0	4.0	1.0	9.0	23.0	3.0	1.0	6.0	1.0	3.0	.0	.0	.0	8.0	1.0	20.0	3.0	/BIA
	1977						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	/TRI
	1978						.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	/TRI
	1984						2.0	.0	3.0	.0	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	1.0	.0	7.0	1.0	/TRI
	1987						4.1	2.0	7.7	.0	2.4	.0	.0	.0	6.0	.0	20.2	2.0	/TRI

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                                    BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS                    ** SUMMARY ** TABLE  B - PAGE   4
                                 FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION ANALYSIS
                                FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987

                           / TYPES OF POSITIONS (NO.) /                    TYPES OF STAFF AND STATUS (NO.)(6)                    /
ORGANIZATIONAL        /    /          TMP              -  /FORESTERS /  TECH.  / SUPPORT /  OTHER  /SEASONAL /   TOTAL      B/
     UNIT             / FY /   FTP   FUR   OTH   SEA   TOT/   O /  V /  O /  V /  O /  V /  O /  V /  O /  V /   O /    V /V/

CENTRAL OFFICE          1977   3.0    .0    .0    .0   3.0   2.0   .0   .0   .3  1.0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0   3.0    .0  /BIA
                        1978  13.0   1.0    .0   1.0  15.0   4.0  5.0   .0   .3  6.0  1.0   .0   .3  1.0   .0   9.0   6.0  /BIA
                        1984  28.0   2.0    .3    .0  30.0  13.0  1.0  9.0   .3  7.0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0  30.0    .0  /BIA
                        1987  26.0   1.5    .0    .0  27.5  14.7   .6  2.7   .3  7.9  1.3   .0   .3   .0   .0  25.3   2.2  /BIA

                        1977                                  .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0    .0    .0  /TRI
                        1978                                  .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0   .0   .0   .0   .0    .0    .0  /TRI
                        1984                                  .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0    .0    .0  /TRI
                        1987                                  .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0   .0   .3   .0   .0    .0    .0  /TRI


BUREAU - TOTAL          1977 414.2 61.3 21.0362.9 859.4 187.1 31.0164.5 22.3 61.2  3.9 31.8  3.3326.9 28.0 771.5  87.9  /BIA
                        1978 546.9118.2 24.0570.91262.0 241.2 65.8211.1 47.3 79.3  9.6 36.7  8.6326.7236.2 895.0 367.0  /BIA
                        1984 601.8149.1  7.8667.51626.2 286.8 60.0243.8 52.9 85.7  6.0 11.6  1.3389.9288.61016.8 407.4  /BIA
                        1987 608.4150.7 13.4670.01442.5 295.1 56.5234.2 53.2 93.6 14.5 16.8   .0592.8 83.81234.5 208.0  /BIA

                        1977                                21.0  1.0 87.3  8.3 17.0   .5  8.0   .3353.2   .0 486.5   9.5  /TRI
                        1978                                29.5   .5 96.8  2.3 22.0  1.0  9.0   .3375.8   .5 533.1   6.0  /TRI
                        1984                                45.5 10.0123.6 16.5 26.5  3.0 21.9  2.3329.7  3.0 567.2  36.5  /TRI
                        1987                                58.2 11.0147.5 18.5 45.9  3.0  9.9   .3369.1 20.3 630.6  52.8  /TRI
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BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 9 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)
FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1988-1992

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST INVENTORY AND PLANS							FOREST DEVELOPMENT						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.2	.1	.1	.4	7.8	3.2	11.0	.2	.7	.1	1.0	16.8	8.5	25.3
AREA - ANADARKO	1.0	.5	.0	1.5	37.9	50.0	87.9	.2	.1	.0	.3	7.6	10.0	17.6
*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***														
AREA - BILLINGS	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	30.0	5.0	35.0	.5	1.5	.5	2.5	64.5	9.5	74.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	3.7	.8	1.2	5.7	121.9	90.3	212.2	.9	4.8	.1	5.8	156.5	74.4	230.9
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.6	.0	.0	.6	24.3	10.5	34.8	.5	.0	.0	.5	21.2	33.0	54.2
AREA - PHOENIX	2.4	1.0	.7	4.1	92.1	50.3	142.4	.4	2.0	2.2	4.6	75.8	10.5	86.3
AREA - SACRAMENTO	.3	.0	.0	.3	8.8	.1	8.9	.3	.4	.0	.7	21.2	1.6	22.8
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	7.9	2.8	.2	10.9	263.4	143.2	406.6	3.7	8.0	1.1	12.8	235.3	102.0	337.3
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PORTLAND	11.5	14.2	2.0	27.7	675.0	159.4	834.4	6.2	10.0	1.0	17.2	374.0	533.6	907.6
AREA - EASTERN	.2	.3	.3	.8	10.0	37.5	47.5	.3	4.5	.2	5.0	67.0	124.3	191.3
CENTRAL OFFICE	6.0	1.0	.0	7.0	265.0	69.1	334.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	34.8	20.7	4.5	60.0	1536.2	618.6	2154.8	13.2	32.0	5.2	50.4	1039.9	907.4	1947.3

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 10 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1988-1992

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PROTECTION							TIMBER SALE ADMINISTRATION						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.3	1.6	.6	2.5	45.4	5.0	50.4	.2	.6	.4	1.2	20.9	7.0	27.9
AREA - ANADARKO	.2	.0	.0	.2	5.0	.0	5.0	.4	.2	.0	.6	15.1	10.0	25.1
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	1.0	1.5	.0	2.5	54.6	41.5	96.1	1.0	4.0	2.0	7.0	108.5	34.5	143.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	.7	1.2	.0	1.9	46.8	4.5	51.3	15.0	12.2	.5	27.7	621.3	218.1	839.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.1	.0	.0	.1	6.1	6.5	12.6	.3	.0	.0	.3	12.0	6.0	18.0
AREA - PHOENIX	.2	1.0	1.7	2.9	68.4	8.5	76.9	3.4	21.0	3.7	28.1	529.2	104.7	633.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	2.0	2.4	.1	4.5	76.9	102.0	178.9	.4	.3	.2	.9	22.7	1.8	24.5
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	.9	3.8	1.8	6.5	118.9	68.2	187.1	5.9	7.1	1.2	14.2	327.1	117.5	444.6
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.0	.0	.0	2.0	67.8	8.0	75.8
AREA - PORTLAND	5.5	2.0	1.0	8.5	249.6	108.1	357.7	24.0	67.7	21.0	112.7	2287.9	1833.2	4121.1
AREA - EASTERN	.0	.1	.1	.2	2.4	11.0	13.4	.5	.1	1.1	1.7	36.9	7.0	43.9
CENTRAL OFFICE	1.0	.0	1.0	2.0	62.1	13.9	76.0	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	44.2	26.0	70.2
BUREAU - TOTAL	11.9	13.6	6.3	31.8	736.2	369.2	1105.4	54.1	113.2	30.1	197.4	4093.6	2373.8	6467.4

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 11 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1988-1992

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FOREST PRODUCTS PERMITS							TRIBAL ENTERPRISES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)			NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	.1	.0	.0	.1	4.0	7.0	11.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - ANADARKO	.2	.2	.0	.4	10.1	.0	10.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***													
AREA - BILLINGS	.0	1.0	.0	1.0	18.5	3.0	21.5	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	26.0	20.0	46.0
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1.3	3.2	.0	4.5	86.7	11.3	98.0	1.0	.0	.0	1.0	41.4	10.0	51.4
AREA - MUSKOGEE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.0	2.0
AREA - PHOENIX	1.4	5.0	.2	6.6	138.7	59.5	198.2	2.2	1.0	.0	3.2	80.2	14.0	94.2
AREA - SACRAMENTO	.0	1.4	.2	1.6	38.2	7.0	45.2	.2	.0	.0	.2	.0	10.0	10.0
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1.6	3.8	.3	5.7	116.2	22.6	138.8	2.8	.3	.1	3.2	83.2	21.5	104.7
AREA - NAVAJO	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - PORTLAND	1.4	5.0	.0	6.4	164.6	6.2	170.8	3.0	5.0	1.0	9.0	212.4	125.0	337.4
AREA - EASTERN	1.0	2.0	.0	3.0	52.0	4.4	56.4	1.5	1.0	1.0	3.5	72.5	24.4	96.9
CENTRAL OFFICE	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
BUREAU - TOTAL	7.0	21.6	.7	29.3	629.0	121.0	750.0	11.7	7.3	2.1	21.1	515.7	226.9	742.6

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 12 - PAGE 1

FORESTRY PROGRAM POSITION AND ANNUAL FUNDING NEEDS ANALYSIS BY ACTIVITY (7)

FOR THE PERIOD FISCAL YEARS 1988-1992

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES						
	NEW FTE NEEDS (NO.)				FUNDING NEEDS ($M)		
	PROF	TECH	SUPP	TOT	PER.SER	SUPPORT	TOTAL
AREA - ABERDEEN	1.0	3.0	1.2	5.2	94.9	30.7	125.6
AREA - ANADARKO	2.0	1.0	.0	3.0	75.7	70.0	145.7
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***						
AREA - BILLINGS	4.5	8.0	2.5	15.0	302.1	113.5	415.6
AREA - JUNEAU	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	22.6	22.2	1.8	46.6	1074.6	408.6	1483.2
AREA - MUSKOGEE	1.5	.0	.0	1.5	63.6	58.0	121.6
AREA - PHOENIX	10.0	31.0	8.5	49.5	984.4	247.5	1231.9
AREA - SACRAMENTO	3.2	4.5	.5	8.2	167.8	122.5	290.3
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	22.8	25.8	4.7	53.3	1144.1	475.0	1619.1
AREA - NAVAJO	2.0	.0	.0	2.0	67.8	8.0	75.8
AREA - PORTLAND	51.6	103.9	26.0	181.5	3963.5	2765.5	6729.0
AREA - EASTERN	3.5	8.0	2.7	14.2	240.8	208.6	449.4
CENTRAL OFFICE	8.0	1.0	1.0	10.0	371.3	109.0	480.3
BUREAU - TOTAL	132.7	208.4	48.9	390.0	8550.6	4616.9	13167.5

** NOTE: POSITION AND FUNDING NEEDS FOR LOCATIONS HAVING P.L. 93-638 CONTRACTS WITH TRIBES ARE IDENTIFIED AS BEING NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE CONTRACTS.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 13 - PAGE 1
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987
STATISTICAL DATA (B)

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	AVE. øM/AC/HARV.	TIM. SALE CONT SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.
AREA - ABERDEEN	1977	274.3	55.4			1.4				.62	19.90		4	52
	1978	274.3	55.4			1.4				.60	19.90		4	52
	1984	319.2	81.5			1.9				.98	22.60		4	1052
	1987	348.8	48.6	.0	124.9	2.70	1.70	.40	.40	1.21	69.50		4	690
AREA - ANÁDARKO	1977	.0	.0			.0				.00	.00		0	0
	1978	.0	.0			.0				.00	.00		0	0
	1984	.0	.0			.0				.00	.00		0	0
	1987	.0	.0	.0	.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		0	0
*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***														
AREA - BILLINGS	1977	678.4	291.5			19.7				6.66	137.50		7	570
	1978	678.8	291.2			19.7				10.52	249.30		7	560
	1984	687.3	346.4			23.9				15.16	204.60		27	828
	1987	719.9	225.1	49.2	95.0	23.30	18.30	22.59	13.85	7.63	144.10		7	622
AREA - JUNEAU	1977	71.9	22.5			.0				12.08	588.40		1	0
	1978	134.8	41.4			.0				.45	35.20		1	0
	1984	542.0	470.1			.0				.05	.30		3	3
	1987	337.9	214.2	.0	.0	15.30	3.80	.00	.00	.00	.00		0	0
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	1977	1002.5	892.8			169.0				58.61	1252.10		60	199
	1978	1002.8	893.6			168.3				58.11	1188.10		49	199
	1984	1008.1	889.1			222.5				81.30	1910.90		59	234
	1987	1009.0	892.1	12.2	.0	204.43	122.70	117.21	94.27	90.55	2264.40		120	132
AREA - MUSKOGEE	1977	7.6	3.2			.5				.00	.00		0	0
	1978	40.7	34.7			2.3				.49	5.80		0	0
	1984	42.6	35.9			1.6				1.78	12.30		0	5
	1987	52.3	39.0	.0	6.8	2.10	1.92	.00	.08	1.35	9.30		2	11
AREA - PHOENIX	1977	2500.9	953.0			101.6				93.21	5360.60		15	517
	1978	2500.9	918.6			102.4				87.73	6223.50		15	495
	1984	2500.9	918.6			102.3				114.97	5091.40		10	1231
	1987	2876.0	797.8	11.8	2710.5	104.43	104.83	216.71	208.43	95.71	6541.90		13	2068

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 13 - PAGE 2
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

							TOTAL FISCAL YEAR							
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	TOTAL FOREST M AC.	COMM. TIM.LD M AC.	COMM WITH-DRAW M AC.	WOOD-LAND M AC.	AAC MMBM	MARKET AAC MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME OFFERED MMBM	TIMBER VOLUME SOLD MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VOL. MMBM	TIMBER HARVEST VALUE M $	AVE. BM/AC/HARV.	TIM. SALE CONT/SUP.	FOR. PROD. PERM. ISS.
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1977	140.2	108.4			41.7				38.80	3556.20		11	93
	1978	141.2	109.0			41.7				47.35	5055.90		12	69
	1984	148.0	111.3			43.6				20.83	1570.10		6	205
	1987	156.9	110.7	26.0	114.5	18.00	17.70	53.10	51.59	31.64	3449.40		12	501
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1977	2134.5	553.0			24.0				20.22	730.30		2	697
	1978	2133.9	553.0			24.0				21.80	835.30		2	741
	1984	1959.2	519.8			28.0				7.61	259.20		1	683
	1987	1745.4	415.9	66.2	1136.2	37.07	42.07	41.88	41.63	2.66	126.50		7	1124
AREA - NAVAJO	1977	4040.4	439.4			43.5				53.34	3649.60		1	4086
	1978	4040.4	439.4			43.5				44.87	4548.10		3	9125
	1934	4108.9	498.9			40.0				36.96	2694.70		2	7858
	1987	4884.2	508.0	.0	4036.0	40.00	40.00	35.60	35.60	30.58	2100.90		4	9634
AREA - PORTLAND	1977	2542.2	2350.5			679.3				643.97	73847.18		129	1862
	1978	2544.7	2353.1			669.1				650.81	86492.81		126	1657
	1956	2679.0	2367.6			597.8				387.68	46895.00		126	3085
	1987	2617.8	2214.5	210.2	88.8	518.49	509.79	437.35	421.89	419.55	51605.20		175	2528
AREA - EASTERN	1977	166.3	66.2			12.6				6.12	203.90		2	113
	1978	166.3	66.2			12.6				8.22	149.60		2	131
	1984	305.4	196.2			21.5				14.56	415.00		19	812
	1957	347.2	199.8	.0	34.3	28.10	22.50	25.66	22.66	23.32	923.90		14	559
CENTRAL OFFICE	1977	.0	.0			.0				.00	.00		0	0
	1978	.0	.0			.0				.00	.00		0	0
	1984	.0	.0			.0				.00	.00		0	0
	1987	.0	.0	.0	.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		0	0
BUREAU - TOTAL	1977	13559.2	3735.9			1093.0				933.63	89345.68		232	8189
	1978	13658.8	3755.6			1085.0				930.95	104803.62		221	13029
	1934	14300.6	6635.4			1083.0				681.86	59076.10		257	15996
	1987	15095.4	5665.7	375.6	8347.0	994.12	885.31	950.50	890.40	724.20	67235.06		358	17869

** NOTE: TOTAL FOREST, COMMERCIAL TIMBERLAND AND WOODLAND ACRES, AND THE ALLOWABLE ANNUAL CUT AND MARKETABLE AAC DATA HAS BEEN EXTRACTED FROM THE SEPT. 30, 1987, STATUS OF FOREST MANAGEMENT INVENTORIES AND PLANNING REPORT.

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                                   BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS                   ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 14 - PAGE    1
                            FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
                                FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987
                                        STATISTICAL DATA (8)

                                          /SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77/REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77 /
                      /FORLAGE/   #   /F.MGT.INV./ REFOREST. /TIM.STD.IMP/REFOREST./TM.STD.IMP/
 ORGANIZATIONAL       /PROTECH/CRUISE /#PLT/#STD /CMPLD/BKLOG/CMPLD/BKLOG/CMP./BKLG/CMP./BKLOG/    MIN. STAFF REQ. (9) /
      UNIT          / FY/ M AC. /PRE/REA/ P-T/ MEAS/M AC./M AC./M AC./M AC./M AC/M AC/M AC/M AC./ FOR./ TECH/ SUPP/ TOTAL/

AREA - ABERDEEN     1977  1928.4  12  21    0     0    .0    .0    .2   9.0
                    1978  1928.4   9  18    0     0    .0    .0    .4   8.6
                    1984  2883.4   8  19  203     0    .0    .0    .0   8.6
                    1987 11309.4  22  16   79    35    .0    .1   1.0   2.6   .0  2.9   .1   3.9   4.4   5.0   5.5   14.9

AREA - ANADARKO     1977      .0   0   0    0     0    .0    .0    .0    .0
                    1978      .0   0   0    0     0    .0    .0    .0    .0
                    1984      .0   0   0    0     0    .0    .0    .0    .0
                    1987      .0   0   0    0     0    .0    .0    .0    .0   .0   .0   .0    .0   2.0   1.0    .0    3.0

                         *** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***

AREA - BILLINGS     1977  6916.1  29   0    0     0    .4   9.8   2.3  43.4
                    1978  6862.4  34   0  301     0    .1   8.6   1.7  59.3
                    1984  6867.6   6   1  750     0    .3   7.8   1.6  36.5
                    1987  9379.0  17   2  167     4    .3   3.8   2.0  24.2   .1  1.1   .2  13.5  27.6  25.0   7.0   59.6

AREA - JUNEAU       1977      .0   0   0    0     0   1.0   9.8    .0    .6
                    1978   188.2   0   0  300     0    .0   9.8    .0    .6
                    1984  1102.2  20 244 4051    58    .4  15.2    .1  10.0
                    1987  1288.0   3   9  500     4    .0    .0    .0    .0   .0   .0   .0    .0  12.0    .0   3.0   15.0

AREA - MINNEAPOLIS  1977  1273.1 275  32 1165   700    .8  19.8   2.3  52.6
                    1978  1273.1 260  46 2806   850    .9  20.4   2.4  53.2
                    1984  1276.9 324  16  225  3279    .7  19.4   2.9  18.1
                    1987  1285.1 231  22    0  6003   1.7  16.1   1.9  13.9  2.3  2.4  3.0   6.2  48.8  35.5   8.9   93.3

AREA - MUSKOGEE     1977      .0   0   0    0     0    .0    .0    .0    .0
                    1978   104.8   0   0    0     0    .1   8.2    .0   7.6
                    1984   491.5   1   0    0     0    .0  10.3    .5   9.8
                    1987   492.1   0   0    0     3    .2  10.5    .3  10.4   .2   .0   .5    .0   4.0   4.0   2.0   10.0

AREA - PHOENIX      1977 11202.2   7   0  184    23    .9  16.8   2.7 160.2
                    1978 11553.2   2   0    0    20   1.3  16.0   6.8 153.4
                    1984 12372.7   3   1   24    25   1.0   9.6  11.2 302.7
                    1987 12374.3  18   0  460   190    .0    .8   3.4  28.5   .4   .0  2.2 179.2  40.0  64.0  18.0  122.0
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BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FORESTRY PROGRAM FUNDING AND POSITION ANALYSIS
FISCAL YEARS 1977,1978,1984 AND 1987
STATISTICAL DATA (8)

** SUMMARY ** TABLE 14 - PAGE 2

							SPEC.FOR.DEVELOP.PRE 77				REG.FOR.DEV.POST 77							
		FORERGE	#		F.MGT.INV.		REFOREST.		TIM.STD.IMP		REFOREST.		TM.STD.IMP		MIN. STAFF REQ. (9)			
		PROTECH	CRUISE		#PLT	#STD	CMPLD	BKLOG	CMPLD	BKL3G	CMP.	BKLG	CMP.	BKLOG				
ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	FY	M AC.	PRE	REA	P-T	MEAS	M AC.	M AC.	M AC.	M AC.	M AC	M AC	M AC	M AC.	FOR.	TECH	SUPP	TOTAL
AREA - SACRAMENTO	1977	413.7	3	3	0	0	1.0	8.9	4.9	34.2								
	1978	413.6	4	2	0	0	1.5	9.2	.2	34.8								
	1984	415.4	6	6	0	115	.0	1.7	.1	30.9								
	1987	413.2	7	4	664	104	.0	7.0	.4	12.1	.4	1.1	.2	13.9	16.5	11.5	8.5	36.5
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	1977	4609.8	0	0	0	0	.0	100.0	.6	182.9								
	1978	4609.9	0	0	342	0	4.2	121.2	.8	178.5								
	1984	4252.9	3	15	25	1290	2.9	86.3	.6	175.8								
	1987	4301.9	15	39	1781	2905	2.4	25.5	2.5	176.3	.0	.0	.3	1.6	47.6	66.2	16.1	129.9
AREA - NAVAJO	1977	14389.1	1	0	0	87	.0	7.0	5.1	131.6								
	1978	14389.1	1	0	0	217	.0	7.0	8.4	90.8								
	1984	14389.1	1	0	0	531	.0	7.0	7.0	55.4								
	1987	14389.2	1	0	0	500	.0	7.0	5.8	38.0	.0	.0	.0	1.2	14.0	11.0	4.0	29.0
AREA - PORTLAND	1977	4450.5	55	163	10	667	3.5	42.0	18.9	298.4								
	1978	4452.4	59	208	118	614	4.8	41.9	26.5	287.2								
	1984	4907.1	90	303	343	1016	5.5	62.1	8.6	199.9								
	1987	5215.1	100	110	2979	759	4.2	50.0	4.8	128.4	3.2	3.4	2.4	9.3	207.6	374.0	86.0	667.6
AREA - EASTERN	1977	169.9	2	1	0	0	.2	3.7	.5	21.6								
	1978	169.9	2	2	0	0	.2	3.5	.7	20.8								
	1984	257.1	26	4	0	5	.3	1.8	.4	18.2								
	1987	430.9	131	10	1430	55	.1	1.3	.3	15.8	.0	5.0	.0	15.3	9.8	11.8	5.3	26.9
CENTRAL OFFICE	1977	.0	0	0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0								
	1978	.0	0	0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0								
	1984	.0	0	0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0								
	1987	.0	0	0	0	0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	23.3	4.0	10.2	37.5
BUREAU - TOTAL	1977	45353.1	384	220	1359	1457	7.8	217.8	37.5	934.5								
	1978	45945.2	371	276	3867	1701	13.1	245.8	65.9	894.8								
	1984	49217.9	486	609	5621	6319	11.1	221.2	33.0	865.9								
	1987	60378.2	565	212	8060	10562	8.9	122.1	22.4	450.2	6.6	15.9	8.9	246.1	459.6	613.1	174.5	1247.2

** NOTE: IN THE SPEC. FOR. DEVELOP. PRE 77 SECTION, REFORESTATION AND TSI IN 1977, 1978, AND 1984 INCLUDE BOTH PRE 77 BACKLOG AND POST 77 ACRES REQUIRING REFORESTATION AND TSI, AND ARE ADDED TOGETHER UNDER SPEC. FOR. DEVELOP. FY 1987 ACREAGES ARE PRE 77 BACKLOG FIGURES ONLY.

: ACRES LISTED UNDER REG. FOR. DEVEL. POST 77, THAT REQUIRE REFORESTATION AND/OR TSI, CONSIST ONLY OF AREAS DENUDED BY WILDFIRE OR OTHER CATASTROPHE. THEY DO NOT INCLUDE ACCRUALS RESULTING FROM TIM. HARV. ACTIVITIES. SOURCE:FY87 AN.FOR.RPT.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ** SUMMARY ** TABLE 15 - PAGE 1

TRIBAL/ALLOTTEE INVESTMENTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FOREST
THROUGH TIMBER SALE CONTRACTS (10)
FISCAL YEAR 1987

ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT	/ROAD CONST-RECONST/ / NO.OF/ / MILES/	TOTAL COST/	ROAD MAINT. / NO.OF/ MILES/	TOTAL COST/	/ TIM. STD. IMPROV./ / NO.OF/ ACRES/	TOTAL COST/	SITE PREPARATION / / NO.OF/ ACRES/	/ TOTAL COST/	GRAND TOTAL COST
AREA - ABERDEEN	2	1000.	3	1000.	1197	117424.	0	0.	119424.
AREA - ANADARKO	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
	*** NOTE: ANADARKO FORESTRY PROGRAM ABOLISHED IN 1980 ***								
AREA - BILLINGS	10	13763.	45	7255.	501	39053.	228	31492.	91563.
AREA - JUNEAU	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - MINNEAPOLIS	20	60000.	49	90000.	3087	66875.	20	490.	217365.
AREA - MUSKOGEE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
AREA - PHOENIX	430	954800.	1175	210200.	1032	237984.	66060	36580.	1439565.
AREA - SACRAMENTO	3	8390.	54	120072.	148	49260.	1695	465062.	642784.
AREA - ALBUQUERQUE	11	11700.	45	13400.	0	0.	915	8000.	33100.
AREA - NAVAJO	123	437595.	264	169837.	600	98000.	600	38800.	744232.
AREA - PORTLAND	485	2997908.	768	1395441.	6716	653479.	28093	809422.	5856249.
AREA - EASTERN	2	10000.	30	20600.	0	0.	0	0.	30600.
CENTRAL OFFICE	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0	0.	0.
BUREAU - TOTAL	1086	4495136.	2433	2027805.	13281	1262076.	97611	1409847.	9194881.